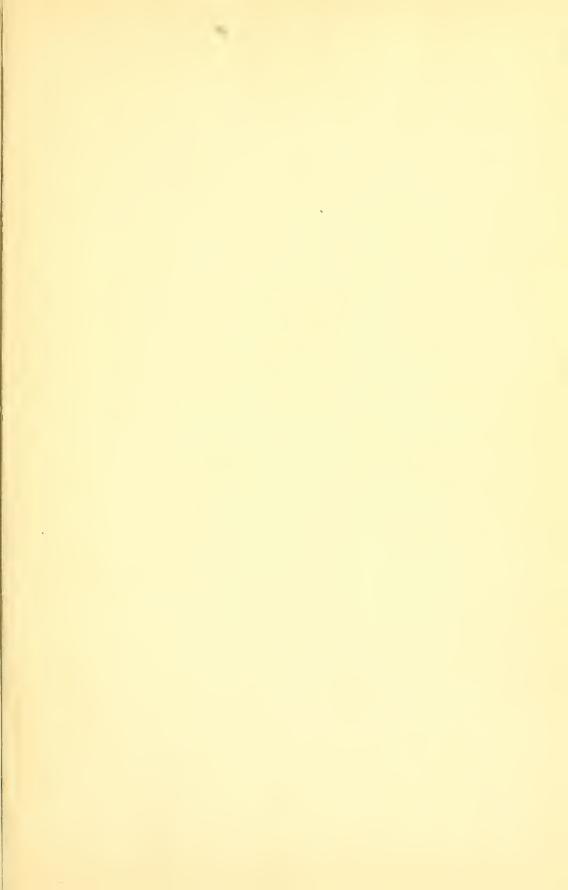


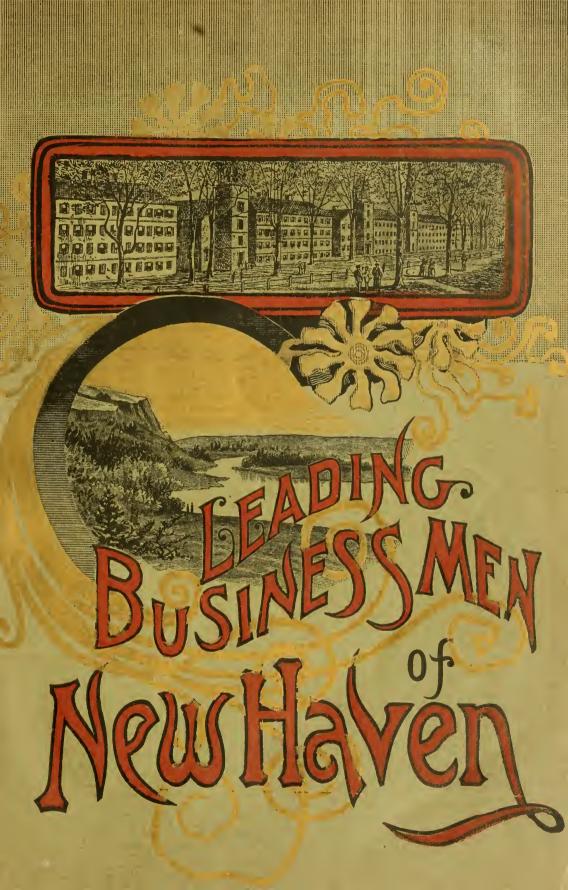
COLVRIGHT DEPOSIT



..

.

-



# PREFACE.

"I am wonderfully delighted to see a body of men thriving in their own fortunes, and at the same time promoting the public stock, or, in other words, raising estates for their own families, by bringing into the country whatever is wanting, and carrying out of it whatever is superfluous. Nature seems to have taken particular care to disseminate her blessings among the different regions of the world, with an eye to their mutual intercourse and traffic among mankind, that the nations of the several parts of the globe might have a kind of dependence upon one another, and be united together by their common interest."—Addison.

In offering this book to the public the aim of the publishers has been to present in a concise manner the principal events in the history of New Haven County, and a brief review of its leading business interests.

In the following pages will be found descriptions of the immense manufacturing establishments to whose influence Connecticut owes much of its fame as a manufacturing centre. We doubt if there is a section of the United States, with the same population, whose manufactures are so celebrated the world over, as are those of New Haven County. The financial institutions and wholesale and retail houses described in this volume are also leaders in their particular lines, and their push and enterprise is rapidly extending the influence of New Haven County as a great trade centre.

In conclusion, we beg to extend our hearty thanks for the liberal patronage this work has received. While we expected to issue but five thousand copies, our advance orders have necessitated the printing of *eleven thousand* copies to supply the demand.

MERCANTILE PUBLISHING CO.

# INDEX.

#### ARCHITECTS, Etc.

Allow & That	PAGF
Allen & Tyler	91
Austin, Henry & Son	160
Jackson I A (Weterhum)	109
Jackson, J. A. (Waterbury).	-215
LaForge, F. W. (Waterbury) (civil engineer)	919
Robinson L. W	1 210
Robinson, L. W.	-206
Russen, R. G.	149
Stilson C H	1 10
Stilson, C. H.	-148
Searle, Silas W. (civil engineer).	178

# ART STORES AND PHOTOGRAPHERS.

Augur, H. J. (art store)	100
Augur, H. J. (art store)	100
Beers, W. A.	-169
Dunuy & Filley	177
Clamer, E. A.	100
Cutler, Evarts (art store)	
Dahlmeyer Wm (art store)	94
Dahlmeyer, Wm. (art store)	177
Donnelly, W. F.	180
r fench's Photographic Studio (Meriden)	012
Hull, O. N.	1 ~ 0
McIntosh W C (out much)	173
McIntosh, W. C. (art pub.).	116
Suudard, 1. H.	120
O'alliner, Albert I. (Waterhury)	610
Tierney, J. J.	A10
Woudin, F. H.	183
WOULD, F. H	000

#### BANKS AND BANKERS.

Bunnell & Scranton	~ A
Connecticut Savings Bank	74
Other Daylings Dank	-80
ULY DARK OF NEW Haven	- 89
natch, w. T. & Sons	-97
Mechanics Bank	
Merchants National Bank	76
Mathematical Dally	- 84
National Tradesmens Rank	79
New Haven County National Bank	- 90
Savings Bank	- 93
National New Haven Bank	
National Q	- 96
Mational Savings Bank	102
Peabody, F. O. & Co.	
Union Trust Co.	109
Women II C C C	94
Warren, H. C. & Co.	-88
Yale National Bank	78
	101

#### BEER, LIQUOR, Etc.

Hotchkiss, A. P.	100
Hull Wm & Son	120
Hull, Wm. & Son	111
MUZATU, Ine	150
the matter matting and Brewing Co The	0.0
Scovill, J. C	100
Tuttle C F	199
Tuttle, C. F.	264
Walsh, K. (Meriden)	940

#### BRASS, IRON, STEEL, Etc.

Conten Edm F.C. (A	LU	E.
Carter, Edw. & Son (Ausonia)	25	2
Ensign Wooston A & S.	• ~u	0
Ensign, Wooster A. & Son	. 8	6
Graham James & Co	10	-
Graham, James & Co.	- 13	8
Usborne & Cheesman Co., The (Angonia)	- 95	~
Sholton Daves II in las	· ~U	9
Shelton Brass Hardware Co.	- 26	2
Stanpard, E. & Son		~
	. 17	<b>2</b>
Wallace & Sons (Ansonia)	0.5	0
(cancollid)	. 20	2

#### BOOTS AND SHOES.

Butler & Tyler (wholesale).	102
Concher, n. L. (Meriden)	234
Wolfe, Benjamin	157

#### BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS.

Andrus Mrs I M	
Andrus, Mrs. J. M.	148
Durt, John L.	154
Boschen, D.	
Former D	158
Ferry, P.	147
Hessler, M.	146
Hillman Honry	
Hillman, Henry	156
moadley, L. G.	187
Kutscher, C. F.	
New Haven Balting (la	174
New Haven Baking Co.	105
NOTION, MIS G E.	163
St Guarge Was Q (11) 111	132
St. George, Wm. G. (Wallingford)	269
ruthe, J. W. F.	185
a dominion, in . 11. (meriden)	241

#### BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS.

				-
Allis, Geo. C. (Birmingham)				264
Bartholoniam I D	•	•••	•	~0.1
Bartholomew, L. B.				149
Carr, James J.				100
Mite-1 II D	۰.	• •		199
Minchell, D.				142
McCabe, S.		*	•	1.10
				229
Kingsbury, W. H.				1.40
D				140
Pease. Thomas H. & Son				100
Pease, Thomas H. & Son	• •	٠	•	199
Raymond, A. C.				000
			•	200
Sills, E. T. (Meriden)				0.48
				240

# CARRIAGE HARDWARE AND WOOD-

Chapman Mfg. Co., The (Meriden)	243
Cowles, C. & Co	70
Dana Bros. & Co., The	100
English & Mersick	75
Goodyear, L. F.	115
Ochsner & Buchter	150
Shepard, H. G. & Sons	144
Seward, M. & Son	OIY
Wilcox & Howe (Birmingham)	263

ŝ

#### CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS.

	Р.	AGE
Armstrong, M. & Co		168
Beers, Dr. T. J.		159
Boston Buckboard and Carriage Co., The		142
Cullom & Co.		161
Hooker, Henry & Co		106
Hale, Henry & Co		158
Isbell's Sons, Morris		202
Johnston, Wm		162
Killam, The Henry, Co		136
Moore & Watson		130
Manville, B. & Co		145
Manville & Dudley		151
Pope, F. B. & Sons (Ansonia)		258
Rourke & Hughey		140
Seabrook & Smith		112
Whitmore, Geo. E.		114

#### CLOCKS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

#### Etc.

Bishop, E	180
Durant, John H. G.	-80
Dwight E. F. (Waterbury)	220
Earle, C. G.	183
Johnquest, R. N. & Co. (Ansonia)	252
Johnson, S. D. (Wallingford)	270
Katsch, C. E.	202
Segel, J.	171
Zernitz, Edmund	

#### CORSET MANUFACTURERS.

Foy, Harmon & Chadwick	-94
Foster, Chas. W. & Co	181
Mayer, Strouse & ('o	87
Newman, I. & Sons	124
Rosenberg, I. & Co.	81
Schiele, Lewis & Co	133

#### COAL AND WOOD.

Benedict & Downs	131
Clark, C. W.	114
Fairchild, E. L.	192
Hughes, Geo. W. H.	200
Kimberly, Enos S.	113
McWeeney & Sabine	238
Potts, Fred. A. & Co.	-91
Townsend, A. A.	130

#### CHINA AND GLASSWARE.

Blake, H. H.	166
Carroll, P. J	125
Ives, Isaac O. (Meriden)	229
O'Gorman, John	
Robbins, Geo. (Waterbury)	
Tobin, Edw.	173

#### CARPENTERS, BUILDERS, Etc.

Brett, Edw. P.	162
Beardsley Building Co. (Birmingham)	264
Clark, David H	
Lowe Bros.	
Morgan & Humiston Co., The	
Smith, Wm. H. (Waterbury)	211

DRY & FANCY GOODS & MILLINER	ε¥.
	PAGE
Beckley, C. F	. 141
Brown, F. M. & Co	. 72
Bretzfelder, S	. 92
Bishop, Mrs. Samuel	
Hurley, Miss C. C. (Meriden)	. 240
Howard & Barber (Birmingham)	. 262
lves, Upham & Rand (Meriden)	. 228
Katseh, Clara H. (patterns)	191
Leary, Miss M. E	. 182
McIntyre, Magnire & Co	. 74
Monson & Carpenter	. 103
McNulty, Miss R	. 150
Pallman, C	. 89
Sugenheimer, J	
Tomlinson, M A.	. 80

#### DENTISTS.

Boutwell, G. B. (Ansonia)	255
Devereaux, A. J.	
Fuller, Austin B	206
Sates, C. E. (Waterbury)	
Iorton, W. S.	
lones, Mrs. E. R.	152
fones, C. I. (Meriden)	237
lagnus & Powers, Drs. (Meriden)	234
Pendleton, J. E	206
Reed, J. H.	158
Strong, Elias	148
Stiles, Isaae W.	151
Stearns, G. O	196
Stevens, H. I.	206

#### DRUGGISTS, Etc.

6

1

3,

M

Babb, Albert (Meriden)	239
Butrieks, Clarence H.	15
Ballou, J. W.	15
Beers, Nathan J.	170
Bishop, Henry M.	193
Conway, C. H.	18
Eagle Drug Store	166
Everit, W. L., Jr.	160
Fleischner, C.	13
Ford, Wm. E	14(
Gessner, E. A	101
Hagerman, Wm. (Meriden)	236
Hanover, Geo. B	168
Healy's, E., Pharmacy	188
Higby, Henry S	184
Hillhouse, John T	200
Lamping, Geo. (Meriden)	243
Leete, Chas. S. & Co. (wholesale)	116
Linde, J. & Son	128
Marvin, E. L. (Meriden)	247
North End Pharmacy (Waterbury)	217
Olmstead, James	195
Pixley, A. B. (Wallingford)	270
Pickford, Thos. (Wallingford)	269
Smith, Geo. A. (Wallingford)	268
Salisbury Bros	201
Shepard, D	182
Swedish Antiseptic Amykos Co., The	175
Wells & Calhoun (wholesale)	82
i ono co cumo un (in dono un o)i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	

#### FLOUR, FEED, Etc.

Betts & Alling	. 136
Bishop, S. H.	
Bradley & Davis,	
Hall, S. J. (Meriden).	239

	PAGE
Heater & Thurber (Waterbury)	. 221
Merwin, N. W. & Co	
Miller, S. D. & Co	. 74
Russell, A. S. & Co. (Meriden)	. 241
Smith & Fowler,	. 140
Terrell, M. E	. 200
Talcott Bros. (Wallingford)	.268

#### FLORISTS.

Dickerman, Geo. A 1	133
Rosien & Henderson 1	174
Veitch, Robert & Son, 1	25

#### FISH AND OYSTERS.

Ackley, D. & Son,	165
Barnes, A. B. (Fair Haven)	- 97
Brown, A. K.	189
Hoyt Bros. Co., The	205
Merwin, Lewis H.	195
Rowe, H. C. & Co	119
Reed, Chas	179
Reynolds, W. P.	190
Smith, Jeremiah & Sons,	109
Texido, M., Jr.	203
Union Fish and Oyster Co	182

#### FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKERS.

Blair, R. & J. M. (also undertakers)	-88
Church, H. J. (Meriden)	229
Flint, A. W.	193
Gray, H. A	171
Griswold, D. P. (Wallingford)	269
Hemingway, C. A. (undertaker)	170
Kelly, P. J. & Co	185
Lewis & Maycock (undertakers)	-84
Lindley, John & Son (Ansonia)	254
New Haven Folding Chair Co., The	111
Twining, J. G. (Waterbury)	217

# Holladay I. C.

	F	R	U	J	1	ĽS		Ēt	c	•							ł
Holladay, J. G.							í.				 					151	
Judson, John B																92	
Rentz, C. H																	

#### GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, (Wholesale.)

Andrew, F. S. & Co. (City Market)	- 89
Bradley & Lee, (grocers' sundries)	121
Dewell, J. D. & Co	
Elliott Blinn & Co	-90
Emery, Alexander,	- 97
Merwin, S. E. & Son	
Smith, Jas. B	
Street, S. H. & Co. (food products)	117
Stoddard, Kimberly & Co	
Strong, Barnes, Hart & Co	
Yale, Bryan & Co	
	¥ 9

#### GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS. (Retail.)

Aualius, D. D	190
Augur & Gardner (Meriden)	247
Andrew, F. S. & Co. (Fair Haven)	157
Bushnell, H. E. (Meriden)	245
Bailey, J. H. (Meriden).	
Bristol, H. (Westville)	202
Brown & Hugins (Meriden)	241
Barnes, B. F. (Meriden)	244
Barnes, Geo. M. (Meriden)	
Broadway Cash Store,	179

#### FLOUR, FEED, Etc.-Continued. PAGE GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS. (Retail.) Continued.

	AGE
Barnes, S. H.	134
Beecher, V. M	140
Bradley Bros.	171
Chidsey, L. D.	99
Collins & Miller (Meriden)	237
Cook F K (Ansonia)	256
Cook, F. K. (Ansonia) Caffery, M. F	174
Centennial Am. Tea Co.	
Oberehanden A. I. & Co.	199
Chamberlain, A. L. & Co	200
Clinton, Chas. E.	131
Dillon, John H.	189
Dietter, John and Edw. C	194
Dore, D	202
Durand, E. F	160
Francis Brothers	203
Gallagher, P. (Wallingford)	270
Goodwin, H. C.	187
Geary, Wm.	149
Clearly, Win	
Gesner, F. F.	184
Gilbert, Elijah	182
Hatstat, John W	110
Hotchkiss & Tuttle	146
Hall, N. C. (Meriden)	231
Judson, Willis G.	186
Kearney, J. H.	167
Law, L. T. & Co	123
Lendroth, Frederick	170
Lutz, Robert	186
Molloy, Joseph	183
	199
Monson, C. H.	
Nagel, John (Meriden)	241
Pagnam, Thos. (Wallingford)	268
Patience, M. F	141
Rattelsdorfer, J. V. Richards, Jacob P.	201
Richards, Jacob P.	187
Robbins, W. N	183
Smith & Kelsey	198
Schadee & Pohlman	178
Sheiffele, Jacob F	165
Stevens, Robert M.	140
Sperry, P. P.	130
Sperry, 1. 1	
Schoenberger, L.	120
Smith & Co.	201
Somers, Geo. E	203
Towner, G. A.	145
Uuion Pacific Tea Co.	176
Wing Ying Loong & Co	204
Warner, Jared.	198
Young, Lewis A. (Wallingford)	269
Yale, F. L. & Bro. (Meriden)	240
	~10

#### HOTELS.

Converse Hotel	146
Cony House (Wallingford)	270
Dayton House (Ansonia)	255
Elliott House	115
Earle's Hotel (Waterbury)	221
Grand Union Hotel	- 99
Kenwick House	126
Moseley's New Haven House	83
Selden House	170
Schrader, C. W	175
Tremont House	117
Tremont House (Waterbury)	219
Tontine Hotel	127
Winthrop Hotel (Meriden)	235
Wallingford Hotel (Wallingford)	266

#### HARNESS, Etc.

Bostwick, Leonard	. 87
Brown, J. E. (Meriden)	. 246
Couch, Wm. H.	
Cummings, Geo. I.	. 157
Cutler, J. G. (Waterbury)	. 222
Hooghkirk, C. E.	. 108
Levere, C. F.	
Mack, Abram E	
Smith, Henry,	

#### HARDWARE, Etc.

Abbott & Co. (Birmingham)	262
Bradley, F. S. & Co	77
Bassett, John E. & Co	85
Birdsey & Foster (Meriden)	236
Bradley, Robt. B. (agricultural)	74
Church & Morse (Meriden)	
Ives, Hobart B. & Co.	132
Mallett, S. S.	112
Meriden Malleable Iron Co., The	
Mather, J. T. (Waterbury)	215
	85
Yale Caster Co., The	
Warner, William A.	

#### HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS.

Angus, J. A.	180
Blakeslee, D. & Co. (Waterbury)	
Butler, John F. (Meriden)	
Carter, Bela (Meriden)	
Excelsior Sign Depot, The	
Platt & Thompson	168
Rida & Yungerman	-96
Rockwood & Wheelock (Waterbury)	222
Twitchell, Geo. E.	188
Wolcott, J. & Co.	135

#### HATS, FURS, Etc.

Brooks & Co.	71
Bacon, Robt. T.	-92
Eliel, Adolph L. (Meriden)	243
Gans, E. M	182
Osborn, E. S.	
Stevens & Brooks	
Wilson, C. W. & Co.	
Wolf, John	135

#### INSURANCE.

Bronson, C. H. (Waterbury)	221
Bulluss, T. L. T. (Birmingham)	264
Callahan, Eugene A.	162
Dudley, A. E & Son	167
$H_{\text{ull}} \to D_{\text{(Martidae)}}$	
Hall, E. D. (Meriden)	231
Home Life Insurance Co	121
Holloway, G. E.	154
Johnson, C. G. (Meriden)	244
Lindley, Jno. L. (Ansonia)	254
Metropolitan Life Ins. Co	152
Mutual Reserve Fund	-94
McWeeney, John (Meriden,	238
North's Ins. Agency	- 84
New York Life Ins. Co., The	194
Penn. Mutual Life Ins. Co., The	188
Pond, J. W.	106
Squire, W. H. & Co (Meriden)	242
Sperry & Kimberly	108
Smith & Root (Waterbury)	220
Thompson, C. S.	159
Wilson McNeil & Co.	86
	00

#### LIVERY STABLES, Etc.

	AGE
Alling, J. E. (Birmingham)	 264
Broadway Stables	 169
Cooley, Chester (Meriden)	229
Clark, B. B. (Meriden)	235
Cruttenden, S. H	184
Flint, A. W.	172
Fitzpatrick, J.	178
Graham, E. H.	163
Hall Brothers (Waterbury)	222
Ingraham, N. P. (Wallingford)	269
Keneley, M. F.	201
Kinne, Ć. C. (Meriden)	246
Meriden House Livery and Sale Stables	243
Partree & Parker (Waterbury)	216
Standard Cab Co.	95
Thompson, H. H.	189
Union Club Stables	163

#### LUMBER, Etc.

Alling Co., The Thomas	78
Alling's Sons Co., The Geo	
Halsted & Harmount	73
Stow, H. W.	80
White, Clarkson & Co	135

#### MANUFACTURERS.

	American Needle and Fish Hook Co	173
	American Pin Co. (Waterbury)	211
1	Ball, A. A. (iron railing) Benedict & Burnham Mfg. Co. (Waterbury)	120
	Benedict & Burnham Mfg. Co. (Waterbury)	1 1
	(brass goods)	213
	Birmingham Iron Foundry	260
	Brown & Bros., The (Waterbury) (boilers).	219
ļ	Candee, The L. & Co	138
ĺ		204
	Draine, John Electrical Supply Co., The (Ansonia)	252
	Elm City Suspender Co	166
	Farrell Foundry and Machine Co. (Ansonia)	251
ļ	Farren Bros. Co., The (spring beds)	122
ļ	Gardner, John B. & Son (Ansonia)	253
Ì	Guilford, W. O. & Co. (Waterbury)	220
	Hill Knitting Co., The (Ansonia)	255
i	Hitchcock, R. E. & Co. (Waterbury)	216
	Hotchkiss Paper Co. (Waterbury)	213
	Kissenger, H. & Co. (mouldings)	192
	Mallory Wheeler Co., The (door locks, etc.)	78
	Manville & Co. (rufflings)	123
	McKinnon, J. H & Co. (Waterbury)	218
	Meriden Britannia Co	232
	Meriden Malleable Iron Co	231
	Munson & Co. (paper boxes)	98
	New England Mfg. Co., The	137
	New Haven Clock Co	93
	New Haven Mfg. Co	103
	New Haven Nut Co	189
	New Haven Pipe Co.	185
	New Haven Ruttan Co	110
	New Haven Rolling Spring Bed Co	144
	New Haven Staple Works National Pipe Bending Co., The	159
	National Pipe Bending Co., The	139
	Perkins & Bradley Mfg. Co. (wire goods)	141
	Pierpont C & Co (Feed Cutters, etc.)	112
	Reynolds & Co. Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co. (Wallingford)	124
	Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co. (Wallingford)	267
	Star Pin Co. (Birmingham)	263
	Thomson & Co. (safes)	129

#### MANUFACTURERS.-Continued.

PAGE	
Wallace, R. & Sons' Mfg. Co. (Wallingford) 266	18
Waterbury Farrell Foundry and Machine	
Waterbury Farrell Foundry and Machine Co., The	19
West Haven Buckle Co 122	Î

#### **MACHINERY AND TOOLS.**

Adt, John & Son	104
Cannon, F. C.	193
Cook, Henry C. (Ansonia)	254
Draher, John (Waterbury)	219
Jepson, Wm. (file works)	192
Lambert, Geo. D	157
Merriman, A. H. (Meriden)	234

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

Augonia History of	010
Ansonia, History of	248
Athenæum Dining Rooms	165
Blenner, A. C. & Co. (pickles)	167
Barrows, A. M. & Co. (milk and cream)	145
Brown's School of Shorthand, etc	139
Buck, D. A. A. (steam engines)	177
Camp, Miss Ella (art needle work)	104
Clark & Ives (cotton and woolen rags)	77
Durand, Howard W. (costumer)	149
Ehrler & Knowlton	125
Excelsior Lubricating Co Forsyth Dyeing, Laundrying and Bleaching	205
Forsyth Dyeing, Laundrying and Bleaching	
Co., The	154
Ford, Chas. C. (advertising agency)	86
Conclete A (D) (uncertaining agency)	
Gangloff, A. T. (engraver) (Meriden)	244
Griswold, Daniel S. (electrotyper) (Meriden)	229
Globe Silk Works	103
Hogarth Academy	-98
Hoggson & Robinson (printers)	160
Jackson, W. E. (Japanese goods)	143
Janas Edw. L. (Sapanese goods)	
Jones, Edw. L. (cigars)	131
Jeffrey, Madame Geo. S. (hair goods) (Meri	
den) Kelley, Jas. E. (roofing)	240
Kelley, Jas. E. (roofing)	187
Kunz, Miss Lottie (art needle work)	128
Luby, Maurice, (marble and granite) (Meri-	
dow	245
den)	
Miller, C. H. (billiard parlor)	176
Munn, Dr. (physician and surgeon) (Water-	
bury) Midas, M. & A. (cigars)	222
Midas, M. & A. (cigars)	199
Meriden Steam Laundry	244
Matthews, W. F. (dye works) (Meriden)	243
Monroe, C. F. (glass works) Meriden)	239
Montoe, C. F. (glass works) meriden)	
Meriden, History of	223
Moffatt, G. J. (paper bags and envelopes)	100
Martinez, A. (Ansonia)	256
New York and Waterbury Marble and Gran-	
ite Works	217
New Haven Register	194
New Haven Steam Carpet Beating, etc	196
New Haven Heat Supply Co	161
New Haven Window Shade Co New Haven Awning Works	115
New Haven Awning Works	126
New Haven Phonographic Academy	- 88
Newhall, A. E. (cider-vinegar)	108
Parker, C. M. (optician)	93
Phillips, Thomas & Son (marble)	127
nimps, i nomas & Son (marble)	
Peck & Bishop (general carting)	147
Poe, Geo., Prof. (compound oxygen) (Meri-	237
den) (preparation of tar)	246
den) (preparation of tar) Sanford, Edson (engraver) (Meriden)	247

#### MISCELLANEOUS.-Continued.

PAGE
Smith, H. T. (express and teaming) (Meri-
(aen)
Sherman, R. M. (engraver). 128
Sutton, Henry (ship-builder)
Smedley Brothers (teamsters)
Schollhorn, Wm. & Co. (scissors) 127
Sheldon, E. B. & Co. (electrotypers) 113
Singer Sewing Machine Agency. 105
The Stafford Printing Co.
The Stafford Printing Co
Thompson, Samuel (billiards)
Traeger, Aug. C. (restaurant)
Thompson, Henry G. & Sons (saws) 134
Valley Farm Creamery 196
Washburn, E. L. (surgical instruments) 134
Waterbury, History of 207
Whitcomb, Cyrus B (attorney), 206
Whittaker, James (Meriden)
Whitmore, C. M. (Meriden)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

#### PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Kellogg, J. M. (Waterbury)	218
Loomis, C. M	129
Shoninger, B., Organ and Piano Co., The	82
Steinert, M. & Son	122
Schnabel, William (repairer)	165
Sterling Co. (Birmingham)	261
Wilcox & White Organ Co., The (Meriden)	230

#### PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.

Buckley, J. H	157
Foskett & Bishop (engineers)	142
Kelly, Daniel F	179
McCormack, J. H. (Wallingford)	268
Reynolds, F. J. (Ansonia)	252

#### PAINTS AND OILS. Wholesale.

Booth & Law		106
Glenney, D. S. & Son		126
Jefferson, T. G. W		171
New Haven Japan and Varnish Co., The		168
Thompson & Belden.		97

#### PRODUCE COMMISSION DEALERS.

Allen & Co., A. N.	132
Bates, L. C.	153
Dillon & Douglass,	101
Zunder, M. & Son	116

#### REAL ESTATE.

	222
	191
Blatchley, S. L. & Sons	135
	178
Comstock, L. F. & Co.	153
	240
	147
Hinman, L. B.	173
Hurlburt, A. H.	182
Isbell, Geo. A.	180
Johnson, B. H.	119
Lambert, B. L	91
Main, Walter A	186
McQuaid, Peter	149
Merwin, R. T	114

#### REAL ESTATE.-Continued.

# PAGE PAGE Morse, Gardner. 100 Northrop, W. T. 175 Oviatt, S. B. 121 S'oan, T. G. & Son 123 Tailmalge. Wm. H. (gen. agt.). 152 Tierney, Dennis Henry (Waterbury). 216 Webb, Chas. H. 206 STOVES, RANGES AND FURNACES. H Arnold, Geo. S. 134 Curtiss & Pierpont. 99 Castack Laba 79

Our class contribution of the point of the p	
Garlock, John R	72
Galpin, Silas	199
Griswold, Richmond & Glock (Meriden)	228
Hendricks, Henry	144
Hoffmeister, A	156
Kirtland, W. J. (Meriden)	247
Lounsbury, Isaac W.	190
Merriam, C. P. (oil stoves)	-90
Phelps, L. M. (Wallingford)	267
Rourke Bros	186
Thompson, Thos. (Ansonia)	253
Terry, T. P. & Son (Ansonia)	254

#### SPORTING GOODS.

DICE

	-	nons
Dinnan, John J		150
Oole, Lester C. & Co		161
Kellogg, A. A		166
homas, J. A. (Meriden)		238

#### TAILORS AND CLOTHIERS.

Atwater, J. J.	156
Conboy, John	162
Hendee, Edw. D	160
Kraft, J. J.	172
Leigh & Prindle	77
Langdale, Robert & Co	104
Lehr. G.	201
Letsche, Fred (Ansonia)	256
Merwin, E P. & B. R.	137
Machol, H	174
Miles, John C	191
Machol & Son,	195
Pratt, T. C.	143
Pratt, C. A. (Birmingham)	263
Staub, Anton	150
Schneider, F. Wm	204
Walters, C. & A. G.	167

# NEW HAVEN, PAST AND PRESENT.

# BY WM. H. BECKFORD.

IN THE BEGINNING.



EFORE Man, earlier than tradition, there were tremendous forces at work in this region, evidences of whose presence exist all around us, and about which it may not be wholly uninteresting for the present inhabitant of the beautiful "City of Elms" to learn.

As one gazes at the massive sides of East or West Rock, wonder at their abrupt termination naturally arises. At a period in the world's history, when its crust as yet had not had time to cool, parts of it were thinner than the rest. Through these spots the melted rock beneath, bursting out, often rose to a considerable height. The sandstone crust over the territory now occupied by East and West Rocks was displaced by huge masses of melted trap, pushed up by mighty volcanic action. Thus these great monuments of an unknown age were formed.

After the volcanic period, this section of North America lay for centuries under a vast ice field, such as, on a smaller scale, are seen to-day in Greenland. Marvellous transition — from heat beyond our power to imagine, and universal agitation, to the calm and chill of a continent covered by mountains of ice. But so the world was tempered.

Massive glaciers moved slowly over this region, and dropped piece by piece, in the shape of icebergs, into the sea, as they do at the poles to-day. When their appointed work was finished, vegetation, animal life, and man followed in due season.

It is true we have no witnesses to vouch for the volcanic formation or the glacial period; nevertheless they are indisputable. Any visitor to East or West Rock can discern the fragments of sandstone, which became attached to the edge of the rising trap, lying extended along their sides, and at their very summit, far above the sandstone formation. As to the glaciers, an experienced eye will find the long crevices, called "glacier scratches," on many of the large rocks in the vicinity, showing clearly where they have been rubbed by other rocks in the embrace of the glaciers.

In the evolution of the world, the present is man's period; and though ages shall pass ere that period is ended, it is brief compared with what has gone before and what shall follow. This will not affect ourselves, our business, or our children; it has no practical value, yet it is interesting, as we observe some of the monster remains of the past, to know that the forces which caused them are, sometime in the distant future, coming back again. Science declares that as these natural forces have preceded man, so they will succeed him.

#### QUINNIPIAC.

Centuries prior to the occupation of this region by the whites, an Indian tribe called the Quinnipiacs dwelt upon it, and gave it their name. They were akin to the Narragansetts of Rhode Island and the Nehantics of Eastern Connecticut. They had made their home here from time immemorial, and no traces remain of their predecessors.

The tribe seems to have possessed little of the proverbial Indian ferocity. Unused and unadapted to war, their whole history is quiet and uneventful, save when they were harassed by their neighbors. Their life was one peaceful flowing backward and forward from the sea-coast to the forest. In the Summer, they pitched their tents along the harbor, where fish, their chief sustenance, was plentiful. When Winter came, they retreated to the woods for the sake of fuel and game.

Their standard of morality was about on a par with that of their kindred tribes; lying and stealing were their "epidemical" sins; murder seems to have been almost unknown among them, as was also marriage.

Like the Narragansetts, they were very superstitious. Schoolcraft's statement may be fittingly applied to the Quinnipiacs: "It would be *below* the truth to say that the Indian has one hundred thousand gods."

The tribe had several "pow-wows," or priests, and one of their appointed places for "pow-wowing," or religious dancing, may be seen to-day in East Haven.

The following beautiful lines from Longfellow's "Hiawatha" may help us, somewhat, to picture in imagination the home of the Quinnipiacs : —

"Round about the Indian village Spread the meadows and the cornfields, And beyond them stood the forest, Stood the groves of singing pine trees,— Green in Summer, white in Winter, Ever sighing, ever singing. And the pleasant water-courses, You could trace them through the valley By the rushing in the Spring-time, By the alders in the Summer, By the white fog in the Autumn, By the black line in the Winter."

With the fiery Pequots towards the East, and the warlike Mohawks at the West, it was inevitable that the Quinnipiacs should suffer much at their hands. The tribe was subject to frequent incursions, and was compelled to pay tribute first to one of their enemies and then to the other. Never a populous tribe, at the time of the white settlement it had dwindled down to less than two hundred and fifty persons in all, with only forty-seven men and youths.

In 1614, the Dutch navigator, Adrian Block, on his famous voyage from New Netherland up the Sound, visited the Quinnipiacs. He was the first white man to discover the place, and gave it the name of "Rodenberg," from the appearance of East and West Rocks. The Dutch traders stopped here several times, but found little that was attractive or offered a good prospect of trade. For the tribe was both poor and lazy.

COLONY OF NEW HAVEN.

Early in September, 1637, a party of some twenty stalwart men sailed into the harbor of Quinnipiac. They were Englishmen, from the colony of Massachusetts

Bay, who were exploring the southern shore of Connecticut for a suitable spot to establish a new colony. They were led by Theophilus Eaton, who had formerly been a prosperous merchant of London.

The party were satisfied with the beautiful situation and advantages of Quinnipiac, and measures were immediately taken toward securing it. Leaving seven men behind to pass the Winter there, Eaton and the others hastened back to Boston. On their arrival, they declared the result of their expedition to the company which had arrived in Boston only three months before, and of which they were a part. This company numbered about two hundred and fifty persons, mostly from London, Kent, and Herefordshire.

The originator and chief was John Davenport, a man who had held a high position in the English church, and had won a great name as an eloquent preacher throughout London and England. Sacrificing all his advantages and prospects for conscience's sake, he had recanted, had been deposed, and had entered heart and soul into the new world movement.

He had been joined by many of his old parishioners and friends in London, among whom were Theophilus and Samuel Eaton, Edward Hopkins, David Yale, John Evance, Stephen Goodyear, William Peck, Robert Newman, and Ezekiel Cheever. The company was the richest and most honorable of any which had arrived at Boston, and great efforts were put forth to insure their continuance there. But the colonists, eager for a purely theocratical government, desiring-to be beyond the control of any emissary of the Crown, and perhaps influenced somewhat by the bitter religious dissensions with which already Boston was being agitated, decided to push on to Quinnipiac.

On the 30th of March, 1638, the company, with considerable additions from the Massachusetts colony, embarked at Boston for Quinnipiac. After a tedious voyage of a fortnight, they arrived at the desired haven, where they found their companions who had passed the Winter there,—with the exception of one John Beecher, who had perished during the Winter, and whom, it is supposed, was the founder of the famous Beecher family.

The company sailed up West Creek, nearly as far as the present College Street. A prayer was made on landing, and deep religious feeling permeated the whole company. On their first Sunday at Quinnipiac, the 15th of April, they listened to a sermon by Mr. Davenport on the "Temptations of the Wilderness." The Indians had already come into friendly relations with the six white men, and gladly welcomed the new arrivals. For the first time, they now beheld white women and children; they were particularly attracted to the English preacher, John Davenport, whom they soon came to call the "so-big-study man."

Not long after their arrival, the English observed a day of humiliation, fasting and prayer. At its close, a solemn compact was made, called a "plantation covenant." The terms of the covenant were as follows: That, as in matters which concern the gathering and ordering of a church, so also in all public offices which concern civil honor—as the choice of magistrates and officers, making and repealing laws, dividing allotments of inheritance, and all things of like nature—they would all of them be ordered by the rules which the Scripture held forth to them.

Such, brief, recognizing no earthly potentate, with the Bible as its sole guide and arbiter, was the initial government of New Haven. While we may admire its simplicity, and its freedom from all possible germs of corruption, we may well doubt if its existence were possible in the present complicated state of society. This was only a provisional government, to have effect until such time as a general acquaintance and mutual understanding should make it possible for them to definitely determine upon the form and nature of the "church-state" which all earnestly desired.

The settlers immediately began to build dwellings near the spot where they had landed. They soon had laid out a district, half a mile square, on the east side of what is now George Street. John Brockett, an experienced engineer, surveyed and divided this district into nine equal sections. These were soon filled by the settlers, and several suburbs were then added.

Their houses were mostly of two stories, many of them extensive and well built. It is said that Theophilus Eaton's house had nineteen fire-places, while John Davenport's contained thirteen. A few of the settlers, who had arrived later in the season, were, however, unable to erect dwellings, and had to pass the first Winter in ground caves. But, with the exception of these latter, there were few of the settlers who did not have their houses ready for occupation before the Winter set in.

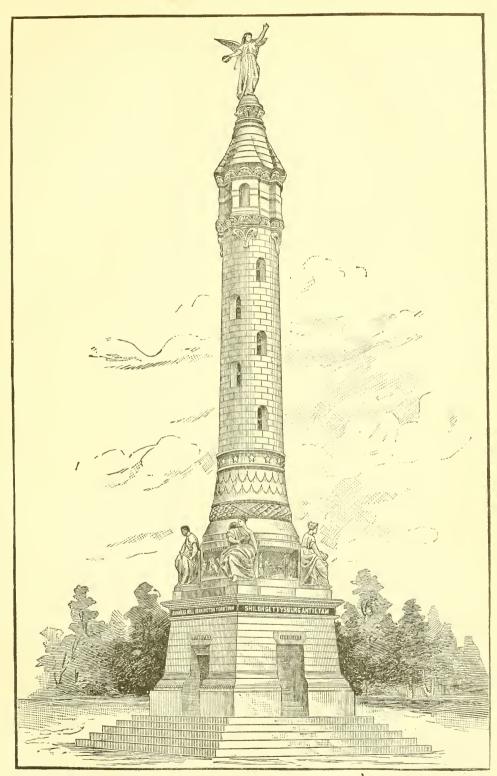
The original town plots, mentioned above, were divided among the several families, the amount of assignment differing according to the size of the families, and the amount each had contributed to the common stock. Among the chief of the oldest families were the Eaton, Davenport, Newman, Andrews, Atwater, Gregson, Goodyear, Turner, Gilbert, Fugill, Tench, Malbon, Chapman, Peck, Lamberton, Fowler, Crane, Marshall, Prudden, Yale, Cheever, Browning, Whitman, Osborne, Coggswell, Brown, Beecher, Hopkins, Punderson, Dixon, Kitchell, Tuttle, Marsh, Benham, Baldwin, Alling, Tapp, Chittenden, Kimberly, Wigglesworth, Nash, Trowbridge, Potter, Clark, Thompson, Russell, Brewster, Mansfield, Hickock, Perry and Wilkes. By this distribution of the land, the families were kept together, and thus congenial neighborhoods were formed. Of the nine equal squares into which the town was apportioned off, the centre was reserved for a market-place and common. The beautiful "Green" of to-day bears witness to the foresight of the fathers.

While the colonists were busy building, fencing, and preparing for the next year's crops, they were gladdened by a reinforcement. A considerable party from Yorkshire, England, tempted by the brilliant reports that were then being circulated, had come down the coast on a pinnace to join the little company at Quinnipiac. They brought the good news that more were about to follow them. Though this was not immediately fulfilled, and a few of them proved defective, the majority formed a useful addition to the colony.

The early settlers were experienced business men; they had been but a few months in the new settlement before they had made sure of their title to it. The first business transaction of which we have record was the treaty with the Indians, whereby these owners of the soil voluntarily deeded all of their rights and interests to the colonists. The articles of agreement, which were drawn up November 24, 1638, between the colonists — represented by Theophilus Eaton and John Davenport — and the Indian sachem Momaugin, together with his sister, Shaumpishuh, and his chief men, Sugcogisin, Quosaquash, Cavroughhood and Woosauruck, are to the following effect: —

*First.* That Momaugin is the sole sachem of Quinnipiac, and hath absolute and independent power to give, alien, dispose, or sell all or any part of the lands of Quinnipiac, and that whatsoever he and his companions shall now do and conclude shall stand firm and inviolable against all claims and persons whatsoever.

Second. The said sachem and his company, among which there was a squaw sachem called Shaumpishuh, sister to the sachem, remembering and acknowledging the heavy taxes and imminent dangers which they lately felt and feared from the Pequots,



NEW SOLDIERS' MONUMENT ON EAST ROCK. (See description on page 48.)

Mohawks, and other Indians, and observing the safety and ease that other Indians enjoy near the English — of which benefit they have had a comfortable taste already, since the English began to build and to plant at Quinnipiac, which with all thankfulness they now acknowledge — jointly and freely gave and yielded up all their rights, title, and interest to all the lands, rivers, ponds and trees, with all the liberty and appurtenances belonging unto the same in Quinnipiac, to the utmost of their bounds, east, west, north, south, unto Theophilus Eaton, John Davenport, and others, the present English planters there, and to their heirs and assigns forever; stipulating only that the said English planters should grant them such portions of ground on the east side of the harbor, towards the fort at the mouth of the river of Connecticut, as might be sufficient for them, being but few in number, to plant in ; and that this be under the entire control of the English, subject to such limitations as they might deem fit ; and the Indians, moreover, promising not to remove to another part of Quinnipiac without the consent of the English.

*Third.* The said sachem and company, desiring to hunt and fish within the bounds of Quinnipiac, do hereby covenant and bind themselves not to set traps so as to injure the animals belonging to the English, nor in any way inconvenience them by their hunting.

Fourth. The said sachem and company do hereby covenant and bind themselves that none of them henceforth shall hanker about any of the English houses at the time when they meet for public worship of God; nor on the Lord's day, henceforward, to be seen within the compass of the English town carrying on any manner of business; nor, henceforward, without leave open any latch belonging to any Englishman's door; nor stay in any Englishman's house after due warning to leave; nor do any violence or injury to the person of the English, whether man, woman, or child,— and if the English do any wrong to the Indians, upon complaint, just recompense shall be made; nor shall any of them henceforward use any Englishman's boat without leave; nor come into the English town with bows and arrows, or any other weapons whatsoever, in number above six Indians so armed at a time.

*Fifth.* The parties above named do truly bind and covenant to pay the full value of any cattle whatsoever of the English which they shall kill or hurt casually or negligently; to pay double the value for any they shall kill or hurt wilfully; and to bring back home any straying cattle of the English which they shall find, receiving a moderate price in recompense for the same.

Sixth. The number of the men and youths of Quinnipiac Indians being fortyseven at present, they do covenant not to receive or admit any other Indians among them without leave from the English; nor to harbor any that are enemies to the English, but to apprehend such and deliver them up; also to inform the English of any plots which they are aware are being formed against them by the Indians or others.

Lastly. The said sachem and company do hereby promise truly and carefully to observe and keep all and every one of these articles of agreement, and to deliver up all of their number who shall break them to the English magistrate. In consideration of all which, they desire from the English, that, in any time of danger, they may repair to the English plantation for shelter, and that the English will defend them from all unjust injuries. But in any quarrels or wars with other Indians for which they are to blame, they shall not expect aid from the English. And the English planters, aforementioned, accepting and granting according to the tenor of the premises, do further of their own accord, by way of free and thankful retribution, give unto said sachem and company of Quinnipiac Indians, twelve coats of English tucking cloth, twelve achemy spoons, twelve hatchets, twelve hoes, two dozen of knives, twelve porringers, and four cases French knives and scissors.

At the end of the treaty are a number of half moons and serpents, supposed to be the signatures of Momaugin, Quosaquash, etc., which would be too much for even a bank expert to decipher. The original treaty is a very interesting and valuable document, and we have therefore felt justified in making an extended transcription of it.

In the following month, another treaty of a similar character was made with Montewesse, the sachem of a neighboring tribe. The territory thus gained by the colony was thirteen miles wide by ten long, and contained what is now East Haven, North Haven, Woodbridge, Hamden, Cheshire, Branford and Wallingford.

Montewesse's tribe, which now came under the English protection, although occupying this large tract of land, amounted to only ten men, with a proportionate number of squaws and pappooses. This land cost the colony the "free and thankful retribution" of twelve English coats.

In February, 1639, Ansantawae, sachem of the Wepawaugs, sold to the colony the land now occupied by the town of Milford, for six coats, two blankets, one kettle, and a quantity of hoes, knives, hatchets, and looking-glasses. In the same year, the small tribe inhabiting the present town of Fairfield likewise sold a large part of their land to the whites. About the same time, Shaumpishuh, sister of Momaugin, and female chief of the Menunketucs, sold her land, consisting of the present town of Guilford, in the same manner that she had disposed of her interest in Quinnipiac the year previous.

Thus, in about a year, the colony had come into possession of the greater part of the present County of New Haven. One would be apt to think that real estate was not then at a premium, but the Indians felt themselves fully repaid, and doubtless were so, by the protection of the English which they now received. The treaties were faithfully observed by both parties, without exception, and it would be fitting to remark here that none of the early settlers of this country were more just and humane in their treatment of the Indians than those of Quinnipiac. It is a source of pride, as we read the earliest annals of the city, to find them unstained by acts of oppression, robbery, or bloodshed against the first owners of the land.

The first Winter passed at Quinnipiac was a very bitter one, but there does not seem to have been at that time, or at any subsequent period, any lack of bread, as was the case in many of the settlements.

On the 4th of June, 1639, the colony formed its first constitution,—all civil business having, up to that time, been transacted by Davenport, Eaton, and other officers of the joint-stock association. A meeting of all the free planters at Quinnipiac was held in a barn belonging to Mr. Newman. After a sermon by Mr. Davenport, the foundations of their civil and church government were laid.

In response to queries made by Mr. Davenport, the following decisions were unanimously made : ---

*First.* That the Scriptures are a perfect guide in the government of families and commonwealths, as well as in matters of the church.

*Second.* That all the free planters hold themselves bound by the "plantation covenant," made soon after their arrival, and covenant to submit themselves to be ordered, in all the business specified in that covenant, by the rules held forth in the Scriptures.

*Third.* That *all* the free planters purpose and desire to be admitted into church fellowship as soon as it shall be possible for them.

*Fourth.* That all the free planters hold themselves bound to establish such civil order as shall best conduce to the securing of the purity and peace of the ordinances to themselves and their posterity according to God.

*Fifth.* That free burgesses shall be chosen out of church members; and the power of choosing magistrates and officers from among themselves, of making and repealing laws, of dividing inheritances, of deciding differences which may arise, and like business, should be held by these burgesses.

Sixth. That twelve men, fitted for the work of founding the church, shall be chosen, who shall choose out of their number the seven best fitted, and these shall begin the church.

The points most strikingly brought out in this agreement, the foundation stone of Church and State in New Haven, are: the perfect simplicity pervading the whole document; the universal desire of the colonists to be members of the church, not a single dissenter being found; and the limiting of the elective franchise to the members of the church. It would be hard to find in modern times any civil government coming nearer than did this to the standard of the early Christian Church. In accordance with the agreement, the following twelve were chosen for the foundation work of the church: Theophilus Eaton, John Davenport, Robert Newman, Matthew Gilbert, Richard Melbon, Nathaniel Turner, Ezekiel Cheever, Thomas Fugill, John Punderson, William Andrews, and Jeremiah Dixon. Out of this number, Eaton, Davenport, Newman, Gilbert, Fugill, Punderson, and Dixon were chosen as the "seven pillars of the church." By these seven was formed the "first church of Christ in New Haven." It was gathered together and constituted on the 22nd of August, 1639.

On the 25th of October, 1639, the same men, who may fitly be called the fathers of New Haven, met and organized themselves into the first civil court. Theophilus Eaton was chosen magistrate, "for the term of one whole year;" and Newman, Gilbert, Turner, and Fugill were chosen deputies to assist the magistrate. Thomas Fugill was appointed clerk, and Robert Seeley marshal. Arrangements were made for "an annual renewing of officers," and now the little colony was fairly under way.

An accession to the colony at Quinnipiac was received from Kent, England, in the early part of the Summer of 1639, but during the same year about one hundred and two of the planters left it, and founded the towns of Milford and Guilford — fifty-four going to the former, and forty-eight to the latter place. In the Fall of 1640, another re-inforcement arrived from Hingham, England, under the leadership of Mr. John Youngs. But this party soon left, almost intact, and, sailing to Long Island, founded the town of Southold.

In the same year (1640), Stamford was purchased from the Indians by Captain Turner, as agent for the colony, and through her activity it was settled in November, 1640, by about twenty-two families from Weathersfield, Conn. Thus the colony at Quinnipiac was the fountain head, from which the stream of white population flowed in all directions through the surrounding country. The name of the colony was changed from Quinnipiac to New Haven in the Summer of 1639. The population of the colony at the end of the year 1640 was computed at about four hundred and sixty all told.

Captain Turner visited the Delaware River in the Summer of 1640, and purchased territory for the New Haven colony along both sides of its bank; this venture, however, proved unfortunate.

As the plantations at Milford, Stamford, Southold, and Guilford became firmly established, they naturally desired to sustain close relations to the mother colony at New Haven; and finally, in 1643, an agreement among them resulted in their consolidation as one colony, under the name and leadership of New Haven — members of the other towns, as the plantations at that time began to be called, attending the General Court held at New Haven.

A general assembly of the colonies of New England was held in 1643, at which there were present representatives from the Massachusetts, Plymouth, Connecticut and New Haven colonies. The latter colony had sent Theophilus Eaton and Thomas Gregson. At that time the four colonies first united for mutual protection against the Dutch and Indians, under the name of the "United Colonies of New England." In 1644, Branford, a small town which had arisen between New Haven and Guilford, was added to the New Haven Colony, and during the whole twenty-two years of its existence, the jurisdiction of the Colony never extended over more than the five towns which have been mentioned.

In the years 1643 and 1644, considerable apprehension of an Indian revolt existed. A general outbreak along the whole line of colonies seemed imminent, but, with a few exceptions, all bloodshed was averted. New Haven sent re-inforcements to Fairfield and Stamford, as these towns had weak forces, and were peculiarly open to Indian attacks. But when the Dutch colony made a request, in the same year, for help against the Indians, New Haven refused to do anything more than to send them such food as was necessary to prevent actual starvation. Their main inducements to this course were: the fact that joining separately in war was prohibited by the terms of the confederation made between the United Colonies of New England, and their belief that the Dutch war with the Indians was unjust.

It was at this period that difficulties arose between New Haven and New Netherland. Commencing in 1642, and continuing for several years, the Dutch, in many wavs, harassed the little settlement New Haven had established on the Delaware, nutil eventually it had to be abandoned. A most interesting, yet perhaps not entirely accurate, account of an expedition sent by Wilhelm Kieft, the Governor-General of New Netherland, against the settlement on the Delaware, will be found in Irving's "Knickerbocker History of New York." Tritorial disputes with the Dutch concerning the land lying between New Haven and New Netherland continued almost without intermission until, in 1664, the latter came under the dominion of the English.

In the year 1647, a number of the settler inscouraged by the failure of the Delaware venture and the general business depression, among whom were Mr. Gregson and Captain Turner, set sail for England, but were never heard of after. The legend of the "Phantom Ship," which this event produced, as been beautifully expressed in a poem by Longfellow.

The famous "Blue Laws" came into being about this time. There had long existed a great need of a written and definite system of laws, and in 1655, Governor Eaton was empowered to perfect such a code. The result was the embodiment of the Scriptural rules, which had been the basis of the colonial government since its inception, in a series of civil statutes. This code continued unabrogated until the mion of the Connecticut and New Haven colonies, and did good service, though it has been recipient of much ridicule in later times.

The company suffered a severe loss, in the early part of 1658, by the death of Theophilus Eaton, who had been its chief magistrate since the foundation of the government, having been elected nineteen successive times. Governor Eaton was born in 1592, at Stony Stratford, Oxfordshire, England. He was bred as a merchant, and for many years was one of the leading business men of London. At one time he was the agent of the King of England at the Court of Denmark. Later he accompanied Mr. Davenport to New Haven, and with him was one of the two chief founders of the Colony. On the monument erected to him by the Colony were the words:

> "Eaton,— so famed, so wise, so just, The Phœnix of our world,—here hides his dust; This name forget, New England never must."

Stephen Goodyear had been chosen Deputy-Governor with the same regularity that Eaton had been elected Governor, and at the death of the latter, Goodyear would naturally have succeeded him. But as Goodyear was absent at the time, the colonists chose Francis Newman as their chief magistrate. Goodyear was so universally admired, that, had he lived to return, he would probably then have been chosen Governor. He died, however, in London, June, 1658.

Governor Newman, after having been twice re-elected, died in November, 1666. His death occasioned deep sorrow, and some difficulty was experienced in obtaining his successor. The restoration of the Stuarts, in the same year, caused general anxiety throughout the New England Colonies, which had been strong supporters of Cromwell, and the position of magistrate was deemed of an uncertain tenure, and fraught with much danger. Finally, Mr. William Leete was chosen Governor of the New Haven Colony, and Mr. Matthew Gilbert as Deputy-Governor. These gentlemen continued in office until the government of the Colony was dissolved by its union with Connecticut in 1665.

About this time New Haven was excited by the visit of the regicides. Fleeing from England on the return of Charles the Second, whose father they had condemned to death, Generals Whalley and Goff arrived in Boston, July 27, 1660.

Edward Whalley came of an old and honored family. He was a first cousin of the Lord-Protector. During and after the civil war he held many important offices. He was the keeper of Charles the First, during the King's imprisonment, and his signature appears as the fourth upon the death warrant of the King.

William Goff was the son of Rev. Stephen Goff, a Puritan divine of Sussex, and pursued a military course similar to that of his friend, General Whalley. Like his friend, he rose from a private soldier to a Major-General, and was also the trusty friend and associate of Cromwell. He gave valuable aid in purging the "Long" and "Rump" Parliaments, and was one of the strongest advocates of the King's death.

After a year spent at Boston, the two Generals hastened on to New Haven, urged thereto by a Royal Proclamation against them. Their subsequent history would form good material for a most exciting romance. They were sheltered first by Mr. Davenport, and then made various excursions into the surrounding country, in order to mislead their pursuers, who were soon at their heels.

They lay concealed for many days in Judge's Cave, on the summit of West Rock. There are several places and buildings in this vicinity which tradition declares offered them some shelter, however poor, while they tarried here. They found many friends in New Haven, and the people generally tendered them the sympathy and aid which they so much needed and deserved.

When the officers of the Crown visited New Haven, the magistrate and people showed them every civility, and were officious in aiding their search, while at the same time they did their best to secrete the refugees. They well said, "We honor his Majesty, but we have tender consciences." Their "honor" of his Majesty was not very deep, and was bounded only by their fears. Any open disobedience would have cost them dear, so they tendered the regicides the best aid they could in secret.

Whalley and Goff left New Haven in 1664, and went to Hadley, Mass. It was supposed that after their death their bones were brought to New Haven and buried in the Green, near the monument of Colonel Dixwell, but later research has rendered this very doubtful. Colonel John Dixwell, another of King Charles' judges, came to New Haven secretly about 1670. He lived here in a very quiet manner for eighteen years, under the pseudonym of James Davids. He was a close friend of the Rev. Mr. Pierpont, and disclosed his whole history to him. But toward all others he observed a perfect reticence until his death. He was several times nearly detected, once, particularly, on the visit of Governor-General Andros to New Haven, in the year 1686.

He was married twice during his residence at New Haven, and left two children At his death, in 1688, he disclosed his real name to the people, but requested that only his initials should be carved on his grave-stone, "lest his enemies should dishonor his ashes." The monument erected to him by his descendants, in 1849, stands on the "Green," in the rear of the Center Church.

The return of the Stuarts was the beginning of trouble for New Haven, which finally ended in its extinction as a separate colony. In the year 1662, the Connecticut Colony obtained a charter from Charles the Second, granting them most unexpected powers, and the jurisdiction over a territory almost corresponding to the present State. By it, according to Bancroft, "Connecticut was independent, except in name," and New Haven was included in her territory. Then ensued a long controversy over the union.

Connecticut made the first overtures in November, 1662, hoping that the matter might be settled to *her* advantage peaceably. She received disaffected citizens from Southold, Guilford, and Stamford, before any agreement had been made, and seems to have shown a most avaricious spirit throughout. The great "bone of contention" was the question of suffrage. New Haven limited it to church members, while in Connecticut the only requisite was the possession, "by an orderly citizen," of a certain amount of property.

At length, after three years of bitter disputings, New Haven being overborne in this particular, and in the other of her peculiar tenets respecting the relation of Church and State, the union was completed in January, 1665.

The arrival of Commissioners of the Crown, as well as the pacific efforts of Governor-Winthrop of Connecticut and Leete of New Haven, facilitated this event.

The period of New Haven's autonomy, lasting twenty-seven years, is one of the most interesting in her history. The idol of its freemen's hearts, the "church-state," in spite of all discouragements and defeats, had proved a great success. Under it a civil order and public morality, which was almost unequalled even among the other New England Colonies, had arisen. How dear it had become to them all is proven by the reluctance with which they surrendered it.

The domestic and social life of New Haven during this period differed little from that of the other colonies. Simplicity and the subservience of all things to practical religion were its chief characteristics. The humane treatment of the Indians has been already mentioned. The earliest beginning of business and education in the colony, we shall refer to later.

New Haven, like the other colonies, had a military organization, consisting of all the males capable of bearing arms, from sixteen to sixty being the legal age. The average number of this company, during the twenty-seven years, appears to have been about three hundred. They were subject to the strictest military discipline, but no opportunity occurred for them to show their valor by any brilliant achievement, as New Haven was not troubled by any important war during the whole period of her existence as a separate colony.

# FROM THE UNION WITH CONNECTICUT TO THE NINETEENTH CENTURY.

SFTER 1665, a large part of the history of New Haven is identical with that of Connecticut. We shall confine this sketch to points that are of particular local interest. It took many years for New Haven to forget the injustice which had been shown toward her by Connecticut. The whole affair was a bitter disappointment to the Rev. Mr. Davenport, whose heart was set on the church principles which were defeated. Two years later, in response to a call from Boston, he left New Haven to take the pastorate of the First Church at that place, much to the sorrow of his old and beloved people. His ministry at Boston, however, was very brief, as he died there on the 27th of March, 1670.

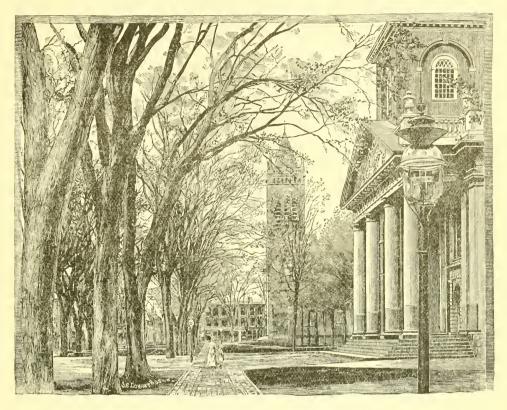
So passed away one of the most remarkable men of early New England, and the man to whom New Haven owes more than to any other. He was born in 1597, at Coventry, England, of which place his father was Mayor. Educated at Oxford, and taking orders in the Established Church at the early age of nineteen, he soon attained celebrity as the Rector of St. Stephen's Church, London. His eloquence and charity excited the opposition of Bishop Laud, and when, after long and earnest thought, Davenport became a Non-Conformist, heavy persecutions were heaped upon him. Driven to Holland in 1633, he there made the plans for "a city in the wilderness," ot which New Haven was the result. He was one of the last of those who had laid the "foundation stones," and with whose death many unpleasant memories of the controversy between the two colonies passed away.

New Haven, took part in "King Philip's War," and in most of the colonial expeditions which were made during the last quarter of the seventeenth and first half of the eighteenth centuries.

The noted English evangelist, George Whitfield, visited New Haven in October, 1740. A great revival of religion was the immediate result, as was uniformly the case at all parts of New England visited by Mr. Whitfield. Now, for the first time since the foundation of the colony, a new church was formed in New Haven, and, naturally, its establishment brought about considerable agitation. The "Separatists," as they were called, met with much opposition, and two Yale students, who joined them in 1744. were expelled from the college.

The passage of the "Stamp Act" by the British Parliament, in 1765, created much "uneasiness" among the New Haven people, and they made it so lively for the stamp agent, Mr. J. Ingersoll, that he soon was glad to resign. The account he published concerning the way in which he was induced to so act, reads like the description of a "Ku-Klux" raid, only it happened that this time justice was obtained.

At this period, two of the most prominent men in New Haven were Roger Sherman and Benedict Arnold, both soon to become celebrated, but in very different ways. During the Revolutionary War, New Haven took an active and honorable part. As soon as the news of the battle of Lexington was received, Benedict Arnold assembled the troops of New Haven, of whom he was captain, and forty of them signified their desire to accompany him to the war. He arrived with his company at Cambridge, among the first of the American troops. The New Haven detachment was the best equipped and trained of all the native forces, and their soldier-like appearance occasioned much surprise, even among the British. Many of them afterward accompanied Arnold on the famous expedition into Canada.



TEMPLE STREET WALK ON THE GREEN, AS AT PRESENT.

Though sharing all the dangers and anxieties of the time, New Haven suffered actual invasion but once during the war. This occurred July 5, 1779. A large British fleet, carrying over three thousand land forces, anchored off New Haven harbor early in the morning of Monday, the 5th of July. Their arrival put an abrupt termination to the arrangements which were being made in the town for celebrating the anniversary of the Declaration of Independence.

One division of fifteen hundred men, commanded by Brig.-Gen. Garth, landed at West Haven, and advanced upon the town from that side. General Tyron led the rest of the troops into the town by the way of East Haven. Each division met with spirited resistance. Gen. Garth's corps did not reach the "Green" till one o'clock in the afternoon, while Tyron's did not succeed in coming up until evening.

Captain James Hillhouse with a small band of brave young men, among whom were some Yale students, opposed the progress of the royal troops from West Haven. As the enemy advanced, they were assailed on all sides by a galling fire. This threw their line into great confusion, but they kept steadily on. When they arrived at Milford Hill, their adjutant, Colonel Campbell, was shot. He was a noble man, the idol of the British troops, and had saved the lives of many of the people of West Haven as the army was marching through. A small stone, near the place of his death, with the simple inscription, "CAMPBELL, 1779," marks the grave of this brave and tenderhearted British officer. A little farther on, Dr. Nathaniel Daggett, Ex-President of Yale College, was captured while fighting with great vigor.

The following statement made by an eye witness, Hon. Elizur Goodrich, at that time a student in Yale, is a striking and fair picture of the "spirit of the time."

"I well remember the surprise we felt, as we were marching over West Bridge, towards the enemy, to see Dr. Daggett riding furiously by us on his old black mare, with his fowling piece in his hand ready for action. We knew the old gentleman had studied the matter thoroughly, and had settled in his own mind as to the right and propriety of fighting it out, but we were not quite prepared to see him come forth in so gallant a style to carry his principles into practice. Giving him a hearty cheer as we passed, we turned at the foot of Milford Hill towards West Haven, while he ascended a little to the west, and took his station in a copse of wood, where he appeared to be reconnoitering the enemy like one who was determined to bide his time. As we passed on toward the south, we met an advance guard of the enemy, and from our stand at a line of fence, we fired on them several times, and then chased them the length of three or four fields as they retreated, until we found ourselves involved with the main body, and in danger of being surrounded. It was now our turn to run, which we did for our lives.

"Passing by Dr. Daggett, in his station on the hill, we retreated rapidly across West Bridge, which was instantly taken down by persons who stood ready for that purpose, to prevent the enemy from entering the town from that road. In the meantime, Dr. Daggett, as we heard afterwards, stood his ground manfully while the British column advanced to the foot of the hill, determined to have the battle to himself, as we had left him in the lurch, and using his fowling-piece now and then to excellent effect, as occasion offered, under cover of the bushes. But this could not last long. A detachment was sent up the hillside to look into the matter, and then the commanding officer coming suddenly, to his great surprise, on a single individual in a black coat blazing away in this style, cried out:

"What are you doing there, you old fool, firing on his Majesty's troops?"

"' Exercising the rights of war,' rejoined the old gentleman.

"The very audacity of this reply, and the mixture of drollery it contained, seemed to amuse the officer, and he said:

"'If I let you go this time, will you ever fire again on the troops of his Majesty?'

"'Nothing more likely,' rejoined the old gentleman in his dry way.

"This was too much for flesh and blood to bear, and it is a wonder that they did not put a bullet through him on the spot."

His account of the way in which he was abused is a fair representation of the cruelty shown by the British troops to their prisoners of war. He died a few months later from the effects of the brutal treatment he received at their hands that day.

By this time, Captain Hillhouse and his little company had received many re-inforcements. They now numbered about one hundred and fifty. Captain Phineas Bradley came up with two small cannon, which did excellent service. A considerable number of the New Haven militia, under Colonel Aaron Burr, had also arrived. The militia of the surrounding country kept pouring in, and the patriots made a gallant fight, contesting every step of the way.

Gradually, and with great losses, Gen. Garth's division advanced into the town as far as the corner of Chapel and York Streets, where the patriots made their final stand. A cannon was brought and fired down the road, and from that point the British marched unmolested to the "Green."

Though dispersed, the patriots were not routed. They hung around the outskirts of the town, watching the depredations made by the enemy, attacking stray parties, and preparing to make a general advance on the invaders in the morning. As soon as Gen. Garth reached the "Green," the town was given up to ravage and plunder. He sent word to Gen. Tyron, and immediately began to make arrangements for the destruction of the whole town. He is said to have ascended the belfry of the State House, and to have exclaimed as he gazed around, "This is too beautiful a place to burn." Be that as it may, it is known that the British had orders to burn the whole town, and, actuated probably by fear, did so to only a small part of it. According to the diary of President Stiles, of Yale College, "the public buildings, as those of Yale College, the State House, the places of public worship, were injured little, if at all." A large number of private dwellings were burned and devastated. Many pathetic incidents of brutality shown by the soldiers toward feeble old men and helpless females are recorded, as was always the case during an invasion by the British.

In Gen. Tyron's advance through East Haven, he was delayed several hours by a small fort near the harbor, now Fort Hale, with a garrison of only nineteen men and three pieces of artillery. It was not the first time that a few patriots had held a thousand Englishmen at bay. His march to the "Green," which took nearly two hours, was opposed by the same spirited resistance that Gen. Garth had met.

That night New Haven witnessed more crime and drunkenness than it had ever done before. There was a great abundance of all kinds of spirits in the cellars of New Haven, and, consequently, it was but a short time before the greater part of the British troops were as harmless as babes. Fortunately this event contributed to lessen the amount of damage done by the enemy, and hastened their departure the next morning. About survise they marched out of the town, many of the drunken soldiersbeing pushed at the point of the bayonet or the side of an officer's sword. Their total loss, killed, wounded, and missing, was sixty men and four officers.

At the departure of the British, thousands of the country people flocked into New Haven. Some of them, in the confusion, were base enough to add to the general loss by robbing the citizens of what was left. The soldiers already had taken, with a few exceptions, all the money, jewelry, clothing, and provisions which they could find, besides destroying a great amount of household furniture and other things. Many of the families lost every thing their houses contained. Most of the Tories, who were protected by the British, were obliged to leave New Haven with them, so even they lost much of their property.

As it may prove interesting, we give the official list of those of the Americans killed and wounded during this invasion, as published in the "Connecticut Journal," July 7, 1779:

Killed — John Hotchkiss, Caleb Hotchkiss, Jun., Ezekiel Hotchkiss, Captain John Gilbert, Michael Gilbert, John Kennedy, Joseph Dorman, Asa Todd, Samuel Wooden, Silas Wooden, Benjamin English, Isaac Pardis, Jeduthan Thompson, Aaron Russel (a lad), Jacob Thorp, and Pomp (a negro), all of New Haven; Eldad Parker, Wallingford; — Bradley, Derby; Timothy Ludlenton, Guilford; John Baldwin, Gideon Goodrich, Branford; and one person whose name is unknown.

Wounded — Rev. Dr. Daggett, Nathan Beers (since died of his wounds), David Austin, Jun., Elizur Goodrich, Jun., Joseph Bassett, Captain Caleb Mix, Thomas Mix, and Israel Wooden. *Taken* — John Austin, Abraham Pinto, Jeremiah Austin, Nathan Drummer, Edmund Smith, and Elisha Tuttle (since dead of his wounds, whose tongue was cut out by the enemy), all of New Haven; — Atwater and a negro, of Wallingford; and Benjamin Howd, of Branford. The total number of the "martyrs" was twenty-four killed, fifteen wounded, and nine captured. Majør-General Benedict Arnold had visited his old home in May, 1778, and had received a triumphal greeting, in recognition of his bravery and services to the government. None were more surprised than his old friends and acquaintances, when, in September, 1780, he betrayed his country to the British, winning for himself a name which for ignominy has been equalled by that of no other man save Judas Iscariot. He was not a native of New Haven, though he had dwelt here for many years, and had acquired some property. This was all disposed of to his numerous creditors, through two commissioners appointed for that purpose by the County Court.

The following graphic account of the way in which New Haven celebrated the declaration of peace between the United States and Great Britain, is taken from the "Connecticut Journal" of May 1, 1783:

"Thursday last was observed as a day of festivity and rejoicing in this town, on receipt of indubitable testimony of the most important, grand, and ever memorable event — the total cessation of hostilities between Great Britain and these United States, and the full acknowledgement of their sovereignty and independence. Accordingly, the day, with the rising sun, was ushered in by the discharge of thirteen cannon, paraded on the "Green" for that purpose, under elegant silk colors, with the Coat-of-Arms of the United States most ingeniously represented thereon, which was generously contributed upon the occasion by the ladies of the town. At nine o'clock in the forenoon, the inhabitants met in the brick Meeting House for divine service, where was convened a very crowded assembly. The service was opened with an anthem; then a very pertinent prayer, together with thanksgiving, was made by the Rev. Dr. Stiles, President of Yale College; after was sung some lines, purposely composed for the occasion, by the singers of all the congregations in concert. Then followed a very ingenious oration, spoken by Mr. Elizur Goodrich, one of the Tutors of the College; after which a very liberal collection was made for the poor of the town, to elevate their hearts for rejoicing. The service was concluded with an anthem.

"A number of respectable gentlemen of the town dined together at the Coffee-House. After dinner several patriotic toasts were drank.

"At three o'clock were discharged thirteen cannon — at four, twenty-one ditto — at five, seven ditto — at six, thirteen ditto — at seven were displayed the fire-works, with rockets, serpents, &c.— at nine o'clock, a bonfire on the Green concluded the diversions of the day. The whole affair was conducted with a decorum and decency uncommon for such occasions, without any unfortunate accident; a most pacific disposition and heartfelt joy was universally conspicuous, and most emphatically expressed by the features of every countenance."

In the following year, January 21, 1784, part of the town of New Haven was incorporated as a city, by an Act of the Legislature. The names of the first city officers were as follows:

Mayor – Roger Sherman. Sheriffs – Elias Stillwell, Parsons Clarke. Collector of Taxes – Joseph Peck. Treasurer – Hezekiah Sabin. City Clerk – Joseph Meigs. Aldermen – David Austin, Isaac Beers, Samuel Bishop, Thomas Howell. Councilmen – James Hillhouse, Pierpont Edwards, Jeremiah Atwater, Abraham Augur, Henry Daggett, Stephen Ball, Ebenezer Beardsley, Joseph Bradley, Abel Burritt, Joel Gilbert, Joseph Howell, Jonathan Ingersoll, Timothy Jones, Eneas Monson, James Rice, Elias Shipman, Joseph Thomson, Michael Todd, Ebenezer Townsend, John Whiting.

Though many honorable and talented individuals have been connected with the city government since then, there has, probably, never been a time when so many remarkable men were united in its various offices and boards, as was the case in the first year of its operation.

Sherman, Austin, Howell, Hillhouse, and Edwards were the chief supporters of the movement which resulted in the granting of a City Charter by the State Legislature.

New Haven was the fifth incorporated city in the United States, the others being New York, Philadelphia, Albany and Richmond. New Haven had the honor of being the first city incorporated after the United States had been recognized as independent. Boston was still a town, and looked with envious eyes upon New Haven's ambitious efforts.

It was so arranged, by the original charter, that part of New Haven still remained a town, and since that time there have always been two (the city and town) governments here, which has often seemed an anomaly to those unacquainted with the true inwardness of the matter. The city territory was designated as that "lying between the Quinnipiac and West Rivers, and between the Mill River Meadows and the Harbor." All the rest of New Haven's territory continued under the old town government as formerly.

About this time there arose that famous struggle between the "Town-Born" and the "Interlopers," which has come down almost to our day. Those who had been so happy as to open their eyes for the first time in New Haven, had a habit of looking down upon the poor unfortunates who came from outside. If one's ancestors could be traced back into the earliest days of the colony, that was an unquestionable prerogative to the highest social rights. The feeling of the "Town-Born" against those who had recently come to New Haven was carried considerably too far, especially when we remember that such men as Sherman and Hillhouse were among the "Interlopers," and that to them, as a class, the city has owed a large amount of her prosperity and growth. The amusing story is related, that the master of a ship from New Haven, during a tempest, as it was necessary to lighten the vessel, ordered the goods belonging to "Interlopers" to be thrown overboard, but carefully preserved the goods of the "Town-Born." Many of our oldest citizens can remember how fiercely at one time this quiet but insidious feeling burned amid the social affairs of the city. But time has nearly obliterated this among other prejudices of the past.

The first regular census of the city was taken in 1787. At that time the number of inhabitants was three thousand five hundred and forty, including one hundred and seventy-six students.

The beautiful elms, which adorn the New Haven of to-day, were first systematically set out by James Hillhouse, one of the most enterprising and public-spirited men the city ever had, in June, 1787. He planted, with his own hands, the elms along Temple Street and Hillhouse Avenue, and was the leader of the movement which resulted in the planting of them throughout the town. His influence was powerfully felt in all the public works and improvements of the time. Grove Street Cemetery, which was laid out in 1796, having the honor of being *the first cemetery in the world which was divided into family lots*, also owes its existence to the energetic efforts of James Hillhouse.

In January, 1788, we note the first feeble beginnings of the afterward famous "Fire Department." Two companies, of seventeen men each, were enrolled, and a new-fangled "Fire-Engine" purchased. It was expressly forbidden to build bonfires in the street, or to smoke tobacco within four rods of any building. The latter provision, however, did not work very well.

In the year 1793, the city mourned the death of Roger Sherman, who had been Mayor for nine successive years, from the establishment of the office. He was one of the most remarkable among the great men of the time and country. Born in 1721, at Newton, Mass., his early life was spent as an apprentice in a shoemaker's shop. He came to New Haven in 1761, and soon, by the exercise of that "common sense" which Jefferson called the "best of any man's in the United States," became one of her leading citizens. He passed through the various town offices ; was a member of the Connecticut Council; a Judge of the Superior Court; a member of the Continental Congress, in which he was one of the famous Committee who reported the Declaration of Independence; also a member of the United States Convention, which drew up our present Constitution; and, later on, a Representative and Senator in the United States Congress.

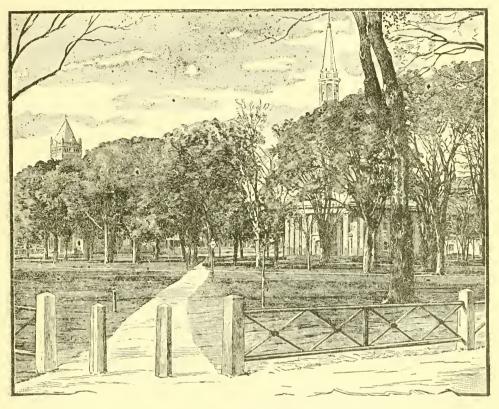
Washington, Franklin, Jefferson, and Adams were among his intimate friends. He was honored throughout the country, but especially by the great men with whom he was associated in the Government. His signature will be found attached to the four most important documents of the time—"The Address to the King," "The Declaration of Independence," "The Articles of Confederation," and "The Constitution." Like Governor Eaton, he held the chief office in New Haven from the formation of the new government until his decease, and during that time was undoubtedly the greatest man in the city or State.

At the time of his death, beside the Mayoralty, he held the positions of Judge of the Superior Court of Connecticut and United States Senator. The palatial residence, which he erected and occupied in his later years, is still standing on Chapel Street, directly opposite the College Campus.

At the close of the eighteenth century, New Haven had about recovered from the effects of the war, and was entering upon a period of prosperity. Her business interests had marvellously increased. The extensive oyster fisheries of to-day were already in operation. She boasted a large fleet (for those days) of eighty-two ships, which traded principally with the West Indies, but visited, frequently, ports in all parts of the globe. There were now fifty-six trading shops in the city, a few of which had a large stock worth the enormous amount of three thousand pounds. With the advent and spread of newspapers, progressive ideas in business and public matters were coming more and more to prevail. In fact, the city life of New Haven, with all its activities and interests, was now fairly inaugurated.

The moral status of the city could not, however, be said to have advanced. The Puritanic days were no more. Luxury and crime, with their inseparable attendant, poverty, had usurped no uncertain position among the stern virtues and simple life of the fathers, to the continual deterioration of the latter. The most common vice of the time was drunkenness, and temperance societies were then unknown. Slavery also had obtained quite a foothold in New Haven. The importing of slaves had been forbidden in 1774, but the domestic use of them was common. Numerous advertisements appear in the papers of that period, offering "likely negroes" for sale, sometimes in whole families, and in exchange for such commodities as rum and sugar. The practice was never tolerated by the moral sentiments of the people, and in a few decades it died a natural death. As soon as that class who want to make money by all and any means discovered that slavery would not pay, it lost their support, and that was the end of it. While historical accuracy compels us to take notice of these unpleasant particulars, yet much of the decrease in morality, at this period, can be traced to the sudden prosperity which followed upon the Revolution. War and riches are two of the greatest degenerative forces known.

But the time was not lacking in heroes nor heroines. The key to the whole period and its spirit is the one word "Liberty." The intensity of the loving devotion and burning consecration with which the people had thrown themselves into the struggle for independence, can hardly be imagined now. New Haven was chiefly composed at that time of "Sons and Daughters of Liberty," and for more than six years, amid poverty and death, everything was surrendered by the city in the purchase of that freedom which was dearer than life. Let the tribute of never-ceasing admiration and gratitude be rendered to the noble men and women who defended and saved the New Haven of the Puritans, and to whom the New Haven of to day owes more than can ever be known or even estimated.



THE GREEN - FROM CORNER ELM AND CHURCH STS.

#### THE PRESENT CENTURY.

HE nineteenth century opened most auspiciously. Contined prosperity seemed to have dawned upon the city which had borne and struggled through so many troubled days. But again it proved very short lived. The infamous "Embargo Act," which was passed by Congress December 22, 1807, almost entirely destroyed New Haven's extensive commerce. The Embargo excited bitter opposition in this city, as in all parts of New England, which was universally injured by it. New Haven sent a number of memorials to President Jefferson and Congress, praying that the disgraceful Act might be annulled. But all her efforts were unavailing. The Act remained in force until after the war of 1812 had begun, when New Haven had already jumped from the fire-pan of the Embargo into the fire of the war. The war was the crowning blow to New Haven's commercial interests. Her shipping trade has never fully recovered from the blow received at this period. There is, however, a brighter side to the matter, since the decay of the shipping business led to that transfer of powers which has resulted in the extensive manufacturing interests of modern New Haven.

At the opening of the war of 1812-15, there were over six hundred seamen in New Haven. These were scattered among the various privateer and government vessels which contested, so successfully, England's supremacy on the sea. New Haven, as a city, did not take any active participation in the war, though at one time she barely escaped a second invasion.

An amusing account of an unique naval contest, fought by a New Haven sea-captain, is reported by Mr. T. R. Trowbridge, Jr., of this city. As it is the best version of this historical story, and also an admirable picture of one of the most important features of the war — privateering — we give the full account, which runs thus:

"The 'Actress' was a fine, fast-sailing sloop of sixty tons, and had for a crew fortytwo young, able-bodied, New Haven County men, every one of whom was anxious to make his fortune by privateering. For an armament, the sloop carried eight small guns, with the usual assortment of small arms, cutlasses, boarding-pikes, etc.

"The commander of the 'Actress' was John Lumsden, an Englishman by birth, but a naturalized American. He was an able seaman, and had commanded several of the best New Haven ships; his officers were experienced sailors. Thus appointed, she sailed from Long Wharf on the evening of the 11th of July, 1812 'on a cruise.' Reaching the open sea, early next morning, everything on board the privateer was put in shipshape order, and a six weeks' cruise agreed upon. Sharp and anxious eyes scanned the horizon; for a reward of fifty dollars was promised to the man who should first descry a vessel that should prove to be a 'Britisher.'

"Nothing, however, was seen for several days, and the ship's company began to think privateering slow work, and to long for their farms; when, to the joy of all, at daybreak, July 19th, on the northern edge of the Gulf Stream, a man on the foretopmast rigging cried out, 'Sail, ho!' with the singular prolongation of sound that no landsman can imitate.

"'Where away?' bawled the officer in charge of the deck.

"'A mile to the lu'ard,' was the reply, and then came the welcome words, 'and a Britisher, too.'

"True it was. In a few moments the mist lifted, and less than a mile to the leeward of the privateer lay a huge British ship, to all appearances a merchantman. There she lay with all three topsails mast-headed, waiting for the morning breeze to spring up. From the fact that the topsails were 'mast-headed' (hauled up to the head of the topmast), the privateersman accepted it as a sure sign that the stranger was a merchantvessel, and her capture was certain. There was on board the sloop a great contrast to the dullness of the previous days. Muskets, cutlasses, and boarding-pikes were brought on deck, and put in order; the little eight pounders were swabbed out, loaded, and a supply of powder and shot placed near them. Aboard the 'Actress,' excitement and bustle were everywhere from stem to stern.

"I am told when the commander first saw the ship, he was in the ordinary costume of a New Haven privateersman, namely, a tarpaulin hat, red shirt, and a pair of blue trousers 'cat-harpinned at the knee.' When he was satisfied that a prize was soon to fall into his hands, he retired to the cabin to array himself in a becoming manner, and shortly afterwards appeared on his quarter-deck, clad in a blue suit with red facings, and a cocked hat, all of which were loaned him by a Foxon militia captain, Jeduthan Bradley by name.

"Sword by his side and speaking trumpet under his arm, the doughty sailor trod his weather deck, and after feasting his eyes for several minutes upon the Britisher, he gave his helmsman orders to put up the wheel. Forthwith the 'Actress,' with her two score valiant New Haveners, bore down upon the stranger; and so certain was commander Lumsden and his crew of securing the prize, that a crew of eighteen men were immediately told off to carry the ship into New London, if possible,—but into Boston, at all hazards.

"All hands judged the helpless Englishman to be a London tea-ship from Canton, bound for Boston, and, of course, ignorant that war had been declared. They considered, therefore, that their fortunes were made, and that lives of ease and luxury awaited them at home.

"Just before the 'Actress' left Long Wharf, a friend of the commander, and a part owner of the vessel, had put on board a quarter cask of Jamaica rum, requesting that it should be drunk when the first prize should be captured. The captain and crew reckoning to a certainty that the Englishman was as good as captured, it was now proposed to drink the rum without further delay. The captain was at first opposed to it; but after the prize crew had explained to him, that if *they* were sent aboard the ship *they* would lose *their* share, he gave his consent. The cask was accordingly hoisted on deck and broached. The libations were heavy and frequent.

"In the meantime, the privateer had been gradually nearing the ship, apparently unnoticed by the leviathan; and when within speaking distance, Captain Lumsden, in a voice tremulous with patriotic pride, hailed the ship.

"In a moment the answer came back: 'The Spartan, of London.'

"At the mention of this name, a peculiar expression, we are told, was visible in the faces of many of the privateersmen; several pairs of jaws chattered, many knees knocked feelingly one against another, and cans half emptied were laid upon the deck (a rare proceeding in those days), because the 'Spartan' was the well known name of one of the fleet blockading New London. It was the name of one that had caused a wholesome dread to be entertained all along our shores, from the Vineyard to Sandy Hook. She had for several months harried our coast, her vigilant commander boasting that nothing had escaped him. Only two weeks previous to Captain Lumsden's experience with her, she had chased, captured, and sent in to Halifax, the splendid American ship 'Melancthon,' bound from Valparaiso to Boston, with a cargo of copper ore valued at \$350,000.

"Our privateersmen, however, soon recovered their courage and coolness, and reasoned: — The 'Spartan' is a frigate; this is a helpless Indiaman hailing from London. Captain Lumsden now drew himself to his full height. In a manner as imposing as he could assume, he roared out: —

"Consider your ship a prize to the United States privateer "Actress." Send your papers aboard."

"The commander of the 'Spartan,' who afterwards attained the highest post in the British navy, was in his way a wag, and he made answer: —

"'Really now, captain, would you ask that I, the commander of such a great ship as this, should strike my flag to such a little fellow as you?'

"' Strike! or I'll fire into you.'

"A moment thereafter, the shrill sound of the boatswain's whistle was heard, and suddenly, as if by magic, the ports on each side of the ship were triced up, exposing to view about sixty heavy guns. At the same time, a cheery, wholesome voice said : —

"' Come to our gangway, and we'll hoist you in.'

"Never was an order obeyed with more alacrity; and amid the laughter of derision and scorn, the 'Actress' was swept alongside. At eight, A. M., with a prize crew of ten men, she was on her course to Halifax. Her valiant crew were divided. Half were transferred to the frigate, and half left on board of the privateer. They all returned to New Haven some weeks afterward, but without their cruiser."

A short time after this incident, the Packet "Susan," of New Haven, was taken by a British cruiser, off Bridgeport, in the Sound. This aroused the warlike wrath of New Haven's citizens, some fifty of whom immediately manned a vessel in the harbor, and started eagerly in pursuit. After a short sail of a few hours down the Sound, they were also taken in by the same cruiser that had captured the "Susan." Many of them had learned a number of interesting facts bearing on naval warfare, when they were ransomed and came home a few days afterward.

In pleasant contradistinction to these nautical misfortunes was the successful career of Isaac Hull, another of New Haven's sea-captains. Though born in Derby, he had received all his naval training here, rising from the lowest position to the command of one of the best ships of our port. At the commencement of the war, he was put in command of the United States Frigate "Constitution," or, as she is better known, "Old Ironsides." He sailed from Boston Harbor, and on the 19th of August, 1812, defeated the British frigate "Guerriere," in one of the most celebrated naval contests of the war. He completely demolished the "Guerriere," inflicting upon her a loss of eighty men, while his own vessel lost only fourteen. The whole battle took but thirty minutes, and what was left of the "Guerriere" at the end of that time had to be burned. This was all effected by Hull's skilful manœuvring, and as a naval victory it may well be ranked among the most famous in the world's history.

The three churches on the "Green" were erected during the war. The lumber for them was brought down the Connecticut River in the year 1814, and had to pass the vessels of the British Commodore Hardy, who was patrolling the Sound with his fleet. It was then that one of the rare incidents of courtesy shown by a British officer toward Americans occurred. Commodore Hardy allowed the lumber vessels to pass through his fleet, nobly declaring that he "made no war on religion."

When the news of peace with Great Britain and the close of the war, which had ever been unpopular here, arrived, on the 13th of February, 1815, much joyous festivity ensued. Business and commerce were again revived. A period of almost continual prosperity and growth, extending up to the time of the civil war, was now entered upon.

In March, 1815, a most memorable event occurred. The first steamer that had ever navigated the Sound, the "Fulton," Captain Bunker, arrived at New Haven on the 21st of that month, with thirty passengers, after a trip of eleven and a half hours. The fare was only five dollars, and the time unprecedented. Formerly, land passage to New York by stage-coach took two days. By a packet on the Sound, a week was often consumed in going from New Haven to New York. The arrival of the "Fulton" was coincident with the inauguration of a new era in New Haven's existence, as she was now brought into closer relations with the outside world.

The largest fire in New Haven's history, took place on the 28th of October, 1820. Twenty-six stores and warehouses on Long Wharf were burned to the ground, despite the heroic efforts of the gallant volunteer firemen. It was only with the greatest difficulty that a general conflagration of the town was prevented. The immediate results of this fire were more stringent regulations in regard to building, and greater interest excited in the fire department, which, from that time to the present, has always been one of the best conducted departments of the city.

The great Farmington Canal was first proposed in the year 1822. It was not completed until 1825, after a hundred thousand dollars, or more, had been sunk in it. The utility of the canal was soon antedated by the advent of the railways.

A most hearty welcome was extended to General Lafayette when he visited the city, August 12th, 1824. The citizens turned out *en masse* to do him honor. Transparencies with "Welcome, Lafayette," upon them were displayed in all parts of the city. The Revolutionary veterans made every endeavor to give expression to their admiration for the heroic Frenchman. A grand parade and review took place in the morning. In the afternoon, he was escorted by the chief men to Yale College, and the principal points of interest in the city. At his departure, he expressed himself as having enjoyed one of the best receptions of all his American tour, which was one continued triumphal journey.

No less generous hospitality was tendered to President Jackson, on the occasion of his visit in 1833. He stopped for a few days at the Tontine House, and with Vice-President Van Buren and his staff gave a reception to the citizens in the State House, where thousands flocked to see "Old Hickory," the hero of New Orleans, and the people's President. The New Haven of those days seems to have been much inclined toward "hero-worship" of an enthusiastic type. She had, however, an independent way of bestowing her favor and expressing her preferences. While John Tyler met with a frigid reception, the city was enraptured at the mere prospect of a visit from Henry Clay.

In the year 1832, Asiatic cholera made its first appearance in the city. This was followed by the death of only twenty-six persons, but the dread scourge was destined to return again and again, with ever increasing virulence.

The city was enriched in 1837 by the receipt of \$27,427.69. This was her share of the surplus in the United States Treasury, distributed among the States by an Act of Congress. The whole sum thus obtained by a National experiment, which has never been repeated, was admirably appropriated in forwarding the educational interests of the city and town.

This was an era of railways. The city took a long stride forward in her material interests, upon the completion of the Hartford and New Haven Railroad, in 1840. It was not until 1848, however, that the first cars ran to New York. Four years later, the railroad to New London was opened. There were some old fogies here, as everywhere, who considered the steam-cars a "work of Satan." Not a few prejudiced and futile efforts were made in opposition by short-sighted people. It is suggestive and interesting to note how blinded many were to the incalculable importance to the city of the railroad systems. Their value is strikingly illustrated by statistics, New Haven having increased in population from fifteen to over seventy-five thousand since 1840, and her mercantile and manufacturing business augmented more than a hundred fold. In this connection it may be stated, that the Air Line was completed in 1870, and the Derby Road in 1871. Thus, gradually, New Haven has become one of the most important railroad centers in New England.

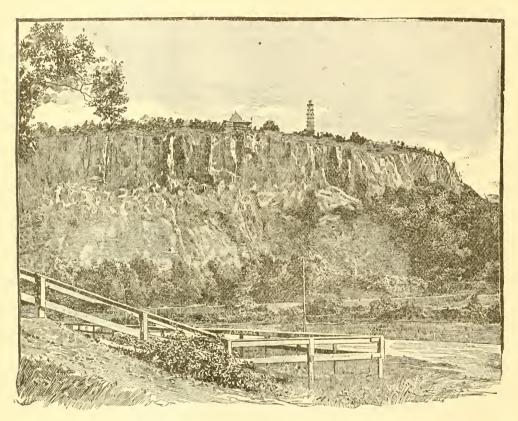
New Haven's attitude towards the temperance question at this time was rather unique. For fourteen years the city suffered from "free rum." In January, 1840, it was voted "that all persons be allowed to sell wines and spirituous liquors in the town of New Haven during the current year." This law was renewed, uninterruptedly, every year up to 1854. Hardly three years had passed under its operation, before the amount in the treasury had been decreased from \$3,000 to \$300, and the tax-rate raised by a cent on every dollar.

After a long and active fight by the prohibitionists, the city went to the other extreme in 1854, by the passage of a "Maine Law." The sale of spirituous liquors was put under the supervision of a special agency, and restricted to sacramental, medical, and chemical uses. This law struggled along for three years, up to February, 1857. Since that date a high license system has been in vogue.

About this time considerable excitement was brought about by the slavery question. The repeal of the "Missouri Compromise," in 1854, met with spirited opposition at New Haven. This unjust extension of the power and boundaries of slavery aroused

#### NEW HAVEN, PAST AND PRESENT.

the indignation of New Haven's best citizens. At "Anti-Nebraska" meetings, held March 8th and 10th, 1854, the following representative men were chosen as officers: *President* — Charles L. English; *Vice-Presidents* — Jonathan Knight, Charles Judson, Eli W. Blake, Charles Ball, Henry Trowbridge, Charles Roberts, Stephen B. Pardee, Sidney A. Thomas, Benjamin Beecher, Jun., E. T. Foote, Henry Peck, George Brown, Russell Chapman; *Secretaries* — Alfred H. Terry, James M. Woodard, Henry W. Benedict, Henry L. Cannon. Speeches by James F. Babcock, Prof. T. A. Thacher, Charles Ives, Rev. Dr. Nathaniel Taylor, Henry B. Harrison, Rev. Dr. Bacon, Prof. Benjamin Silliman, Sen., Prof. Alex. C. Twining, Russell Chapman, Rev. Dr. Cleaveland, Charles E. Morse, Charles Ball, Eleazer K. Foster, and Mr. Talcott. Thus brilliantly inaugurated, the exertions of New Haven against this great national crime continued without intermission until the war had removed their cause.



EAST ROCK, AS SEEN FROM STATE STREET.

In the year 1856, a Kansas colony, with Charles B. Lines as its President, was formed in New Haven. Before the colony started West, a rally was held in the old North Church, at which Henry Ward Beecher presided. Ardent enthusiasm for the cause was manifested, Mr. Beecher's eloquence influencing many who were as yet undecided. Over fifty rifles were donated for the armament of the departing colony. The meeting was heralded throughout the country, and had a powerful effect against the interests of slavery. On the 31st of March, 1856, after a solemn farewell meeting in Brewster Hall, the colony started for Kansas, armed with the Sharpe rifles and their Bibles. They made a settlement at Waubonsee, Kansas, and helped preserve the State for freedom. Some of the original settlers still remain in Waubonsee, though the menacing institution which induced them thither has long since been buried in the waters of oblivion.

During these years, New Haven was continually increasing in size, wealth and population. In the year 1853, the city for the first time was divided into four wards. In 1856, the number of wards was increased to six. A new City Charter was obtained in the same year. By it the various City and Town Boards were solidified, and the whole civil structure made more simple and efficient. The chief characteristic of the new Charter was the bringing of the town and city governments nearer together, so that they assumed nearly the same relative positions that they hold to-day. The Fire and Police Departments were remodelled in 1861. The former was put in charge of a Board of six Commissioners, under whose control were the Chief-Engineer and his subordinates. For the first time, the Firemen received pay for their services. The memorable "Volunteer" organizations were disbanded, but though in the growth of the city a larger and more perfect system was evolved, the record of the heroic services of the "Volunteer Firemen," and of their social prestige, remains inviolable.

The Police Department was also re-organized and placed under the control of six Commissioners. Chief-of-Police Pond, the first under the new organization, in his report for 1861-62, states that the Police Department cost the city ten thousand dollars for that year. The number of policemen was limited to twenty, but this unreasonably low number was soon increased.

Then followed the stirring days of the war. When the news of the fall of Fort Sumter arrived, the loyal citizens rallied to the support of the Government. Volunteers and supplies were immediately forthcoming. New Haven was unusually generous in her contributions throughout the war. The recruiting for a large section of the State was transacted from this city. Regiment after regiment was formed, of which the nucleus were generally New Haven men. The city was enlivened by the constantly arriving and departing detachments of the "boys in blue." They were all entertained royally, and went away cheered and enriched. New Haven's first full quota was six hundred and sixty-two men. These went to the seat of war in different regiments, and rendered loyal service in many of the great battles.

The First Connecticut Regiment rendezvoused at New Haven on the 19th of April, 1861. The ladies of the city were particularly active and generous in seeing that the gallant soldiers should not go to war in need of any good things. The greatest enthusiasm was displayed. Ten thousand dollars was voted by the Common Council for furnishing the soldiers with bedding, food, and other necessities. The First Regiment was joined in camp at New Haven by the Second, on the 6th of May. The latter was recruited from this section of the State, and a number of companies were from New Haven. The Second Regiment was commanded by Alfred H. Terry, one of New Haven's noblest sons, and the popular Colonel of the Second Regiment of the State Militia.

The First Regiment was given a glorious farewell when it broke camp for the seat of war, on the 17th of May. The regimental colors were presented with eloquent speeches at a spirited meeting, and a large concourse escorted them with cheers and music to the boat. The Second Regiment broke camp the next day, and their departure was marked by similar patriotic enthusiasm. Their colors, elaborately embroidered, were the gift of the ladies of New Haven. The Third Connecticut Regiment, commanded by Colonel John Arnold, of New Haven, passed through the city, two days later, on its way to the front. At the same time that these regiments were departing for the war, a Home Guard was formed, to be ready in case of emergency. It numbered four hundred members, many of whom afterward served at the front. There were also formed five full companies of Yale students, who were regularly organized and drilled.

The First, Second, and Third Connecticut Regiments were the best equipped and disciplined of the volunteer detachments which arrived among the first at Washington. They were sent into active service immediately, and took part in all the early battles of the war.

In the battle of Big Bethel, June 9th, 1861, Major Theodore Winthrop, the military secretary of the commanding general, and one of the most widely known and honored officers in the army, fell while leading a daring charge against the enemy's line. He was the direct descendant of John Winthrop, the first Governor of Connecticut, and was born at New Haven in 1828. Graduating from Yale at the age of twenty, he spent several years in visiting all parts of the world. He was admitted to the bar in 1855, but devoted most of his time during the next five years to literary pursuits. Many brilliant magazine articles, and several volumes, published posthumously, remain as the result of this period of work, to bear witness of his genius. He was one of the first to enlist, being very active and influential during the early days of the war. His funeral at New Haven, June 21, 1861, was attended by many celebrated men from different sections of the country. Sacrificing his life in a gallant attempt to redeem a reverse of the Union troops, and falling among the earliest martyrs to the cause, the name of Winthrop was soon joined with that of Ellsworth, and cherished throughout the country as an emblem of heroism and patriotic devotion.

The Fourth of July, 1861, was celebrated at New Haven with unusual solemnity. Governor Buckingham, Connecticut's energetic "War Governor," reviewed the volunteer and militia troops in the morning. A patriotic service was held in the afternoon, at which the "Children's Brigade," composed of one thousand New Haven boys and girls, sang national songs with great spirit and effect. Even the children had become fired by that ardent love for the country which sent their sires into the field to battle for it.

About this time some disloyalty was manifested among the worst classes of the city. It was, however, promptly put down, being limited and far overshadowed by the devoted loyalty of the majority of the citizens.

In the disastrous battle of Bull Run, the first shot was fired by the Connecticut troops. They made several daring charges, kept perfect order throughout — being in no wise affected by the rout — and formed a rear guard in the retreat. Colonels Terry and Chatfield, with their regiments, were among those specially commended for meritorious service.

After Bull Run, the First, Second, and Third Connecticut Regiments having been called out for only thirty days, returned home, with a total loss of sixty-eight men. New Haven welcomed them with as much enthusiasm as she had shown at their departure, and their gallant service met with hearty appreciation here. Most of them soon re-enlisted, and before the end of the war *five hundred* of their number were holding commissions in the army.

When, a few days after Bull Run, President Lincoln called for five hundred thousand men for three years, New Haven was among the first and most generous to respond. The Sixth, Seventh, and Ninth Connecticut Regiments were rapidly recruited and stationed at New Haven, most of the men being furnished by the city. The Sixth, under Colonel Chatfield, and the Seventh, with Colonel Terry, left New Haven on the 17th and 18th of September, 1861, amid the usual patriotic demonstrations. They were sent to the coast of South Carolina, where they performed uniformly honorable and efficient service. In the hard-fought battles on the 7th and 8th of November, 1861, which resulted in the recapture of Forts Walker and Beauregard, these two regiments were the first to attack.

The Ninth Regiment, under Colonel Cahill, left New Haven on the 4th of November, to take part with General Butler, of Massachusetts, in the capture of New Orleans. Hardly had the Ninth departed, before the first companies of the Thirteenth Regiment began to assemble in New Haven. Colonel Birge, their commander, being one of the strictest of disciplinarians, their equipments were always in perfect order, and their tactics unsurpassed. They were called the "Dandy Regiment," but, on arrival at the front, they nobly sustained the reputation of Connecticut's sons for courage and devotion. They also played an honorable rôle in the expedition against New Orleans.

During the early part of 1862, the Sixth and Seventh Regiments were engaged in Florida, taking an important part in the capture of Fort Pulaski. Shortly after, they joined in the unfortunate attack at Charleston Harbor, May 26, 1862. Here New Haven lost another of her gallant sons, Captain Edwin S. Hitchcock, Company G, 7th Regiment. He was shot at the very front of the line, while encouraging and leading on his men, who were devotedly attached to him. He was buried with military honors in this city, where a stately monument has been erected, to commemorate his noble character and services, by some of the members of his company.

While her sons had been fighting devotedly in the field, New Haven had not been idle at home. Already, through her agency, sixteen thousand and eighteen articles, for distribution among the soldiers, had been sent to the Sanitary Commission, and thousands of dollars from private citizens, exclusive of what had been devoted by the city, had poured continually into the general fund for the aid of those fighting in the field and on the sea. Alfred Walker, Prof. Twining, T. R. Trowbridge, Charles Carlisle, S. S. Pardee, and Moses C. White were among those most active in the good work at New Haven.

In July, 1862, the Fifteenth Regiment was organized at New Haven, with Dexter R. Wright as colonel. Most of the men and officers were from the city. They left for Washington on the 28th of August, and were soon in the field. The Twentieth Regiment, Colonel Ross, were in ranks at New Haven before the departure of the Fifteenth. They followed it to battle and to honor on the 11th of September, 1862.

In accordance with the requisition of the Government at Washington for more troops, a draft was announced to be held in New Haven, and throughout the State, on the 3d of September, 1862, unless the quota of men was filled. An immense and excited mass meeting was held on the morning of the 3d in New Haven. Large bounties were offered, and patriotic speeches delivered by the chief citizens—every means being used to fill up the quota with volunteers, thus honorably avoiding a draft. One hundred men volunteered between nine in the morning and half-past four in the afternoon. Great enthusiasm attended this result, as New Haven's quota was complete, and the draft was not required at that time.

The Twenty-Third Regiment collected at New Haven during the month of October, 1862. Colonel C. E. L. Holmes, of Waterbury, was its efficient commander. The rank

and file were drawn from the best society of this part of the State. On the 17th of November, it departed for active service in the extreme South, under General Banks.

The Twenty-Seventh and Twenty-Eighth Regiments rendezvoused at New Haven about the same time. Again had the city given to the nation of her noblest and best. Richard S. Bostwick, of New Haven, was the colonel of the Twenty-Seventh; Samuel P. Ferris, of the regular army, commanded the Twenty-Eighth. The Twenty-Seventh Regiment left the city on the 22d of October, to form a part of the force guarding Washington. The Twenty-Eighth left at the same time as the Twenty-Third, and was also honorably engaged in General Banks' expedition.

In 1862, the Chaplains-Aid Commission was founded at New Haven, chiefly through the efforts of the Rev. Dr. L. W. Bacon, who was one of New Haven's most active and liberal men during the war. This commission furnished the soldiers of the Connecticut Regiments with chapel-tents, circulating libraries, newspapers, and everything pertaining to their mental and moral welfare. Its officers were the following distinguished gentlemen: — *President*, Gov. William A. Buckingham; *Vice-President*, Lieut. Gov. Benjamin Douglass; *Corresponding Secretaries*, Rev. L. W. Bacon, Rev. A. R. Thompson; *Recording Secretary*, Francis Wayland; *Treasurer*, Stephen D. Pardee. Among its chief members were Pres. Theodore D. Woolsey, Rt. Rev. John Williams, Rev. Robert Turnbull, Rev. Leonard Bacon, Rev. G. W. Woodruff, Rev. P. S. Evans, H. M. Welch, H. B. Harrison, William H. Russell, William B. Johnson, Edward W. Hatch, Richard D. Hubbard, Henry T. Blake, and F. J. Kingsbury. Next to Dr. Bacon, the two chief workers in these philanthropic endeavors were Francis Wayland and John M. Morris, who labored untiringly and without remuneration for the cause. Inestimable good was achieved for the soldiers through these channels.

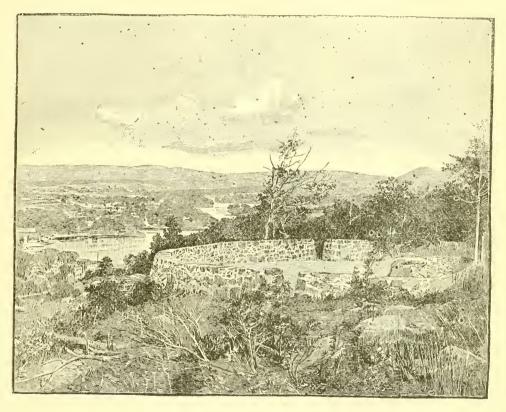
In the early part of the year 1862, Mr. C. A. Bushnell, a prominent and honored citizen of New Haven, entered into a contract with Captain John Ericsson for the construction of the famous "Monitor." Owing to lack of funds, Ericsson had not and would not have been able to construct this wonderful craft. Mr. Bushnell told Ericsson that he was willing to risk his entire fortune in the undertaking, and proved it by making a contract with the inventor, by means of which the "Monitor" was constructed. The story of the amazement its appearance created, of the reluctance of the Naval Board to accept it — doubting if it would succeed,— of its grand victory over the "Merrimack," and of the revolution in the mode of naval warfare it produced the world over, has become one of the great facts of history, too well known to be repeated. But the essential part taken by a citizen of New Haven in this event of world-wide importance, not only for the immediate time but for many future ages, is not so generally known or appreciated.

In the battle of Antietam, September 17, 1862, Major-General Joseph K. F. Mansfield was among those of New Haven's sons who fell. He was born in this city in 1806, but removed with his parents to Middletown at an early age. Graduating from West Point second in his class, he soon after won distinguished honors in the Mexican war. He was the commander of the defences and region about Washington in the early part of the civil war, engineering the masterly forts and entrenchment works which were erected at that time. He fell, mortally wounded, during one of the most desperate charges of the battle of Antietam.

During the bloody battle of Fredericksburg, the Fifteenth and Twenty-Seventh Regiments, both from New Haven, were in the van of that heroic charge up the hill to the famous "Stonewall," which won enthusiastic praise even from the enemy. The

#### NEW HAVEN, PAST AND PRESENT.

Twenty-Seventh lost over a hundred men. On the "honor roll" were the names of Captain Addison C. Taylor and Bernard E. Schweizer, both of this city. Captain Schweizer was one of the noblest of the brave Germans who went from New Haven. Captain Taylor had been a military instructor in the New Haven Commercial Institute. He had drilled Captain Joseph R. Hawley's company at the beginning of the war. Both were deeply mourned at New Haven, where they had been honored and loved. Many another home in the city was saddened at this time by the loss of kinsman or friend, whose unsung heroism will not go unrewarded in the great reckoning above.



VIEW FROM TOP OF EAST ROCK.

During the Summer and Fall of 1862, the Sixth, Seventh, and Twenty-Eighth Regiments, with their quota of New Haven men, were engaged in South Carolina and Florida. Some excellent service was performed, a large tract of country along the coast being recaptured and held. The Ninth Regiment took an honorable part about this time in several important battles in the vicinity of Vicksburg, which preceded the investment of that city by General Grant.

The Thirteenth Regiment remained in the district about New Orleans, making incursions into the surrounding hostile country for forage and the enlistment of loyal citizens, scouring the river for blockade runners, and helping to preserve the military rule which General Butler had set up. Colonel Sprague, of the Thirteenth, has written an excellent history of the regiment, from which we quote the following extract, graphi-

37

cally representing some of the minor points of the soldier's life, as well as the tact and wit of the regiment's quartermaster, J. B. Bromley :

"The principal difficulty at this time was in getting wood. Our quartermaster, never at loss for expedients, finally proceeded to the depot of the Carrollton Railroad, and commenced loading his teams. The superintendent is said to have come up, and to have held the following dialogue with Bromley:—

"'What are you doing with that wood?'

"'Cook rations. (Go on with your loading, corporal.)'

"'Who are you?'

"'Bromley, quartermaster of the Thirteenth Connecticut Volunteers. Allow me, sir, in return, to inquire whom I have the distinguished honor to address?'

"'I'm superintendent of this railroad."

"' All right. (Go on with your loading, corporal.)'

"'The wood belongs to this railroad.'

"'So I supposed.'

"' But I forbid you to take it."

"'Put your protest in writing in red ink. Tie it with a piece of red tape. I'll approve it and forward it. You see we've got to have wood to cook with. Can't eat beans and pork raw. I'd prefer 'em raw; but the men are so unreasonable that they want 'em cooked.'

"'But that wood's necessary for the use of the railroad."

"'It's necessary for the use of the Thirteenth Connecticut.'

"'I should like to know how a locomotive is going to run without wood."

"'I've often wondered how a regiment could be run without wood."

"General Butler orders me to run this railroad."

"' Colonel Birge orders me to run the Thirteenth Connecticut."

"'Who's Colonel Birge?'

"'Who's Colonel Birge? Why, the deuse! don't you know Colonel Birge? If there's one man above another that everybody knows, it's Colonel Birge.'

"'Will Colonel Birge pay for the wood?'

"'Colonel Birge pay for the wood! Why, no! It's a reflection on your sagacity to ask such a question."

"'Who will pay for it?'

"<sup>4</sup> The Quartermaster's Department. If there's one thing above another that I admire in the Quartermaster's Department, it's because they'll always pay for wood. Now, my friend of the railroad persuasion, if you'll come and see me, I'll give you receipts, and help you fix up the proper papers to present to the Quartermaster's Department.'

"' How long will it be before I get pay?'

"'It will be at some future day - the futurest kind of a day, I'm afraid."

"The superintendent posted off to see Colonel Birge. Bromley preceded him, however, and cautioned the sentinels to admit no citizen without a pass. 'Halt!' said the sentry; and the superintendent gave up the pursuit in despair.

"The instructions which Bromley gave to Corporal Strange, a member of his staff, as he termed him, were quite significant. 'Strange, we're going on an expedition. I want my staff to be on the look-out for turkeys, geese, pigs and sheep. Don't be the aggressor in any contest. Stand strictly on the defensive; but, if you're attacked by any of these animals, show fight, and *don't forget to bring off the enemy's dead.*"

In October, 1862, the Thirteenth, in company with the Twelfth Connecticut, made an exciting excursion into the central part of Louisiana. After a hard-fought battle at Georgia Landing, they completely put to rout the rebel troops collected in this part of the State, capturing two hundred prisoners; the total loss to themselves was only thirty-seven men. Lieut. John 'T. Wheeler, Thirteenth Regiment, from New Haven, was killed by the explosion of an ammunition car on the 7th of November, 1862. Lieut. Jonah F. Clarke, also of the Thirteenth and from this city, died of fever, January

27th, 1863. Both had been honored citizens of New Haven, and were deeply mourned by their comrades, and at home.

The Twentieth and Twenty-Seventh, both regiments from New Haven, fought with great valor at the battle of Chancellorsville, May 2d and 3d, 1863. They were in the worst melées of the battle, directly opposed to the most vigorous charges and flank movements of Generals Lee and Jackson. That they did nobly may be judged from what they suffered,— the Twentieth losing twenty-seven officers and one hundred and seventy men, more than one-third of their number. All of the Twenty-Seventh were captured (save a hundred and sixty men under Captain James R. Bradley, who were not at the extreme front with the others, and who were so fortunate as to preserve the regimental colors,) by a flank movement of the enemy, as the Union troops were falling back to assume a new position. They had already suffered severely under fire, and the remainder, some two hundred and eighty men, were now sent "on to Richmond," where those not so fortunate as to be exchanged were received into the *loving* embrace of Libby prison.

Chancellorsville swelled the list of New Haven's noble dead. Captain George S. Benton of the Fifth, and Captain Isaac A. Bronson of the Fourteenth,— both the best New Haven could devote to Freedom on her country's altar,— beside many humbler heroes, had answered for the last time to the *réveille*.

In the crowning battle of the war, Gettysburg, New Haven was honorably represented. Of the regiments recruited and mainly furnished here, the Twentieth and the Twenty-Seventh were engaged in the terrible conflicts of the 2d and 3d of July, 1863. In the desperate charge of the 2d, the Twenty-Seventh had its already decimated ranks yet further reduced. They had the glory, however, of helping to repulse the most telling advance of the day, that of Longstreet's corps. In driving back the enemy, they planted their line and colors more than a quarter of a mile in advance of their former position, and stood their ground until ordered back.

The Twentieth were successfully engaged, on the morning of the 3d, in the attack upon Early's line, to regain the Union position of the day before. After a deadly struggle for hours, the line swaying first one way and then another, as the uncertain tide kept turning, the Union troops were at length victorious, sweeping the Confederates back through the woods at double-quick.

Both the Twentieth and the Twenty-Seventh were on the ground from twelve to half-past two of that momentous day, under the incessant thundering of the heaviest artillery conflict ever fought upon this continent. The patience and courage of the soldiers had never been more tried and proved than during this Titanic struggle, which shook the earth beneath, and filled the air with the smoke and crash of exploding missiles of death.

Then came one of the grandest charges of the war, or in the history of the world, — let honor be shown to noble enemies — when with deathless valor the Confederate line swept out of the cover of the woods and across the wide, level plain, under the concentrated fire of the artillery and musketry of the Union forces. Twice the living tide poured up the bluff, almost into the Union line; the third time, the heroic van of the Confederates, led by the brave General Pickett, penetrated the outer line of our forces. But they were met and repulsed with no less heroism than their own. As the few Confederates who escaped death and capture retreated for the last time from our unshaken line, and retired under the protection of the woods, their cause received a blow from which it never recovered. Lee's final and greatest advance had failed, and failed because a bulwark of loyal heroes stood between him and the North. The Twenty-Seventh and Twentieth were in the thickest of the fight that afternoon, and to them, and to all the other sturdy veterans of the Grand Army of the Potomac, should the praise be given, that then and there not only all schemes for Northern invasion, but also the backbone of the Confederacy was broken.

While rejoicing over the great victory, New Haven was again called to mourn a severe loss. Lieut.-Colonel Henry C. Merwin, of this city, fell during the charge made by his regiment, the Twenty-Seventh, on the 2d of July. He was an honored member of the New Haven Grays, and went to the war with them as a sergeant. On the organization of the Twenty-Seventh, he was elected Lieut.-Colonel. It is safe to say that no officer in the army was more devotedly loved by his men than Colonel Merwin. He was an able commander, and showed great military skill in the battles of Chancellorsville and Gettysburg, where he was Acting-Colonel of the regiment. The beauties of his character had won admiration and many friends here, as well as in the field, and his death was universally mourned among the citizens. Captain Jedediah Chapman, also a member of the New Haven Grays, fell during the same charge. To the sadness of the period, the death of this brave and noble officer contributed yet deeper gloom, and seemed the last drop in New Haven's cup of sorrow.

It may be here mentioned incidentally, that the record of the New Haven Grays in the war was a most honorable one. In the earliest days, they sent out a full company of men. During the course of the war, they furnished sixty-one commissioned officers, of whom three were generals and eleven field officers.

Among the names of the honored dead are those of Colonel Merwin, Major E. N. Osborn, Captain E. S. Hitchcock, Captain Charles Smith, Captain Edward Lines, Captain J. Chapman, Lieut. C. M. Cornwall, Lieut. David C. Hunt, and Lieut. Alfred S. Sharp.

Through such terrible slaughter had the Twenty-Seventh Regiment passed at Gettysburg, that out of the seventy-four, to which number the regiment had been narrowed down since Chancellorsville, thirty-nine men were lost that day. The Twentieth were not under fire as long as the Twenty-Seventh, yet they also suffered severely — losing twenty-eight men.

In the Summer of 1863, Rear-Admiral Andrew Hull Foote, of New Haven, died, having achieved great things for his country, and leaving a name which will ever reflect glory on his native place. He was born at New Haven, in 1806. Samuel Foote, father of Andrew, was one of the most popular lawyers in the State, being twice United States Representative and once United States Senator. When seven years old, Andrew H. Foote removed with his parents to Cheshire, where he remained until he enlisted in the Navy as Midshipman, in 1822. His first cruise was against the pirates in the West Indies, and his second in the Pacific with Commodore Hull. He voyaged, during the next twenty-five years, to all parts of the world, rising by gradual and merited promotion until at the end of that time he became a commander. He performed gallant and important service as an officer in the fleet of Commodore Perry,—first on the African coast and later in the bombardment of Canton, China.

At the beginning of the Civil War he was in charge of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, and his services in organizing the Navy, and in bringing the inland fleet on the waters of the Mississippi into its splendid condition, are beyond computation. The great value of his achievements at Forts Henry and Donelson has been universally recognized. Shortly after he was successful in the brilliant strategic movements around Island Number Ten. This was situated in a most commanding part of the Mississippi, being the key to all the Confederate stations in that region. It was heavily garrisoned, and had withstood many severe attacks. By skilful engineering, Commodore Foote cut a canal some distance back from the banks of the Mississippi, starting above the Island and coming back to the river far below it. This stupendous work (the canal being twelve miles in length and fifty feet wide,) was accomplished in *nineteen days*, without the slightest knowledge of it reaching the enemy. They were suddenly surprised to see the Union fleet approaching them from both sides. Unconditional surrender soon followed, by which two thousand prisoners, a hundred heavy guns, and a large amount of ammunition, fell into the hands of Commodore Foote. It was the most important victory the Union side had won up to that time. Foote was immediately appointed an Admiral. He was recalled to the East, where for a short time he was very active and influential in naval matters. But he had received a dangerous wound while on the Mississippi, to the effects of which he finally succumbed, dying at the Astor House, New York, June 26, 1863.

Admiral Foote's character was one of the noblest of all the heroic types which the War developed and displayed. Ever active in well-doing, he sacrificed himself for his country and the good of others. He was a sincere and practical Christian, and his men were immeasurably uplifted morally by his character and influence. This great and honored man, to whom our country and our city owe so much, now lies at rest in Grove Street Cemetery.

In the assault and capture of Port Hudson, La., on the fifteenth of June, 1863, one of the principal events leading up to the capture of Vicksburg,— the Thirteenth again displayed great valor. General Banks called for a storming column of a thousand volunteers, and appointed Colonel Birge of the Thirteenth as leader of the forlorn hope. One *fourth* of the men comprising this gallant band, which greatly helped to decide the struggle, were furnished by the Thirteenth Connecticut.

In August, 1863, the nine months Regiments, or what there was left of them, came marching home. The Twenty-Third, Twenty-Seventh and Twenty-Eighth were received in New Haven with great enthusiasm. They all had fought nobly and suffered heavy losses. As a testimonial to the valor of the men of the Twenty-Seventh, we give, intact, the following official document, issued by the officer in command of their Brigade.

## HEADQUARTERS, FOURTH BRIGADE, FIRST DIVISION, SECOND CORPS. Camp in Pleasant Valley, Md., July 17th, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 9.—The Colonel commanding the Brigade, desires, in parting with the officers and men of the Twenty-Seventh Connecticut, to convey to them his sincere feelings of regret at losing their services ; while he at the same time thanks them for the obedience which has been a marked feature of the Regiment. Knowing it intimately for so many months of active and arduous service, having been an eyewitness of its many deeds of gallantry, and of the noble devotion displayed by it on many a memorable day, during the time in which he has had the honor to command its services, he feels it a duty he owes, not only to the living heroes but to the memory of those who have fallen in the field, in battling in our righteous cause, to bear testimony to the valor and gallantry it has always displayed.

Side by side with the veterans of the Army of the Potomac it has fought, and by the gallantry of its conduct won for itself an enviable name and reputation, which may well, in after years, cause all who belong to it to feel a pardonable pride in having it to say that they served with the Twenty-Seventh Connecticut.

By order,

COLONEL BROOKE.

CHARLES P. PATCH, Lieutenant A. A. A. G.

41

Similar testimonials were received by all the Regiments which went from New Haven, and this may well represent the official appreciation which their gallant services obtained.

During the months of July and August, 1863, the Sixth and Seventh Connecticut Regiments were stationed at Charleston Harbor, where they made several valiant attacks on Fort Wagner, which finally succumbed to their unflinching bravery. Heroic Colonel Chatfield fell here, while leading a desperate charge, sincerely and universally mourned among his men and at home. Colonel Terry, of the Seventh, by his genius and bravery had already won the position of a Brigadier-General.

The Draft, in the Summer of 1863, which was characterized by great disorder in many places, passed off quietly here. New Haven never failed to fill her quota, and the patriotic spirit of her citizens remained undiminished. Many of the veterans of the nine months Regiments re-enlisted, and the ranks of the regiments in the field were now repleted.

New Haven continued her generous contributions to the support of the soldiers. Through the agency of one Society alone,— the New Haven Soldiers' Aid Society, organized and managed by the ladies of the city,— \$24,304, in addition to an immense amount of clothing and food, were sent to the soldiers, from the latter part of 1862 up to the end of the war.

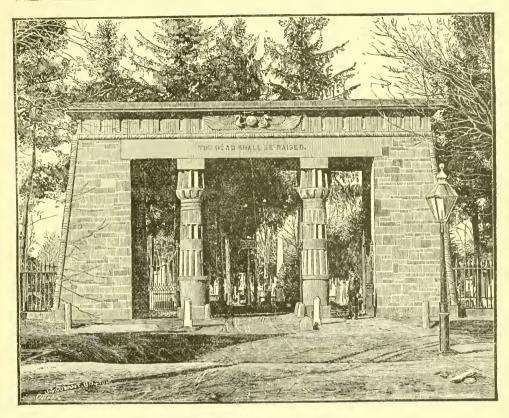
Colonel Cahill, of the Ninth Regiment, was the Military Commandant of New Orleans during the Summer and Fall of 1863. The Thirteenth and Ninth were both honorably engaged in Louisiana and Texas at this time. The services of Colonel Birge, of the Thirteenth, had been appreciatively recognized in his promotion to a Brigadier-General.

During the Winter of 1863-64, most of New Haven's soldiers came home on furlough. The city manifested its appreciation of their services, and joy at their return, in every way that could be devised. Grand receptions were tendered them, and during their stay they were the social heroes of the time. They soon went back, refreshed and recruited, to the last bitter struggle with the foe.

In Grant's famous advance upon Richmond, the Sixth, Seventh and Ninth Regiments took active and honorable part. They performed especially valuable and gallant services at Spottsylvania Court House, Cold Harbor, and Petersburg.

In December, 1864, it became important for the Union side to capture Fort Fisher, at the mouth of Cape Fear River, N. C., in order to stop the blockade running to Wilmington, the central Confederate station in that region. General Grant sent Benj. F. Butler, of Massachusetts, with a large force of men, and the assistance of Admiral Porter's fleet, to take it by assault. Butler, after a sharp repulse, decided that the Fort was impregnable, and returned.

Grant, however, not despairing, chose as the most fit of all his able commanders to take the Fort, Alfred H. Terry, of New Haven, now a Major-General. The Sixth and Seventh Connecticut Regiments, by General Terry's request, were joined to the force of eight thousand men, which he now led against Fort Fisher. Admiral Porter, with his fleet of seventy-three vessels, bearing six hundred and fifty-five guns, followed to support Terry. After an artillery engagement, the assaulting force advanced in two columns. The soldiers and marines dashed up the sea-ward side of the works, and after desperate fighting were driven slowly back. The infantry, meanwhile, were advancing on the land side, against the most inaccessible part of the entrenchment. A terrible hand-to-hand conflict occurred here, lasting about two hours. At the end of that time,



ENTRANCE TO GROVE STREET CEMETERY.

most of the officers and the greater part of the men on the Union side had fallen; but our troops had gained a long section of the front. The Confederates were now driven back, step by step. The veterans of the Sixth and Seventh Connecticut now almost surpassed their former glorious record, by their heroic efforts. At length, driven from one stronghold to another, by the overpowering valor of our men, the Confederates gave way and the Fort was won. General Terry had been at the front of the advance since the beginning, directing and encouraging his men. Now he was among the first to enter the Fort. The unconditional surrender which immediately followed, delivered seventy-two guns, more than two thousand men, and the strongest, as well as most important defensive coast work of the Confederates, into General Terry's hands. History bears record of no battle where more desperate and gallant fighting was done by the men, or where the personal presence and supervision of the attack by the commanding general contributed more to the victory, than at the capture of Fort Fisher.

The following resolution, unanimously passed by both houses of Congress, is the best tribute which could be paid General Terry and his men:

"*Resolved*, That the thanks of Congress are hereby presented to Major-General Alfred H. Terry, and to the officers and men under his command, for the unsurpassed gallantry and skill exhibited by them in the attack upon Fort Fisher, and the brilliant and decisive victory by which that important work has been captured from the rebel forces, and placed in the possession and under the authority of the United States; and for their long and faithful service, and unwavering devotion to the cause of the country, in the midst of the greatest difficulties and dangers." At the close of the war, General Terry, for his valuable services, was brevetted a Major-General in the regular army, an unprecedented honor, awarded to him alone of all the civilian-bred officers in the war. At present, he is the senior Major-General in the regular army, ranking, according to custom, next to Lieut.-General Sheridan, Commander-in-Chief. New Haven may well be proud of the achievements and honor of her greatest soldier son.

In the operations about Chattanooga, and in Sherman's march to the sea, New Haven was represented by the Twentieth Connecticut Regiment. In December, 1863, this regiment met a severe loss, by the death of Lieut. Edward A. Doolittle, one of the most noble and patriotic men New Haven sent to the war.

In the bloody fighting about Atlanta, the Twentieth maintained its well-earned reputation for bravery, but during most of the seven months' march from Chattanooga to Savannah, the men were chiefly employed in marching steadily forward, as Sherman cut his daring and deadly way through the very centre of the Confederacy.

During the latter part of the war, the Fifteenth Connecticut (one of the New Haven recruited regiments) was engaged in important services along the coast of North Carolina. They suffered considerably from the dread scourge of yellow fever.

The Ninth and Thirteenth Regiments fought with their accustomed valor under Sheridan in the spirited battles of Winchester and Cedar Creek. At Winchester fell Colonel Frank Peck, of New Haven, the beloved commander of the Twelfth Connecticut Regiment. He was born in New Haven in 1836. Entering Yale College at the age of sixteen, he graduated with the class of '56. He had just begun a brilliant law practice, when, at the call of his country, he went to the field in 1861, as Major in the Twelfth. He was always at the front of the line, and his men were devotedly attached to him. Few losses in the course of the war caused more deep and lasting sorrow here, than the death of gallant Colonel Peck.

At Cedar Creek fell another of New Haven's sons, Captain John P. Lowell, a talented officer and an honored citizen.

The Fifteenth Connecticut suffered a more severe disaster in North Carolina, on the 7th of March, 1864, the whole regiment being captured by an overpowering force of the rebels, and many New Haven men being taken or killed. Among the latter were Major E. W. Osborne and Lieutenant E. W. Bishop. Both were young men, universally admired and loved by their men and their numerous friends in this city. The list of New Haven's noble dead was increased shortly after by the death of Lieutenant William A. Bowns, an efficient and respected officer of the same regiment. He was buried at New Haven, in June, 1864, with military honors. The memory of the heroes from this city who languished at Andersonville and the other death-pens of the South, has been most tenderly preserved in New Haven, though many a poor sufferer found a nameless grave.

Most of the New Haven men in the war were present at the final death-struggle of the Confederacy. The Sixth, Seventh, Ninth and Thirteenth were actively engaged in the final battles about Richmond, and aided in the pursuit and capture of General Lee's flying army.

After Appomattox, the victorious regiments began, one by one, to come home, and their reception in New Haven defies portrayal. Unbounded joy at the return of those who had fought so nobly, and deep sorrow for those who would come no more, made the season a time of mingled rejoicing and sadness throughout the city. In behalf of the city of New Haven, Major Morris Tyler sent a valuable sword to General Terry, now in charge of the Department of Virginia, as an expression of the admiration and regard of his fellow citizens.

In this sketch of the part New Haven took in the Civil War, many things, of necessity, have not been recorded. There were many noble deeds accomplished through her agency, and by her sons, of which no written account remains. Many of her citizens fought in other regiments than those herein mentioned; many of her noblest sons sleep in unknown and unhonored graves; yet the simple facts of the record are sufficient to demonstrate how much she accomplished and how heavily she suffered. Her men were present in all the great battles of the war, and many decisive blows were dealt by her citizens.

New Haven furnished altogether \$29,681,409 of the "sinews of war." Beyond all monetary value was the generosity with which she sent her sons to battle for the cause. Between two and three thousand men were given by her to the country. Of these, so far as can be approximately determined, not less than five hundred men perished in the field. More than a hundred commissioned officers went from New Haven, and her list of Generals is a most honorable one, containing the names of the following Major-Generals — Alfred H. Terry and Daniel N. Couch ; also the Brigadier-Generals — Luther P. Bradley, Erastus Blakesley, Edwin B. Greely, Brayton Ives, and Benjamin S. Roberts. New Haven's old time reputation on the sea was maintained most worthily by such men as Rear-Admirals Foote and Gregory.

Since the Civil War, the growth of New Haven in population and material resources has been rapid and continuous. In the year 1869, a new Charter was obtained, which still further perfected the government, both executive and legislative, of the city. The census of the next year, 1870, showed a population of 50,840, almost double that of a decade before.

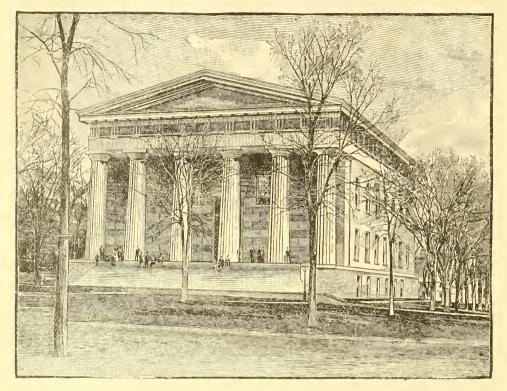
3 7 7 8	
PAST.	FUTURE.
1787	1887 79,112
1790	189085,320
1800	1900 106,250
1810	1910 132,812
1820	1920
1830 10,678	1930
1840	1940 259,397
1850	1950
1860	1960
1870	1970 563,227
1880 62,880	1980 628,033
1886	1987

Table showing the increase of Population during the last hundred years, and the approximate growth of the city during the next hundred years, in the same ratio.

Fair Haven, or East Haven, the region lying between the Mill and Quinnipiac Rivers, was annexed to the city in the same year, since which time the boundaries of the city have remained fixed.

In 1873, New Haven was deprived of an honor which had been held for nearly two centuries — that of State Capital in conjunction with Hartford, the latter city now regaining the position she had occupied when the two colonies were first united.

The following year, the increasing size of the city demanded a new division into ten wards, and two more wards were added in 1877. The last charter — that of 1881



OLD STATE HOUSE ON THE GREEN.

— brought about a decided improvement, in postponing the city election until the first Tuesday in December, thus avoiding the excitement attendant on the national contest. The population of the city in 1880, had increased to 62,880, and at the present

time is estimated by the city authorities to be in the neighborhood of 76,000.

Already the near approach of the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the founding of New Haven is once more turning the thoughts of all minds back to the early days of the city, and arousing much attention toward the appropriate commemoration of that important event.

The time is one peculiarly fitted for retrospection. Standing upon the heights in 1887, and looking back over the first quarto-millennium of New Haven's existence, the most impressive incidents in her history rise up like mountain peaks before us; the era of civil war—with all the heroic efforts put forth by the city, and the sorrows which it brought—is yet vividly apparent across the vista of years, which seem but as yesterday, yet years full of marvellous growth and change; the period of prosperity and rapid advancement, coincident with the advent of railways, about the middle of the present century, stands next in prominence; yet a little further back, the naval battles of the war of 1812 attract attention; the incorporation of New Haven as a city, in 1784, appears peculiarly significant as the inauguration of the present epoch in her history; the dark days of the Revolution stand out in bold relief, marked by all the horrors of invasion, and the more than compensating joys of independence achieved; the year 1716, in which Yale College was moved to New Haven, is of especial importance as marking the commencement of an intellectual era in her life which since that time has



POLICE BUILDING ON COURT STREET.

been unsurpassed in brilliancy and power! the early struggles of the colony are brought forcibly to mind by the disputes and quarrels which accompanied the union of the two colonies of New Haven and Connecticut in 1665; the discovery of Quinnipiac in 1637, and the founding of New Haven in 1638, by Davenport and Eaton, mark the remote beginnings of her history. Could the early Pilgrim Fathers return to the New Haven of to-day, how would their plans for her power and usefulness, their hopes for her prosperity and growth, be overshadowed by the grand results, which from the small beginnings of the colony have been gradually evolving through the stages of village and town development, into the full and glorious activity of the city, during the last two hundred and fifty years.

## DESCRIPTION OF SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

The height of this tribute to the heroes of America's battle-fields, from the base to the apex of the statue of the Angel of Peace, which surmounts it, is 110 feet; the height of the Angel of Peace is 11 feet. The pedestal of the Monument is a series of five steps of granite, the lowest course of which is 40 feet square. These steps, with the exception of the top one, are 18 inches wide; the top step is made 4 feet wide, forming a promenade around the Monument. The base is 17 feet in height, and constructed of uniform blocks of split or rough-faced granite. In each side of this masonry casements are built, but the only entrance is through the front one, which is supplied with heavy folding doors, and approached by three granite steps. The other casements are imitation entrances, but are also approached by steps.

Between the base and the foot of the shaft there are 8 feet of ornamental masoury, on the four corners of which statues of Prosperity, History, Victory, and Patriotism are placed in a sitting position. They are 9 feet in height, and made of bronze. The Genius of History is seated in a graceful attitude, perusing a book, which she holds in her lap; Victory holds the usual laurel wreath and trumpet in her hands; Prosperity has the familiar horn of plenty on her shoulder, and patriotism is a bare-armed and bare-necked warrior in the attitude of drawing a sword. Between the statues, and on each face of the masonry, are four historical bas-reliefs, commemorating the four great wars in which this country has been engaged since the first blow for liberty was struck at Lexington. Over the entrance, the scene depicted in this way is the surrender of General Lee to General Grant, at Appomattox. Figures of Grant and Lee occupy the foreground, and between them stands a little table on which the terms of unconditional surrender were made. On the topmost portion of the base and under the bas-relief are the words, in raised letters of granite: "SHILOH, GETTYSEURG AND ANTIETAM," and below these words and over the top of the casement, "1861–1865."

A bas-relief of General Scott entering the conquered city of Mexico occupies one of the other faces. "PALO ALTO, MONTEREY, AND CHAPULTEPEC," and the dates 1846-1848 are on the stone below.

On the back of the Monument, the scene depicted is that of Commodore Perry on Lake Erie. The great commander is in the act of writing his famous despatch: "We have met the enemy and they are ours." This picture also represents the dismantled British fleet. On the base, under this picture, are inscribed the words: "LAKE ERIE, BRIDGEWATER AND NEW ORLEANS." The dates over the casement are 1812-1815.

The fourth bas-relief is a picture of the surrender of General Cornwallis, at Yorktown. A figure of Washington stands in the foreground, receiving the British generals' swords. "BUNKER HILL, BENNINGTON AND YORKTOWN," and the dates 1775-1783 are below it.

The shaft proper of the Monument is 75 feet high, circular, and slightly tapering, and 10 feet in diameter at the base, which rests on a sculptured wreath. Above this wreath appears a few feet of ornamental masonry, and then a band of thirteen chiseled stars, representing the thirteen original States. Above this are uniform unornamented blocks of granite until the look-out windows are reached. The-casements of these windows stand out prominently, and the ornamentations below them are very beautiful in design. The windows are about five feet high by two feet wide, and are at the termination of a spiral staircase, which winds its way up through the column from the base. The apex of the Monument is very nearly cone-shaped, and is surmounted by the pedestal on which the Angel of Peace stands.

COMMITTEE ON DESIGN	-S. E. MERWIN, Jr., Chairma	an. S. J. Fox, Secretary.
GOV. H. B. HARRISON,	Hon. H. B. BIGELOW,	Hon. JAMES E. ENGLISH,
Prof. JOHN F. WEIR,	Gen. FRANK D. SLOAT,	Col. SAMUEL TOLLES,
Col. JOHN HEALEY,	Col. J. D. Plunkett,	THEO. A. TUTTLE,
JOHN REYNOLDS,	JOHN MCCARTHY,	CONRAD HOFACKER.
J • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		

BUILDING COMMITTEE.— S. E. MERWIN, Jr., Chairman. Hon. JAMES E. ENGLISH, PHILO CHATFIELD.

# EDUCATION IN NEW HAVEN.

ROM the earliest days of the colony, educational matters have always received the most careful and thorough attention in New Haven. John Davenport, one of the learned scholars among the early settlers of this country, and the leader of thought in the colony of New Haven for the first thirty years of its existence, just before leaving Boston in the early part of 1638, had helped to establish Harvard College. The founding of a similar institution in New Haven seems to have been contemplated by him from the first day of the occupation of Quinnipiac. His devoted efforts found fruition first in the organization of Hopkins Grammar School, and indirectly, at a later date, in the founding of Yale College.

The first school in New Haven was opened by Ezekiel Cheever, one of the original settlers, in his own house, a few months after the settlement of the colony. Here, for the space of twelve years, he instructed the youth of New Haven in writing, reading, arithmetic, "ye Latine Tongue," and similar accomplishments, for a salary amounting to about \$100 a year, which was raised to \$150, after a few years' faithful service. Learned and skilled pedagogues continued to have charge of the town school, and to dispense knowledge to the boys - for the girls, as a rule, did not receive a liberal education then — until the establishment of a collegiate institute for the colony of New Haven in 1660. This institution was absorbed into the Hopkins Grammar School, which was organized in 1664, and named after the munificent Governor Hopkins of Connecticut. This celebrated institution has continued uninterruptedly since that time, being one of the oldest schools of its character in America. It is also one of the best college preparatory schools in this country; and under the efficient management of Mr. W. L. Cushing, with a board of trustees, mostly composed of gentlemen connected with Yale University, it ably maintains, at the present time, the brilliant reputation gained in the past. It is especially adapted for those who contemplate entering Yale, and contains students from all parts of the country.

A short time after the establishment of the Hopkins Grammar School, a "Dames School" was formed, which furnished, for the first time, to the girls of the more opulent families, an opportunity for a better education than could be obtained at home. Primary schools maintained by the town, and private institutions, have abounded in New Haven since the latter part of the seventeenth century. This state of educational affairs in the town — namely, the existence of the primary schools for rudimentary learning, and of Hopkins Grammar School for more advanced study — continued until 1716, the year Yale College was moved to this city, of which a detailed account will be given. Since that time New Haven has always possessed the atmosphere of the University town and city, with all the consequent broadening and uplifting of its intellectual life. How much the city owes to the University for the unusually rich opportunities for culture which it supplies, and for the gathering within her borders of representatives from all sections of the country—thus, in no small degree, augmenting her influence it would be hard to estimate.

The first graded schools were established in New Haven in 1854. Two years later the first Board of Education was organized. The Hillhouse High School was established in 1859, and has continued with marked success ever since. The elegant and commodious building which it now occupies was erected in 1872, at a total cost of about \$125,000. It is four stories high, built of brick with sandstone trimmings, containing eighteen large rooms with a total seating capacity of four hundred students, and is, in all respects, one of the most beautiful and well-adapted public school buildings in the United States. The standard of this school, as of all the other public schools in the city, is very high.

With thirty-seven school buildings completely equipped, a total average attendance during the past year of ten thousand four hundred and seventy-five pupils, a corps of two hundred and eighty-three competent teachers — affording opportunity for all the children of the city to obtain the best public school education possible — New Haven's school system is one of which she may well be proud. The full value of the school property belonging to the city amounts to about fifty million dollars. The maintenance of the schools during the past year cost over \$350,000. Under the management of Mr. Samuel T. Dutton, Superintendent of Schools, with the coöperation of the Board of Education, and the Principals of the various schools, the most scientific methods of instruction are successfully employed in all the branches of New Haven's public school system. The unexcelled educational advantages of the city, coupled with its University spirit and privileges, have always made it very attractive to families desiring to obtain the most liberal training for their children, and have firmly established its position as one of the great intellectual centres of the country.

## YALE UNIVERSITY.

The importance of this great institution, and the innumerable bonds of union between it and the city, render a detailed account of its history and character both pertinent and desirable. The first stone of Yale's foundation was laid in the latter part of 1701, when a company of Connecticut ministers, of whom James Pierpont, of New Haven, was one of the leaders, met in this city and decided to found a college. At their next meeting, in Branford, each of the ministers laid a number of folio volumes upon the table, saying, "I give these books for the founding of a College in this Colony." In October of the same year, the new institution received the official approbation of the Connecticut Legislature, a rector was appointed, and the college was now fairly under way. The chief events in the history of the University will be narrated under the head of the administrations of the several Presidents, who have held office in the following order:

Rev. Abraham Pierson, 1701–1707; Rev. Samuel Andrew, 1707–1719; Rev. Timothy Cutler, 1719–1723; Rev. Elisha Williams, 1726–1739; Rev. Thomas Clap, 1739– 1766; Rev. Naphtali Daggett, 1766–1777; Rev. Ezra Stiles, 1777–1795; Rev. Timothy Dwight, 1795–1817; Rev. Jeremiah Day, 1817–1846; Rev. Theodore Dwight Woolsey, 1846–1871; Rev. Noah Porter, 1871–1886; Rev. Timothy Dwight, 1886 ———.

## REV. ABRAHAM PIERSON.

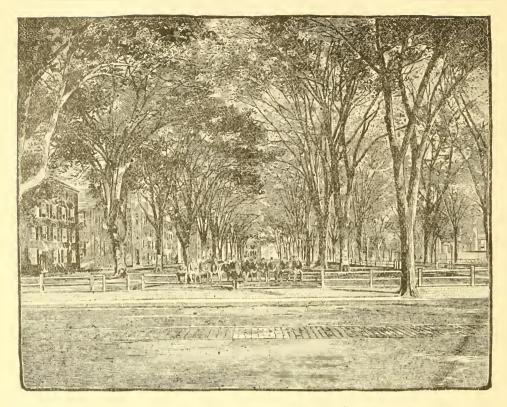
After Mr. Pierson was appointed Rector by the ten Trustees, November 11, 1701, the College was situated at Killingworth, the home of the Rector, for some time. The first student was Jacob Hemingway, who entered in March, 1702; the number soon being increased to eight. In a short time the College was removed to Saybrook, as a compromise between New Haven and Hartford. Here the first Commencement was held, in September, 1702,—five gentlemen who had already pursued studies at Harvard and other institutions receiving the degree of Master of Arts. The College continued to advance in numbers and influence until the death of its scholarly and devoted Rector, in April, 1707.

#### REV. SAMUEL ANDREW.

At the time of Rector Andrew's election to office, in April, 1707, and during the early part of his administration, there was much dissatisfaction over the uncertain situation of the College, part of the students residing at Milford, others at Saybrook, Guilford, and Wethersfield, and still others at Hartford. Subscriptions were raised in the different towns of the State to induce the College to locate within their borders. New Haven raising the largest amount-about \$3,500-the College was accordingly removed hither in October, 1717, but not without considerable opposition. The people of Saybrook were particularly enraged, and they caused the disappearance of over two hundred volumes belonging to the College library, during a scuffle which ensued on its way from their town to New Haven. A "commodious" college building had already been partially erected here, at the south-west corner of the present campus, containing about fifty Studies, besides the Hall, Library and Kitchen, and costing about \$5,000. The College was soon, for the first time, comfortably settled in a building of its own. It was at this time that Governor Elihu Yale — then a prosperous merchant of London, but a former native of New Haven - was induced to give valuable assistance to the college which has since borne his name. He had made a vast fortune, while Governor of the East India Company, in India, and becoming interested in this intellectual departure of his native town, assisted it with several important donations, the largest being \$1,000 in money and a valuable collection of books. In consideration of his generosity, the Trustees voted to name the new institution Yale College, and thus "Old Elihu" obtained immortality and fame. At the close of Rector Andrew's term, in February, 1719, there were about forty students, and the College was now fairly established.

#### REV. TIMOTHY CUTLER.

Although Rector Cutler was very popular among the students and clergy at his accession in 1719, trouble soon arose over denominational questions. Mr. Cutler had tendencies toward the Episcopalian Church, and at the Commencement in 1722, it was discovered that he had agreed to go over to that body. A number of resolutions made by the Trustees were soon forthcoming, whereby the "Rev. Mr. Cutler was excused from all further service as Rector of Yale College." Accordingly he surrendered his office in October, 1722, after the shortest administration that has ever been held by any President of Yale College. He was a very learned and able man, and a sore loss to the College, though his religious tenets made the parting inevitable. During the four following years there was no regular Rector, the Trustees residing there, one at a time,



YALE CAMPUS AND THE "FENCE."

for a month. The College made little progress during the *interim*, and nothing occurred of interest save the granting of its first medical diploma to Daniel Turner, of London, in 1723.

## REV. ELISHA WILLIAMS.

The imperative call for a Rector resulted in the installation of the Rev. Elisha Williams into that office in June, 1726. Under his administration, the College soon began to improve and enlarge. Many eminent alumni were graduated at Yale about this time, among whom were the Rev. Eleazer Wheelock, President and Founder of Dartmouth College; Rev. Aaron Burr, first President of Princeton College; Chief-Justice Dyer; and Philip and William Livingston, both celebrated patriots and statesmen during the Revolutionary period. A number of valuable benefactions were also received: notably, the grant of fifteen thousand acres of land by the Connecticut Legislature, and also the gifts of the famous Dr. Berkeley, consisting of a large farm, — to be used for the establishment of scholarships, which exist to this day — and a very valuable collection of books. After a uniformly prosperous term of office, Rector Williams resigned in 1739, on account of ill health, his erudition and executive ability having established the College in the firmest and most progressive condition it had yet known.

#### REV. THOMAS CLAP.

Immediately upon the resignation of Rector Williams, the Rev. Thomas Clap was elected to succeed him, with great unanimity. Several important reforms and provisions mark the early part of Rector Clap's administration. The laws of the College were first definitely tabulated, the library was put in a fine condition, and, in 1745, the first charter was obtained from the Connecticut Legislature, whereby the "body corporate" was first known as the "President and Fellows of Yale College in New Haven," a name never since changed. The College now increased rapidly, and in 1747, the number of students was one hundred and twenty. Connecticut Hall, now South Middle, was erected in 1750, the money for its construction being raised by means of a lottery sanctioned by the Legislature. At the time of its completion, "it was the most elegant and best building in the colony." In 1753 began the religious controversy which lasted with great bitterness throughout the remainder of President Clap's administration. The most stringent denominational regulations were established, which are interesting to look back upon as the embodiment of the Puritanic conservatism of the time. The first Chair in the College was founded in 1755, by the appointment of the Rev. Napthali Daggett as Professor of Divinity. The College Church, as a separate body, was first actually established in 1757. Trouble arose with the Legislature, in 1763, upon its proposal to establish a Committee of Visitation, to look into the affairs of the College, and reform abuses. Already embued with its characteristic independence, the College, headed by President Clap, resisted this attempt with great success, but not without raising considerable opposition. The Chapel-the present Athenæum-was completed in 1763, at a cost of about \$4,000, and for many years served as the place for religious and oratorical exercises. The increasing hostility between the people of the Colony and the College authorities resulted in a revolt of the students, and they were encouraged by the former in all manner of insubordination. The trouble reached a crisis in the Summer of 1766, when the tutors abdicated and the students were all dispersed. President Clap resigned his office at the Commencement in the following September, and died a few months later. He was an eminent scholar, and accomplished many things which told to the prosperity of the College, but a man marked by somewhat narrow religious fervor, and the enthusiastic sect-spirit of the early Puritans. This latter trait made his administration unpopular towards its close, but could not derogate from the great value of what he had already so successfully achieved for the advancement of the College.

#### **REV. NAPHTHALI DAGGETT.**

In the disorder prevailing when President Clap resigned, the Trustees could find no better man to bring order out of confusion than Dr. Daggett, who held the office of President, *pro tempore*, during the next ten years, at the same time performing the duties of the Professorship of Divinity. The trouble with the people of the colony soon blew over, and after the next vacation, the College started up again with renewed vigor. Three new and eminent Tutors were engaged, the curriculum was broadened, and the whole tenor of the College became more liberal. In 1770, the Professorship of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy was established. At the outbreak of the Revolutionary War, a company of students was immediately formed, and they had the honor of being *the first military company reviewed and drilled by General Washington after he became Commander-in-Chief.* Yale was nobly represented in all the great battles of the war, from Bunker Hill to the siege of Yorktown. Many of her sons won brilliant laurels, **among whom was Captain Nathan Hale**, a graduate of the class of 1773, who was chosen by Washington as the most competent to undertake a very dangerous and important mission within the British lines on Long Island; and being captured and executed by the enemy, was honored as one of the noblest of the martyrs to the cause of liberty. Dr. Daggett resigned the Presidency in 1777, but retained the Professorship of Divinity until his death in 1780. He was the first alumnus of Yale who became its President, having graduated in the class of 1748. His character was noble, as his success both as Professor and President was marked. The account of his patriotic services during the invasion of the British in 1779, and what might be termed his martyrdom, has already been given in that connection.

#### REV. EZRA STILES, LL. D.

When Dr. Stiles was appointed to succeed Dr. Daggett, in 1777, the College was enveloped in the gloom and poverty of the national conflict. The effects of the desperate struggle upon the College may be judged from the following advertisement, which appeared in the "Connecticut Journal" of January 29, 1779:

The students of Yale College are hereby notified that the present Winter vacation is extended a fortnight from the 4th of next month. As this is occasioned by the difficulty which the Steward finds in procuring flour or bread, it is earnestly requested of the parents that they would assist in furnishing the necessary supplies.

#### EZRA STILES, President.

Many successful efforts were made by President Stiles to advance the interest of the College during the war, but, owing to the troubles of the time, no public Commencement was held between 1777 and 1781. The Yale students fought nobly in the front ranks when the British invaded the city in 1779. The College buildings were in possession of the enemy for several hours on the 5th of July, 1779, but no material damage was done them. Under President Stiles' popular administration, the recovery from the effects of the war was so rapid, that in 1783 there were two hundred and seventy-five students in the College.

A most important change was brought about in 1792, by the admission of the Governor and Lieut.-Governor of Connecticut, and six members of the State Legislature, into the corporation of Yale, as fellows. In consideration of this concession to the State, the College now received grants which ultimately amounted to more than \$40,000. President Stiles and the able Treasurer of the College, James Hillhouse, were chiefly instrumental in the accomplishment of this new measure, which put a final and complete cessation to all trouble between the College and Legislature, and was the immediate cause of great benefit to the former. Some of the new funds were employed in the erection of South College, originally Union Hall, in 1793, similar in style and size to Connecticut Hall, and costing \$12,000. In May, 1795, President Stiles died, after an illness of only four days. He was a graduate of Yale, class of 1746; and it may be noticed here, that since the time of his predecessor, Dr. Daggett, the Presidency of the College has been handed down through an unbroken line of Yale's sons. Dr. Stiles was one of the most eminent linguists of that day, unsurpassed in Latin and Hebrew, while deeply versed also in the Arabic, Syriac, and Arminian languages. His successor, Dr. Dwight, says of him, that "he was probably the most learned man in America, and was probably excelled by few in the world." He was an intimate friend of many of the greatest statesmen and literary men of the time, and received degrees from a large number of universities, both foreign and American. To his faithful and valuable labors, Yale owes a very large share of her subsequent prosperity. Up to the time of President Stiles' death, two thousand three hundred and seventy-two students had been educated at the College, of whom six hundred and eighteen graduated during his Presidency.

#### REV. TIMOTHY DWIGHT, LL. D.

When Dr. Dwight entered upon his term of office, in September, 1795, the College had become subject to a decadence in religious thought, and the dark miasma of the French infidelity was hanging heavily above it. Through the character, influence, and energetic administration of President Dwight, an immediate revival in religious matters resulted, and the College was soon brought back to that steadfast Christian position which it has since always held, and which has made Yale one of the strongest bulwarks of Christianity in the land. This, his earliest work, has exercised an influence hardly equalled by anything else in the history of the University.

The literary and scientific affairs of the College received a great forward impetus under President Dwight's wise planning and executing. Some of the most celebrated scholars in the land became members of the Faculty, and all the departments were enlarged and strengthened.

Hon. Elizur Goodrich, the first Professor of Law, was appointed in 1801. The Rev. Jeremiah Day was appointed in 1803 as Professor of Mathematics and Natural Benjamin Silliman, Sen., the fame of whose scientific achievements is Philosophy. world-wide, became the first Professor of Chemistry and Mineralogy in the following year. James L. Kingsley, one of the most renowned linguists of his time, was chosen Professor of Hebrew, Greek and Latin, in 1805. Thus the College continued to grow in all its departments, as well as in number of students, during each year of President Dwight's administration. In 1810, the most important step yet taken by President Dwight along the line of the University idea, was completed by the formation of the Medical Department. This department did not become thoroughly well grounded until the year 1813, when the first lectures were given. The following gentlemen, many of whom achieved great eminence in their profession, occupied chairs in the department at its inauguration : - Æneas Munson, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Botany ; Nathan Smith, M. D., Professor of Surgery and Obstetrics; Eli Ives, M. D., Professor of Theory and Practice of Physic; Benjamin Silliman, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy; Jonathan Knight, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.

The two departments of Law and Medicine, both of which started in President Dwight's term, with so much in favor of the latter, have both been advancing and expanding since, though the legal has grown more rapidly than the medical — so much so, in fact, that at the present time the Yale Law School has few equals in the country.

After twenty-two years of earnest and effectual work, the tender bonds of sympathy between the College and its President were broken by the death of Dr. Dwight, in 1817. His whole career had reflected glory on his country and his alma mater. Graduating at the head of his class of 1769, he had spent the early years of his manhood in professional and literary work. The "Conquest of Canaan," and many smaller poems, translations, prose articles and published sermons, bear testimony to the matchless activity of that period. His learning was both specifically deep and broad in its extent. The result was that after his accession to office, the College reached a much higher standard of scholarship than it had yet known. His character was of the noblest and most genial type, and his personal influence over the students unbounded. One of the methods which he is said to have used soon after his election, in putting down the skeptical tendencies of the time, was the free and informal discussion at a college meeting of the question, "Are the Scriptures of the Old and New Testament the word of God?" After many of the students had spoken in support of the cause of infidelity, President Dwight is said to have answered with such powerful effect, that infidelity soon became as scarce as it was unpopular. To the thoughtful care which guided the College through the early years of the century, must be attributed much of the immediate and uninterrupted growth in influence and power, which Yale since then has so abundantly known.

## REV. JEREMIAH DAY.

At the time when President Day began his long and prosperous term of office in 1817, the College had already passed from the stage of the larger academy into the full activity of the college life. The Classical Department had received unusual attention during the preceding administration, and was now in a flourishing condition. The number of students in this department was, in the year 1817, about two hundred and fifty.

North Middle Hall had been completed in 1803; Lyceum in the following year; North was finished in 1821, and Old Chapel in 1824. Thus, about this time, the Brick Row with its "factories" began to assume its present aspect. The early years of President Day's term were marked by steady advance and prosperity, until in 1825, by the failure of the Eagle Bank of New Haven, heavy pecuniary losses befell the College. A large part of its income was lost by this, the severest blow Yale ever received.

In 1827, the earliest premonitions of the "classical question" struggle took the form of an appeal for the abolition of the "dead languages" from the curriculum. Then, as ever since, the Yale Faculty made no uncertain declaration as to their conservative position on this question.

The "bread and butter rebellion," which occurred during the following year, was an attempt by the students to express their dissatisfaction with the food of the College "commons." The result was the dismissal of a large number of students for disorderly conduct, and a blow at the prevalent system of college boarding tables, which helped to destroy it in the course of a few years. Since that time, the students have depended upon "eating clubs," and the New Haven boarding-house lady.

The first considerable endowment of the College was obtained in 1830, from the subscriptions of graduates and others, amounting to \$100,000. Several similar endowment funds have since been received, but, though ranking at the very head of American Universities, Yale's income has always been lower than that of many institutions of less influence and standing.

The Yale Literary Magazine, the oldest college periodical now existing in America, was established in 1836, by several students of the class of '37, among whom were William T. Bacon, William M. Evarts, Frederic A. Coe, and Chester L. Lyman.

There had been collisions between the college boys and the townspeople from time immemorial, but the matter took on a more serious phase in 1841. On the 30th of October of that year, it being the day of the annual Fireman's parade, the engines of the city had gathered on the Green, to compete in throwing water over the Centre Church spire. The students who were playing football on the Green, as was the custom then, trod over the firemen's hose, and considerable quarrelling ensued, which finally resulted in the arrest of several students. That night, after various provocations on each side, a large company of students stormed the most convenient engine house, demolished the engine, cut the hose in pieces, and scattered them about the campus. In retaliation, a great crowd of firemen and others assembled, and were only kept from storming the college buildings by the interposition of the city authorities. This was called "the first firemen's riot," and it was many months before the affair ceased to be the occasion of unlimited disputings between the collegians and firemen, the latter being championed by a paper called the "City Guard and Moral Scavenger," and the students by the "Banner."

The Library, the first building on the campus that could claim artistic beauty of a high order, was begun in 1842, and completed in 1846, at a cost of about \$34,000. At that time it contained over thirty thousand volumes, including those of the Linonia and and Brothers Societies. This number has increased so rapidly during recent years, that, in 1887, the number of volumes in the University Library alone is over one hundred and thirty thousand, while Linonia and Brothers contain about thirty thousand. The libraries of the various departments make the number of volumes available to the students over one hundred and eighty thousand.

President Day's term was completed by his retirement in 1846, after his wise counsels had skilfully guided the course of the University for nearly thirty years. His influence as a member of the corporation and counsellor continued to have weight in the affairs of the University until his death in 1867.

## THEODORE DWIGHT WOOLSEY, D. D., LL. D.

When Dr. Woolsey became President in 1846, the College was in a prosperous condition, that became more and more marked during the subsequent years. The various departments were enlarged, and placed under the direction of some of the most eminent scholars in the country. The establishment of the Sheffield Scientific School, in 1847, as the "Department of Philosophy and the Arts," through the liberality of Mr. Joseph E. Sheffield, who contributed to it over \$175,000, marks the beginning of an important era in the history of the University. The additional sums of \$135,000 from the State of Connecticut, and over \$125,000 from private individuals, have helped to place the department in a most flourishing condition. With two large buildings — Sheffield and North Sheffield, the latter costing over \$100,000 — with the most complete scientific apparatus, and a large corps of able instructors, the Scientific School has won recognition all through the country, as offering the very best advantages for a liberal scientific education, and as turning out the most efficient engineers.

One of the early acts of President Woolsey's administration was the completion of Alumni Hall, in 1853, at a cost of about \$27,000. At that time the alumni were already deeply interested in University matters, and active in forwarding her interests; the attention which President Woolsey gave to this subject was one of the most marked and important characteristics of his administration.

The fiercest of all the town-and-gown conflicts occurred March 17, 1854. There had been occasional outbreaks for some time past, and when, on the above evening, a party of some fifty students emerged from Homan's Theatre in the Exchange Building, which they had attended in a body, a crowd of over a thousand townies had gathered to attack them. The students marched quietly along the sidewalk up Chapel Street as far as Trinity Church, the mob keeping in the road. There, as the students began to sing "Gaudeamus," they received a volley of clubs and brickbats, which knocked down and severely injured several of their number. They picked these up, and started on, but immediately received another heavy volley. As they again took up the wounded, and moved on silently, the ring-leaders of the mob rushed upon them from the street. Several pistol shots then, for the first time, sounded from the ranks of the students.

Several of the rabble were wounded, and the chief leader, Patrick O'Neil, fell, stabbed to the heart with a dagger by one of the students, who, it was supposed, struck in self defence. The mystery of his death and the murderer was never cleared up, but it was generally considered that he provoked and deserved his sad fate. During the ensuing confusion the students reached the campus and dispersed to their rooms. When it was known that their leader was killed, the mob became uncontrollable. With terrific howlings they surrounded South College, and drew up an old cannon, filled to the muzzle with ball, grape-shot, stones, bricks, etc., to batter down the walls. But through the masterly skill of Major Bissell, Chief of Police, the gun had been spiked on the way up. This alone saved old South from destruction; on the second and third stories of which the students were silently gathered, behind thick barricades, and heavily armed with every weapon obtainable, ready to give their assailants a warm reception. After they had hooted and bombarded the windows with brickbats for several hours, the rabble were finally dispersed by Major Bissell and his men. This was the most unprovoked and cowardly of all the assaults, but none of the offenders were ever arrested, though it was barely stopped in time to prevent New Haven from witnessing mob-rule of the most lawless description.

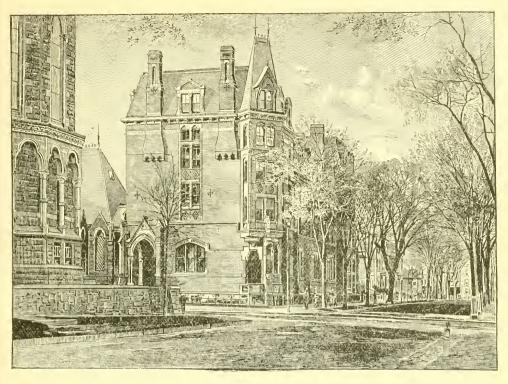
The last town battle of importance occurred in 1858, between the firemen of Engine House, No. 2, on High Street, and the "Crocodile Club" of the Junior Class. The blame of this affair, at which one of the firemen was shot dead, was about equally divided; the Crocodile Club was disbanded, and the Faculty purchased the Engine house. Since that time the harsh relations between the students and townies have become greatly ameliorated, and the bitter hatred of the days just prior to the war have entirely disappeared.

The Gymnasium was erected in 1859, at a cost of over \$11,000.

Yale's record during the Civil War was a most honorable one. The whole number of graduates and undergraduates who were in active service was seven hundred and fifty-eight; of these, one hundred and six perished during the war. Six hundred and forty held commissions, among which were the following: Chaplains, seventy-six; Surgeons, one hundred and forty-three; Colonels, Lieutenant-Colonels, and Majors, one hundred and eighteen. The list of officers in the army, who were graduates of Yale, contained the names of the following: Major-Generals, Alfred H. Terry, Cassius M. Clay, H. W. Benham, A. S. Williams, Frank P. Blair, and T. Runyon. Also the following Brigadier-Generals: James S. Wadsworth, W. H. Noble, L. B. Parsons, William Birney, O. S. Ferry, C. A. Crane, W. B. Woods, J. A. Wilcox, J. W. Noble, A. W. Bishop, Edward Harland, J. C. Rice, W. Swayne, Stewart L. Woodford, J. T. Croxton, C. L. Fitzhugh, C. C. Dodge, Horatio Jenkins, and L. M. Dayton; and to these must be added the name of Major Theodore F. Winthrop. The important part which Yale took in the great conflict has always been a fitting testimonial to the value and practical results of her system.

The Yale Art School, which, through the generosity of Mr. Augustus R. Street, was erected in 1866, at a cost of about \$175,000, was a valuable acquisition to the College; and the collection it now contains of paintings, (among which is the Trumbull collection,) etchings, engravings, and statuary, is one of the most valuable in the country.

In 1870, Farnham Hall, the first of the new system of dormitories, was erected, a. the cost of \$127,000; and in the same year, East Divinity Hall, for \$180,000. Durfee, erected in the following year, cost over \$130,000, and is generally acknowledged to be the most elegant college dormitory in the country.



#### EAST DIVINITY HALL.

After twenty-five years of uninterrupted progress, President Wolsey resigned his office in 1871, but his active interest and influence in Yale matters has never ceased, from that time to the present.

#### NOAH PORTER, D. D., LL. D.

One of the last acts of President Woolsey's administration had been the inauguration of the movement which finally resulted, under President Porter, in 1872, in the substitution of six alumni of the College as members of the corporation, in place of the six State Senators. This wise step has been the source of much subsequent prosperity. The years that have followed have all been marked by great advances, and the College has gradually passed into the complete and rounded development of the University.

West Divinity was erected in 1874, for \$160,000. Battell Chapel, which has been called the most beautiful college chapel in the world, was completed in 1876, at a total cost of about \$200,000. The North Wing of Peabody Museum, the funds for which were mostly furnished by George Peabody, the great philanthropist, and which, when completed, will extend from Elm to Library Streets, was also erected in 1876, at a cost of \$175,000. The large number of specimens and relics in all departments of science, which are contained in Peabody Museum, constitute one of the richest and most varied scientific collections, next to the Smithsonian, in the United States.

College athletics, which have long occupied an important place in collegiate life, became particularly prominent at Yale, during President Porter's administration. The erection of the Yale Boat House, in 1875, on the harbor, was coincident with renewed interest and success in naval matters, though the introduction of rowing at Yale dates back to 1843. There have, since 1876, been held eleven Yale-Harvard Boat Races, of which number Harvard has won six and Yale five; the best record — that of four miles in 20m.  $21\frac{1}{4}$  sec. — being made by Yale in 1886.

The purchase and fitting up of Yale Athletic Grounds, in 1881, at a cost of about \$50,000, marks an era in her athletic history. The Field, situated on Derby Avenue, about a mile from the campus, covers several acres, and provides facilities for every kind of athletic sports, including foot-ball, base-ball, tennis, running, and a shooting range. A large covered grand stand faces upon the ball and foot-ball ground. Without exception, the grounds are the largest and best arranged of the kind belonging to any college in the world.

Yale's athletic record, as compared with Harvard, her chief competitor, since the first meeting of the two Universities in 1852, up to the present year, has been, that out of one hundred and fifty-six contests in base-ball, foot-ball, and rowing, Yale has won eighty-eight times and Harvard sixty-eight.

The Sloane Physical Laboratory, erected in 1884, through the munificence of Henry T. Sloane, '66, and Thomas C. Sloane, '68, of New York City, is considered the most beautiful and thoroughly appointed physical laboratory in the United States.

In 1886, after fifteen years of earnest and successful toil, during one of the most important periods of Yale's history, Dr. Porter resigned his office as President, but the University still retains his services as a member of the Faculty and the Professor of Moral Philosophy and Metaphysics, which chair he has occupied since 1846.

#### TIMOTHY DWIGHT, D. D., L.L. D.

The earliest official act of President Dwight's administration has been the changing of the name from Yale College to Yale University. This is suggestive, not only as expressing what Yale has for some time been in reality, but also as in accordance with the main purpose of the new administration — the advancement and prosperity of all the departments of the University. Dwight Hall, erected in 1886, at a cost of over \$60,000, is the home of the University Young Men's Christian Association. It is fitted up with great beauty and comfort, having rooms for Class Prayer Meetings, a large auditorium, library, reading-room, and reception-room. The dedication of this beautiful building at this time, emphasizes the eminently Christian character of the administration which exists in the closing years of the century, as of the one at its beginning.

Lawrance Hall, also erected in 1886, in commemoration of Thomas Garner Lawrance, of the class of 1884, is extended along the line of the quadrangle, that prospectively is to enclose the campus.

The year 1886 was marked by unparalleled brilliancy in athletics, the triple crown of victory in base-ball, foot-ball, and rowing being won by Yale, as well as several important events in general field athletics, and the championship in lawn tennis.

The number of Professors and Instructors of the University, during the present year, is one hundred and twenty; of students in all the departments, eleven hundred and thirty-four.



VIEW OF WOOSTER SQUARE FROM CHAPEL STREET.

The list of her great men is so long, that we can only quote a few representative names, as the following:

Webster and Worcester, the lexicographers; Cromke, Mason, Tilden, Calhoun, Strong, and Chancellor Kent, in the law and judiciary; Dana, Silliman, Eli Whitney, and S. F. B. Morse, in science; Edwards, Dwight, Hadley, Chauvenet, Hillhouse, Percival, Trumbull, Loomis, Day, Morris and Mitchell, in scholarship and letters; and Gallaudet among the great philanthropists. The present United States Senate contains four Yale men, among whom are Wm. M. Evarts, '37, and Henry L. Dawes, '39. The House of Representatives contains three Yale men; and Chief-Justice Waite, of the United States Supreme Court, is also a Yale alumnus.

The one thing which distinguishes Yale beyond all other American Universities, is her cosmopolitan character. Students come to her from all but three States in the Union, and from thirteen foreign countries — including England, Germany, Turkey, China and Japan. The fame of her achievements and advantages draws young men from all parts of the globe; and when they pass out again into the world, there is no class of men more universally distinguished for honor and worth, more tenderly united in a common brotherhood, or who turn back to their alma mater with more ardent love than the sons of dear old Yale.

# THE COMMERCIAL AND MANUFACTURING INTERESTS OF NEW HAVEN.

E VER since the time when the London merchants founded New Haven, in 1638, the city has been prominently distinguished for its business spirit and interests. The first Governor, Theophilus Eaton, the second, Francis Newman, and the first Lieut.-Governor, Stephen Goodyear, seem to have been the leading business men in the earliest days of the colony. Within a few months after the settlement, New Haven had established commercial relations with Boston, New Amsterdam, Delaware Bay, Virginia, Barbadoes and England.

The next important commercial venture, after the purchase of the land around New Haven, was the establishment of a trading post of her own on the Delaware River, in 1641. It was, however, broken up by the Swedes and Dutch, and brought only misfortune to the colony. This disaster was followed, in 1647, by the loss of the ship "Fellowship," which had been sent from New Haven to England, bearing many of her best citizens and the greater part of the products and wealth of the colony, the venture being entered into largely by a joint-stock company, consisting of most of the planters. Nothing was ever heard of the ship again, and the familiar story of the "Phantom Ship," which appeared in the harbor that year, gives a faint representation of the vanished hopes of the pericd, and the desperately gloomy condition of the colony.

While most unfortunate on the sea, New Haven was soon far advanced in that branch of business which has ever made her fame and influence world-wide in extent manufacturing. Nine years had not elapsed since the founding of the colony, before the production of leather and the shoe-manufacturing trade had grown so extensively, that these commodities were exported in large quantities. The bakery business had also increased rapidly, and biscuits were soon being shipped to Virginia and the West Indies. An iron foundry was established as early as 1665, by Stephen Goodyear and John Winthrop, on Lake Saltonstall. The foundry ran for several years, until after the death of Goodyear, who was the heart and life of most of the commercial enterprises of that day.

Among the prominent business men of the early days of New Haven was Isaac Allerton, "the father of New England commerce." He was one of the Mayflower pilgrims, and after serving Plymouth Colony as its chief business agent for many years, he came to New Haven in 1646. Here he built an elegant mansion, called the "House of the four Porticos," (which was standing until within a few years,) and an extensive warehouse. He owned a large number of vessels, which were constantly plying between New Haven and Virginia, Delaware Bay, Massachusetts Bay, and the Barbadoes. Until his death, in 1659, he was the leader of the commerce, both of New Haven and New England, and was chiefly instrumental in the revival of shipping at this port. After his death, however, it seems to have fallen off, and the maritime business of New Haven was of small importance from this time until the middle of the next century.

#### NEW HAVEN, PAST AND PRESENT.

On the whole, the industrial history of the first few decades of New Haven's life is one of great failure and disappointment. Money was exceedingly scarce, wampum and raw material being the chief standards of value. At the death of Governor Eaton, "the richest man in New Haven," though there was about seven hundred dollars worth of plate in his house, he owned hardly ten dollars in money. On the foundation of ruined hopes and fortunes, New Haven's subsequent prosperity has been based.

In 1764, the brig Derby, from Dublin, arrived, bringing to New Haven its *first cargo* of coal and emigrants, the latter consisting of thirty-eight Irish peasants.

About this time the raising of flax in enormous quantities, and the domestic manufacture of lime, grew to be one of the chief industries of the city.

Foreign commerce in New Haven began to revive about 1750, and increased sorapidly that in the year 1774 the exports of the city alone amounted to over \$140,000.

The Revolutionary War brought an abrupt termination to this period of prosperity; and during the next ten years New Haven deteriorated rapidly. By 1784 a reflex movement had set in, and from that time on for twenty years, a period of unparalleled commercial activity ensued. Long Wharf was extended into the harbor in 1790, \$15,000 for that purpose having been obtained by means of the "setting up of a lottery." The New Haven Bank, incorporated in 1792, with a capital of \$80,000, was one of the earliest institutions of the kind in New England. Much of the trade of the day was with the West Indies, Barbadoes especially, and many rich cargoes began to pour into the city.

Again, in 1793, the disturbances in France brought great disaster on our shipping, through privateer depredations. Several score of ships and many hundred thousand dollars worth of property were lost about this time,— New Haven losing more in proportion than any other city in the Union. In spite of these great losses, however, New Haven's commerce continued to rapidly increase. In 1801, over 11,000 tons of shipping were registered at this port. Though her ships were searched, pillaged and confiscated by the vessels of both the great naval powers of the world, England and France, the end of her commercial importance was not yet.

A fleet of some twenty ships, called the "New Haven South Sea Fleet," was manned and set out about this time. They were mainly engaged in the seal fishery. After obtaining a cargo of seals, these were sold in Canton, and a load of silks and teas were taken in, after which they circumnavigated the globe on their way home, through the Indian and Atlantic Oceans.

The most famous and lucrative of all the voyages made from New Haven was that of the ship "Neptune," owned by Ebenezer Townsend, the leading merchant of the time in New Haven, and commanded by the renowned Captain Daniel Greene. She was the first New Haven ship to sail the waters of the Pacifie, and, after two and a half years sealing and trading, returned to New Haven in July, 1799, with a cargo upon which the enormous amount of \$75,000 port duties was paid. This was a larger sum than the annual tax of the whole State of Connecticut, for any time during the previous ten years. Mr. Townsend realized \$100,000 from this single voyage ; his son \$50,000, and many others interested in proportion. This will give some idea of the city's commercial interests, during the time of her greatest prosperity in this department.

In 1807, the yearly custom duties paid in at the port of New Haven exceeded \$150,000, and more than one hundred foreign bound ships sailed annually from her docks. The most deadly blow yet struck at New Haven's commerce came in January, 1808, upon the passing of the infamous "Embargo Act," by Congress. The Act met

with intense opposition here, and, instead of injuring Great Britain, it contributed materially to the ruin of the shipping trade at home.

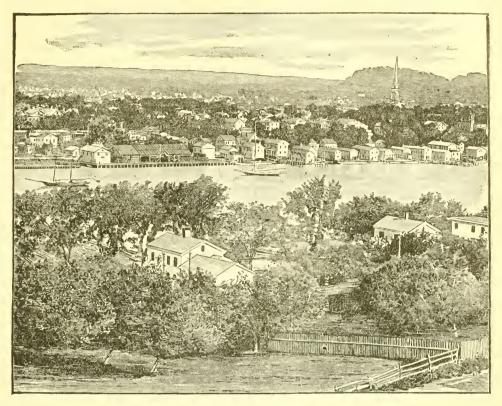
The war of 1812-15, was the final and deadly influence which affected our commerce, and since that time New Haven's merchant marine has never regained the position of wealth and importance which it held during the early years of the present century. Her ancient prestige, however, has never been entirely destroyed; several times, during the last seventy years, her shipping trade has risen to considerable proportions. The rapid growth of New York had tended to injure rather than to aid New Haven's foreign commerce; and at the present time much of her shipping trade is done through that city.

The first quarter of the century had not passed away before the manufacturing and mercantile interests of the city had attained extensive dimensions. The manufacturing of carriages — in which line New Haven has since been one of the leading cities of the world — had been inaugurated by James Brewster, in 1827. The manufacture of firearms had already become an important industry, having been founded in 1798, by Eli Whitney, the famous inventor of the Cotton-Gin. Charles Goodyear, a native of New Haven, was perfecting the great discovery which soon made his name famous throughout the world, and a few years later the first India-rubber clothing ever manufactured was turned out in this city. The chief houses which represent these three branches of industry in New Haven to-day, as well as those representing the production of clocks, locks, pianos, corsets, chairs, paper boxes, and hardware, rank among the largest and best of their kind in existence, and have sent their goods and made the name of our city known and honored throughout the civilized world.

The wholesale hardware business, which has always been one of the leading industries of the city, dates back to 1784. The wholesale grocery trade began to assume considerable proportions in 1825. Soon after, the wholesale drug business, and also that of paints and furniture, came into prominence.

The advent of railways was a source of great prosperity to all lines of business in the city, and especially the opening of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, in 1848. The direct communication thus established with New York, and all parts of the country, was of inestimable importance. The magnificent freight system of this road has and does contribute no little share to the material advancement and prosperity of the city, and all its interests. The New York, New Haven, and Hartford Railroad have recently lowered their passenger rates to the standard of two cents a mile, one of the lowest railroad rates in the country, while at the same time they have been and are continually increasing the advantages offered the public in elegant and most scientifically protected cars, engines capable of the fastest speed, and the best accommodations in time and size of trains. This Railroad has an almost unparalleled record for safety, and its careful management and reasonable rates make it most worthy of the patronage of all travellers. It is the popular route from New York to Boston and the East.

Beside the five Railroads which run through New Haven, she possesses first-class facilities for transportation on the water. The arrival of the first steamboat, in 1815, and the important results which followed, have already been noticed. At the present time, the New Haven Steamboat Company, at Bell's Dock, with a fine fleet of large and beautiful steamers, plying daily between New Haven and New York, offer excellent opportunities for passenger or freight transportation to the latter city. The Starin Transportation Line, at Starin's Wharf on Brewery Street, control a large amount of



VIEW OF FAIRHAVEN.

the freight shipping of the city. For rapid and safe transit, this line is not surpassed by any other on our coasts.

The distinguishing characteristic of New Haven's business interests is their manifold variety. There is hardly a commodity of extensive use, whether for necessity or luxury, from a needle to an engine of the strongest power, that is not manufactured in the city. This fact has proved, in itself, of great importance to the welfare of New Haven, as during the late financial depression, the variety of her interests rendered the city unusually exempt from the troubles of the time.

Some slight conception of the present high financial standing of the city may be obtained from the following figures, compiled from the latest records in the City Assessor's Office :

Valuation of Buildings and Stock employed in the Manufacturing and

Commercial Interests of New Haven,	. –	-	-	\$17,796,781
Valuation of Dwelling Houses in New Haven	n, -	-		25,066,940
Valuation of Unoccupied Land in New Have	en, -		-	3,954,758
Valuation of Railroad Property and Stock in	New Haven	Ι,	-	806,03 <b>6</b>
* * * * *	*	*	*	*
Total Taxable Property and Material,	-	-	-	\$49,658,184

The total amount of capital in the various banks and banking houses amounts to more than \$12,000,000.

During the past year, the appropriation for the current expenses of the city government was \$672,881; the total expenditures were \$644,423.21. The surplus fund, \$28,457.79, makes the actual debt of the city at the present time \$795,542.21; a small sum compared with that of many New England cities.

For a number of years past, real estate in New Haven has been in great demand, and the investments have been only surpassed by the advantages offered, which are very great. Land and materials for building are, nevertheless, to be obtained at very reasonable rates. The facilities of situation near the harbor and railroads, the fine opportunities for transportation, in which New Haven is not excelled by any other city in New England, and the advantages for the production and consumption of manufactured and staple articles of all kinds, make New Haven a peculiarly eligible site for those contemplating a new departure in business. It is possible for mechanics to obtain building lots upon streets adjoining the horse railroads at the lowest rates, and to secure comfortable homes at prices ranging from \$1,000 to \$2,500.

The last year, 1886, showed a large increase in real estate and building investments in the city. The total amount of money invested was \$1,314,200 - \$250,000 more than that of any other city in the State.

## LEGAL BUSINESS IN NEW HAVEN COUNTY.

For almost a century, the jurisprudence of this State has been favorably known to the world through her local law publications and reports; and not a few of her sons have honored her by their exposition and administration of her laws. To her belongs the fame of publishing the first volume of Law Reports ever published on the American continent, viz: Kirby's Reports, published at Litchfield in 1789.

We have space to mention a few only of the names of deceased members of Bench and Bar which shine in her history: such as, Kirby, Root, Sherman, Swift, Trumbull, Day, Baldwin, Ingersoll, Hosmer, Daggett, Williams, Huntington, Church, Dutton, Elsworth, Barnes, Storrs, Cleveland, Waite, Osborne, Chapman, Seymour, Buell, Terry, Hawley, Kimberly, Parsons, Robinson, Sanford, Foster and Ives.

Since the American Revolution, and since Connecticut became a State, there have been published, probably, not far from 10,000 cases which have been adjudicated by the Supreme Court of Appeals, covering, perhaps, every branch of Statute and Common Law, including Equity,— many of them being regarded as "Leading Cases," and quoted as authority in the Courts of other States. Of this large accumulation of cases carried to the Supreme Court, New Haven County has furnished her fair share of legal business, aggregating not far from 1400 cases distributed through all the published "Connecticut Reports."

The living members of the Bar in New Haven County are about two hundred and twenty-five, and it is believed they will compare favorably with a like number of men in the legal profession anywhere in the country, many of whom now occupy a prominent place in Church and State in this old Commonwealth, and exercise a conspicuous influence upon her wellfare for good.—C. B. WHITCOMB, Attorney at Law.

# THE NEW HAVEN OF TO-DAY.

TO fittingly portray the attractions and beauties of our modern city, one would need the pen of a poet. A brief description of the chief objects of interest must suffice for our present purpose.

The central spot, the "pearl," as it were, with the city for its setting, is the beautiful "Green," which, with its long, smooth lawns and stately elms, is one of the most prominent sights which greet the eye of the visitor to New Haven.

Temple Street, running through the centre of the Green, is probably one of the most symmetrically shaded avenues in the world. The arch of elms above it, changing from one manifestation of beauty to another as the seasons pass, makes a most beautiful nature-temple.

Upon this avenue, and within the Green, stand the three oldest churches in the city, side by side, like true guardians of her welfare.

The Centre Church dates its origin from the first Sunday the founders of New Haven spent in the city, April 13, 1638. It was regularly organized in the following year, August 22, 1639, and for over a century was the only church established in New Haven. The present large and stately edifice, within whose walls the Commencements of Yale University are annually held, was erected in 1814. The present pastor is the Rev. Newman Smythe, one of the most widely known and honored ministers in the Congregational Church.

Trinity Church, on the right of Centre Church, toward Chapel Street, was the first Episcopal Society in New Haven, having been organized in 1750. The present beautiful building of dark stone, with a massive centre tower, in which one of the best chimes in the country has been recently placed, was also erected in 1814. The present rector, the Rev. Edwin Harwood, has served for nearly twenty-seven years.

The North Church, on the other side of Centre, is also Congregational, and has existed ever since 1742. The present commodious church was built, at the same time as the other two, in 1814. The Rev. Dr. T. T. Munger, well known throughout the country as a Christian writer and thinker, is the present pastor.

The gravestones, just in the rear of Centre Church, among which is that of James Dixwell, the regicide, remind one of the time when the Green was the common city burial-ground. The only other building on the Green, the old State House, with its once beautiful but now sadly defaced columns, is also a reminiscence of the dead and almost forgotten days, which ended in 1873, when the meetings of the State Legislature were held here biennially.

The City Hall, on Church Street, opposite the Green, was erected in 1861, and is one of the most beautiful municipal buildings in the State. It is four stories high, of sandstone and brick, and with a large tower containing the city clock, and two large bells for time and fire-alarms. The rooms of Mayor York, the City Clerk, and the Board of Assessors, are situated on the second floor. The Aldermen meet on the second floor, and the Common Council on the third.

The County Court Building, adjoining City Hall, was completed in 1873, at a total cost of \$134,000. It contains several court rooms, offices, and the rooms of the Yale Law School; it has witnessed many famous trials.

The Police Building on Court Street, at the rear of the Cîty Hall, is said "to be the most handsome and best constructed edifice of the kind in the country." It is a four-story brick building, with beautiful front trimmings of Portland sandstone and Nova Scotia rock. It was completed in 1874, at a cost of about \$75,000, and contains, beside the quarters for the entire police force, the City Court. The Department is equalled in character and efficiency by that of few cities in the country. It is under the control of a Board of Commissioners, and Charles F. Bollman, its able chief. The entire force numbers one hundred and five men.

The Post Office and Custom House Building stands on Church Street, between Crown and Centre. It was built in 1860, and is a large three-story structure of sandstone. The first floor is occupied by the Post Office, the second by the various offices of the Custom House Department, and the third by the United States Court. It is reported that "a postmaster of New Haven was the first in the United States to use stamps, issuing them on his account to accommodate the citizens," before the plan was adopted by the Government. The present incumbent, Benjamin J. English, succeeded N. D. Sperry, who had held the position for over twenty years, in 1886.

Among the most beautiful business structures in this part of the city, are the Insurance Building, on Chapel Street, between Church and Temple; the Hoadly, on Church Street, opposite the Post Office; the Register Building, on Crown Street, near Orange, just north of Chapel; the Palladium Building, on Orange, between Chapel and Court Streets; and the Boardman Building, on Chapel Street, near State.

The principal Hotels in New Haven are the New Haven House, Eliott House, Tontine Hotel, Grand Union, Tremont House, Selden House, Hotel Converse, and the Kenwick House.

The Tontine Hotel, on the corner of Court and Church Streets, has a most interesting history, having been erected about 1825 by a joint stock company, each of whose shares bore the name of a person, and were forfeited by the holder to the company upon the death of that person, who was called the nomince. It is, in fact, nothing else than a lottery founded on human life. There were originally two hundred and fortythree nominees; now after sixty years, the number has dwindled down to about one hundred. When it reaches seven, the whole property will be divided among the fortunate holders of those shares.

The two buildings belonging to the College, most frequented and admired by visitors, are the Art School and the Peabody Museum; the tower of the Athenæum affords an excellent view of the college grounds, and application to ascend it should be made to the college inspector, Mr. Frank E. Hotchkiss, Room 2, Treasury Building, who takes pleasure in showing every courtesy to visitors. Visitors are also welcome to attend the services at the college chapel every week-day morning, at 8.10 A. M., and on Sunday at 10.30 A. M., seats in the gallery being always open to them.

The other most interesting points in the centre of the city are: the Noah Webster House, on the corner of Grove and Temple Streets, where the great lexicographer lived many years, and wrote a portion of his dictionary; Hillhouse Avenue, probably one of the most beautiful public streets in America, with its wide borders of smooth lawn, magnificent arched elms, and the many elegant mansions on each side — among which are those of J. E. Sheffield, Professors Dana, Fisher, Farnam, Hoppin and Woolsey, Ex-President Porter, and the Hillhouse mansion at the farther end; St. Mary's Church on Hillhouse Avenue, one of the largest and most beautiful Roman Catholic Churches in the State, erected of native granite, in 1875, for \$150,000; the Grove Street Cemetery, corner Grove and Prospect Streets, containing the graves of several Presidents of Yale, Admiral Foote, Noah Webster, Eli Whitney, and many other celebrated men; the Sheffield Scientific School, on Grove Street, foot of College; the Church of the Redeemer and the Hillhouse High School, on opposite corners of Wall and Orange Streets; and the ancient mansion of Roger Sherman, on Chapel Street, opposite the campus, which was completed in 1770, and within whose walls Washington, Lafayette, and many other celebrated men have partaken of the hospitality of its renowned owner.

Other points of interest, within walking distance of the Green, are the Benedict Arnold House, on Water Street, near Union, completed in 1772, and occupied by the traitor until a short time before the battle of Bunker Hill; the Second Regiment Armory, on Meadow Street (this regiment having been judged, by one of the most competent authorities in the United States, to be equalled in organization and drill by no other in the country save the Seventh of New York); Evergreen Cemetery, at the western end of Sylvan Avenue, containing the Soldiers', Firemen's, and many other beautiful monuments; the New Haven Hospital, on the corner of Congress Avenue and Cedar Street, consisting of several large buildings, the most recent having been erected in 1872, at a cost of \$100,000, and considered one of the largest, best managed, and most widely beneficent institutions of the kind in the State; and the New Haven Orphan Asylum, corner of Elm and Beers Streets, with the exception of the Hospital, the largest and most influential charity in the city.

Many charming drives can be arranged to the more remote attractions of the city. One of the most popular is out Whitney Avenue and Orange Street to East Rock Park. The State Street horse cars also run out to the eastern end of the Rock. The eminence is about three hundred and fifty-four feet high, and is reached by a road rising by gradual and easy gradations. From the summit, a most magnificent view is obtained over the city to the Western and Southern Hills, out across the blue waters of the harbor and Sound; and on the north, to Mount Carmel and the Hanging Hills of Meriden. The Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument, which has been recently erected on the highest point of the summit, is one of the most beautiful and costly in the country. Elaborate preparations for its dedication on June 17, 1887, are being completed by the City Government.

Another pleasant drive is often taken out Whalley Avenue, (past Hamilton Park and West River,) to West Rock, the highest of all New Haven's gigantic rock sentinels. Its height above the level of the sea is 405 feet, and the summit can only be reached by a foot-path on the east end, which is not very difficult of ascent. The line of the Fair Haven and Westville horse-cars also run to within a short distance of its foot. The outlook from the rock is most entrancing. Below nestles the village of Westville ; to the east, the smaller eminences, Pine and Mill Rocks, lying between West and East Rocks ; on the south-east lies New Haven, viewed in the most beautiful of all her aspects. On the north-eastern side of the summit is the famous Judges' Cave, where in colonial days the refugees from royal tyranny are believed to have taken refuge for some time. The spot is visited by thousands of admiring students and curiosity-seekers every year.

Perhaps no other drive is more often enjoyed than that through Fair Haven, by way of East Chapel Street, along the eastern side of the harbor, down to the old Light House. On the way, Forts Hale and Wooster are passed, replete with many historic reminiscences. Fort Wooster, about a mile out from the city, is a small earth-work, thrown up during the War of 1812. Fort Hale, a mile further south, was originally a narrow breast-work, first used in the Revolutionary War, when, on July 5th, 1779, nineteen brave Americans, with three cannon, held fifteen hundred British infantry in check for several hours. It was named in honor of the hero, Captain Nathan Hale. A brick fort and barrack were erected in 1809, which were garrisoned by sixty men in the war of 1812. The fort was rebuilt, armed and garrisoned by the United States Government during the civil war, and will probably be the first point attended to, if the coastprotective movement reaches as far as New Haven. A mile further on, the old Light House is reached, and the vicinity at the extreme point of the harbor, with the old Morris House and the new Light House near at hand, is one of the most interesting in the city. By various other drives : out Prospect Street to Mill Rock, Whitney Avenue to Lake Whitney, West Chapel to the Yale Field, through West Haven to Savin Rock. and in fact in every direction through the city the visitor will discover new beauties of natural scenery and artistic decoration, which can only be appreciated by experience. It will take but a short time to convince a stranger that he is in a "Mecca" of beautiful cities, and that every surrounding harmonizes with the historic interest, the high culture of its citizens, as well as the commercial prosperity and importance for which New Haven is justly renowned.

## MAYORS OF THE CITY OF NEW HAVEN.

HON. ROGER SHERMAN,
HON. ROUEL BISHOP,
How SAMUEL DISHOT,
How. ELIZUR GOODRICH,
Hon. GEORGE HOADLY
Hon. SIMEON BALDWIN,
Hox. WILLIAM BRISTOL,
HON. DAVID DAGGETT,
Hos. RALPH I. INGERSOLL,from June 1, 1830 to 1831
Hon. DENNIS KIMBERLY,
HON. EBENEZER SEELEY,from June 5, 1832 to 1833
Hon. DENNIS KIMBERLY, from June 4, 1833. [Decl.]
Hox. NOYES DARLING from June 10, 1833 to 1834
Hon. HENRY C. FLAGG, from June 3, 1834 to 1839
Hox. SAMUEL J. HITCHCOCK, from June 3, 1839 to 1842
HON. PHILIP S. GALPIN, from June 6, 1842 to 1846
HON. HENRY PECK,
HON. AARON N. SKINNER,
Hox. CHAUNCEY JEROME, from June 5, 1854 to 1855
Hox. ALFRED BLACKMAN,from June 4, 1855 to 1856
Hon. PHILIP S. GALPIN,
Hon. HARMANUS M. WELCH, from June 4, 1860 to 1863
Hox. MORRIS TYLER,
HON. ERASTUS SCRANTON,from June 6, 1865 to 1866
HON. LUCIEN W. SPERRY,
Hon. WILLIAM FITCH,
Hon. HENRY G. LEWIS,
HON. WILLIAM R. SHELTON, from Jan. 1, 1877 to 1879
HON. HOBART B. BIGELOW, from Jan. 1, 1879 to 1881
Hox. JOHN B. ROBERTSON,
HON. HENRY G. LEWIS,
Hox. GEORGE F. HOLCOMB,from Jan. 1, 1885 to 1887
Hon, SAMUEL A. YORK,

## LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF NEW HAVEN.

N the following pages will be found a brief review of the principal Business firms of New Haven. While the majority are old established houses and leaders in every sense of the word, we have mentioned others who though recently established, are, through their enterprise and ability deserving of notice. We commend these firms as a whole, to the favorable attention of all into whose hands this volume may fall, believing that they well represent the Business interests of the leading City in the State.

Brooks & Co., Hatters and Furriers, 742 Chapel Street, corner State.—A close student of human nature can by scrutinizing a man's face, judge something of his character. A hat well



scrutinizing a man's face, his character. A hat well adapted to the face of the particular individual wearing it, adds greatly to his appearance. In few branches of trade have such improvements been made as in gentlemen's head-wear. The hats coming from a first-class modern e-tablishment, give to the wearer a certain style

which cannot be attained by wearing inferior goods. Appreciating thoroughly the wants of a first-class

trade, and by thoughtful attention to the everchanging styles, Brooks & Co., Chapel street (corner State), have met with success from the first. This enterprise—the oldest in its line in the city—was started by Collins & Co. in 1846, succeeded by Bradley & Pratt, and later by C. A. Bradley. In 1874, the present proprietor, Mr. Edwin A. Brooks—under the firm name of Brooks & Co., assumed control. Mr. Brooks is a native of Bethany, Conn., and as his success indicates, is a man of foresight, thoroughly conversant with every feature and detail of his business. His English hats, for which he enjoys a large and select trade, are imported directly

from the leading London manufacturers. He is also sole agent for the leading American hatters —Messrs. Dunlap & Co., of New York—whose goods are too well known to need further comment at our hands.

In the Fur Department are kept a varied assortment of Seal Skin Sacques, Muffs, and Paletots; also the same styles in English Seal Plush. Fur Trimmings, Wolf and other Fur Robes.

Trunks and Satchels form another well stocked department, and one of the largest lines of these goods in the city will be found here. Umbrellas in Silk, Alpaca, Gloria and Gingham, are also offered in great variety, with Natural Sticks, or mounted with Gold, Silver or Horn handles.

The Glove Department is also well stocked with Kid, Buck, Dogskin, Wool, Sealskin, and Beaver.

The premises occupied comprise four floors, and the store, which is one of the finest in New Haven, is thoroughly fitted up and appointed handsome fixtures and general equipments, with attractive show windows, affording an exceedingly fine display. Ten experienced and attentive assistants are employed, and altogether a very fine business is done.

Mr. Brooks is well and favorably known in commercial circles and in social life, and his success is but a natural consequence. He is a Free Mason, a member of the American Legion of Honor, and the Improved Order of Red Men, and belongs to the Grand Army, having enlisted with one of the first volunteer regiments from this State.

F. M. Brown & Co., Dealers in Dry Goods, Chapel, Gregson and Center Streets.-The high character and standing of the leading dry goods houses in New Haven render this particular branch of trade a most noticeable feature of commercial activity. It would be an arduous and well-nigh impossible task to compute the value of the various articles which are annually sold by our dry goods merchants and dealers, and, exby year. Without any manner of doubt the firm transacting the largest volume of business in dry goods in this city is that of F. M. Brown & Co., who occupy large and commodious premises abutting on Chapel, Gregson and Center streets. The primary start in this business was made in 1879. The original co-partnership which existed was continued for three years. In 1882 a change took place, and the concern adopted the name which it now bears. The present members of the firm are Messrs. F. M. Brown and D. S. Gamble, both of whom are practically and intimately acquainted with all the "ins" and "outs" of the business in which they are engaged, and in which they have been so successful. Their store is one of the largest in the city. and in it is displayed what is considered by competent judges to be the very finest assortment of dry goods obtainable. Both a wholesale and redry goods obtainable. Both a whoresate and re-tail trade is transacted, the firm's patrons being drawn not only from the city of New Haven and the State, but from distant parts of the whole country. The number of employes is 130, a force which is, of course, largely augmented during the busy seasons.

Owing to their rapidly increasing trade Messrs. Brown & Co. have just completed an addition to their store of a second floor, 150x50 feet. This is to be retached by staircases in the rear of the present store, also by an elegant elevator run by electricity (the only one of the kind in the city). On this floor will be found their millinery, cloak and suit and underwear departments.

Both partners are popular in commercial circles, noted for their honorable methods and sterling integrity, and well merit the great degree of success which has rewarded their efforts.

John R. Garlock, Dealer in Stoves, Furnaces. Ranges and Tinware, Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting. Estimates furnished to Builders. 217 State Street.-This is one of the leading stores of the kind in the city of New Haven. business was established originally in 1858. The Mr. Garlock, the present enterprising and popular proprietor succeeded to the business in 1881, and has rapidly gained a large number of customers. The premises occupied, which are located at 217 State street, comprise two floors, each 25x75 feet in dimensions, and these are filled with a large stock of Stoves, Furnaces, and Ranges of all kinds, among which will be found the Ranges most celebrated manufacturers. The department devoted to Tinware is complete in every respect, and goods will be found of first class quality and at reasonable prices. Plumbing and Gas and Steam Fitting in all their branches are executed in a first-class manner. A force of some eight or ten skilled hands are given employment by this enterprising house, and a fine jobbing and retail trade is transacted.

Mr. John R. Garlock is a native of New York State, and was Captain of the Second New Jersey Volunteers during our late war. He is an energetic, enterprising gentleman, and one whom New Haven may feel proud in claiming as one of her citizens.



**E. S. Osborn**, Dealer in Hats, Trunks and Bags, 91 Church Street.—There is nothing more noticeable about a gentleman's attire than his hat and no matter how well dressed he may be in other respects, should the hat worn be old and shabby the entire effect of his attire is spoiled. Thus is it evident that to be well dressed in every respect one should patronize a hatter of estab-lished reputation. In this connection we would refer to the well-known establishment of E. S. Osborn, at 91 Church street, whose attractive store is well-filled with a fine assortment of silk hats, felt goods, soft hats, straw goods in their season, and also uniform hats and caps. Here prompt and polite attention is accorded to every customer, while the price charged will be found very reasonable. This store is one of the leading concerns of the kind in New Haven as well as the oldest hat store in the city. This flourishing business was started by Giles Mansfield upwards of fifty years ago.

In 1879 the present proprietor, Mr. E. S. Osborn, succeeded N. W. Mansfield and from that date the store has been most successfully conducted, the trade being very extensive and steadily increasing.

The store is finely equipped with attractive show windows, etc., and a full stock is carried. Mr. Osborn is the agent for the celebrated "Miller" hats of New York, the lines comprising hats and caps of every description and an excellent selection of umbrellas, canes, gloves, trunks, bags, etc. Mr. E. S. Osborn (who is sole proprietor) is a native of New Haven, a gentlemen of push and sound judgment and thoroughly acquainted with the wants of his many customers.

## LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF NEW HAVEN.



CHAPEL STREET, OPPOSITE YALE UNIVERSITY.

Halsted & Harmount, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Hard Wood and Pine Lumber, 109 Water Street.-The constantly improving facilities which New Haven is receiving in its railroad and water communications is tending to make this a leading market for lumber supplies, not only to the builder, but to the many different classes of manufactures with their varied wants.

They supply the clock-maker his pine box-boards, his white-wood, black-walnut and cher-ry. The carriage-maker finds in this market his wide coach panels, one-half of an inch thick and up to forty inches in width, and all so perfect that it would almost seem as if the great Creator knew the carriage coach-makers would want this wide stock, and so grew the great trees which these come from in the forests of Indiana and West Virginia. Ash and oak also form an important part in the building of carriages and heavy trucks, and in many other branches of work also. All these different woods can be found in the New Haven market, and in no other yard can they be found in such varied assortment as in the yard of Halsted & Harmount, the wholesale and retail hard-wood and pine lumber deal-ers of 109 Water street. Their yard covers an entire block and presents the largest stock in the city. Their storage sheds are both commodious and ample, and are filled with shingles, clapboards, and pine lumber of all kinds. Their black walnut stock is the finest we have seen in its clear- we commend these gentlemen to our readers.

ness and width, and from one-half to four inches in thickness. They also point with pride to their large assortment of cherry from Pennsylvania, and assert that softer quality of wood or that which has more freedom from gum spots can not be found anywhere; and then we were impressed with the neatness and order that everywhere prevailed. Their stock looks as if it were taken care of in every sense of the word, and all moves as quietly as though it were run by machinery. In fact, their reputation is such for well-seasoned and choice stock that it is becoming proverbial on the street that "if Halsted & Harmount haven't it we do not know where you will find it.

Andrew C. Halsted, Samuel Alling and Henry P. Alling were the founders of this concern, in 1868. The Alling Brothers are now dead and just a year before the decease of Henry P. Alling in 1882, Adoniram J. Harmount entered the firm and to-day with Mr. Halsted represents this present firm. The ripe age of Mr. Halsted, with his years of business experience, dating back for more than half a century, fit him for the wise counselor of this growing and prosperous firm. A. J. Harmount is a younger man, yet he has evinced in all his dealings and direct manage-ment of the affairs of this firm, tact and discretion that have won him the commendation and approval of heads of the trade whose years are many more than his. It is with pleasure that

Bunnell & Scranton, Bankers and Brokers, 732 and 734 Chapel St.-Influential and responsible banking houses sustain the most important relations to the financial economy of the country, being the agencies for transacting governmental, corporate and individual interests. That the leading banking and brokerage concerns of New Haven are as stable and secure as those of any other city in the United States there can be no doubt. As an example of what character and personal qualities can do for men of business it is only necessary to refer to the firm of Bunnell & Scranton, whose finely fitted up office is located at No. 732 and 734 Chapel street. Originally the busi-ness was set on foot by Mr. Henry H. Bunnell in 1861. In 1864 he associated himself with Mr. Bliles H. Goodyear and continued under the firm name of H. H. Bunnell & Co., until the retirement of Mr. Goodyear, three years later. From 1867 to 1873 the business was conducted by Mr. Bunuell alone. On January 1st, 1873, Mr. Chas. N. Scranton entered the firm and it was then changed to the present title of Bunnell & Scranton. Mr. Bunnell, it should be stated, is a member of the New York Stock Exchange.

They transact a general banking and brokerage business all over the United States, being connected by means of private telegraph wires with all the large cities, such as New York, Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Their facilities, in fact, are as complete as they possibly can be. They buy and sell on commission, for each or on margin, all kinds of stocks, bonds, government and other securities. Both members of the firm have long been regarded as recognized authorities in financial circles. Both have won the confidence of the leading business men in the city, treating their customers' interests as identical with their own and abundantly deserving the success with which they have met.

S. D. Miller & Co., Wholesale Flour Dealers, 15 Custom House Square and 190-192 Water Street.—This firm rank among the leading deal-ers in flour in this section. The premises occupied at 15 Custom House square and 190 and 192 Water street are commodious and comprise four floors, 100x20 feet each, in a brick building. The goods handled comprise the following varieties: Minneapolis New Process, Rochester Os-wego, Quincy, St. Louis and Indianapolis flour; also Graham and oatmeal, corn and rye flour and a full line of hay, potatoes and apples. Every article handled by this firm will be found just as represented, and satisfaction will be given in every case. The facilities of this firm for the fulfillment of orders are not excelled by any other house in the trade. Since the establishment of this firm in 1856 its trade has grown year by year, un-til now its customers are to be found all over this and adjoining States, and the business increases in volume every year. The prices quoted by this house will be found most favorable, while the goods offered are not excelled.

In addition to their large trade in flour, this firm have also an immense carriage and omnibus factory in Quincy, Ill. Here from 150 to 200 the policy of this reliable house are such hands find constant employment. The buildings cover over an acre in extent, and are supplied with improved machinery, operated by powerful

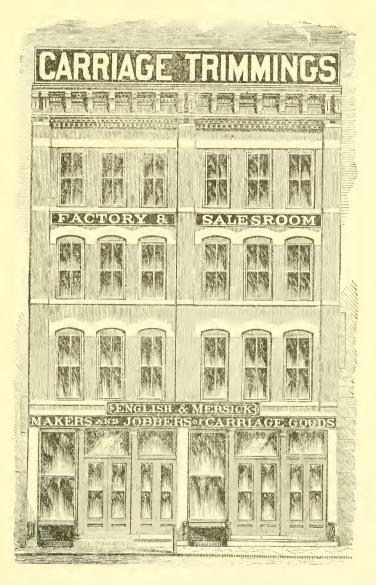
steam engines. The vehicles built by this progressive house find their way to every section of the country, particularly the Northwest, and are unsurpassed for utility, durability and general excellence. All the members of the firm are enterprising business men, well and favorably known in both financial and social circles. Mr. S. D. Miller resides in this city and manages the flour department, the other gentlemen of the firm, E. M. Miller and E. H. Todd, are at Quincy, Ill., and conduct the extensive carriage business.

Robert B. Bradley & Co.'s Agricultural Warehouse, 406 to 414 State Street, and 102 to 108 Court Street,-One of the oldest and most influential houses in New Haven is that of Robert B. Bradley & Co., who originated the business in 1858. The location is at Nos. 406 to 414 State street, and 102-108 Court St., where four floors are occupied, 115x50 feet in dimensions. The stock embraces agricultural and horticultural imple-ments and machines, fertilizers of all leading kinds, ice tools, and grindstones, staple wooden ware, baskets, brooms, brushes, cordage, carpet sweepers, wringers, etc., etc. The establishment is known as "The New Haven Agricultural Warehouse," and rightly deserves the name, as it represents the productions of the best known manufacturers. Owing to their long experience, they are enabled to make very close and profitable arrangements for securing their stock, and thereby are enabled to offer inducements to their customers. Their trade is both of a wholesale and retail character throughout the city and State. Employment is given to a dozen capable and efficient assistants.

McIntyre, Maguire & Co., Importers, Job-bers, and Retailers of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, No. 837 Chapel Street.—No branch of commerce in New Haven, or, in fact, in any large city, is of such great importance as the dry goods trade, and it is safe to assert, both as regards capital invested and distinguished energy and enterprise, the members of this business as a body excel all others. In this connection it is our desire to direct the attention of the reader and the general public to the reliable house of Messrs. McIntyre, Maguire & Co., importers, jobbers, and retailers of foreign and domestic dry goods. This business was established in 1882, and the firm, until last September, was known as Proctor, Maguire & Co. In the month mentioned, it was changed as at present. The gentlemen of whom the firm is composed have all had great experience, and are thoroughly conversant with every feature and detail of the dry goods business. The premises occupied are very commodious, and are fully stocked with a splendid assortment of domestic and foreign dry goods, which for extent, quality, variety and general excellence, are surpassed by but few other first-class houses engaged in the same line. No less than 63 hands find here constant employment in attending to the wants of the firm's patrons, the trade extending all over the State of Connecticut. The characteristics which regulate the policy of this reliable house are such as to entitle it to universal consideration, and the inducements offered are of the most advantageous

English & Mersick, Importers, Manufacturers in Carriage Goods, Nos. 70, 72 and 74 Crown St. and Dealers in Carriage Goods, Nos. 70, 72 and This reputable firm was organized for business 74 Crown Street.—A house which for more than a quarter of a century has maintained a promi nent place among the successful industrial enter-prises of New Haven is that of Messrs. English & Mersick, importers, manufacturers and dealers nent place among the successful industrial enter-

This reputable firm was organized for business in 1860, and from the beginning energy and progression has characterized the management.



equipped throughout with improved labor saving machinery, with a 60 horse-power engine as the motor, and from fifty to seventy-five workmen and clerks are required in the conduct of the business. The firm are among the leading wholesale dealers in and manufacturers and importers of carriage goods of every description, including the latest designs and styles of carriage hardware and reliable concern.

and trimmings for carriage builders' purposes, and the facilities of the house for supplying the most desirable merchandise at bottom prices are unsurpassed by any competitors in the United States, and carriage manufacturers throughout the country find themselves in every way advantaged by placing their orders with this old

C. Cowles & Co., Manufacturers of Children's Carriages and Coach Trimmings of Every Description, 47 and 49 Orange Street .- A notable house in this city is the enterprise successfully conducted by Messrs. C. Cowles & Co., manufacturers of trimmings for children's carriages and of coach trimmings of every description. The extensive factory of this firm is centrally located The at Nos. 47 and 49 Orange street, the premises comprising the large five-story building, 90 feet in front and 200 feet in depth, with two L's form-ing three sides of a square. The establishment throughout is equipped in the most complete manner with the latest improved labor saving machinery, operated by a steam engine of 60 horse power, and about 125 skilled workmen find constant employment with this well known house. This gigantic enterprise was founded in 1838 by Messrs. Cornwell & Cowles, and was afterwards known as Judson, Cornwell & Cowles. It was incorporated as a joint stock company in 1855, under the present style, and with abundance of capital and under able management, the trade of the house has attained colossal proportions. The operations of the house extend to all parts of the United States and Canada, and the concern has a national reputation for the superior quality of their merchandise.

The officers of the company are as follows: President, Ruel P. Cowles; treasurer, T. T. Welles; secretary F. L. Cowles; all of whom are business men of sterling worth, and of high standing in business circles.

The output of this company comprises almost everything novel and desirable in carriage trimmings, and among the patrons of the house are numbered some of the largest jobbers in this line of merchandise, and many of the most extensive coach and carriage manufacturers in the United States.

The Mechanics Bank, corner Church and Center Streets.—This solid and reliable institution is the oldest State bank in New Haven, having been incorporated in 1824, and for more than sixty years it has exerted a most beneficent influence in finance, in trade and manufacturing circles, the three great interests upon which the wealth and commercial supremacy of the city depends. Its ready aid to all deserving enterprises, its policy of loaning money in this community rather than seeking outside investment, has identified it most distinctly with New Haven interests and intrenched the old bank securely in the esteem and confidence of business men.

The capital stock of the bank is \$300,000, and the surplus, aggregating \$50,000, not including undivided profits, is conclusive proof of the excellent management of its affairs. The deposits, which average \$300,000, are evidence of the confidence of the community in the condition of this institution, and the average discounts during the year, reaching \$500,000, is the measure of the usefulness of the bank in aiding the inauguration and conduct of business in this eity.

The officers of the bank are: President, Chas. S. Leete; Vice-President, John P. Tuttle; Cashier, Chas. H. Trowbridge; and these efficient officers, with Thomas R. Trowbridge, Edwin F. Mersick, Joel A. Sperry, Ruel P. Cowles, Maier Zunder, Oliver S. White and Franklin H. Hart,

comprise the board of directors. Prudence, sagacity and intelligence characterize the conduct of the bank's affairs, and in the sure foundation of business integrity and liberal methods the institution has been firmly established, not only in the regard and friendly wishes of patrons at home, but of its many correspondents abroad. The business center of New Haven has changed since forty years ago when this bank built for itself on State street a building considered at that time a model of bank architecture.

And so to meet the requirements of business it purchased and re fitted the property on the corner of Church and Center streets, a location unequaled for public convenience in the city. The banking room is a gem in its arrangements and finish, with tiled floors and walls, embossed ceilings, marble vestibule, with counter finished in oak, bronze lattice work and beveled plate glass —here indeed is a certain blending of color and material which impresses one by its simple solidity and elegance—easily enabling New Haven to claim the model banking room in the East.

While the plans of the bank were being matured it was suggested that the location was perfect for something that New Haven had long needed—a safe deposit company. Here was a rich city of about 80,000 people, without a place to keep its wealth, and so obliged to resort to the unsale, inconvenient and irresponsible bank vault. The bank's plans were modified and a place made with entrance through its banking room for a safe deposit company. Accordingly the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company was organized. Capital \$50,000, with privilege of \$200,-000. Its officers are: Thos. R. Trowbridge, Jr., president; Oliver S. White, vice-president; Chas. H. Trowbridge, secretary and treasurer; Directors—H. C. Kingsley, Daniel Trowbridge, Jr., Oliver S. White, John E. Earle, John P. Tuttle, Joel A. Sperry, E. G. Stoddard, Jas. D Dewell.

These companies are now being organized in all the larger cities, for the time has gone by when private safes in one's own house or officecan be trusted as depositories for bonds, certificates of stock, coin, bank bills, plate or jewelry. Burglary has attained to the rank of a profession, and the thief is ever on the alert to overcome the obstacles placed in his way. Many of the modern and expensive inventions in locks and metals are due to the safe deposit companies. The economical protection of wealth is becoming more and more a subject of grave interest. A desire for perfect safety at the least cost brought the safe deposit companies into existence. Their prosperity and the fact that not one of them has ever been robbed, or even an attempt made to do so, shows that the precautions taken by these companies have been successful. The Mercantile Safe Deposit Company have not spared expense to make their depository safe. The advantage of location and its openness to outside inspection are elements of security. The situation of the office renders any stealthy or sudden theft impossible. The night patrol with other safeguards not prudent to mention place this company's vault among the very strongest in the safes are moderate, being from \$5 to \$60 a year. There are no duplicate keys held by the company. No safe-holder can open his safe without the assistance of the vault attendant. No two locks are alike. The renter of a safe can appoint on the books of the company a deputy to act in his place. The number of ladies taking care of their own property is constantly increasing, and to them this institution offers a convenient place for the transaction of business and absolute security for their papers, diamonds, jewelry, etc. The terms for special deposits are liberal. For coupon securities, including bank bills, \$2 per \$1,000; registered securities, \$1 per \$1,000; wills for life, \$5, wills for year, \$1; deeds, mortgages, etc., \$1; savings bank books, per year, \$1.

This company invites the public to visit and see its methods of business, that the absolute security and great convenience it offers may be as widely known as possible.

Almost every one who reads this may find this institution beneficial to self or to some friend.

F. S. Bradley & Co., Manufacturers and Dealers in Paper, Twine and Hardware, 294 to 302 State Street.—Few branches of trade in the United States are of greater importance than that of manufacturing and dealing in hardware, naper and twine, and few demand more ability, foresight and close discrimination to attain successful results than this line of business. The enormous interests involved, the extent of its operations and the large number to whom it affords employment, impart to it an interest and importance which does not attach to other com-Here in New Haven no house mercial pursuits. in this particular line has a higher reputation or has given more uniform satisfaction to those who have had business relations with it than that of Messrs. F. S. Bradley & Co., whose immense es-tablishment takes in the whole of one of the large buildings from 294 to 302 State street. The building comprises five floors, each measuring 120x65 feet, and here is carried a full and complete stock of everything in the shape of general hardware, paper and twine, the paper department including manilla paper, tissue, glazed, "hardware," book, news, colored medium, and all general lines for printing and wrapping. Of twines they have always on hand, or manufacture to order, all descriptions of cotton, flax, hemp, jute, tarred, etc. The firm are very extensive dealers in every description of hardware, in which line they transact an extensive business, both wholesale and retail. Established in 1866 and conducted ever since its inception on sound, honest principles, combined with great business capacity and ability this firm quickly won a way for itself to the front rank in the trade, and at the present time enjoys a degree of prosperity and patronage second to none. Messrs. F. S. Bradley and Oscar Dikeman, the co-partners, are both men of energy and enterprise, as the success attained by them fully and amply attests, Mr. F. S. Bradley, the senior member of the firm, being President of the Yale National Bank, the active management of this immense business is in charge of Mr. Oscar Dikeman, the junior partner. Messrs. Bradley & Co., removed in November, 1886, from 412 State, where they had been for twenty years.

Leigh & Prindle, Ready-Made Clothing, 813 Chapel Street.-The business of this firm. although only founded some six although only founded some six juits equal has already assumed proportions fully equal to those of any of its contemporaries. premises occupied are commodious and ample, while the stock is displayed in an attrac-tive and tasteful manner. The salesrooms, presided over by six experienced and courteous salesmen, are fitted up in an elegant manner, with every convenience for the comfort of patrons in the way of dressing-rooms, large mirrows, etc. An inspection of the goods in stock reveals the fact that the very finest produc-tions of American and European woolen mills are employed in the manufacture of the suits etc., displayed, and that all are made up with the same care and attention as in the case of custom The range work by the best merchant tailors. of sizes is designed to fit all varieties of the human form, while the grades of style and quality are sufficient to meet the demands of the most exacting and fastidious. Messrs. Leigh & Prindle are highly esteemed by the community for their ability and probity, and give their personal supervision to all the business of their establishment, thereby insuring perfect content on the part of their numerous patrons, who are drawn from within a radius of fifty miles of New Ha-The policy upon which their business is ven. conducted is characterized by liberality and the careful fostering of the interests of their patrons, so that transactions once entered into with this house may be not only pleasant for the time being, but of a permanent nature. Owing to their increasing trade this firm have recently added a ditional floorage of 75x18 feet. All filled with one of the choicest assortments of ready-made clothes to be found in the country.

Clark & Ives, Wholesale Dealers in Cotton and Woolen Rags, Paper Stock and Metals, 13, 15, 17 and 21 Long Wharf.—There are few manufacturing processes so widely used and yet so little understood by the public as that by which soiled and unattractive rags are converted into paper of immaculate purity and snowy whiteness. A very large and important business is that done by those dealing in "paper-stock" as it is called, and it is a business which has enlisted the services of many of our most able men. One of the representative New Haven houses in this line of business is that of Clark & Ives, who are located at Nos. 13, 15, 17 and 21 Long Wharf. This firm was established in February, 1884, and suc-ceeded to the business of Dickinson & Co., who were located at the same place. An exclusively wholesale business is done in cotton and woolen rags, paper stock and metals, a very large and prosperous trade being enjoyed, necesstating the employment of twenty five persons and the occupancy of two entire buildings, one containing three floors, each 65x35 feet in dimenions, and the other four floors, in area 65x45 feet. In addition to these buildings a large yard is also utilized, and the entire premises during business hours present a scene of bustling activity. The firm packs standard grades of the stock in which they deal, and respectfully solicit correspondence. The firm constitutes Messrs. J. E. Clark and C. W. Ives.

The Mallory, Wheeler Company, (Estab-lished 1834.) Manufacturers of Door Locks, Latches, Knobs, Padlocks, Bronze Door Furniture, etc. New Haven, Conn., foot of Greene St.: New York Office and Warehouse, No. 64 Reade Street .- Measured by that most certain of standards, success, this enterprise is one of the greatest of America's industries, and its growth and progress have kept even pace with the wonderful advancement made in art during the past half century. The extensive works of the Mallory, Wheeler Company, on Greene street, are the outgrowth of the plant established in 1834 by Messrs. Pierpont & Hotchkiss, who in 1843 were succeeded by the firm of Pierpont, Mallory & Co., and they in 1852 by Messrs. Davenport & Mallory. A few years later, on the death of Mr. Davenport, the style and title of the concern became Mallory, Wheeler & Co., and to fully meet the requirements of the vast trade developed in home and foreign markets for their goods, the present joint-stock company was organized and incorporated in 1884. With abundant resources and facilities for supplying the great demand for their goods, the manufacture of locks, latches, knobs and door furniture has been continued on a scale of such proportions as to rank the company as the leading concern of the country in this branch of industrial enterprise, and the ability, tact and prudence of the management have been fruitful of grand achievement. The valuable plant is a model of completeness, and the works comprise twenty-three large buildings, covering an area equal to a full city block, with a handsome office building facing Greene street, their New York office and warehouse being at No. 64 Reade street.

The establishment is throughout equipped with the most improved labor-saving machinery operated by several large steam engines, and when running at full capacity an average of 500 workmen are employed in the numerous departments.

The Mallory, Wheeler Company are the leading manufacturers of door locks and latches, knobs, padlocks and bronze door furniture in the United States, and the concern is famous for the superior quality and elegant styles and designs of their manufactures throughout the civilized world.

The officers are: President and Treasurer, Fred'k B. Mallory; Vice-President, Rukard B. Mallory; Assistant Treasurer, Wm. H. Andrews; Secretary, Fred'k G. Cooper, men whose stand-ing and business worth challenge the confidence of their trade and correspondents everywhere, and whose financial and executive ability are steadily extending the influence of the company and its now vast trade.

The Thomas Alling Co., Lumber Merchants, 136 East Water Street, foot of Olive.—As old in honors as in years this leading lumber house has long been one of the trade landmarks of New Haven, and the prestige and influence of the concern has steadily increased with the lapse of years. The business now conducted by The Thomas Alling Co. was established nearly half a century ago by Messrs. Leonard, Pardee & Co., ably confirms the popular who, in 1867, were succeeded by the firm of G. and reliability of the bank.

& T. Alling. The existing stock company was organized and incorporated in 1886, and the enterprise inaugurated in 1843 at this time has attained proportions almost colossal. The office and extensive yards of the company are situate on East Water street, at the foot of Olive street, Olive and Brewery streets, and covering an area of nearly seven acres. Six large two-story buildings are occupied for storage and the manufacture of sash, doors, blinds, mouldings, etc., the factory being equipped with the best wood working machinery in use, driven by a steam engine of 150 horse power. A force of sixty workmen are employed by the company in this department and the concern possesses unsurpassed fa-cilities for supplying all kinds of rough and dressed lumber, frames, doors, blinds, mouldings, etc., in all the latest styles, and of superior quality, at lowest market prices, and for the execution of orders for planing, wood-turning, scroll sawing, etc., at short notice. Estimates are made and contracts faithfully performed by the company, and the honorable methods, promptitude and worth of the management challenges universal commendation and confidence.

The death of the lamented Mr. Thomas Alling in October, 1886, devolved upon Mr. J. Gibb Smith the duties of secretary and treasurer and also those of president, and in this dual capacity he has well and faithfully discharged his important trusts, and while the death of the president was a matter of deepest regret, involving the loss of one of the best known of New Haven's honored business men, the important interests of the corporation, in the keeping of Mr. Smith, are well and faithfully subserved, and the reputation of the concern is maintained unimpaired and its. usefulness unaffected.

Yale National Bank, 745 Chapel Street, New Haven .--- Under the name of the Quinnipiac Bank this institution was incorporated as a State bank in 1853, and under its present corporate name and style it was organized under the national banking laws in 1865.

From its inception to the present the affairs of the bank have been managed with consummate ability and prudence, and its condition inspires the utmost confidence.

The capital stock is \$750,000 and the surplus, not including undivided profits amounts to \$132,-000, a showing which unmistakably attests the integrity and worth of the management.

The building of the bank is large and imposing and the institution occupies the entire first floor, the rooms being equipped in the most tasteful manner and with every convenience for transac-tion and dispatch of business.

The officers of the bank are: President, F. S. Bradley; Cashier, J. A. Richardson; who with Messrs. H. S. Dawson, C. L. English, J. M. Ma-son, H. B. Ives, J. H. Leeds, E. S. Greeley, George F. Holcomb and George O. Cruttenden, constitute the board of directors.

This list represents many of the leading capi-talists, manufacturers and merchants of New Haven, and their standing and worth unmistakably confirms the popular faith in the stability The National Tradesmens Bank, 78 Orange Street, New Haven.—The National Tradesmens Bank of New Haven has long taken a leading place among the substantial financial institutions of New England.

It was organized as the 'Tradesmen's Bank of New Haven in 1855, under the laws of Connecticut, and was re-organized under the national banking laws in 1865. The bank have commodious apartments, occupying the entire building '8 Orange street, in their banking business. The appearance of the premises are in perfect keeping with the excellent management of the important business. The capital stock of the bank is \$300,000, and the surplus fund, exclusive of undivided profits, aggregating \$150,000, attests in an unmistakable manner the masterly management of affairs.

The statement published November 18, 1886, shows the total assets to be \$1,150,059.31, and the deposits during the year averaged nearly half a million, an evidence of the full confidence reposed in the officers and the sound condition of the institution.

The officers of the bank are as follows: President, M. G. Billiott; Vice-President, George A. Butler; Cashier, Wm. T. Field; Directors—Geo. A. Butler, M. G. Elliott, A. L. Kidston, A. W. De Forest, Stephen B. Butler, Robt. A. Brown, Chas. L. Mitchell, and Frank H. Hooker. The Vice-President, Mr. Geo. A. Butler, is a sound banker of twenty-five years experience, and is well-known as a writer on financial and economic questions.

Mr. Mitchell is one of the most influential members of Congress and represents the Second District of Connecticut, and the list of directors comprises some of the most substantial capitalists and successful business men of the city.

The George Alling's Sons' Company, Successors to George Alling & Son, Wholesale and Retail Lumber Merchants. Southern Pine Timber and Flooring a specialty. Manufacturers of Mouldings. Planing and Saw Mill, Wood Turning and Scroll Sawing; Black Walnut, Ash, Maple, Cherry, Whitewood, Mahogany, &c., 100 East Water Street, New Haven, Conn.-No careful review of the lumber trade of New Haven, its rise and progress, would be complete without special reference to the widely known and reliable concern, the George Alling's Sons' Company, whose offices are situated at No 100 East Water And in this connection it may be as well street. to call attention to the fact that few branches of trade in the United States are of greater importance than the handling of lumber, and few demand more ability, foresight, and close dis-crimination to attain successful results. The company in question succeeded the old established firm of George Alling & Son, and no house in the trade maintains a higher reputation, or has rendered more uniformly satisfactory services to those having business relations with it. The business, which is both wholesale and retail, is very extensive, is steadily increasing, and affords constant employment to quite a large number of The yards in which the large stocks of hands. lumber are stored are spacious and commodious in every respect, and contain a valuable assortment, including Southern pine timber and flooring, of which a specialty is made; North Carolina

pine ceiling and flooring; black walnut, ash, maple, cherry, whitewood, mahogany, etc. They are also large manufacturers of mouldings, and have quite an extensive connection in the line of sawing and planing, wood turning in general, and scroll work of every description. The officers of the company, all practical men of long experience in the business, are as follows: President, Charles E. Alling; treasurer, George A. Alling; secretary, E. H. Barnum.

Stevens & Brooks, Dealers in Hats, Furs, Trunks, Bags, Gloves, etc., 795 Chapel Street.— In a volume of this nature, we know of no firm more deserving of special mention than that of Messrs. Stevens & Brooks, manufacturers and dealers in hats, furs, trunks, bags, gloves, etc., who are located at No. 795 Chapel street, and who are truly a representative house in



this particular line of business. Messrs. Stevens & Brooks have been established here since 1876, succeeding the firm of Crofut & Co., and are well known by the residents of New Haven as a reliable and trustworthy con-In the way of hats, trunks and furs they cern. transact a large and ever-increasing business, a fact which enables them to keep their everchanging stock replete with all the very latest styles and novelties. Of trunks and bags they carry an immense assortment from the largest and heaviest "Saratoga," to the daintiest of ladies' hand satchels. Gloves, too, of all kinds, are to be found here in almost endless variety, and it would be hard to find an establishment where lower prices, consistent, of course, with quality, can be quoted. The sales of this firm are chiefly local, both wholesale and retail, and among their patrons are the leading residents of New Haven. One portion of the premises occupied by Messrs. Stevens & Brooks is devoted to the storage of furs during the Summer months, and in this department the utmost care is exercised in guarding the goods from damage of any and all kinds. Both members of the co-partnership have won a high reputation in trade circles, not only for their genial, social qualities, but for their strict integrity and honorable business methods.

They are sole agents in this city for the celebrated Youman's hats.

Connecticut Savings Bank, of New Haven .-The banks and financial organizations of this city have long maintained an influential place in the commercial world. Their well-balanced and conservative management has been a most important factor in our municipal prosperity and commercial stability; while their growth and use-fulness has been in keeping with the development of New Haven's commerce, and they constitute the solid bed-rock upon which is founded the results of commercial enterprise and capacity. Prominent among the leading financial institu-tions of the city is the Connecticut Savings Bank, which was first organized as far back as 1857, and has successfully weathered all the financial storms which have passed over the country between then and the present time. Its management has always been in the hands of clearheaded business men, noted for conservative judgment and ability. Its present board of ofjudgment and ability. Its present board of of-ficers is as follows: President, James E. English, ex-Governor of the State; Vice President, Luzon B. Morris, ex-Judge of Probate; Treasurer, Elliot H. Morse; Trustees, Gov. Charles R. Ingersoll, Lucius R. Finch, Postmaster Benjamin R. English, Daniel Trowbridge, Horace J. Mor-ton, T. Attwater Barnes, Amos F. Barnes, Philo Chatfield and Henry H. Bunnell. According to the annual statement, published Feb. 1st, 1887, the total assets of the bank were no less than \$4,312,000.89. The deposits amounted to \$3,803,-841.21, with a surplus fund, over and above all liabilities, of \$103,798.64. The officers of the bank are in every way worthy of the business transacted, and since its inception each and every transaction has been conducted on the firmest and best principles.

John H. G. Durant, Practical Watch-Maker, and Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Spectacles and Jewelry, 38 and 40 Church Street - A prominent concern engaged in this line is John H. G. Durant's. This business was started by Mr. Durant in 1879, who has been successful from the first, and is now the proprietor of the large and com-



modious store previously mentioned, comprising 2 floors, 40x30 feet and 150x 40 feet in size, respectively. Here can be found a magnificent stock of jewelry of the finest workmanship, and most artistic design and finish, and everything in the jewelry line that is to be found in a firstclass and thorough-

ly equipped establishment of this kind.

Mr. Durant is a practical optician and is thoroughly conversant with the qualities of the many and varied aids to restore lost vision, which he carries in stock.

In connection with his large retail and jobbing business, Mr. Durant makes a specialty of antique clocks. From the first this house has achieved success, a fact largely due to the energy and business tact shown by Mr. Durant.

H. W. Stow, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Yellow Pine and North Carolina Lumber. Office With many years experience in the lumber business, in his responsible connection with the New Haven Steam Saw Mill Co., the subject of this notice acquired all the knowledge of every detail of this important branch of trade, and as a wholesale and retail dealer, he established himself in New Haven in 1885.

The office and yards of this reliable, energetic merchant are desirably located for his purposes at foot of Chapel street, No. 371, with every facility for receipt, storage, and shipment of his mer-chandise. He occupies two large buildings, 80x50 feet, and 100x30 feet, respectively, as warerooms, and his yards have capacity for 4,000,000 square feet of lumber. He carries a heavy stock of yellow pine, and North Carolina and Cypress lumber, timber, plank, flooring, ceiling, &c.; and supplies at lowest possible prices in car-load lots the best Southern lumber in the market. He makes a specialty of heavy timber for bridges, factories, railroads, ship-yards, &c., and possesses every advantage necessary to furnish merchandise of standard excellence, finished or in the rough, in any quantities, and for any desired pur-His promptitude in filling orders, dispatch pose. in delivering and forwarding merchandise, and honorable methods, have always commanded the confidence of his trade, and have made this house a desirable one with which to deal. Mr. Stow is a New Haven man by birth, and is a successful representative business man in all that is signified by the term.

M. A. Tomlinson, Dealer in Ladies' Fancy Goods, Corsets, Bustles, &c., 822 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn .- This is one of the most en terprising Ladies' Furnishing Goods Houses in the city, and is one deserving of special mention in this historical review of the industries of New Haven. This house was founded in 1869 by Miss K. Riley, but nine

> years ago cameinto the manage-ment of M. A.

Tomlinson, the

present proprie-tress. The prem-

ises occupied are

large and commo-

handsomely fitted

and well appoint-

ed and stocked.

There is a fine dis-

play of ladies' furnishing goods, in-

throughout,

corsets,

a

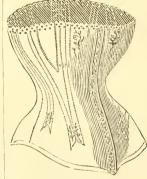
are

dious, and

up

eluding

bustles.



&c., specialty being made of the well known "Alaska Down Bustles." Also a full line of infants' clothing. The stock throughout is new, choice, and fresh, and everything pertaining to the ladies furnishing goods trade is to be found represented here in excellent quality. Courteous assistants serve customers promptly and intelligently, and the prices are such that they cannot be surpassed by any competing house. M. A. Tomlinson is thoroughly proficient in every branch of the business, and knows the exact requirements of the trade and the public, and can always meet them in the most satisfactory manner. The house is one to be commended for its upright and liberal policy. A specialty is made of re dressing crape, which is furnished equal to new in twelve hours,



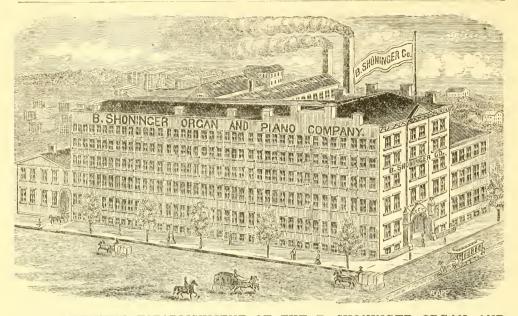
Stoddard, Kimberly & Co., Wholesale Gro-cers and Importers, 213 and 215 Water Street.-Of those houses engaged in the wholesale grocery trade it is entirely safe to assert that none in this city occupy a position more entitled to consideration than the firm of Stoddard, Kimberly & Co., whose spacious establishment is now located at 213 and 215 Water street, formerly at Nos. 306 and 312 State street, both in reference to the high commercial standing of the gentlemen comprising the firm and the large scale upon which their operations are conducted, also the extent of the business transacted and its influence upon the market. This house was established in 1838 and has always held a prominent place in the grocery trade through all the changes incident to a career covering a period of forty-nine years. With such an established reputation it is no matter of surprise that the house has always been a favorite one appropriating a very large share of the trade transacted in and tributary to New IIaven, and do the largest business in this line in the State. Their facilities so far as regards the premises occupied for the successful operation of business, are all that could be desired, no house having as ample accommodations or eligibly situated buildings. The new building recently erected by them at 213 and 215 Water street is 50x126 feet in dimensions and five stories high. There are two elevators run by a gas engine and every convenience is at hand for conducting an immense trade. Here may be found a large and judiciously selected stock of staple and fancy groceries. They carry a full and complete line of sugars, coffees, teas, spices and syrups. They have unexcelled facilities for the prompt delivery of all goods. The individual members of the firm are E. G. Stoddard, A. H. Kimberly and C. B. Gilbert, all enterprising and reliable business

men, well known throughout the community. As the firm has been so long before the public and is so well known to the trade we are not called upon to make any personal comments concerning its members. This house carry on a large importing trade in molasses, syrups, etc., etc., of which they make a specialty, besides their domestic goods and altogether a very extensive business is done, extending over a large circuit. Their new building will be found very accessible for out-of-town patrons, being opposite the N. Y., N. H. and H. passenger depot and the next block to the New Haven & Derby.



I. Rosenberg & Co., Manufacturers of the I. R. and Bindoline Corsets, New York Office, 384 and 386 Broadway; Factory, Atlantic Works, New Haven -To the dry goods trade of the country the house of I. Rosenberg & Co., manufacturers of the celebrated I. R. and Bindoline corsets is well and favorably known, and for many years the firm have occupied a prominent place among the successful manufacturing concerns of New England. The factory, known as Atlantic Works, Nos. 3, 5 and 7 Factory street, has been in successful operation to its full capacity since the business was inaugurated in The premises comprise a large and sub-1879. stantial four story building, provided throughout with improved labor-saving machinery of the latest patterns driven by steam, and a very large force of operatives are employed in the several departments of the establishment. The output of the Atlantic Works comprises the I. R. and Bindoline brands of corsets, which after years of thorough trial are pronounced the most comfortable, durable and desirable in the market, and the low prices at which they are supplied to jobbers and the trade, and the satisfaction they give to ladies everywhere, have steadily increased the demand for these corsets, and the trade of the house has in consequence attained most important proportions and is steadily increasing.

The honorable methods, tact and energy of these reliable manufacturers have always commanded universal confidence, and in general regard the house is one with which it is desirable to maintain business relations. The New York office and warerooms of the concern are at 384 and 386 Broadway.



THE EXTENSIVE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE B. SHONINGER ORGAN AND PIANO COMPANY.

The B. Shoninger Organ and Piano Company, Corner Chapel and Chestnut Sts., New Haven.-The long established reputation of the Shoninger organs and pianos, as first-class, superior instru-ments in every signification of the term, makes the trade of that well known house a large item in the aggregate of business centering in New Haven, the magnitude of which has given not to this city her pre-eminence among the great manufactures and trade cities of New England. The B. Shoninger Organ and Piano Company have successfully eatered to the musical tastes of the people of this and foreign lands for 37 years, and their instruments, always "first among their equals," are, in the opinion of musical experts, the nearest approach to perfection yet attained. The continued success of this great concern is the logical result of their keeping pace with the times and by adopting every modern improvement of merit in the manufacture of their planos and organs, and for beauty, finish, tone, durability and general excellence, their instruments are unsurpassed. The premises utilized in the prosecution of the business comprise several large, imposing, and substantial buildings, located at Nos. 97 to 121 Chestnut street, corner of Chapel street. The main building is six stories in height, dimensions 300x140 feet on Chestnut street, 95x140 feet on Chapel street. With complete facilities in the way of a valuable plant, ample cash capital, expert specialists at the head of the several departments, the company manufacture large quantities of the world famous Cymbella Orchestral Organs, and Upright Piano-fortes, with a magnifi-cent chime of thirty Swiss bells; the favorite instruments with professional artists for the special purposes for which they are made. These instruments are perfect in construction, warranted equal to the best in use, and quality con-

sidered, they are the cheapest instruments in the market. Mr. B. Shoninger is the president and treasurer, and Mr. S. B. Shoninger is the sceretary of this representative concern, and with Mr. J. Shoninger, constitute the Board of Directors. All are expert, practical organ and piano builders, and with the numerous houses competing for the home and foreign trade, they have for over a quarter of a century kept even pace, and to-day they survive many concerns which were formidable rivals in their day.

The honorable methods of this truly great company, and the standard excellence of their manufactures, have culminated in the attainment of a strong hold on the confidence of dealers and the general public, and their future gives promise of continued prosperity and usefulness.

Wells & Calhoun, Wholesale Druggists, 314and 316 State Street, New Haven, Conn.—It would be difficult to name a branch of businessmore important to the community than that devoted to drugs and chemicals, or one demanding on the part of those engaged in it, more ability and scientific knowledge. A prominent house in this line of business here in New Haven, is that of Messrs. Wells & Calhoun, who occupy spacious and commodious premises at Nos. 314 and 316 State street. This business was established in 1883, when the firm name was "R. Wells & Co.," the present style being adopted in 1885, when Mr. F. S. Calhoun became interested. The premises occupied consist of four floors, one measuring 140x35 feet, and the other three each 130x35 feet, which are fully and completely stocked with drugs and medicines of all kinds, druggists' sundries, &c., which are unsurpassed for quality, purity, and general excellence by those of any other first-class house engaged in the same line of trade. The purity of drugs and chemicals is a matter so much depending upon the honor of the house from which they are obtained, that it is necessary for druggists and the retail trade to obtain their supplies from firms whose reputation makes their representations thoroughly reliable. Such a house is that of Messrs. Wells & Calhoun. Their trade, already a large one, is rapidly on the increase, and extends throughout the States of Connecticut, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island. In fact, the growth and popularity of this responsible house are the result of the energy of its proprietors, who maintain the character and quality of its goods, and thus meet the exacting demands of the trade.

**Yale, Bryan & Co.,** Wholesale Grocers, 105, 107, 109 and 111 State Street.—As in all other important trade centers, so in New Haven—the wholesale grocery trade forms a large item in the aggregate of commercial business, and in this field of enterprise it is eminently true that the energetic, live, and progressive merchants alone succeed.

For nearly thirty years this house has kept even pace with the wonderful growth of New Haven in all that goes to make her the supply source for merchandise of every description for a wide range of territory. The business was established in 1859, by Messrs. Yale & Bryan, the partnership as it now exists being formed by the admission of Messrs. Miner and Read in 1882. Messrs. Yale, Bryan & Co. occupy for business purposes their large and substantial four story building, Nos. 105, 107, 109 and 111 State street, and have storehouses conveniently located for shipping. They carry a heavy stock of the most desirable kinds of fancy and staple grocerics, and make a specialty of teas, coffees and spices. Their facilities for promptly supplying the trade with merchandise of standard excellence at lowest, current, wholesale rates, are unsurpassed by any competing house in their line in New England.

To conduct the large trade of the firm necessitates the constant employment of twenty clerks and assistants, and the liberal dealing and honorable methods of Messrs. Yale, Bryan & Co., commands the confidence of the retail trade throughout the New England and adjoining States.

out the New England and adjoining States. The firm are publishers of the "Commercial Trader," a paper devoted to the interests of grocers, giving prices current and much other valuable information. They are agents for the Celluloid Starch, a specialty for collars and cuffs, and the Bridal Vail Flour, and Home Light Oil. They offer special inducements to purchasers of their fine specialties in spices and canned goods, and their efforts to please the trade has developed an immense trade in this line of goods. Messrs. E. P. Yale, E. Bryan, R. J. Minor, and

Messrs. E. P. Yale, E. Bryan, R. J. Minor, and S. H. Read are the individual members of this successful firm. They are all Connecticut men by birth, and exercise great influence for good in the development of the business resources of the city.

Mr. Bryan was one of the Selectmen of New Haven during the war, and was for two years a prominent and esteemed member of the Board of Aldermen of the place, but with the increased business, the demand upon their house has been

such that the members of the firm are obliged to decline all political honors, although ever willing to do their share in the support of the best interests of the city.



Moseley's New Haven House, Seth H. Moseley, Proprietor, Fronting the Park, Opposite Yale University, New Haven.—This comfortable hotel has long been the first-class house in New Haven in all that constitutes a refined home for strangers during their sojourn in this city either on business or visiting their friends in college.

on business or visiting their friends in college. The house, which occupies one of the finest locations in New Haven, being situated on Chapel street opposite the university, was built and opened in 1851 by Mr. Augustus R. Street, and by him donated to Yale College, from which in-stitution it was purchased by Mr. Moseley in 1867. With abundant experience at the Massasoit of Springfield and as the proprietor of New York's recherche Brevoort, Mr. Moseley brings to the management of the New Haven House all the requirements necessary for providing for his guests in the most satisfactory manner. With accommodations for 200 persons, and with every appointment and convenience for the comfort of guests, there is not a more desirable hotel in New England. A commodious passenger elevator is now in course of construction, which will render the upper rooms as desirable as the lower stories.

The menu is unexceptionable, nothing but the very best being served. The beds are as good as the best. The New Haven House is homelike. The University with its attractions, the city with its surroundings, the pleasant drives to the shore of Long Island Sound and to East Rock Park all combine to make New Haven an attractive place for a longer or shorter sojourn for the traveler on his way to or from the pure air and beautiful scenery of the hills and mountains of New England.

Mr. Moseley is also the proprietor of the well known excellent restaurant in the New Haven railway station, and with his son conducts the dining-car service of the Boston and New York route (via Springfield and Worcester) on the limited express trains leaving New York and Boston at 11 a. m. and 4.30 p. m. The dining cars are attached to the above trains at New Haven going to Boston and at Worcester going to New York. The service of these cars is acknowledged by experienced travelers to be the best in the United States. North's Insurance Agency, 70 Church Street. —In every city there is one representative house in the insurance line, who present only the strongest and oldest companies with a knowl edge of every detail of the business which can only be gained by a long and practical experience. In this connection the well known house of J. G. & J. C. North, which was originally established by the senior member of the firm in 1843, possesses to a marked degree every facility for carrying ou the business in a manner eminently satisfactory, not only to the long list of sound companies they represent, but to their large circle of policyholders, among whom will be found many of the leading business houses of New Ilaven.

In the placing of insurance a careful business man will exercise the same care in the selection of fire insurance companies as in the matter of opening accounts. The companies represented by Messrs J. G. & J. C. North, have a total of over \$110,000,000 in assets, an advantage which every business man will readily admit.

Among the compunies represented by this firm we will mention the following: The Liverpool, London and Globe and the Royal of England, the Ætna of Hartford, the Insurance Co. of North America, the Phœnix of Hartford, the Hartford of that city, the National, Hartford County Mutual Fire Ins. Co., Travellers' Accident and Life and the Conn. Mutual Life, the Fire Association and Penn Fire Ins. Co's of Philadelphia, the Commercial Union of England.

The above comprises the strongest list of insurance companies ever presented to the public of this city.  $Mr_1$  John G. North is the oldest agent of the Conn. Mutual Life in the United States. A fact worthy of note is that since this agency was first established in 1843, every loss has been promptly paid, and upon the books of this firm are many names of houses prominent aleading business establishments, who have, year after year, renewed their policies through this reliable firm, some of whom have been customers over forty years.

Owing to the extent of the business done by the Messrs. North, they have no less than six experienced and capable assistants in their office who are employed in attending to their large patronage. The members of this firm are John G. and his son, J. C. North Both gentlemen have resided here for the greater part of their lives, and have become identified with the best interests of the city.

Merchants National Bank, of New Haven.— This is one of the ably managed and reliable financial institutions of Connecticut, and its influence has long been felt in the conduct of trade and manufactures in this city and section. It was organized and incorporated as the Merchants' Bank in 1851, and was reorganized under the National Banking Laws in 1865. It has a paid up capital stock of \$500,000 and its surplus fund of \$100,000 is conclusive as to the excellent management of its affairs and the prudence and financial ability of the officers and directors.

The corporation occupies for banking purposes their entire building, 40x100 feet in size, and the appointments and arrangement of the banking rooms, offices, vaults, etc., are complete and elegant as could be desired.

The officers are: Hon. H. B. Bigelow, President; J. C. Bradley, Cashier, and the Board of Directors is composed as follows: H. B. Bigelow, N. F. Hall, H. J. Morton, J. S. Beach, S. E. Merwin, Philo Chatfield, E. S. Kimberly, C. S. Mersick and Wm. W. Converse. The first president of this bank was Nathan

The first president of this bank was Nathan Peck, well known as of the firm of Peck Bros. the leading West India merchants of that day. Mr. Peck was the only president until Mr. Bigelow was elected to the office shortly after the decease of Mr. Peck, which occurred in 1882.

In this list we find the names of mcn eminent in financial matters as well as in State and municipal affairs, names which carry with them that guarantee of integrity and intelligence in the management of the important affairs of stockholders and depositors, which inspires universal confidence and which has made the institution a great and notable success. Hon. H. B. Bigelow nlled with eminent ability the gubernatorial chair of Connecticut in 1880–2, and his confreres have always been like him, foremost in all that tends toward the general welfare of the State and city.

The first president of the bank was Mr. Nathan Peck well known as of the firm of Peck Bros., the leading West India Merchants of that day. Mr. Peck was the only President until Mr. Bigelow was elected to the office directly after the decease of Mr. Peck, which occurred in 1882.

Lewis & Maycock, Undertakers, 1,012 & 1,014 Chapel Street .- The proper payment of the last tributes which we can offer to the memory of the departed necessitates the employment of a competent, experienced undertaker-one who will not outrage the feelings of the living by an ostentatious and disagreeable display of the outward" trappings of woe," but one who will perform his duties in a manner indicative of a due appreciation of the solemnity of the occasion and a proper regard for the sensitive feelings of others. The business of an undertaker is one which involves the performance of many disagreeable and delicate tasks, and requires the exercise of no inconsiderable tact and feeling of a peculiar nature. Such tact and feeling is certainly possessed in a remarkable degree by Messrs. Lewis & Maycock, who commenced the business of undertaking, in all its numerous branches, at Nos. 1,012 and 1,014 Chapel street, in the month of March, 1886. They are both young men, and both hail from Buffalo, N. Y., where they were well known and highly thought of in both business and social circles

The establishment is one of the finest in New England, and their spacious and elegant warerooms are stocked with the choicest goods manufactured, including many plush-covered red-cedar caskets, copper and zinc metallics and the celebrated Boyd Grave Vault, for which this firm are sole agents in New Haven.

These gentlemen are fully conversant with every detail of their business and take full charge of every arrangement in connection with the sad ceremonies at the burial of the dead. Although only recently established here Messrs. Lewis & Maycock have already conducted some of the funerals of our best and wealthiest citizens, and have given the most unqualified satisfaction by their courtesy and kindness.

84

Sargent & Co., Manufacturers Hardware, Water, corner Wallace Street .-- This concern has long held a foremost place among the successful manufacturing houses of New England, and is second to none in its special line of industry in the United States, either as to variety or quality of its product. The immense foundries and factories of the firm cover many acres of ground, largely recovered from the sea, and an army of over 1,700 workmen find constant employment in the works. The vast amount of valuable machinery is operated by immense steam engines, and the plant is one of the most extensive and complete in the country.

The output comprises an almost infinite variety of builders', house furnishing, cabinet and undertakers' hardware, harness snaps, etc., embracing almost every specialty in this wide range of merchandise. The most complete facilities for manufacture and shipment of goods and receipt, handling and storage of raw material and finished goods, are possessed by the house, and the successful conduct of the vast business operations of the firm for over a quarter of a century unmistakably attests the great executive ability, business tact and intelligence of the management.

The New York warehouse and office are located at 37 Chambers street, from which point the bulk of the productions are shipped to all parts of the United States and many foreign countries, the export trade of the house constituting a large item in the great aggregate of their business.

The officers of the company are as follows: President, Joseph B. Sargent; Treasurer, George Lewis Sargent; Superintendents, Henry B. Sargent, Permort Bradford and others in the various departments, names which, among the lead-ing jobbers in hardware and the trade generally throughout the United States are as familiar as household words.

This great industry is one of which the city may well boast and is a credit to the energy and enterprise of these successful manufacturers.

Strong, Barnes, Hart & Co., Wholesale Deal-ers in Beef, 163, 165, 167 & 169 Long Wharf, New Haven .- This is doubtless the oldest and probably the largest wholesale meat house in New Haven, and for many years has been the leading source of supply for the markets of this city and section. The extensive warehouse and office of the firm are located on Long Wharf, Nos. 163 to 169, and comprise the entire twostory building, 135 feet in front by 200 feet in depth, with excellent wharves, and every convenience for receipt, storage and shipment of immense quantities of dressed beef. An idea of the volume of the firm's trade may be gathered from the fact that they handle 10,000 beef carcasses per year, consigned principally from Swift and Armour's abattoirs in Chicago and St. Louis, and 30,000 lambs and sheep are annually slaughtered for the house. The exceptional fa cilities for supplying the best Western dressed beef, lamb and mutton in the country at lowest possible prices, and for the prompt delivery of any quantity of merchandise, however large, to points near and remote, have resulted in an excellence throughout the whole country.

enormous trade with dealers throughout this and adjoining States, requiring the employment of 20 hands, and the operations of the concern are constantly extending.

This responsible, representative firm consists of Messrs, Horace H. Strong, Herbert Barnes, Franklin H. Hart, Edward F. Mansfield and Geo. F. Burgess, all of whom are natives of New Haven, and are most favorably known in business and political circles.

This firm was inaugurated in 1854 by Messrs. Strong and Hart, who four years later admitted Messrs. Barnes and Doolittle and later Mr. Mansfield. The present firm was organized in 1872, and under the style and title given in the caption of this notice they have since conducted the important business with gratifying success.

John E. Bassett & Co., Hardware and Cutlery, Manufacturers' and Builders' Supplies, 754 Chapel Street, 318 and 320 State Street.-It is a positive pleasure to come across such a concern as that of John E. Bassett's; its history, which dates back to 1784, is so interesting, and the reminiscences in connection with it so redolent of "the good old days of long ago" that there is quite a fascination about the old place. It was founded by a young man named Street, as far back as 1784. He continued until 1792, when he became associated with Mr. Samuel Hughes. Together they carried on the business until 1802, from which time up to 1821, owing to the unsettled state of trade, they dissolved and re-formed partnerships at intervals. In 1821 Mr. Street retired from active interest in the business, dying in 1841. Mr. Hughes continued to carry on the business, and upon his death, 1844, his large fortune and business was left to his son, Mr. E. B. M. Hughes, who conducted it alone until 1855, at which time, by the admission of Mr. John E. Bassett to the firm, its style became as at present, Mr. Hughes remaining as senior until his death in 1864. In 1865, Mr. H. N. Jarvis be-came associated with Mr. Bassett as partner, remaining as such during three years, after which time he removed to Denver, Col., where he has since resided, engaged in farming operations. Mr. Bassett looks back over the shadows of nearly thirty-eight years' association with the spot known as 754 Chapel street, whence he came as a boy in 1846. The distinction is accorded him of having been longer in one place on Chapel street than any man now in business there. The times his feet have crossed the threshold in attention to his duties during all these years, we leave as a problem to those interested in abstruse mathematical calculations. It will be noted as exceptional that since the foundation of this business in 1784 it has never been sold out; a surviving partner always carrying forward the business. The little wooden building is but a memory now, but its successor a little above, by repeated additions and enlargements, now extends from 754 Chapel street to 318 and 320 State, thus appropriately encircling its birthplace.

One can obtain here anything and everything in the line of Hardware and Cutlery, and all, too, at prices and of a quality which has made the name of the head of the firm a synonym for Wooster A. Ensign & Son, Iron, Steel and Manufacturers' Supplies, 53 Orange Street.—As old in honors as in years, this well known house has long held a prominent place among the important mercantile interests of New Haven.

The business was inaugurated by the head of the present firm in 1847, and under the style and name of Wooster A. Ensign the large and growing trade of the present concern has been successfully conducted since 1874, when the firm name became W. A. Ensign & Son, Mr. W. P. Ensign having been admitted to an interest in the business at that date. Keeping pace with the improvements in the quality of iron and steel, and representing some of the most eminently successful manufacturers in the United States, those requiring merchandise in this line either for sale or use, find at this establishment the best goods in the market at manufacturers' prices, and in variety suited to all requirements.

The fine store and warerooms of Messrs. En sign & Son are centrally located, and are 93x200 feet in dimensions, and the stock is always complete and comprehensive, including every description of cast and compressed steel, wrought and cast iron, shafting, pulleys and other requirements of manufacturers and workers in iron and steel. The facilities of this firm for supplying merchandise at minimum rates and of standard excellence are unsurpassed by any competing house in New England, and their trade has for forty years steadily increased, until at present writing the house has attained prominence among the representative iron and steel merchants of this section. The business is both wholesale and retail, and is a large item in the great aggregate of trade centering in New Haven. The Messrs, Ensign are natives of this city,

The Messrs. Ensign are natives of this city, and are recognized as energetic, progressive and successful business men, and influential publicspirited citizeus.

Wilson, McNeil & Co., General Insurance Agency, 708 Chapel Street, Masonic Building.-Possessing complete facilities for effecting reliable insurance on property, real or personal, against fire or lightning, to any amount, in many of the leading, oldest and most substantial companies doing business in the United States, the above well-known and popular underwriters have long conducted the principal fire and accident insurance agency in New Haven. Their offices are located at 708 Chapel street, and occupy part of the second floor of the Masonic building, 50x60 feet in dimensions, which in its appointments is a model of elegance and completeness. The company represents the largest number, the oldest and many of the strongest companies in existence, the list including more than thirty of the great insurance corporations of the world, the great insurance corporations of the world, among which are the following: American, of Newark: American, of New York; Atlautie F. & M., of Providence; Buffalo German, of Buffa-lo; Firemen's, of Newark; Farragut, of New York; Ins. Co., State of Penn., Phila.; Mer-chants, of Newark; Merchants, of New York; Milwaukee Mechanics; Newark Fire, of New-ark; New Hampshire, of Manchester; New York Bowery, of New York; Northern Assur-ance, of England: Queen Ins. Co. England: ance, of England; Queen Ins. Co., England; ness succes Phœnix, of London; Rochester German, of New and worth.

York; Sun Fire, Office England; Traders' Ins. Co., Chicago; Union Ins. Co., Philadelphia; United Firemen's, of Philadelphia; United States, of New York; Washington F. & M., Boston; Western Assurance, Toronto; (For Steam Boilers, Plate Glass and Accident) Fidelity and Casuality Co., New York. Messrs. Wilson, McNeil & Co. are thus enabled

Messrs. Wilson, McNeil & Co. are thus enabled to place insurance on dwelling houses, churches household furniture, merchandise, stores, manu. factories, farm property, etc., at minimum ratesof premium, and to any desired amount, as against loss or damage by fire or lightning, as well as persons, plate glass and boilers against accident, and in the promptitude in adjusting losses and thorough reliability of these representative underwriters, the fullest confidence universally obtains.

This agency was established by Mr. Charles Wilson, who, for nearly half a c-ntury, has been in the insurance business and fully maintained this leadership among competitors, and under present management of this agency, the prestige and patronage of the old house has been admirably maintained.

Messrs. Wilson and McNeil, the individual members of this live firm, are natives of New Haven and Salisbury, Ct., respectively, and are recognized as successful, responsible business conducted by this firm has attained most important proportions, and at this writing necessitates the employment of some seven or eight clerks. All losses are adjusted through the office here, and vexatious delays are always avoided.

Charles C. Ford's Newspaper Advertising Agency, Insurance Building, New Haven .--- With his elegant offices in the Insurance Building, on Chapel street, Mr. Chas. C. Ford is conducting a very large business as a newspaper advertising agent, and his is the leading concern of the kind in the State. He represents the leading daily and weekly newspapers in every part of the Union, and has facilities for placing advertising to the best possible advantages at publishers' lowest prices, and his long experience in the business makes him competent authority and confidence in his judgment is invariably well placed. volume of his business has obtained such large proportions as to necessitate the employment of twelve competent clerks, and his exhaustive knowledge of the size, locality and nature of the circulation of newspapers in every important trade center in the United States is of inestimable advantage to advertisers. Prompt and reliable in his engagements Mr. Ford has, since he established his agency here in 1878, enjoyed the patronage of the leading advertisers in the United States. and he has always maintained himself in the regard and esteem of his patrons and correspondents at home and abroad.

Mr. Ford is a "native and to the manner born," and is one of the influential, prominent citizens of New Haven. He fills with credit and ability a scat in the City Council, and in every movement toward the general good he is active and vigilant. He is a genial gentleman, and his business success is the logical sequence of his ability and worth. Mayer, Strouse & Company, Manufacturers of Corsets and Corset Clasps, 60 Court Street, New Haven; Warerooms: 412 Broadway, N. Y.—Great even by comparison with the greatest industries of the country and with reference to kindred enterprises the largest in the world, this concern has for many years occupied a conspicuous place in trade circles of the United States. The business was inaugurated by Messrs. I. Strouse & Co. in 1863, and has had from the beginning a growth almost phenomenal. Since 1881 the firm as at present constituted has continued operations on a most extended scale, and at this writing the business necessitates the employment of 1,200 operatives.

The office is located at No. 60 Court street. The works comprise seven large and substantial brick buildings, most of which are four stories in height, and giving in the aggregate a floor surface of nearly three acres, or to be exact 104,700 square feet. This immense establishment is equipped throughout with labor saving machinery of improved designs, operated by a steam engine of 75 horse-power. The output of the concern is enormous, and comprises over 300 different styles of corsets, of all grades and kinds, including numerous patterns of the most popular 4 inds in the market, suited to all requirements of the trade throughout the world.

The productions of Messrs. Mayer, Strouse & Co. are sold to jobbers in all parts of the world, and are standard everywhere. The utmost care is taken to preserve the reputation of their merchandise, and to keep pace with improvements in construction, shape and designs in their goods.

Messrs. Abraham Strauss, Max Adler and S. I. Mayer are the individual members of this well known firm. Mr. Adler is a resident of New Haven, and superintends the manufacturing operations of the house. Messrs. Mayer & Strouse are in charge of the warerooms at 412 Broadway. The product of the factory is shipped to all parts of the world. This firm is known as one of the most substantial concerns in the country.

Leonard Bostwick, Manufacturer of Fine Harness and Dealer in All Kinds of Horse Equipments, 29 Orange, corner Crown Street.—The oldest and most reliable house engaged in the harness trade in this city is that of L. Bostwick,



whose finely arranged establishment is located at No. 29 Orange street, corner Crown. This business was established in 1795 by Charles Bostwick, born in Durham, Conn., who admitted his son George as partner in 1822. native of New Haven. In 1824 his son, Mr. Charles Bostwick, Jr., succeeded to control, succeeded in 1868 by his son J. A. Bostwick, who was in 1878 succeeded by representative, successful the present proprietor. This business from its

start has been carried on by the same family. The premises occupied comprise two floors, 60x 30 feet in dimensions, the first floor being used as a salesroom and the upper floor as a manufacturing department. Ten skilled hands are employed, and the best class of saddles, harness, etc., are manufactured to order. The premises are well arranged and equipped with every facility for carrying on his large trade. In the salesrooms will be found a full and elegant line of all kinds of horse equipment, horse boots of every discrip-tion being kept constantly on hand. Trunks covered and repaired at short notice and in a satisfactory manner. All Mr. Bostwick's goods are offered at the lowest prices consistent with good materal and workmanship. As may be supposed the trade is large, and ranges throughout the United States. A visit to this fine establishment will prove profitable to all requiring anything in the lines above mentioned. Mr. Bostwick is a native of New Haven, and has been Treasurer of Hiram Lodge, F. & A. M., and also a member of the Grays, and conducts his business upon a liberal and honorable policy.

M. Seward & Son, Carriage Hardware, 114 Bristol Street.—As manufacturers of specialties in carriage hardware, the house of M. Seward & Son is famous throughout the Old World and the New, and its history, covering a period of forty years, is one of steady progress in the quality of its output and of decided and uninterrupted prosperity. The business was established in 1844 by the senior member of the firm, Mr. Moses Seward, who in 1871, associated his son, Mr. F. Seward, with himself in the enterprise.

Messrs. Seward & Son's factory buildings cover an area of 13,500 square feet, with grounds of double that amount. The establishment is equipped throughout with the latest and best machin-. ery in use. With a forty horse-power engine as motor, and a force of thirty-five experienced carriage builders, trimmers and finishers are constantly employed in the various departments. The trade of the firm aggregates \$150,000 per annum, and 300,000 dozen clips per year are turned out, besides 175,000 dozen foot rails, gear and back irons, canopy top standards, and sockets, dash feet, brace ends, dashers, offsets, collars, shifting rails, joint ends, clip yokes, &c., these being the specialties of the house. These include many novel and beautiful designs of Mr. Seward, Sr., and the world over, the manufactures of the firm are esteemed of standard excel-lence, and especially adapted for intended purposes.

The firm received the highest and only special award in carriage clips and the bronze medal at Philadelphia 1876, and two years later was awarded a bronze medal at the Paris Exposition of 1878, the committee making the award of the latter reporting the exhibit of the Messrs. Seward in unqualified terms of commendation. Illustrated catalogues are cheerfully furnished by this house on application. Mr. M. Seward was born in Durham, Conn., and Mr. F. Seward is a native of New Haven. They are recognized leaders in their field of industrial activity in the United States, and in New Haven are accounted representative, successful business men and valued. influential citizens. **R. & J. M. Blair**, Furniture Dealers and Undertakers, 57, 59 and 61 Orange Street.—What may fairly claim to be a representative house in its line of business is that carried on by Messrs R. & J. M. Blair who are engaged in business as Furniture Dealers and Undertakers at Nos. 57, 59 and 61 Orange street. The inception of this business was in 1809, when it was inaugurated by Mr. Sherman Blair, the name of the house being chauged after a time to Blair, Peckham & Co., and afterwards to Blair & Bowditch.

In 1840 Mr. Sherman Blair again assumed sole control of the business and continued alone up to 1848, when the firm name was altered to S. & R. Blair, and continued thus until 1859, at which time the gentlemen who at present control it succeeded to the ownership of the house under the present style of R. & J. M. Blair. As may be imagined this time-honored establishment does a very large and select business, the more so from the fact that the gentlemen managing it have at no time relied upon their past reputation to maintain and increase their business, but have shown great energy and enterprise in keeping fully abreast of the times in the goods they handle and their method of conducting business. An idea of the magnitude of their business transactions may be had from the fact that six floors each 50x120 fect are required to accommodate their trade, which keeps ten employes constantly busy attending to it. Although furniture is dealt in very largely the firm does not manufacture it. as they find enough to do in filling their orders for undertaking goods which they manufacture

in great variety. The Messrs, Blair are both natives of New Haven, and are among the best known men in the city. They have largely increased the business since they assumed control of it.

H. C. Warren & Co., Bankers and Brokers, Insurance Agents, Steamship Tickets and Forcign Exchange, 87 Orange Street.—This substantial banking and brokerage house was established in 1868 by Mr. Alex. McAllister, who in 1877 was succeeded by Messrs. McAllister & Warren, the firm as at present constituted having been organized as the latter's successors during the current year.

While Messrs. Warren & Co. are extensive dealers in miscellaneous securities, they make a specialty of local investments and Western Mortgage Loans. The latter class of securities are the best on the market, the loans sold by the firm being made by strong corporations, organized under the laws of the States where the property is located, and paying the highest rates of interest current. In the experience of this house, covering a period of over ten years, they have never had a single instance of default in principal or interest on any loan sold by them. These loans bear from 6 to 8 per cent. interest, the principal and interest being made payable at the Chemical National Bank of New York, or at the office of Messrs. Warren & Co., No. 87 Orange street, New Haven, and, when desired, are fully guaranteed.

The firm's facilities for supplying steamship tickets for Europe and all the Southern ports, are complete; and cabin plans of all steamers are to be found in their office. Messrs. Warren &

Co. sell drafts on all foreign countries at lowest rates of exchange, and information as to routes, etc., are cheerfully furnished on application by mail or otherwise.

Representing many of the most reliable fire insurance companies doing business in the United States, the firm are prepared to effect insurance to any desired amount at minimum cost. Among the strong insurance corporations for which Messrs. Warren & Co., are the agents in this city are, the Pheenix of Brooklyn, the Hanover Fire and Metropolitan Plate Glass of New York; the London & Lancashire of Liverpool; the Providence, Washington and the Equitable Fire and Marine Insurance Companies of Providence, R. I., and the New London County Mutual of Norwich, Conn., names which are in themselves guarantees of prompt and full payment of losses in event of fire.

As underwriters and as bankers, brokers and steamship agents, Messrs. Warren & Co. are prompt, reliable business men, and the fullest confidence in their ability and integrity is fully justified.

Mr. Warren is a native of Derby, Conn., and is the sole member of the firm. He is at present a member of the City Council of New Haven, and in public life and private station he is held in universal esteem and regard.

New Haven Phonographic Academy, No. 49 Church Street; J. F. Gaffey, Principal.-The age in which we live calls for the strictest economy of time in almost every branch of trade and industry, and to keep pace with the world around us we must avail ourselves of every facility for the prompt dispatch of business. This condition of affairs has brought about the establishment of schools of phonography, and the demand for expert short hand writers is always more than equal to the supply. Among the institutions which have been organized to meet this demand, there are none in the New England States that can boast of a more successful career than the New Haven Phonographic Academy, No. 49 Church street, of which Mr. J. F. Gaffey is the efficient principal. Prof. Gaffey, an expert in phonography of many years experience, began instructing pupils in this branch of education at his home about three years ago on a modest scale, having one student at the beginning. His reputation as an educator in this specialty of marked ability soon won for him a large number of pupils from all parts of New England, and to meet the requirements of his numerous patrons, he established his Academy in New Haven in 1884, the pioneer institution of the kind in the New England States. Here the number of scholars constantly increased until at the close of the second year of the school his roll of students numbered about sixty, and the applications for tuition are increasing at such a pace as to require largely increased facilities for instruction in the near future.

Prof. Gaffey occupies three large rooms in the Hoadley Building, each 50x60 feet in dimensions, for school purposes, and has every appliance for successfully imparting a thorough knowledge of phonography. The school is open to both ladies and gentlemen, and is the most thoroughly equipped institution of the kind in the United States. Pupils are qualified for positions as short-hand clerks, type-writers and professional reporters, and situations are constantly being secured by the principal for competent graduates.

For person's living at a distance instruction is furnished by mail, and in addition to the number attending the academy he has seventy-five pupils with whom Prof. Gaffey corresponds, and by use of the mails the best results have demonstrated the utility of this means of instruction.

The principal is assisted by a corps of competent instructors, and the great success of the New Haven Academy of Phonography from the beginning gives promise of continued prosperity and increased usefulness. Prof. Gaffey has secure desirable positions for twelve graduates of his school during the past month.

Mr. Gaffey takes pleasure in referring to the following gentlemen: Gov. Henry B. Harrison, Hon. Lynde Harrison, Gen. Frank D. Sloat, Hon. N. D. Sperry, Judge J. B. Quillinan, and a few recent graduates: Mr. Wm. Griffin, with Hammond Type-Writer Co., New York City; Miss Jessie Andrews, with Palace Organ Co., Worcester, Mass.; Miss Susie Hutchinson, with Security Insurance Co., New Haven, Ct.; Miss Olive Hutchin-on, with Charter Oak Life Insur, ance Co., Hartford, Coun.; Mr. E. N. Barnes, with Farrell Foundry & Machine Co., Ansonia-Conn.; Miss Clara Button, with Eaton, Cole & Burnham, Bridgeport, Conn.

Prof. Gaffey is a native of Hartford, Conn.

City Bank of New Haven, 804 Chapel Street. —There are few older banking institutions in New England and none with a better record than the City Bank of New Haven, which for more than half a century has been closely identified with the growth and progress of the city. It was incorporated in 1833 and during all the financial crises of the years which have since intervened it has steadily maintained its reputation and credit unimpaired, even in the midst of almost universal monetary disaster.

The stock of the bank is \$500,000, aud, independent of undivided profits, the surp'us at the close of business January 3, 1887, aggregated \$75,000, a showing which in view of the regular payment of dividends reflects lustre on the management of affairs and the reliability of the officers, past and present.

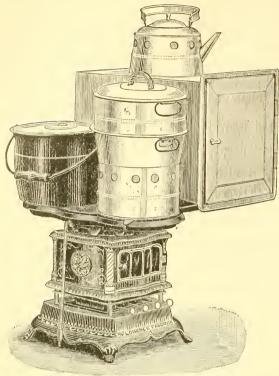
The commodious building of the City Bank is two stories in height, and in a most central and convenient location. The bank occupies the ground floor and the offices comprise both taste and convenience in their arrangement and appointments. The officers of the bank are indefatigable in their efforts to maintain the prestige of this time-honored concern, and their worth and ability inspires universal confidence.

The following are the officers: President, Geo. W. Curtis; Cashier, Sannel Lloyd; Teller, Geo. E. Frisbie; Book keeper, C. B. Dentsch; all of whom are well and widely known in business circles as financiers of sterling worth and ability.

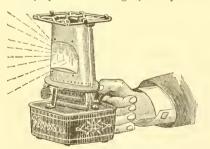
cles as financiers of sterling worth and ability. The directors are Geo. W. Curtis, James D. Dewell, Geo. H. Watrous, Wooster A. Ensign, Chas. B. Wooster, Geo. J. Brush, Eliott H. Morse, Willis E. Miller, Cornelius S. Morehouse.

F. S. Andrew & Co., Pork Packers and Provision Dealers, also Wholesale Dealers in Chicago Dressed Beef, Office, 35 and 36 City Market.-A well-known house-which is one of the largest establishments dealing in meats and provisions in New Haven is that of F. S. Andrew & Co., whose office is located at Nos. 35 and 36 City Market. This firm was established in 1868 by Andrew & Hurlburt, succeeded in 1873 by F. S. Andrew & Co., Mr. B. A. Booth taking Mr. Hurlburt's place at that time. This house handles the best and freshest of everything in their line, including poultry and game, butter, eggs and cheese As they are extensive pork packers and dealers in Chicago dressed beef they are popular both with consumers and the trade and have built up a very large and rapidly growing trade throughout New England. The premises consist of 1,000 sq. feet in City Market, besides a large packing house of four stories, located on Crescent street, contain every facility for conducting their extensive business and promptly filling orders. A large number are employed equal to the large demands made upon them. Their trade is both wholesale and retail, making a specialty of their wholesale trade in Chicago dressed beef. They are also receivers of the choicest hogs during packing season, which are carefully packed and cured for the best city trade and a large stock may be found always at their establishment. Mr. Andrew is a native of Naugatuck, Ct., and having had a long experience in this business is well qualified to stand Mr. B. A. Booth is a native of New Haven and is a man of energy and enterprise.

C. Pallman, Dealer in Trimmings, Lace Goods, Hosiery, etc., 824 Chapel Street.-An important branch of retail trade is that of the dealing in Trimmings, Lace Goods, Hosiery, Kid and other Gloves, Underwear, etc. In this connection, therefore, we must not omit mention of Mr. C. Pallman's attractive emporium, located in Mitchell's Block, No 824 Chapel street. Here may be found a complete, varied, and carefully selected stock of everything in the line before-men-tioned, including such important items (to ladies especially) as Ruchings, Notions, Woolen Yarns, Zephyr Worsteds, Canvas, Kid and other Gloves, together with ladies', gents' and children's underwear of all the best and most fashionable makes and materials. The display of such always to be found here is very tasteful, and the ladies can always find something to attract the eye, suitable to all grades of purses and pockets. The business, which is entirely local, is most extensive and rapidly increasing. It was originally founded in 1860, under the firm name of C. Pall-man & Co., the "Co." consisting of Mr. L. H. J. Blenne. Upon that gentleman's decease, the firm name was changed as at present. Mr. Pallman is a native of Bavaria, and is now 53 years of age. During his career as a business man he has made hosts of patrons, and possessing superior facilities he is enabled to secure promptly and at the lowest possible market figure all the newest styles in his particular line. He is a hard worker, noted for his honorable methods, and has succeeded in building up a large trade.



C. P. Merriman, Dealer in Oil Stoves, Kerosene, Lamps, etc., 154 Elm Street .- This business was established in 1876 by the present proprietor. The premises occupied are located at 154 Elm street (five doors east of York street). Mr. Merriman possesses every facility for carrying on the business in a successful manner. The trade is large and increasing, both wholesale and retail, and employment is given to several competent employes. A leading specialty is made



of the sale of the celebrated Florence Oil Stoves, of which a full line is carried. These stoves are perfectly odorless, and the merits embodied in their construction make them superior to any in the market. They are manufactured in sev-era sizes, from the "Handy Kit," which com-pr lses Lamp-stove, Oven and Boiler, to the fourinich burner-which possesses every advantage of a first class cook stove in preparing the meals the business annually transacted represents a of a family, or can be changed at pleasure to a very large amount in value. The members of

Heater, should one wish to warm certain rooms in which there was no other stove. A general assortment of Fixtures for all sizes of Oil Stoves, which are also cleaned and repaired, and a complete line of Lamp-Burners and Chimneys is also carried, all of which are offered at low prices. Mr. Merriman also makes a specialty of furnishing his customers with the best 150° test oil, which he delivers regularly at their houses, avoiding the wear and tear on cans, which they are subjected to when sent by the grocery team to be replenished.

Mr. Merriman is a native of New Haven, and is a gentleman well and favorably known.

The New Haven County National Bank, New Haven.-Through the terrible financial crises of over half a century, this solid institution has stood with influence unabated, and is to-day among the ably-managed, representative banks of New England. The bank was incorporated under the name of the New Haven County Bank in 1834, and was reorganized as a National Bank under the United States Banking Laws in 1865 as the New Haven County National Bank. The management of the extensive

business is all that could be desired. The capital stock of the Bank paid in is \$350,-000, with a surplus fund of \$100,000, not including the undivided profits, and the affairs of the institution show that care-

ful and prudent counsels have actuated the officers and directed their movements. The statement of the bank at close of business, October 7, 1886, makes a most creditable showing, and justifies the most unqualified confidence in the official management. The officers of the bank are as follows

President, Jas. G. English; Cashier, Leonard S. Hotchkiss; Assistant Cashier, H. G. Redfield. Directors, Jas. G. English, Henry D. White, Dr. Jno. B. Robertson, Henry H. Bunnell, Ezekiel G. Stoddard, Wallace B. Fenn, E. E. Bradley, Jas. H. Foy and Jno. B. Carrington. Mr. Bun-nell has served the city as Auditor with fidelity, and Dr. Robertson was the efficient and honored Mayor of New Haven some years since; and the Board of Directors include some of the leading business and professional men in the State. The banking rooms are models of elegance and completeness, and the influence of the institution has always been beneficially exerted, and its aid has never been withheld from deserving enterprises when sought.

Elliot, Blinn & Co., Wholesale Grocers, Nos. 293 and 295 State Street.-The wholesale grocery business of Elliot, Blinn & Co., was established in 1841 by Finch & Barnes, succeeded by in 1855 by Amos F. Barnes, and again in 1869 by Amos F. Barnes & Son. The present proprietors as-sumed control in 1885, and since then has been known as Elliot, Blinn & Co. The trade has steadily grown from year to year, and at present

the firm are Ely A. Elliot, a native of Clinton, Conn., and Joseph S. Blinn, who was born in Waterbury, Conn., both take an active part in the management of the house, and both gentlemen are amply qualified as regards ability and experience, to maintain the concern in its present position as one of the leading institutions of its kind in New Haven. The location is at Nos. 293 and 295 State street. The building occupied consists of four floors 25x80 feet in size, and fitted up expressly for the business, and is complete in every department. The high character and variety of the stock carried is equalled only by the heavy demand upon it. Teas and Coffees being leading articles, in which they are doing a constantly increasing trade. Everything in the wholesale grocery line is selected with taste and judgment and is always of the purest and most reliable character. Everything is procured direct from the manufacturers and importers. A very large trade is transacted in New Haven, and goods are shipped to all parts of Connecticut Western Massachusetts. The gentlemen and comprising the firm possess a perfect knowledge of every detail of the business and are accounted among the prominent representatives of the trade in this State.

Frederic A. Potts & Co., Wholesale Dealers in Coal, 116 Church Street, New Haven, and 110 Broadway, New York .- With their branches at 116 Church street, New Haven, Conn., and at Providence, R. I., and Rahway, N. J., this wellknown, representative coal firm, as exclusive agents for the sale of the celebrated Old Company's Lehigh coal, from Summit Hill mines, and as extensive wholesale dealers in all kinds of anthracite and bituminous coal, have for years filled an important place in business interests in New Haven, and have largely contributed to the immense aggregate of her trade. The important business was established in New York many years ago, and was extended to this city, where an office was located at 116 Church street in 1878. As one of the principal sources of supply of fuel for manufacturing purposes in this great industrial section, and possessing the best facilities for supplying the trade with the best coals of every description at miner's prices, Messrs. Potts & Co. are well and widely known throughout New England and the Middle States, and are recognized as among the foremost in their line of trade in the East. Shipping direct from the mines the firm are able to supply demands for home and foreign consumption, in any quantities, at minimum wholesale rates, and the house is one with which it is both pleasant and advantageous to establish and maintain business relations.

The members of the firm are Frederic A. Potts, W. R. Potts, N. J. Gates, G. S. Rockwell, G. M. Weld, C. R. Oliver, and Edward Lawrence, the business in New Haven being in the hands of the latter gentleman, as resident partner. Mr. Potts is one of the most influential and prominent public men of New Jersey. He was the Republican candidate for Governor of that State, and received more votes than any other nominee of that party for State office of recent years. Mr. Lawrence has been councilman of New Haven and has long been one of the foremost representative business men of the place.

Allen & Tyler, Architects, Room No. 13 Benedict Building, corner Church and Center Streets.—In no branch of att or science has such notable progress been made as in Architecture, as the magnificent structures, public buildings, churches and private residences that attract and please the eye on every hand amply attest.

Among the leading and most reliable firms in this city may be mentioned Messrs. Allen & Tyler, whose handsome and well-equipped office is centrally located in the Benedict Building, cor. of Church and Center streets, Room 13, and who stand in the front ranks in this profession in the city, and enjoy as a consequence a large and influential patronage.

The business of the firm was established in March, 1886, and by careful attention to the wants of the public as regards modern ideas in the planning and designing of buildings have already gained a large number of patrons, numbering among them many of our leading citizens.

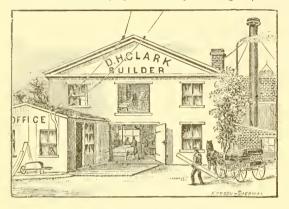
Among the many buildings erected after Messrs Allen & Tyler's plans may be mentioned the residences of Mr. Samuel Stevens, Mr. Chas. Bigelow, Mr. E. S. Perry, Mr. Geo. T. Bradley, and many other private houses. Of the public institutions planned by them the Almshouse building is the most important one, which when completed will cost \$175,000.

They have also completed the plans of a fine business block containing stores, offices, and a theater capable of seating one thousand people, for Hon. Samuel Simpson of Wallingford, Conn.

The members of the firm are Wm. H. Allen, a native of Northampton, Mass., and Frank M. Tyler, a native of this city. Mr. Allen is a Free Mason, and both are members of the Improved Order of Red Men. They are gentlemen of the highest personal integrity as well as unquestionable skill, and if the present indications afford any criterion of coming events, their future success is entirely assured.

B. L. Lambert, Real Estate and Loan Agent, 858 Chapel Street .- Prominent among the most active and enterprising real estate dealers in New Haven is Mr. B. L. Lambert, whose office is at No. 858 Chapel street. Mr. Lambert brings a wide range of experience to bear upon all his dealings, and possesses an intimate knowledge of the various residential and business sections of New Haven, and anywhere within a radius of fifteen miles. He transacts a general real estate business, having for sale or exchange, houses, stores, or flats at all prices, in the choicest locations, and many on such easy terms as to enable men of but moderate means to purchase a home. Renting is quite a specialty with Mr. Lambert, and he is very popular with landlord and tenant alike, having a choice list of good houses, flats. and floors to let. Country property, both for agricultural and residential purposes, also has his close attention, and many large and small farms, for sale and to let, can be found upon his books. He negotiates loans on bonds and mort-gages, his honorable methods, liberal policy and low charges being duly appreciated by property owners and others in need of financial assistance. Mr. Lambert is a native of Orange, Conn., and has been actively engaged in the real estate business since 1871, with success.

David H. Clark, Contractor and Builder, 119 Olive Street, 166 St. John Street .- No account of the varied industries of New Haven would be a complete and reliable reflex of the resources of this city, without containing at least some account of the enterprise of Mr. David H. Clark, which must rank in importance with any of its contemporaries in Connecticut. Nor do its claims to distinction stop here, as the period that has elapsed since its foundation in 1877 is such as to identify it most fully with the interests of the city. The premises occupied comprise two floors, 50x60 feet in dimensions, and besides giving employment to 35 skilled hands, employ a 25 horse power engine ven is the elegant and capacious emporium of S.



in the manufacture of interior and wood decorations, mantels, and work of that description. The business was established in 1877 by Messrs. Brown and Clark, succeeded in 1882 by the present management.

All business in the line of carpenter and joiner work is promptly attended to at reasonable rates, special attention being paid to the fitting up of stores and all kinds of hard wood finish. The business is very extensive, Mr. Clark having erected over \$500,000 worth of buildings in New Haven. The shop is located at Nos 119 Olive street and 166 St. John street. Mr. Clark is a native of Stratford, Conn., and is experienced in all the details of the business. The standing and position of this house is such as to entitle it to the highest consideration, and the manner in which its business is conducted is a fine exemplification of those principles, without which no permanent success could be achieved.

Robert T. Bacon, Dealer in Men's Furnishing Goods, Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, and Neckwear, Underwear and Gloves, 908 Chapel Street.-Although but recently established (September, 1886), this house has already a large patronage, due to the tact, energy, and thorough business ability of its proprietor, Mr. Robert T. Bacon, whose large and commodious store is very eligibly situated at No. 908 Chapel street. This establishment is very tastefully fitted up, and the stock carried is large and first class, including shirts, collars, cuffs, and neckwear; also underwear and gloves, dress studs and sleeve links in enamel, white and gold. Also a full line of scarf-pins, hosiery and underwear, in pure silk, lambs' wool, merino, in plain white and colors in every grade,

at popular prices. In the glove department will be found the choicest selection of gloves of all kinds. Mr. Bacon is a native of Ausonia, Conn., and is sergeant of New Haven Grays, Co. F., Second Reg. Ct. N. G. Mr. Bacon bears an honorable name among his many triends in New Haven, and we commend this house to the patronage of all desiring to purchase first class goods at reasonable prices.

S. Bretzfelder, Dealer in Imported and Domestic Dry Goods, 832 Chapel St., New Haven. A leading dry goods establishment in New Ha-

Bretztelder This is one of the most reliable establishments, as well as one of the oldest stores of its kind in the city. Patrons and purchasers may feel assured of receiving excellent goods, honorable treatment, and polite attention, while the prices are always reasonable. This admirably conducted house was established in 1857 by S. Bretzfelder, Since his death it has been owned by Mrs. S. Bretzfelder, and conducted by her son, Mr. Henry C. Bretzfelder. The trade from the start has grown annually, and the sales now reach a very handsome amount in the course of a year. An attractive display is made and the stock carried will be found full and complete in every department. This embraces general dry goods, fancy goods, notions, hosiery, small wares, cloaks, dresses and ladies' under wear, wrappers, etc.

Every article purchased here may be relied upon as being not only well made of good material, but offered at unusually low prices. Owing to the facilities enjoyed in the way of manufacture and purchase from first hands, this reliable firm can offer special advantages to patrons and we heartily commend the house. Mrs. Bretzfelder is a native of Bavaria, while her son, Mr. Henry C. Bretzfelder, was born in New Haven. Both are well and favorably known in this city and section.

John B. Judson, Native and Foreign Fruits. Wholesale and Retail, 724 and 726 Chapel Street, Stalls C and D, City Market.—This house was established in 1874 by Messrs. Mix & Judson, succeeded in 1885 by J B. Judson. A large stock of native and foreign fruits are constantly on hand, and a very large wholesale and retail trade is done. This flourishing house occupies two stands, 25x30 feet in dimensions, located at 724 and 726 Chapel street, Stalls C and D, City Market. Mr. Judson receives his goods from shippers throughout the best producing centers, and his facilities are of the finest. Mr. Judson keeps only the freshest of goods, and all sold at reasonable prices. Large consignments of all kinds of fruits are being daily received. Mr. Judson is ever ready to attend to all orders, whether large or small. He is a native of New Haven, and belongs to Golden Rule Encamp-ment and Harmony Lodge, Odd Fellows. He is also a Best Dictor in the Knights of Honor and also a Past Dictator in the Knights of Honor and one of the most active workers in the Royal Arcanum, and is a man of energy and enterprise, and very popular among a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

New Haven Clock Co., Manufacturers of Clocks and Movements of Every Description .-The New Haven Clock Co., was organized in 1853, for the purpose of making movements only. In 1856 they bought out the Jerome Clock Co., which had commenced doing business in 1825, and commenced to manufacture the finished clocks. They were the first manufacturers of clocks in quantities, in this country. The names of many people well known in the history of the town, were connected with this corporation from its origin. Chauncey Jerome, James E. English, Hiram Camp, H. M. Welch, John Woodruff and others who are well known in local history, have been identified as stockholders and managers from the beginning until now. The company has kept abreast with the demand for better and cheaper work, which has been felt by all the great interests of the country, and are to day furnishing to the trade, clock movements of precision, finished in the most perfect manner, as well as greatly improving the character of the cheaper grades of clocks. They have also added to their other business a department for manufacturing electro-mechanical movements and telegraph supplies, which is turning out the best work of the character made in the country. The company has paid special attention to the designing of their clock cases in accordance with the improved and modern styles of house furnishings and decorating in woods, and have produced the most artistic work in solid brass which has been shown in clock cases. They manufacture the most complete line of time-pieces manufactured by any company, making everything that can be asked for in the way of clocks, from clocks of precision like Jeweler's Regulators down to the smallest lever clock made in the world, and have added within the last few years to their facilities, the best and most improved machinery for making work in the style of the French movement, in cut and polished steel pinions, and are placing upon the market at cleap prices, clocks which a few years ago were only within reach of people of large means. The company's aim has been to furnish the best article which could be produced for a fair price, and the record of their work shows that they have succeeded. Each year has opened to them a wider market and a larger demand and the name of the company is as well known to represent standard work in England, Australia, China, Japan and South America, as at their own doors in Connecticut. The history of the company's progress has been identified with the great manufacturing developments of the country and the same qualities of enterprise and aptitude and thoroughness which have built up the great industries of the country have worked out their legitimate result here.

C. M. Parker, Practical Optician, 854 Chapel Street.—Who can doubt but that a man now-adays must use his eyes under much more unfavorable circumstances than was the case a few generations ago? Book-keepers working in dark and gloomy offices on account of the tall buildings shutting out the light on every side. Engravers doing the finest work in a desperate rush to keep up with their orders. People of all kinds reading poorly printed newspapers by the insufficient light of the street-cars—all these are put-

ting a terrible tax on their eyes without apparently giving a thought to the grave consequences which may ensue from their so doing. And many of them when they find their eye-sight failing, stop on their way to the office or store and invest a quarter or so with a street-vender for a pair of his villainous spectacles, fondly imagining that only some kind of a magnifying glass is needed and that any vender, however ignorant, can supply them with that. A moment's reflection should convince any intelligent person of how delicate and complex an organ the eye must necessarily be, and how absurd it is to suppose that anyone unless specially trained in the matter can know precisely what form and arrangement of lenses is suited to any individual case. Practical opticians, men who have made the science of optics a study, are not to be found without some little trouble, and while the study is essential it should be supplemented by subse-quent practical experience. Some, as, for instance, Mr. C. M. Parker, of No. 854 Chapel street, will test the eyes free of charge. This gentleman has, though recently established, already gained the confidence of many who have had practical proofs of his skill. He is a native of Oriskany Falls, N. Y.

New Haven Savings Bank, 99 Orange Street. —Realizing in the fullest sense the expectations of its founders, and justifying the confidence reposed by the community in the methods and integrity of the management, the New Haven Savings Bank will next year (1888) reach the semicentennial of its existence. The institution was chartered in 1838, and from its inception has had uninterrupted success and accomplished a mission of great beneficence. The statement of the



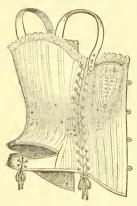
condition of the bank at close of business, Jan. 1st, 1887, makes a showing of which the corporation may well be proud. The deposits aggregate \$5.830.650. The market value of assets over and above the par and book value with surplus as shown is \$790,889.00. an evidence of the sound judgment of the officers in the investm∈nt of the im-

mense sums entrusted to their keeping. The deposits at the date named reached the great amount of \$5,830,650, ranking the New Haven Savings Bank among the largest institutions of the kind in New England, and indeed in the country.

Messrs. A. L. Kidston and J. P. Tuttle are the President and the Secretary and Treasurer of the bank respectively. They are both financiers of exceptional ability, and in their long connection with the bank and their faithful discharge of the important trusts reposed in them, they have always exhibited that conscientious regard for the interests of the depositors, as to merit the universal commendation of the patrons of the institution, and of their fellow-citizens generally. Foy, Harmon & Chadwick, Corset Manufacturers, Nos. 1 to 9 Church Street, New Haven.— In manufacturing and trade circles in New England this house has long occupied a most prominent position.

The business dates back as far as 1865, when it was inaugurated by Gen. G. M. Harmon, who was succeeded by the firm of Harmon & Baldwin, and they in turn by that of Harmon, Baldwin & Foy. The name and style was afterwards changed to Foy, Harmon & Co, and of late the important work has been continued under the firm name of Foy, Harmon & Chadwick. The extensive factory of this house is located

The extensive factory of this house is located at Nos. 1 to 9 Church street, and comprises three large three-story buildings, with an aggregate floor surface of nearly 40,000 square feet; fully equipped with the best labor-saving machinery operated by steam.



A force of 150 operators are employed in the manufacture of corsets of the most improved patterns, and for many years the firm have been one of the principal sources of supply for the leading jobbers in this line of goods in the country. Messrs. Foy. Harmon & Chadwick's corsets are made in various styles, and combine all of the best qualities, with out any of the defects

of this indispensible article of ladies' outfits, and for comfort, health and durability this concern is unsurpassed by any competitors in the country and equalled by few.

Messrs, James H. Foy, George M. Harmon and Chas. N. Chadwick are the individual members of this firm, and among j bbers throughout the country they are recognized as responsible and successful leaders in this branch of industrial enterprise.

Union Trust Company, 907 Chapel Street, New Haven.—Since its organization and incorporation in 1871, the Union Trust Company has exerted a wholesome influence in the business affairs of New Haven and at present writing it is recognized as one of the solid and ably managed financial institutions of the city.

In addition to the transaction of general banking business, the concern is the legally designated depository for trust funds and money paid into courts, and such is the status of the company that trustees depositing funds with them are legally relieved of responsibility for loss. The company occupy commodious rooms on the first floor of their large fine building, 807 Chapel street, and have every facility for the dispatch of business and the care and custody of funds and valuable papers. The management of affairs is characterized by the utmost prudence and the financial ability of the officers emphasizes the confidence reposed in the institution.

The officers of the company are: President,

Henry L. Hotchkiss; Treasurer, William T. Bartlett, who, with Messrs. Louis H. and Eugene S. Bristol, compose the board of trustees.

Mr. Wm. T. Bartlett and Mr. Louis H. Bristol have served the people as Aldermen of the city with fidelity, and the standing of all cutrusted with the management of affairs gives every assurance of a future of continued prosperity and increased usefulness.

Evarts Cutler, Fine Art Store. Paintings, Engravings, and Etchings. Picture Framing a specialty. Artistic Wares, useful and decorative. Artists' Materials. 827 Chapel Street .- The love of fine art productions, such as paintings, engravings, etchings, &c., is becoming stronger and stronger among us as a nation. Time was, and not so very long ago either, when bare walls was the rule, rather than the exception, in our homes. Things are different now, and a vast change has taken place for the better in this regard. Even in a workingman's home may be seen copies of the productions of the best and truest artists. Art emporiums are far more numerous than they used to be; so numerous, in fact, that it is difficult to to decide which it is best to patronize. In a review of this nature, however, we shall not be far wrong if we mention the name of Mr. Evarts Cutler, whose establishment at No. 827 Chapel street is such a source of attraction to those who chance to be in the vicinity. His store is not only large and elegantly arranged, but contains many truly beautiful gems of art in the way of paintings, engravings, etchings, &c., together with interior decorative wares of every description. Mr. Cutler commenced the business in 1863, and then, for four years, was connected with a Mr. Bradley, who retired after some years, the sole proprietorship since then being vested in Mr. Cutler. His trade, which is a strictly retail one, extends over the whole country, many orders being received from quite a distance, as it is known Mr. Cutler is quite a connoisseur in art matters generally. Of picture framing in every conceivable style he makes a specialty, and in the matter of artists' materials he does quite an extensive trade. Employing fifteen hands, Mr. Cutler is possessed of ample facilities for executing all orders entrusted him, with promptness, and no little of his success in the business is due to the fact that he invariably delivers goods at the exact time promised.

Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association, J. Morse, Manager, 63 Church Street.—In providing reliable insurance at actual cost, the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of New York, E. B. Harper, President, most assuredly leads all others, and the excellent management of affairs since its organization, six years ago, has demonstrated beyond question the inestimable advantages of the mutual plan, wellconducted, over all other systems in vogue. By the particular care exercised in the selection of its members, the conservative, prudent investment of its surplus fund, and the prompt payment of losses, the Mutual Reserve has won its way into popular confidence, and has met with success, almost phenomenal. The expenses are but \$3 per year on each \$1,000 of insurance, and the maximum amount which can be collected during any one year is limited to figures which brings the cost of insurance at most but one half that charged by stock companies.

Under this system of insurance over twelve millions of dollars in cash has been actually saved to its members for the past six years. This is the only Company doing a life business which has a deposit of \$200,000 with the Insurance Department of N. Y. State. The reserve fund has accumulated since 1881 to \$1,000,000, and increasing at the rate of \$1,500 00 per day. This fund provides for an excessive mortality and for future assessments.

On January 1st, this year, a dividend of  $33\frac{1}{3}$  per cent. was declared to members of five years standing.

The admission fees range from \$8.00 for one thousand dollars insurance, to \$70, on \$20 000, and death claims are promptly paid within ninety days after approval of proofs of loss. The beneficent work accomplished by this As-

The beneficent work accomplished by this Association is manifested by the large aggregate of \$3,000.000 in death claims paid since the organization of the concern, and the favor in which it is held at home is shown by the fact that in 1885 the Mutual Reserve did nearly as much business in New York State as the Mutual Life and the New York Life combined, a larger amount than the Equitable, and except these more than all the other companies combined. The new business for 1887 aggregated \$60,000,000, and the assets, January 1st, 1887, are \$1.586,493.55.

The management of the affairs of this great institution in New Haven is in the hands of Mr. J. Morse, whose office is located at No. 63 Church street. He is a reliable, energetic business man, and in his keeping the interests of the Association are in every way well and faithfully subserved.

Mr. Morse is also agent for the Guaranty Accident Association, which gives insurance against accidents at an annual cost of \$12,00 with the following Benefits: Death resulting from accident, or loss of hand and foot, or both hands or both feet, \$5,000, \$4,000, \$3,000, \$2,000, \$1,000, \$500. Loss of one limb, \$2,500, \$2,000, \$1,500, \$1,000, \$500, \$250. Also a weekly indemnity, in case of an accident, of \$5 to \$25, according to amount of policy.

J. D. Dewell & Co., Wholesale Grocers and Flour, 233, 235, 237 and 239 State Street, New Haven.—The city of New Haven is abreast of her sister cities in New England in the magnitude and extent of its wholesale grocery trade, and the most commendable enterprise characterizes her representative firms in this branch of business.

The reliable and popular house of J. D. Dewell & Co., is one of the best known and ranks among the oldest wholesale grocery concerns in New Haven, dating its origin back to 1850. The found ers, Messrs. Bushnell & Co., were in 1863 succeeded by Bushnell & Dewell, and in 1877 the firm, as now constituted, was organized and succeeded to the large trade developed by their predecr sors.

Messrs. Dewell & Co's., premises comprise the entire four-story building, Nos. 233, 235, 237 and 239 State street, with 32,400 feet of floor surface, and the stock in trade of the firm is complete and extensive, comprising full lines of fine family and staple groceries. The firm conduct a large trade in fine teas and coffees and are direct importers of salt, and the house is a favorite source of supply for the retail trade of Connecticut and other parts of New England.

Messrs. Dewell & Co,, are agents for the leading Minneapolis Flour Mills of Washburn, Crosby & Co. They are supplied with all the improved appliances in use, and the brands of this firm are in steady demand.

Messis. J. D. Dewell and F. C. Bushnell comprise this successful and progressive firm. They were born in Norfolk and Madison, Conn., respectively, and are influential citizens and leaders in society as in trade circles in New Haven.

Standard Cab Company, Central Office, 62, 64 and 66 Center St.; Stable, 108 and 112 Crown St.—In supplying the cheapest and best method of conveyance to points in and about New Haveu, the Standard Cab Company have for three



years accomplished a benificent work, and the appreciation of the public h asbeen abund a n t l y manifested in the large and steadily

growing patronage of the concern.

This company have ample facilities for their important business. Their stable is a three-story structure, 40x120 feet in dimensions, admirably appointed, and with every convenience for the care of horses and cabs. To accommodate the trade of the company, a large number of stylish cabs, coupes, Victoria Hansoms (see cut), and light carriages are constantly at hand for weddings, funerals, shopping, calling or for conveyance to the depot or boat. A force of 25 competent drivers are employed who are selected with special reference to their sobriety, honesty, careful driving and courtesy to passengers. The system of rates adopted by the company is an admirable one, and the rates of fare are the lowest in the city. For cabs, the charge is but 25 cents for one passenger within a mile limit, or 75 cents. per hour; \$1 per hour for two or more passengers, while Coupes, Broughams and Victoria Hansoms can be had for service either in or out of the city for \$1 per hour for one or more passengers; and all orders are filled with dispatch.

The proprietor of this well regulated establishment is Wm. A. Sawyer. Mr. L. H. Kendall is the efficient superintendent, and there are few cities of the country that can boast a more complete or effective cab service than that of the Standard Cab Company.

Mr. Sawyer is prominent in business and social circles in this city, being an active member of the Masonic and Odd Fellows associations, and also of the Elks, Knights of Honor, and Knights of Pythias.

S. E. Merwin & Son, Wholesale Dealers in Beef, Pork, Lard, Bacon, etc., 354 & 356 State Street.—The house of S. E. Merwin & Son, lo cated at Nos. 354 and 356 State street, was estab-lished in 1851 by Messrs. Smith, Todd & Merwin, The following who continued it until 1856, when they were succeeded by S. E. Merwin & Son. Since 1874 Mr. S. E. Merwin and his two partners, Mr. F. C. Lum and R. A. Beers, have continued the business under the name of S. E. Merwin & Son. This old established firm is an important adjunct imals, as well as the excellent likeuesses and natto the provision trade of New Haven, as their ural colors which he has produced."-P. T. BARproductions have secured an excellent reputation NUM. in the market, owing to their uniform good quality, in consequence of the stock being selected with unusual care, the curing and packing being performed by skilled hands, of which fifty are employed, and under critical supervision. The premises occupied consist of the sales-rooms, five floors 125x60 feet in dimensions, and the packing house, three floors 80x160 feet in dimensions. Banking Laws in 1865. For almost a century This is equipped with all the most modern ap- the career of this institution has been one of pliances known to the trade. The goods in great beneficence, and under present, as under which they deal comprise beef, pork, lard, bacon, past management, its prestige and usefulness are dressed bogs, hams, shoulders, etc., etc. These are noted all over the country as standard pro-ductions, and are unsurpassed in quality by those of any other similar house. The sales rooms are \$240,000, more than half the capital. is unmistakarranged conveniently for trade purposes, being able proof of the ability and prudence which has supplied with necessary storage and refrigerators, thereby enabling them to offer only the best goods to their patrons. Mr. S. E. Merwin is a Cashier, Robert I. Couch. The following are native of Brookfield, Conn., and has been Colonel its Board of Directors: Wilbur F. Day, Isaac of the Second Regiment, State Militia, and Ad-Anderson, Augustus Lines, E. H. Bishop, H. L. jutant General of the State Militia during the ad ministration of Governor Jewell. Mr. F. C. Lum is a native of this city, and was Councilman for two years; Mr. R. A. Beers is a native of But-falo, N. Y. These gentlemen are all highly es-teemed in mercantile circles for their integrity but on which for nearly a hundred years has been and ability.

Rida & Yungerman, Artistic Sign Writers, No. 285 State Street.—In the leading centres of trade the art of sign writing has become one of the long service of its officers and clerks, the most important branches of business, and the Mr. Amos Townsend, late cashier of the bank, elegant and attractive designs on glass, metal and wood, have become notable features of almost every mercantile establishment of more than ordinary pretensions. The house above designated was established in 1873 by Mr. Jule A. Rida, the senior member of the present firm, who succeeded to the business about one year ago. These enterprising artisans are among the lead-ing designers and painters of signs in New Eng-land, and the originality and beauty of their the former venerable bookkeeper of the bank, styles has attracted the attention of merchants died in 1861, after a term of thirty-four years and manufacturers in all parts of the Eastern service States. The firm number among their patrons Mr. States. The firm number among their patrons Mr. Wilbur F. Day, the present President, some of the most extensive advertisers in the was elected Clerk in 1857, thirty years ago. country, among whom may be named P. T. He was Barnum, Eureka Silk Co., Imperial Granum, of his the manufacturers of Ozone Soap, and a host of ford. the leading local business houses of New Haven, eighteen years the average net profits of the bank Besides their large amount of custom work, have been at the rate of 13½ per cent, per an Messrs. Rida & Yungerman manufacture signs num. Dividends amounting to \$985,376 have for advertising purposes and can supply large been paid during that period on the capital stock advertisers at short notice anything in their line of \$464,800 and \$129,000 added to the surplus, at manufacturers' prices, and guarantee satisfac- making a total of profits in eighteen years of tion.

A number of expert sign writers are employed. Messrs. Jule A. Rida and G. Yungerman are the members of the firm. They are both natives

The following testimonial by P. T. Barnum will be read with interest by all: "Mr. Jule A. Rida has done considerable artistic animal painting for the Barnum and London shows, and has given us peculiar satisfaction for the skill and good taste with which he has grouped the an-

The National New Haven Bank, 809 Chapel Street.—This bank, one of the oldest of New England's solid, successful financial institutions, was incorporated in 1792, as the New Haven Bank, and was reorganized under the National

always characterized the conduct of affairs.

Hotchkiss, Joseph Parker, Louis H. Bristol, E. H. Trowbridge, Jr. and Timothy Dwight, men whose high standing is abundant guarantee of a model of excellent management. The officers enjoy the fullest confidence of patrons, and the institution is steadily growing in popular favor and influence.

A feature of this bank worthy of uote is who died in 1885, and who was so well known for active efforts in aid of every worthy object, was connected with the institution sixty-nine years. Mr. Couch, his popular successor, has served for twenty-two years in various capacities. Mr. Benjamin Higby, the late well known Teller, was in its employ forty years. His son, Edward

He was chosen President in 1869, on the decease of his respected predecessor, Mr. Hervey San-ford. During Mr. Day's administration of \$1,114,376.

W. T. Hatch & Sons, Bankers, New York; branch office, 808 Chapel Street, New Haven.— The many manufacturing and commercial indus-tries of the city of New Haven require the means wherewith to make their exchanges and to attend to their financial operations. And here, it may be as well to mention, that in addition to National and State incorporated banks there are many private bankers who make a point of attending to the growing wants of the community in this respect. Amongst the latter is the highly respected New York firm of Mcssrs. W. T. Hatch & Sons, who, in 1881, opened a branch office here in New Haven at No. 808 Chapel street, where every convenience and accommodation for customers is to be found. This firm, the members of which are Messrs. Walter T., Na-thaniel W. T., Henry P. Hatch, and Arthur M. Hatch-all members of the New York Stock Exchange—in addition to their long experience, have ample facilities for executing all orders for the purchase and sale of railroad and other bonds and stocks either in this or other cities, and among their correspondents are some of the most Their prominent bankers in the United States. offices here are connected by private wire with New York, and all orders entrusted to the care of this firm are executed with the utmost prompt-n'ss and despatch. Messrs, W T. Hatch & Sons likewise transact a general banking business, receiving deposits subject to check at sight, and representing many country corporations and bankers, including a long list throughout the whole of this portion of the country. They possess the entire confidence of the financial community, and enjoy the highest reputation for sound business principles, honorable dealings, and promptness in the prosecution of any undertaking or commission in which they may engage.

A. B. Barnes, Wholesale Dealer in Fair Haven Oysters, 121 & 123 South Front Street, Fair Haven, Coun.-This is doubtless one of the pioneer houses in the oyster trade of New England, the ago, by Messrs. Barnes & Mallory, the first named being the father of the subject of this notice. In 1881 the firm of Barnes & Ludington succeeded to the large trade developed by the founders, and two years since the senior member of the firm last named, who had been connected with the business for 25 years, became sole pro-Mr. Barnes is an extensive grower of prietor. oysters, his farm comprising 100 acres of the best oyster grounds in this section. He employs a force of 40 catchers, shuckers, etc., and has a large steamer in use, with capacity for catching and bringing to his wharf 1,000 bushels per day. premises are 150x175 feet in area, Mr. Barnes' with an excellent wharf and every facility for his extensive wholesale trade. He deals in shell and opened oysters in bulk, and supplies the best native bivalves to the trade at most reasonable prices, and his facilities for his extensive New England and New York trade are amply equal to the steady and growing demand for his merchandise.

Mr. Barnes is a New Haven man by birth, and enjoys the unqualified confidence of customers and correspondents at home and abroad.

Thompson & Belden, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass, etc., Nos. 396 and 398 State Street.—As one of the leading\_representative mercantile houses of New Haven, Messrs. Thompson & Belden, of Nos. 396 and 398 State street, have for three years been prominent in trade circles in this city and section. Their extensive store and warerooms are centrally located, and are admirable in their arrangement and complete in appointments. They occupy two floors of their large building, each 20x120 feet in dimensions, and it would be difficult to find in New England, a stock of goods more complete and comprehensive. The stock includes all kinds of paints, oils, glass, varnishes, brushes, and everything in this line for painters, glaziers, and manufacturers' purposes. They make a specialty of heavy oils, petroleum, paints, and glass, and have every facility for supplying both consumers and the trade with merchandise of standard excellence at lowest margins above cost, and the house is one of the most popular in New Haven, enjoying the full confidence of all with whom they are brought into business relations.

The trade of Messrs. Thompson & Belden isboth wholesale and retail, and has attained large proportions by reason of the known business worth of these reliable merchants.

They are also the agents in this city for Masury's famous railroad and liquid colors, and every specialty in the wide range of this class of merchandise is always obtainable at this establishment.

Messrs. F. I. Thompson and F. H. Belden are the individual members of this representative firm. They are natives of New Haven.

Alexander Emery, Importer and Manufacturer of Teas, Coffees, and Spices, 17 and 19 Crown Street.—The wholesale house of Alexander Emery was established in 1852 by Mr. Steele, succeeded in 1858 by Samuel Halliwell. In 1870 the firm became Steele, Emery & Pratt, succeed ed in 1872 by Steele & Emery, and on January 1st, 1886, Mr. Alexander Emery assumed entire control. Since its start the trade has expanded rapidly, and now represents a very large trade. Mr. Emery takes an active part in the management of the affairs of the bouse, and is well qualified, by long experience, to maintain the concern in the position it now holds as one of the leading houses in its line in the city.

He occupics four floors fitted up expressly for the business.

The machinery employed in grinding spices, etc., is run by a twelve horse-power engine. The stock carried embraces fancy and staple groceries of every description, which are selected with judgment, and are of the best quality in every respect.

Mr. Emery is an importer and jobber of teas, coffees, and spices, and the trade can depend on securing the choicest and best in the market. Shipments are made to all parts of Connecticut and Massachusetts. Employment is given to upwards of twenty-five hands. A specialty is made of the well-known "Czar Baking Powder."

Mr. Emery possesses a knowledge of every branch of his large business, and is one of the most prominent representatives of this line in the State. Munson & Co., Manufacturers of Patent Folding Paper Boxes, 57 to 65 Bradley Street.—The career of this well known house has been one of uninterrupted success since its establishment in 1875, and the business of the firm has steadily increased in volume and extent until at this writing its list of patrons comprises many of the leading manufacturers throughout New England and adjoining sections and the trade has attained most important proportions.

In their extensive operations the firm occupy a large four story building. Nos. 57 to 65 Bradley street, 35x100 feet in dimensions, and the establishment is thoroughly supplied with the most improved labor-saving machinery in use, driven by a steam engine of 30 horse-power.

Fifty employes are engaged here in the manufacture of Patent Folding Paper Boxes of the most unique and excellent design, patented by the firm, and pronounced the best in use for specific purposes by those best qualified to judge. The output comprises plain and ornamental boxes of many different designs and sizes for patent medicines. druggists' prescription bottles, bird seed, seidlitz powders, confectionery, ice cream, notions and hardware specialties, and the facilities of the house for filling orders with dispatch are unsurpassed, if equaled, by any like concern in New England.

Messrs. E. B. and H. S. Munson comprise this well known firm, and by reason of the business worth and nethods of the management the house has attained distinction among the representative leaders of industrial enterprise in New Haven.

The Hogarth Academy, Chapel Street, corner Church; Prof. J. M. Lee, Principal.—Of the latter-day educational institutions of New England there are few that have attained the prominence and none that can boast of grander achievement than the Hogarth Academy of New Haven. This school was established in 1885 by the present principal, Prof. J. M. Lee, and in two short years the results attained have far surpassed the most sanguine expectations of its founder. As a preparatory school for colleges, the curriculum is all that could be desired, and the roll, numbering 350 weekly pupils, attests the popular confi-dence which the management inspires. The The school is attractively and conveniently located at 868 Chapel street, and the building is admirably adapted for intended purposes. The range of studies includes all branches of academic education, embracing higher mathematics, and also a full business course, comprising book-keeping, penmanship, telegraphy, and type-writing. The principal is assisted by a corps of four experienced teachers, each a specialist in his line, and the moral tone of the government and executive ability of the principal challenges universal commendation.

The influence of Hogarth Academy, even in its infancy, is widespread and beneficent, and the tact of the faculty and the excellent manage ment of affairs is rapidly extending the field of its uselulness.

The school has had a career, almost phenomenal in our day of progress, and its future prosperity and permanent usefulness seems abundantly assured.

New Haven Malting Company, Office 391 Chapel Street.—As auxilliary to the vast brewing interests of New Haven and its trade area, the above company have since 1885 conducted a large malting business in this city, and theirs is one of the most complete and well managed concerns of the kind in this section.

The premises of the company comprise a large four-story brick building  $50 \times 140$  feet in dimensions, built with special reference to the business conducted and equipped with the best improved machinery and appliances operated by a steam engine of 50 horse-power, with every facility for producing 100,000 bushels of malt per diem.

The company manufacture the finest malt from Canada barley only, and the product of this concern is pronounced by brewers as unsurpassed for strength, purity and general excellence. The important interests of this reliable corporation are in the keeping of competent officers, and the management of affairs has been such as to command a large trade among the brewers of the Eastern and Middle States, and to inspire the fullest confidence in the method and merchandise of the concern.

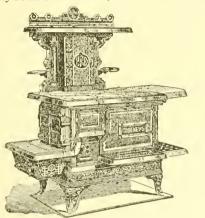
The officers of the company are as follows: President, C. H. Osborne; Vice-President, Marcius C. Moran; Secretary, William Chapman; Treasurer, W. E. Van Name. They are all natives of New York and are well and widely known on 'Change and among beer and ale manufacturers in all parts of the country.

New Haven Brewing Company, 391 Chapel Street.—Of late years the growth of the brewing interests of New England have been wonderful, and both in quality and quantity this city is fast approaching equality with Rochester, Milwaukee and other places famous for the excellence of their malt beverages. Among the brewers who have largely contributed to the beer and ale trade of the Elm City, the New Haven Brewing Company are perhaps the foremost, both in regard to the purity and excellence of their product and the volume and field of their trade.

The company was incorporated in 1883, and at present writing is officered as follows: C. H. Osborne, President; George Russell, Vice-President; W. E. Van Name, Secretary; who with Mossrs. William Chapman, Charles Luger and Marcius C. Moran comprise the Board of Directors.

The valuable plant of the company is located at Nos. 391 to 395 Chapel, and from 54 to 66 East street, and the premises consist of a large fourstory building S4x140 feet in dimensions, with the usual complement of outbuildings, etc. The brewery is modern and complete in its appointments, with machinery of the latest improved designs, operated by a steam engine of 50 horsepower. The output of this brewery aggregates 15,000 barrels of pure Extra Canada Malt Ales, Porter and Brown Stout, of finest flavor and standard excellence, and the demand for the product of the New Haven Co. comes from all parts of the Eastern and Middle States, and is steadily increasing and extending.

The company are at present writing among the leading maltsters of the United States. The officers are principally residents of New York. Curtiss & Pierpont, Dealers in Parlor Heaters, Furnaces. Ranges, Stoves, etc., Broadway, Junction of Elm Street.—Commercial enterprises of modern times embrace many features of practical utility, but none which deserve higher consideration or merit than those which relate to the home—its pleasures and conveniences. Among such may be mentioned the house over which Messrs. Curtiss & Pierpont preside, and which has an old and intimate connection with the business history of New Haven. It was established in 1866 by F. A. Curtiss & Co., succeeded in 1876 by



Brodrick & Curtiss, and in 1886 the present proprietors, Mr. Franklin A. Curtiss and J. H. Pierpont assumed control, the former a native of Stratford, Ct., and the latter of Ridgefield, Ct. Both of these gentlemen being fully conversant with the wants of the trade, upright and honest in all their dealings, have established an extensive trade throughout the city and surroundings.

The premises occupied comprise two buildings and store-house, one floor 20x80 and two floors  $45 \times 30$  feet in dimensions, the store is finely fitted up and a first-class stock is carried, embracing parlor heaters, furnaces, ranges, stoves, tin-ware and kitchen furniture, and have also a department for executing contracts, and jobbing in roofing, plumbing and gas piping. Their sparoofing, plumbing and gas piping. Their spa-cious premises are located on Broadway, at the junction of Elm street, and this house is by common consent one of the leading and most reliable concerns of the kind in New Haven, excellent goods and popular prices being the prevailing features here. This employment is given to eighteen in this flourishing establishment, and the trade is both wholesale and retail. This house makes a specialty of plumbing and galvanizing, and all orders of this kind will not only be promptly attended to, but satisfaction and firstclass work will be the result. A specialty is also made of the "Good News" Range—see illustration above-which is one of the finest and most improved in the market; each range is warranted in every particular. Also the popular Chilson's cone furnaces, which are furnished in all sizes.

**L. D. Chidsey,** Purveyor, No. 1 Church St., corner George.—No branch of commercial enterprise is more important or more representative in character than that of the purveyor, and in thus

respect our city can boast of having within its borders a truly representative house-that of L. D. Chidsey-whose well-known establishment is located at No. 1 Church street, corner of George. The business was founded on May 1st, 1872, by W. P. Stone and L. D. Chidsey, the former dy-ing in 1882. The firm then became known as L. D. Chidsey & Co., the "Co." being at pres-ent dispensed with. The premises occupied by Mr. Chidsey are ample and are stocked with a carefully selected assortment of "Extra" canned goods of every description. A specialty is made of fine butter, and the many excellent brands which he handles are generally used by the better class of our residents. Mr. Chidsey is a native of East Haven. He is thoroughly and practically versed in every branch of his business, and no one more worthily deserves the success achieved than he. Giving a close, personal attention to the filling of all orders, those entering into business relations with him can rely upon securing advantages not readily obtainable elsewhere.

Grand Union Hotel, G. S. Barkentin, Proprietor, 1,018 Chapel Street, next Carll's Opera House.—One of the most popular hotels of New Haven is the Grand Union Hotel, which is at 1,018 Chapel street, opposite the colleges and adjoining Carll's Opera House. The house is of brick, four stories in height and having been built in 1881, everything is in modern style and all improvements are to be found here. The It is withsituation is one of the best in the city. in five minutes walk of the post office, banks, places of amusement and the principal stores, and is located in a select portion of the city. There are twenty-five handsomely furnished, well ventilated and commodious rooms, and travellers will find here every comfort and convenience. The cuisine is first-class in every respect, nothing but the best of everything being offered to patrons of this house, and the cooking and serving is unsurpassed. The proprietor is a caterer of long experience and enjoys a large custom in this line from the best families in the city. He makes a specialty of catering for parties, weddings, college spreads and other occasions, and it is only necessary to mention the amount one may wish to spend and as tempting a menu will be offered as can be procured of any caterer in New England. For this branch of the business a full line of elegant China and glass is constantly carried and perfect satisfaction is guaranteed in every respect, while the prices will be found most reasonable.

This house was originally opened in 1881 by Fuller & Post, succeeded by the present proprietor, Mr. G. S. Barkentin, in 1885. This gentleman is a native of England and is familiar with every detail of the business. The manager, Mr. David Felio, is a native of New York State, and is very popular with the travelling public.

The café of the Grand Union is one of the most attractive places in the city, and derives an extensive patronage from both regular and transient guests. We take pleasure in commending this hotel to all desiring a first-class and well kept house at reasonable prices.

Both Mr. Barkentin and Mr. Felio are members of the Knights of Honor, and the proprietor is also a Chapter Mason, both are well and favorably known in business and social circles. Gardner Morse, Real Estate and Insurance, 851 Chapel Street.—The oldest, largest and most popular Real Estate and Insurance Agency of this city is that of Gardner Morse, located in Austin Building, No. 851 Chapel street. Colonel Morse established himself in this location in 1837, and has ever since continuously carried on an extensive business in every department of Real Estate and Fire Insurance.

The many transactions in real property in which he has been engaged both as principal and agent during the past 50 years have caused his name to be perhaps more prominently identified with the growth and development of the city of New Haven than that of any other individual now living.

Many of its principal streets and avenues have been laid out and unoccupied tracts converted into thickly settled and convenient homes under his management. In the conveyance of property probably no name has been entered so often upon the land records of New Haven.

Large and important trusts, both private and public, have been confided to his care and are still discharged by him with unquestioned fidelity and rare good judgment.

From 1837 to 1857 he filled with great acceptance to the public the office of Tax Collector of the town, city and school district, and he still continues in other public positions of trust and usefulness.

As a fire underwriter Colonel Morse is equally well-known and esteemed. The companies represented by him are among the oldest, largest and best known in the States of Connecticut, New York and Pennsylvania.

The Middlesex Mutual Assurance Company of this State of which he is an incorporator and director has been represented here for nearly fifty years, and carries over \$3,000,000 insurance on dwellings in New Haven.

The Home Insurance Company of New York with \$7,000,000 assets: Franklin of Philadelphia, \$4,000,000; American of Philadelphia, \$2,000,-000; Howard of New York and People's of Middletown—companies of long established reputation and deserved popularity have also been long represented at this agency.

His superior ability and long experience as an underwriter have always been cheerfully recognized by the agents of this city, and he was for several years President of their organization, The New Haven Board of Fire Underwriters.

Although advanced in years beyond the period ordinarily devoted to active business, Col. Morse still continues in the field of work in which he has been so long and industriously engaged with unabated energy and force.

His offices are of ample size, commodiously arranged for the accommodation of his clerks and the large and increasing numbers who patronize his agency.

**G. J. Moffatt**, Manufacture of Paper Bags and Envelopes, 495, 497, 499 and 501 State Street.— A leading and representative house engaged in the manufacture of paper bags and envelopes is that of G. J. Moffatt. This house was founded in 1871 by the present proprietor, who has had the longest experience in the manufacture of envelopes in the world. When Mr. Moffatt first

began their manufacture, only wrappers were used, and with the long experience he has had in the business he understands thoroughly the wants of the public. Every description of paper stock is carried, embracing a multitude of necessary articles which are offered at the very lowest prices known to the market. This is the only house where one can buy everything made of pa-Mr. Moffatt also carries a full line of the per. following articles: Stationery of every description, blank books, wire novelties, toys, fancy goods, gummed labels, playing cards, etc., etc., and also conducts quite a printing and book-binding business. The manufacturing facilities are complete, including many specialties for which the house has an established reputation. With dealers and consumers the stock on account of its uniform excellence is in great demand

This house employes seventy-five skilled hands and carries on a large wholesale and retail trade. Five floors, 60x80 feet are occupied. Mr. Moffatt is a native of Scotland and during his commercial career has maintained the highest standing for integrity and promptness and has built up a brisk and prosperous business.

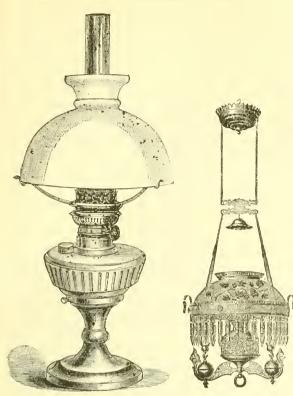
H. J. Augur, Engravings, Bric-a-Brac, Fine Stationery, 73 Orange Street.-Among the many branches of commercial industry here in New Haven there is one which certainly deserves mention, and that is the well-known and popular establishment which forms the subject of the pres-H. J. Augur occupies a fine store, ent notice. measuring 120x40 feet, eligibly located, on one of the most popular business streets in the city, No. 73 Orange street, and his line of trade comprises elegant etchings, engravings, photographs, bric-a brac, fine stationery, artists' materials, etc., in the sale of which he and his several assistants are busily employed. Special attention is also given to framing. The superior excellence of the goods kept by Mr. Augur at once attracted the attention of the residents of New Haven, and the high reputation which he has acquired has re-



sulted in a large and widely extended patronage. A full line of goods in his particular line is k e pt in stock, some interesting samples of which are attractively displayed in his Mr. Augur is a

well appointed show windows. Mr. Augur is a gentleman of extensive practical experience in all departments of his business, and his executive ability is well attested by the success with which he has met. He is a native of New Haven, and established his business in October, 1886, and, although but a short time has elapsed since he started, he has well merited the public favor he has received. He has a beautiful store and very fine display of goods.

Mr. Augur is courteous and obliging to his many customers, prompt in the execution of orders entrusted to him, and strictly honorable in all his transactions.



John O'Gorman Jobber and Retailer in China, Fine Porcelains, Glassware, Silver Plated Ware, etc., No. 510 State Street —One of the prominent establishments of New Haven, and which in its line is as finely stocked as any is that of John O'Gorman, aptly termed "The Model Lamp Store of the City." The premises occupied are located at No. 510 State street and consist of a beautiful store, occupying one floor, 80x30 feet in di-mensions and a basement. Here will be found a choice and full line of the latest styles of China, fine porcelains, glassware, silver-plated ware, etc., and a complete line of every style lamp from the ordinary up to the finest hanging and parlor lamps. This business was established by Mr. O'Gorman in 1865, and the trade which is both wholesale and retail has grown rapidly until it is at present both large and lucrative. Mr. O'Gorman is a gentleman of energy as well as experience and all entering his store are highly pleased with the fine taste he displays in the arrangement of his stock. In connection with the goods already mentioned he keeps always on hand all the finest grades of pure teas, coffees and spices. A special feature is made of elub orders. Buyers will do well to observe the facts recounted with regard to this house and may further rest assured that in every relation the proprietor pursues a policy, at once just and generous, equally calculated to subserve the interest of his patrons as well as his own.

Mr. O'Gorman is well known to a large circle of friends and enstomers, and carries one of the finest stocks of these goods in the city.

Dillon & Douglass, Wholesale Dealers in Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Fish, etc., 32 George Street .- Although one of the latest, this is one of the most no-tably successful and important busiuess enterprises of New Haven, and its record from the start is alike ereditable to the energy of the firm and the branch of trade represented. The firm of Dillon & Douglass was organized and began business in 1885, and from the beginning these progressive young merchants have manifested in a marked manner those sterling business qualities which command suc-The house was founded with a cess. fixed and steadfast purpose to deserve recognition, as a reliable and responsible concern, and results conclusively show the certain attainment of that aim.

Messrs. Dillon & Douglass occupy two floors of the large building, No. 32 George street, each 30x70 feet in dimensions, and carry in stock a large and desirable assortment of choice butter, cheese, eggs, fish and produce generally. In quality and variety they are competent to fill all requirements of their trade, their facilities for supplying merchandise of standard excellence at reasonable wholesale rates being ample for present large demands and probable increase in the future.

In the prompt filling of orders and shipment of merchandise and in the tact and push which characterizes

these representative dealers, is found the secret of their success in establishing upon a firm foundation a business which has already attained important proportions and which gives promise of great extension in the near future.

Messrs. J. H. Dillon is a native of New Haven and W. H. Douglas of New York.

Apothecaries' Hall, E. A. Gessner, Proprietor, 821 Chapel Street, New Haven.-Established in 1821, this is by far the oldest drug store in the eity, and at first was conducted by a joint stock company. In a few years, however, Mr. Samuel Noves became the proprietor, remaining in possession for just half a century. He was followed by Mr. Gessner in 1881, since which time it has been conducted with profit to himself and no small benefit to the community at large. At this store, which is a very fine and commodious one, may be found everything which goes to make up a first-class drug store, including patent medicines, perfumery, soaps, etc, Last, but by no means least, must be mentioned a magnificent soda fountain, from which in Summer the coolest of refreshing drinks are dispensed. Special attention is given to the preparation of physicians' prescriptions, together with what may be termed "family" medicines. Every article sold is war-ranted to be of the very best quality and compounded according to the most approved methods. Seven skilled assistants are kept constantly employed by Mr. Gessner, and the trade, which is both wholesale and retail, extends throughout the State.

The National Savings Bank of New Haven, Cutler Building, corner Church and Chapel Streets, open from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.; Saturday nights 6:30 to 9 p. m.—Since the organization and incorporation of the institution, 20 years ago, the National Savings Bank of New Haven, under ablest management, has steadily increased in general favor and influence, and at this time it occupies a foremost place among the most substantial financial concerns of the State. The exercise of prudence and sound judgment on part of the officers and trustees of the bank, most of whom are eminently successful and competent financiers, has from the beginning characterized the conduct of affairs, and has inspired the fullest confidence of the patrons of the institution at home and correspondents abroad.

The official statement at the close of business Dec. 1, 1886, discloses the sound condition of the institution. The surplus fund of \$50,000 speaks unmistakably of the financial skill of those entrusted with the important interests of depositors, and the deposits, aggregating \$727,983,19, is a certain assurance of the fullest faith in the fidelity and ability of the officials. At minimum cost the affairs of the bank have always been and are now conducted, and the beneficent work of the institution meets with grateful recognition from those who have been profited.

The officers of the bank are as follows, viz:

President, Maier Zunder; Vice-President, Geo. H. Watrous; Treasurer, Hoadley B. Ives; Trustees, Maier Zunder, Julius Twiss, Geo. H. Watrous, Cornelius Pierpont, Hoadley B. Ives, Louis Feldman, John E. Earle, Francis Donnelly, Samuel Johnson and George D. Watrous, all of whom are prominent in business circles, and many of whom have filled with eminent satisfaction public trusts of importance. tion public trusts of importance. Hon. George H. Watrous ably represented his town in the Legislature of the State and is President of the the Consolidated road, and has been one of the Board of Aldermen of the city. Mr. Samuel Johnson has acceptably filled the offices of Town Agent and Selectman, and is now Police Commissioner. Louis Feldman has for ten years past been an influential member of the Board of Selectmen, also for six years was Road Commissioner and President of the Board. The Presi dent, Mr. Maier Zunder, is an active and efficient member of the Board of Education of New Ha-ven, and Mr. Hoadley B. Ives has for the past twenty years successively held the offices of Alderman, Councilman and member of the Board of Police Commissioners of this city, and for nineteen years has been President of the Fair Haven & Westville Horse R. R. Company, and for ten years Director in the Yale National Bank. Mr. John E. Earle served his fellow-citizens effectively as one of the Board of Education, and Mr. Francis Donnelly has been an esteemed member of the Board of Relief and of the Board of Aldermen, the community thus emphasizing the verdict of those directly interested in the integrity and worth of those to whose care are committed the savings of the poor and the fortunes of the affluent. Mr. Seligman Zunder has been the trustworthy Clerk for eight years of this bank, and Clerk of the former Town Agent for eight years.

Mr. George D. Watrous is a rising young law-

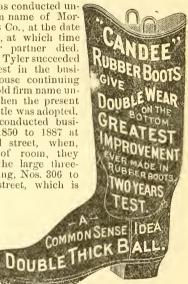
yer, a member of the Board of Aldermen and the son of the Hon. George H. Watrous, President of the Consolidated road.

Mr. Cornelius Pierpont was for several years one of the Aldermen of the city, and is the pres-ent manager of the Shelton Avenue Horse Railroad and one of the directors of the Security Insurance Co. of this city.

Mr. Julius Twiss is a prominent lawyer and has been for many years one of the members of the Common Council.

Butler & Tyler, Wholesale Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, 306 to 312 State Street.—Ofthose houses which have taken prominent and effective part in bringing to New Haven her distinction and growth as a trade center, that of Butler & Tyler has for many years been conspicuously in the front. The extensive wholesale boot and shoe trade they are now conducting was inaugurated over half a century ago by Hon. Morris Tyler and for twenty four years Mr. Butler has been one of the parties in interest. From 1864 to 1876 the

business was conducted under the firm name of Morris Tyler & Co., at the date last named, at which time the senior partner died. Mr. W. R. Tyler succeeded to an interest in the business, the house continuing under the old firm name until 1882, when the present style and title was adopted. The firm conducted business from 1850 to 1887 at 848 Chapel street, when, for lack of room, they moved to the large threestory building, Nos. 306 to 312 State street, which is

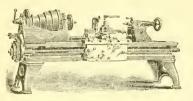


stocked to its fullest capacity with an immense assortment of boots, shoes and rubbers of all the grades suited to this market. Messrs. Butler & Tyler handle the best foot-wear procurable and have facilities for supplying the trade, at lowest margins above cost of production, with merchandise of standard excellence. With abundant capital and the prestige which over fifty years successful operations give, they successfully compete with any house in New Eng-

land for the trade of Eastern and Middle States. Messrs. Stephen B. Butler and William R. Tyler are the individual members of this representative firm. They are widely known and universally esteemed in trade circles.

The firm are jobbers of the Candee, Boston, Woonsocket and Meyer rubber goods and their trade in their general line of merchandise is a large item in the great aggregate of business centering in the Elm City.

New Haven Manufacturing Company, Builders of Machine Tools, No. 27 Whitney Avenue, New Haven.—This is one of the old industrial landmarks of New Haven, the business having



LATHE

## PLANER.

been inaugurated by the New Haven Manufacturing Company in 1850, and in their special branch of industry the concern is a leading one in the fullest signification of the term. The company occupy commodious premises covering an area of over one acre of ground, with their office at No. 30 Whitney avenue, and the works consists of six large buildings, admirably adapted for the important operations of the house.

The company employ a force of 100 workmen in their business, and have the latest and most valuable machinery and appliances operated by a steam engine of 75 horse-power. The output comprises all kinds of machine tools and ma chinery, a specialty being made of heavy and difficult work, and the concern has a wide reputation for the standard excellence of their productions. The officers are as follows:

President and Treasurer, Robert A. Brown, Secretary, L. Winthrop, who, with Superinten-dent Alexander Thayer, Messrs. E. S. Bristol, T. P. Merwin and A. Bradley, constitute the Board of Directors.

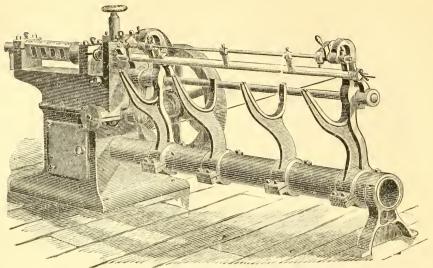
The operations of this representative, reliable concern are extensive, and the aggregate business is a considerable item in the sum total of the manufacturing interests of New Haven, and the field and volume of trade is steadily increasing and extending.

Globe Silk Works, Marvin & Pardee, Manufacturers of Machine Twist, Sewings, etc., 578 to 590 State Street.—Among the many industrial establishments of New Haven, whose resources have been alluded to in this volume, that of the Globe Silk Works (Messrs. Marvin & Pardee), elaims more than ordinary attention at our hands, both on account of the improved quality liability of all their goods.

of the goods produced, and the important influence it is wielding in extending the reputation of this city as an advantageous location for the establishment of successful manufacturing enter-This business, which consists of the prises. manufacture of machine twists and sewing silks of every description, was first organized in 1878 by Messrs, Leigh & White. A year later the firm name was changed to that of "White & Marvin," a copartnership which existed for somewhere about six months. Mr. Marvin then car-ried on the business alone for half a year, but formed an alliance with Mr. Wm. B. Pardee about four years ago, which has continued ever since. At the first the business transacted was that known as "commission throwsters," but four years ago the present firm commenced the manufacture of their own goods in this line, and have dealt in them exclusively ever since. The firm produce all kinds of machine twist and 'sewings," floss, organzine, tram, embroidery, fringe, etc. dveing their own raw material. A specialty is made by Messrs. Marvin & Pardee of the peculiar twists used by boot and shoe and clothing manufacturers, and in these particular lines their goods are everywhere recognized as the standard. The firm's manufactory and salesroom is located at Nos. 578-90 State street, corner Wall street (Hooker Building), and is fitted up with all the latest modern machinery and labor-saving inventions necessary for the production of a superior article in quantities sufficient to meet the ever-increasing demand, which extends over the whole of the New England and. Middle States. The dye-house is a two-story brick structure, measuring 50x40 feet. Altogether about fifty hands are employed the year round.

Monson & Carpenter, Jobbers and Retailers in General Dry Goods, Nos. 764 and 768 Chapel Street.-One of the old established and thoroughly reliable dry goods houses in this city is that of Monson & Carpenter, located at 764 and 768 Chapel street. This flourishing business was founded in 1865 at the present location by C. Monson and D. L. Carpenter. In 1883 Mr. C. M. Walker was admitted to the firm. The goods kept by this house are too well known throughout the city and vicinity to need any re-marks from us, suffice it to say it is *the* house at which to purchase silks, velvets, and choice imported fabrics of all kinds. They also deal largely in laces, from the most to the least expensive, hosicry, underwear, etc. The premises are centrally located, and comprise a large double store, with fine show-windows, in which a tasty display is made of their choice goods. A very large number of hands are employed in the several departments and an immense trade is done, both wholesale and retail, throughout the city and vicinity, the best family trade being catered The stores are fitted up with all the modern to.

appliances for the prosecution of their trade, and all customers are treated in a courteous and at-tentive manner. We commend the house to our readers as one whose reputation has been secured by a uniform system of fair and honorable dealing, which has ever characterized their transactions, as well as by the excellent quality and re-



John Adt & Son, Builders of Hardware and Manufacturing Machinery.

ufacturing Machinery, corner State and Mill Haven. River Streets, New Haven.—Connecticut is fa-mous not only for the variety and volume of its manufactured articles, but also for producing the machinery for making the output of her numerous mills and factories-not only "making the things, but making the things that make them. The house of John Adt & Son is one of the prin-cipal enterprises of New Haven, devoted to the production of machinery for manufacturers' uses. The industry was inaugurated by the senior member of the firm in 1869, and he in 1883 admitted his son, Mr. G. W. Adt, to an interest in the extensive business he had founded and developed.

The machine works of Messrs. Adt & Son are located at corner of State and Mill River streets, and comprise large building 40x100 feet in dimensions, and two stories in height. The plant is a valuable one, including fine improved ma-chinery of latest designs and patterns, operated by steam, and twenty five skilled workmen find constant employment in the establishment.

The output comprises all kinds of machinery to order, a specialty being made of that used in wire working, hardware manufacturing, of which the firm turn out large quantities and in great variety. The firm's facilities for supplying work of the most accurate and reliable character are unsurpassed, and designs and estimates are fur nished and orders promptly executed, satisfaction

in every regard being uniformly guaranteed. Mr. John Adt is a German by birth, having been born at Ensheim, in Rhenish Bavaria, and is a veteran mechanical expert. His son was born at Waterbury, Conn., and has had large experience as a practical builder of machinery.

Both are enterprising, reliable, progressive men of business and have well earned the gratifying success they have attained.

Miss Ella Camp, Art Needle-Work, 100 Orange Street, New Haven .- This establishment is

John Adt & Son, Builders of Hardware Man- one of the favorite resorts of ladies of New Miss Camp is an artistic designer and embroidery stamper, located at No. 100 Orange street, where in connection with her large retail business and custom work, she makes a specialty of teaching every branch of Art Needle work. She carries a large well selected stock of materials needed for this business.

Miss Camp established her art room in 1883, where only the most competent assistants are employed, who are capable of commencing work, designing copies or making them to order.

Perfect satisfaction is guaranteed to customers, and all lovers of art needle-work will find this an attractive place for purchasing or instruction.

Miss Camp has in this branch a fine local trade and also receives orders from all parts of the State. She is a careful, painstaking lady and is always anxious to please her customers, while the prices charged are very reasonable.

Rob't Langdale & Co, Importing Tailors, 77 Orange Street.-The trade or profession of the merchant tailor is a most important an l exacting one, especially so if the reader will pouder for a moment upon the important part which a gentleman's wearing apparel plays in the drama of It has been said, over and over again, until life. one is almost inclined to believe it, that "the clothes make the man" To a great extent this is true, and it is therefore to the interest of every man having the expectation of making his way in this world to see to it that his garments are the productions of tailors of experience and skill. Such is to be found in Messrs. Rob't Langdale & Co's of No. 77 Orang + street, whose reputation as artistic and fashionable tailors of a high degree of merit is not confined to New Ha-ven alone. The business was established in 1875 by Robert Langdale, who a few years after ad-mitted his two sons, E B. and F. R., into the firm, under s yle of Robert Langdale & Co. This house has succeeded in the years which have elapsed in securing a first-class and lucrative

trade. The premises occupied by them consist of a large store 100x20 feet in dimensions, in which is shown the goods, the work room being up stairs, where a dozen or more hands find employment all the year round. The display of fine imported fabrics to be seen here is unexcelled by any similar house in the city, comprising the very latest novelties in English, French and other European goods. Messrs. Langdale & Co. include among their numerous patrons many of our wealthy citizens. All their garments are characterized by that indefinable style, finish and general appearance only attainable by a first-class tailor, and as a consequence their trade, although large, is ever increasing Mr. Robert Langdale was born in England and his sons in this city.

New Haven Baking Company, Nos. 118 to 126 State Street, New Haven, Conn.-In a wide field of usefulness and for more than half a century this enterprise has held an important and influential position among the industries of New Haven, and the Company is one of the recognized leading concerns in this line of enterprise in New England. The New Haven Baking Company was organized as a joint stock association in 1852, as successors to Messrs. Gorham & Smith, who had conducted the business since 1837. The inauguration of the industry, however, dates back to 1829, although the name of the founder is unknown. The Company's premises are located at Nos. 118 to 126 State street, and com prise a large three-story building 50x170 feet in dimensions, and is a model of completeness in its equipment and appointments. The machinery, which is of the most improved patterns and de-signs for intended purposes, is operated by a steam engine of 30-horse power, and a force of forty, among whom are many skilled workmen constantly employed in the several departments of the business. The company manufacture and deal largely in staple and fancy biscuit, cakes. etc., including the finest qualities of breadstuffs for the market, and the prices and standard ex cellence of the product have made this the favorite source of supply for the trade of New England and the Middle States, in which ready sales are found for the goods of this old, reliable house. Ever zealous to maintain the reputation of this old concern and to keep the quality of their goods up to the highest standard of excellence, the management are steadily increasing their heavy wholesale trade and extending their field of operations, enlarging their facilities from time to time with the growing demand for their product. The officers of this substantial, representative company are as follows:

President, Sylvester Smith; Secretary and Treasurer, C. C. Smith; Manager, Daniel Porter; the two former constituting the board of directors; and in the hands of these progressive business men of established reputation for energy, tact and probity, the business which for two generations has been one of the large items in the aggregate of New Haven's trade, is having a growth almost phenomenal.

The Messrs. Smith are natives of this city and are recognized as representative and successful leaders in their line of trade and manufacture in New England.

Singer Sewing Machine Agency, 703 and 705 Chapel Street .- In the purchase of a Sewing Machine there are several points to be taken into consideration, and among them we may mention durability, simplicity, ease of running, and free-dom from noise. These advantages and many others will be found in the Improved Singer Machine, which is the leading machine in the world, both for household use or manufacturing purposes. It is now pronounced by competent judges as absolutely unequaled in combining every advantage which skill and years of experi-ence in their manufacture afford. There is hardly a section of the United States where these popular machines will not be found, both in the leading factories requiring their use and in the homes of the people. Wherever introduced the sale of one machine has resulted in a great many others being purchased. The Southern New England office is the oldest of the many general agencies of The Singer Manufacturing Co., and was started many years ago when the company, poor and unknown, was engaged in a desperate battle for its legal rights, and its very existence threatened. Begun in the smallest way this agency has from the start had a prosperous career; from it have graduated the men who have from Chicago controlled the great business of the West and Northwest; from Cincinnati the large interests centering there; and from London, England, the immense trade of Great Britain, the greater portion of Europe, and all of South America and Australia. For the past twenty-six years the business of this office has been under the management of Mr. Wm. J. Bradley, and has steadily year by year increased in volume and extent until at the present time he has under his care the following Branch Offices:

Ansonia, Conn.; Attleborough, Mass.; Bridgeport, Conn.; Bristol, Conn.; Bristol, R. I.; Danbury, Conn.; East Greenwich, R. I.; Fall River, Mass.; Hartford, Conn.; Holyoke, Mass.; Meriden. Conn.; Middletown, Conn.; Middleborough, Mass.; New Bedford, Mass.; New Britain, Conn.; New London, Conn.; Newport, R. I.; Northampton, Mass.; Norwalk, Conn.; Norwich, Conn.; Pawtucket, R. I.; Providence, R. I.; Putnam, Conn.; Springfield, Mass.; Stamford, Conn.; Taunton, Mass.; Thomaston, Conn.; Waterbury, Conn.; Westerly, R. I.; Westfield, Mass.; Willimantic, Conn.; Windsor Locks, Conn.; Winsted, Ct.; Woonsocket, R. I. Nearly all of the above Branch Offices control several counties each, with local Agents in al-

Nearly all of the above Branch Offices control several counties each, with local Agents in almost every village. Customers deal direct with The Singer Mfg. Co., whether they buy at Central Offices, Branch Offices, or from Cauvassers who call at their doors. In these branches are now employed about 300 persons, the services of fourteen being required at the New Haven office. Mr. Bradley states that the business of the past year (1886) has greatly exceeded that of any former year of this office, and he attributes this to the fact that the Improved Singer Machine which was introduced but a few years since is now becoming more generally known, and its merits are so superior to other machines that whenever seen and understood purchasers will buy no other. A full line of Sewing Machine Supplies is constantly carried. **Booth & Law,** Manufacturers of Varnishes, Coach and Baking Japans, and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass, Brushes, etc., corner Water and Olive, Streets.—The manufacture of carriage builders' supplies in this city, famous throughout the world for the excellence of vehicles manufactured here, is one of New Haven's most important industries, and the house of. Booth & Law has for one-half a century held a prominent place among the producers of this city and section. The firm occupy for their purposes the three floors of their building, corner of Water and Olive streets, each 40x70 feet in dimensions, and manufacture all kinds of varnishes, coach and baking japans, and among carriage builders throughout New England and adjoining sections, the house is famous for the standard excellence of their products.

They are among the pioneers in this industry in the United States, and under present management the prestige of the old concern and its trade have been steadily maintained.

Messrs. Booth & Law are also extensive wholesale and retail dealers in paints, oils, glass, brushes, etc., and have every facility for supplying superior goods at low prices. They are the agents for Wheeler's famous patent wood filler, and all orders for merchandise, however large, have prompt attention, and goods are shipped or delivered with dispatch. The business was inaugurated over fifty years ago by Messrs. Booth & Bromham, and since 1858 has been, with no change in name, successfully conducted by Messrs. Booth & Law.

Messrs. L. M. Law, W. B. Law and G F. Andrews comprise the firm as at present constituted. The two first named are natives of Orange, Ct., and Woodbury, Ct., respectively, and Mr. Andrews is a Massachusetts man by birth. All are energetic, progressive business men, and are held in general esteem as representative merchants. Mr. W. B. Law has been a councilman of this city.

J. W. Pond, Fire Insurance Agents, 69 Church Street, Room 10 .- One of the leading Fire and Accident Insurance agents of New Haven is Mr. J. W. Pond, who has spent many years in this department of business interests. He has become quite an authority upon the subject of fire insurance owing to his thorough knowledge of it, and is considered one of the best informed and most reliable agents in the city. He established the business in 1869, and can select a good company to present to his large list of patrons. Mr. Pond occupies a commodious office at No. 69 Church street, Room 10, which is 20x25 feet in dimensions, every facility being possessed for conducting his large business under the most favorable auspices. In the fire department he represents the Continental Insurance Company, of New York, Citizen's, of Pittsburg, Pa., and others, and in the Accident department the Travelers' Insurance Company, of Hartford. Mr. Pond transacts all kinds of fire insurance, and is able to offer very superior inducements. and guarantees a sure and prompt adjustment of all losses that may occur. This is but a brief sketch of Mr. Pond's facilities, which have placed him among the prominent and responsible underwriting fraternity in New Haven, and which fully entitles him to the thriving business which he knows so well how to promote. Mr. Pond is

**Booth & Law,** Manufacturers of Varnishes, Coach and Baking Japans, and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass, Brushes, etc., corner Water and Olive Streets.—The manufacture of carriage builders' supplies in this city, famous throughout the world for the excellence of vehicles manufactured here, is one of New Haven's most important industries,

> Henry Hooker & Co., Carriage Manufacturers, State Street.-For more than half a century New Haven has enjoyed fame and distinction as a carriage manufacturing city, and in the Old World and New the carriages produced here are in demand, as unsurpassed in most of the essentials of first class, stylish and serviceable vehicles. Largely, indeed, to the skill and inventive genius of New Haven artisans is due the fact that in this branch of industry as in most others America leads the world. The house was founded just half a century ago by the firm of Hubbell & Hooker, who were pioneers in this field of manufacturing enterprise in this city and section, and through all these years the concern has maintained pre-eminence among the kindred industries of the country.

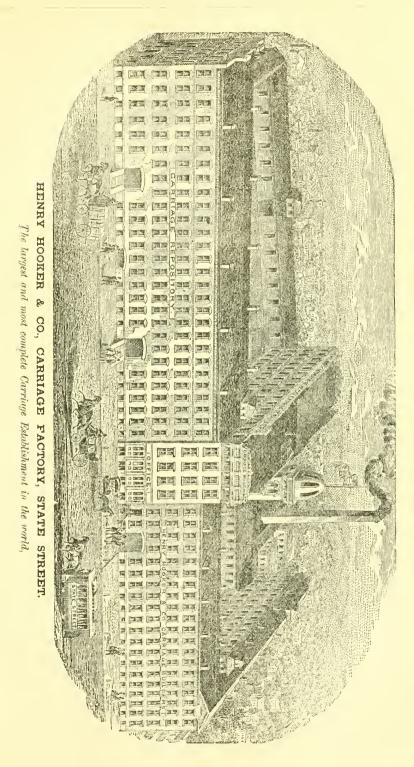
> The extensive works of this firm are located on State street, and comprise several large, substantial structures, covering an area of 375x259 feet, the average height of which is five stories, giving a floor surface of over ten acres. The establishment throughout is equipped most thoroughly, being supplied with the best improved labor-saving machinery in use, driven by a steam engine of 100 horse-power. An average of 300 workmen are employed in the many departments, and large numbers of elegant carriages are turned out annually, for which there is a constant demand at home and abroad. The leading specialties of the company are Victorias, Cabriolets, Spiders, Mail Phaetons, Two-wheelers, Road and Beach Wagons, Sleighs, etc., special lines being made for different sections of this and foreign countries. Such has been the reputation of the productions of this concern for superiority of workmanship and finish, and as well for originality in designs and the important improvements introduced over old methods of construction, that the frequent enlargements of the company's works and facilities required to supply the demand for their carriages, have made theirs, at this writing, the largest and most complete carriage establishment in the world.

> This house has led the fashion for vehicles in the United States for years. They introduced the fashionable "Two-Wheelers" about ten years ago, and manufactured about 1,000 of them before any other carriage establishment had made or sold one, and in almost every specialty they lead and never follow.

> The officers of this great corporation are as follows: President, Edwin Marble; Treasurer, Frank H. Hooker; Secretary, W. H. Atwood; General Superintendent, G. H. Dayton. They are all Connecticut men by birth, and are numbered among the representative successful manufacturers of the country, on 'Change in every market of the United States.

> Mr. Marble was formerly an Alderman in New Haven and was the esteened President of the Board, and Mr. Hooker served the people with fidelity as one of the Police Commissioners.

## LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF NEW HAVEN.



107

Sperry & Kimberly, Insurance Agents and Safe Deposit Vaults, 89 Orange Street.—An old established and representative firm is that of Sperry & Kimberly, who for the past twenty years have represented some of the soundest insurance companies in the world. The facilities enjoyed by these gentlemen in the selection of reliable companies, and in the placing of risks, have drawn to them a long list of customers, comprising many of the large manufacturing and mercantile establishments of this section of the State, many of whom have renewed with them for several years.

Among the companies represented by this reliable firm are the following: the Continental Ins. Co., of New York; the Commercial Union, the Guardian and the Imperial Assurance Co., of London, England; the Washington Fire and Marine Ins. Co., of Boston, and the British Am. Assurance Co. of Toronto.

For the convenience of persons having valuables of any kind, Messrs, Sperry & Kimberly have had constructed at considerable expense their Safe Deposit Vaults.

The vaults containing the safes for deposit of securities and storage of valuables are founded upon a ledge of rock and solid masonry eighteen feet deep, and are constructed in the best possible manner of three plates of welded steel and iron, fastened together with patent conical twisted steel and iron screw bolts; each corner is secured by solid welded steel and iron angle irons. The massive doors are fitted with patent dovetails, tenon and grooves, closing into corresponding dovetails, tenon and grooves in the jambs, and are secured by the most approved combination double dial bank locks. These plates are surrounded by a brick wall twenty-four inches thick, laid in con-crete in the most thorough manner. The vestibule between outer and inner doors is also steel lined. These vaults and safes are faultless in construction, and are offered in full confidence, with the assurance of perfect safety and security.

For absolute security these vaults commend themselves to all possessing valuables of any nature—cash, deeds, bonds, mortgages, silver plate, diamonds, etc. These vaults are in charge of two competent watchmen through the night, while, as regards danger from a large conflagration, they are absolutely fire-proof.

For ladies or gentlemen who desire to transact financial business and who have no other convenient office at hand, special offices are provided. The rent of these safes ranges from \$5 to \$25 per year, according to size of space occupied, while special rates are made for trunks.

Mess's. Sperry & Kimberly have every facility at hand for the transaction of their business, the offices are commodious, being 100x20 feet in size, and very centrally located, being within two minutes' walk of the leading banks and but three doors from Chapel street.

The members of this firm are well known residents of this city and have long enjoyed the confidence and esteem of all. Mr. Sperry has been nayor of New Haven for three years, hank commissioner for four years, and served for several years as Representative to the General Assembly. Mr. Kimberly has also officiated as city auditor for four years, and both gentlemen have been identified with the best interests of the city.

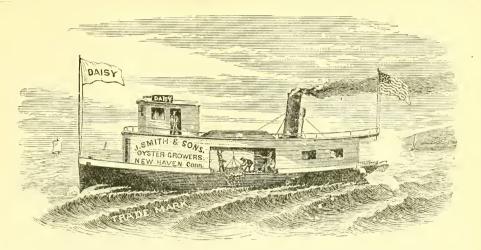
A. E. Newhall, Manufacturer of Pure Cider Vinegar, 29 George Street and 133 Columbus Av. —In riding through almost any of our suburban towns in the fall of the year we see large quantities of apples being gathered, some to be eaten as



fruit, while others are made into that delicious beverage called pure cider, which besides being so pleasing to the taste is often very beneficial, especially to invalids, and immense quantities is soured for vinegar, which is in such great demand in the Autumn for the manufacture of the various kinds of pickles, etc. We would respectfully call attention to the establishment of Mr. A. E. Newhall, which is devoted to the manufacture of pure cider and pure cider vinegar, located at 29 George street and 133 Columbus avenue, New Haven. The premises comprise two floors of the building, 70x25 feet in dimensions. Mr. Newhall's cider and vinegar are the purest in the market, being

manufactured from the fruit alone without being mixed with any of the injurious acids so often nsed by unreliable manufacturers in both eider and vinegar, and in the latter not only destroying its fine bright taste, but causing it to spoil everything in which it is used. Mr. A. E. New-hall established his factory in 1878, and has met with unrivaled success. His business is mostly wholesale, and dealers feel secure in offering his productions to their customers, feeling confident that they will receive strictly pure, unadulterated articles from him. Mr. Newhall gives his per-sonal supervision to the manufacturing of his cider and vinegar, and has the assistance of thoroughly competent workmen. He is a native of New Haven, a member of the Knights of Pythias and Red Men, and by his honest, upright business dealings has secured the high esteem of a large number of friends.

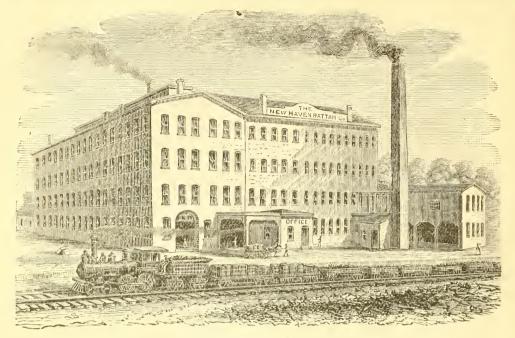
C. E. Hooghkirk, Harness Maker, 37 Orange Street, 2d floor .- Among the oldest establishments of its kind in this city is that of C. E. Hooghkirk, manufacturer of fine harness, etc., located at No. 37 Orange street, (2d floor). This business was established in 1846 by Jas. M. Mount, succeeded in 1877 by C. E. Hooghkirk, the present proprietor. The premises occupied consist of a fine store 25x50 feet in size, well fitted up and equipped with all the modern appliances to facilitate the business. A leading feature of this concern is the manufacture of fine harness from choice and selected stock, and all lines of leather goods. He employs four practical harness makers whose labors he personally supervises, besides giving all specially particular orders the benefit of his own practical handi-work. In prices Mr. Hooghkirk is a rival of all competitors, and guarantees the productions of his workshop the equal of any to be procured in the city. He is a native of New York City and



Jeremiah Smith & Sons, Planters, Shippers and Wholesale Dealers in Genuine Native Oysters, Oyster Point, New Haven .- The distinction enjoyed by this house among the oyster trade at home and abroad is the steady growth of many years of persevering energy and the reward of honest merit. It had its beginning thirty-five years ago, when oyster culture was in its feeble infancy, and the head of the concern was then one of the pioneers, and is now a veteran in this The firm as at present constituted was industry. organized about five years ago, and are recognized leaders in the oyster trade, home and export, for which New Haven is famous. The sup ply depot, packing houses and office of Messrs. Smith & Sons are located on South Water street, or Oyster Point, where they have extensive buildings, with large and excellent wharves on the harbor, and great as is their important trade their facilities are fully adequate for their present purposes and for its prospective growth for years The immense oyster beds of the firm to come are located at Morris Cove, Savin Rock, Milford, Saybrook and New Haven, Conn., and at Hyannis, Mass., and a force of 75 to 100 hands is required in the conduct of the business. Special attention is paid to packing shell oysters for the Western and Foreign markets, and the concern is doubtless the largest shippers of natives to England and the Continent of Europe. The firm have a branch establishment at Liverpool under the immediate management of Mr. Wm. H. Smith, and abroad as at home they are famous for the superior quality and excellence of their merchandise and the prime condition in which they are delivered to near and remote points. Two large steamers and numerous other small craft are owned and employed by the Messrs. Smith in their business, and in all that goes to deserve the confidence of their trade and correspondents these responsible leaders of the New Haven oyster trade are worthy of emulation. Messrs. Jeremiah, Elwood H. and Wm. H. Smith, are the members of this live firm, and influential at 28 City Market, New Haven, St. John Shell Fish Market, Liverpool; Billingsgate Market, London; and in Hamburg; and oysters of the of this brief sketch.

best quality are supplied to all points by the cargo, car load, barrel, tub or gallon.

F. O. Peabody & Co., Commission Brokers, 778 Chapel St., New Haven, also at Waterbury and Birmingham .-- The growing wealth of the people of New Haven is foreibly demonstrated by the constantly increasing demand for reliable securities in which to invest surplus funds, and in a history of the advance and development of this city, with reference to financial affairs, the commission brokers must occupy a leading position, as having conduced in no small degree to the city's present importance. Among those houses whose extended transactions and high standing entitle them to more than casual mention is that of F. O. Peabody & Co., whose offices are eligi-bly and centrally located at No. 778 Chapel street. Mr. Peabody, who is the only active member of the firm, is a gentleman who has been prominently identified with the financial world for a number of years. He keeps a keen eye upon the market, and is considered a leading authority upon actual values; and his extended and influential connections enable him to secure much "inside" information of considerable value both to himself and his numerous clients. At his office is one of the best regular stock bulletins in New Haven, while at the same time he is connected by private wire with the New York Stock Exchange and the Chicago Board of Trade. In addition to his own ample capital, through his intimate relations with certain wealthy bankers and others he possesses excep-tionable facilities, not only for the prompt fulfillment of his own engagements, but for the successful negotiation of important operations requiring large sums of money for others The business, which is conducted under the management of Mr. C. J. Humiston, was opened here in March, 1885, and has certainly made most astonishing strides. Mr. Peabody is a native of Waterbury. Mr. Humiston has been a resident of this city for many years. He belongs to a class of steady, conservative business men, to which New Haven owes so much of her prosperity, and none can boast of a higher credit standing than the subject



FACTORY OF NEW HAVEN RATTAN CO.

The New Haven Rattan Co., Corner Orange and prices of its goods, with any other house in and Audubon Streets.—The ingenuity of man has of late years largely increased the purposes to which cane is applied, and has opened up extensive avenues for investment of skill and capital in the manufacture of rattan goods. The rattan canes are now utilized in the manufacture of articles for use in and adornment of houses in numerous ways, and the stock in trade of most of the dealers in modern art furniture everywhere is, in response to the demand of the pur-chasing public, largely composed of merchandise of this description.

The company above-named was organized in 1882, and with abundant capital have secured facilities for the manufacture of their specialties in a hundred novel and beautiful designs, and to supply the finest goods of this description to the trade at smallest margin above the actual cost of production.

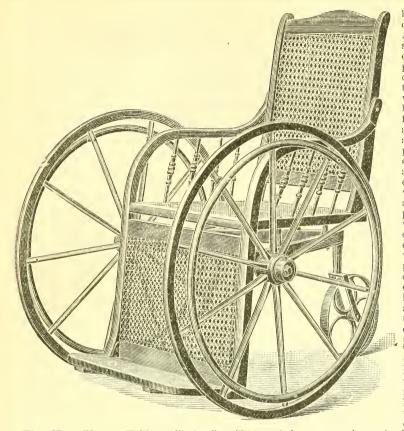
A force of one hundred skilful workmen are employed in the company's works, at corner of Orange and Audubon streets, and the establishment, comprising two four-story buildings, 40x100 feet each in size, is one of the most complete of its kind in the country. The machinery used is of the latest and best patterns, operated by steam, and the work turned out is always suited to the demands of the public, the styles and designs being in accord with prevailing tastes and changes in fashion.

The house imports its rattan from China and these are split and prepared for use in the manufacture of chairs and other articles of utility and beauty for household purposes. The trade is large and rapidly increasing and extends to all parts of the United States, and the concern successfully competes in variety of designs, quality Free Mason and member of the "Red Men."

Mr. Isaac N. Dann is the President and Mr. Ed. F. Mersick is the Treasurer of this well-known corporation, and plargely to their executive and business ability the company owes its success.

John W. Hatstat, Dealer in Fine Groceries and Fruit, 74 Trumbull Street, corner Whitney Avenue.-We are free to admit in descanting upon the many advantages in all departments of trade that pertains to New Haven, that one of the most important enterprises connected with this community is that which relates to grocery trade. Largely engaged in this line is the house of John W. Hatstat, an establishment which has promoted the business to which we allude to a remarkable degree. This house was founded in 1877 by Mr. J. M. Hatstat, succeeded in 1882 by the present management, Mr. John W. Hatstat, who, having a thorough practical knowledge of the business and entirely familiar with every detail, he applied himself sedulonsly and successfully to the enlargement of operations which have since annually increased, and the trade is now large and lucrative. The store is located at No. 74 Trumbull street, corner of Whitney avenue, where he occupies two floors, having an area of 60x20 feet. These premises are stocked with a choice assortment of Fine Groceries and Foreign and Domestic Fruits of all kinds in their season, a specialty being made of the celebrated "Farm-ington Butter." The facilities of the house are unsurpassed for obtaining first-class goods. Polite assistants are on hand to wait upon customers, and all orders are filled and delivered promtly Mr. Hatstat is a native of Fair Haven, and is a

## LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF NEW HAVEN.



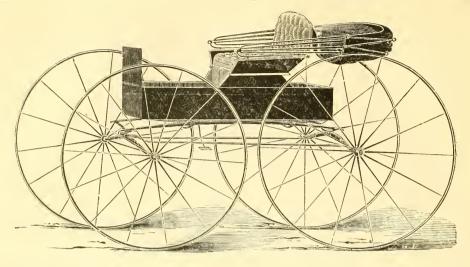
by a fifty horse-power steam engine. A force of a hundred skilled workmen is employed; each department is in charge of a competent head, and the whole is regulated by a system which facilitates the transaction of business and assures the prompt execution of all orders. Here are manufactured every conceivable variety of folding and fancy chairs, patent rockers, as well as invalid reclining and rolling chairs. A specialty with this concern at present is in the line of fancy leather chairs, now so fashionable, and which are to be found in the homes of anyone with the least pretentions to taste. The position occu-pied by the company, in fact, is such that its productions find a ready market, not only over the whole of this country, but orders

The New Haven Fold ng Chair Co., 552 State Street, Manufacturers of Folding and Fancy Chairs, Patent Rockers, and Invalid Reclining and Rolling Chairs.—The wonderful growth at-tained by New Haven during comparatively recent years is largely and almost wholly due to the enterprise and intelligent efforts of those who conduct our representative houses in every branch of trade or manufacture, and on every side may be seen the results of their ability and enterprise. In this connection, therefore, it is a duty, as well as a pleasure, to refer to the New Haven Folding Chair Co., which in its particular line has un-doubtedly distanced all competitors and now stands alone without a rival. The business now carried on by this company was originally estab-lished in 1858, and was carried on under the firm name of "Dann Bros.," until 1865, when a joint stock company was organized, and has continued in existence ever since. The present officers of the organization are as follows: President, I. N. Dann; Secretary and Treasurer, E. F. Mersick; Superintendent, E. Kelsey. The warerooms and factory are located at No. 552 State street—a large four-story brick building, containing somewhere about 40,000 square feet of flooring space. The factory is most admirably arranged and equipped throughout with the most modern machinery and appliances, the greater portion of which have been specially designed and built for these works, the motive power being furnished

are being constantly received from every corner of the world—a fact which is more convincing than words of the excellence of their goods, the honesty of the material employed, and their general high degree of finish.

William Hull & Son, Ale and Porter Brewers, 4 Whiting Street.—As the sole surviving partner of the well known firm of William Hull & Son, Mr. Wm. H Hull is conducting a large and flourishing business in New Haven, as a brewer of Ale and Porter, and in his hands the prestige of the old concern as well as the name is maintained.

The brewery, located at No. 4 Whiting street, is one of the most complete in New England, every facility being provided for the manufacture of pure malt liquors of superior quality, and 100 barrels per day are turned out of the establish-Mr. Hull makes a specialty of Stock Ale ment. and Stock Porter, for which the house has, since 1870, the date of the establishment of the business, been famous, and in purity, flavor and general excellence of the product this house successfully competes with any brewing concern in the country. A force of from fifteen to twenty hands are constantly employed in the establishment, and the demand for the product of the concern is steadily increasing. Mr. Hull is a reliable, enterprising business man and influential citizen of New Haven, and his worth commends him to all.



Seabrook & Smith, Manufacturers of Fine he enjoys shows the confidence which is reposed Light Carriages, Nos. 128 and 130 Park Street. in him by manufacturers, builders and the public Among the manufacturers engaged in this line in New Haven who have gained a reputation for the merits of their productions, are Messrs, Seabrook & Smith, of Nos. 128 and 130 Park street, who make carriages equal in style, finish and quality to any concern in the country. The business was established in 1868 by the present proprietors, H. C. Scabrook and L. T. Smith. The premises occupied comprise five floors, 66x 150 feet. This building is divided into separate departments, and employment is given to thirty skilled workmen, whose operations are all under the personal supervision of the proprietors. The manufactures of the house include all kinds of light carriages and wagons in every variety of style. Only the best materials are utilized, and Messrs. Seabrook & Smith especially invite orders from parties who require a better class of work than is generally sold at reasonable prices and guarantee to supply them satisfactorily. Their trade, although mostly retail, is very extensive throughout the New England States. Messrs. Seabrook & Smith use in their manufactory a 12 horse-power steam engine, and in fact everything to promote promptness in filling their orders.

Mr. H. C. Seabrook is a native of the West Indies, while his partner, Mr. L. T. Smith, is a native of New Haven, and they are both gentlemen of large experience in the business.

S. S. Mallett, Manufacturers' Supplies, Ma chinists' Supplies and Tools, 776 Chapel Street -Owing to the vast magnitude of the manufacturing interests of our country the business of those dealing in manufacturers' and bulders' sup plies and general hardware is a large and important one. Among the well and favorably known houses engaged in this line of business in New Haven that so successfully carried on by Mr. S. S. Mallett, No. 776 Chapel street, occupies a leading position. The keeping of stand-ard goods and the prompt and accurate filling of orders have had much to do with Mr. Mallett's success, and the large and desirable trade which

in him by manufacturers, builders and the public in general. A full line of hardware, cutlery, tools. and also machinists' supplies and tools is constantly carried, and owing to special arrangements. which have been made Mr. Mallett is able to furnish at very short notice any article which may be required, even if not in stock when ordered.

The machinists' trade has almost been revolutionized within comparatively few years by the invention and application of ingenious and effective tools to almost every kind of work. Jobsthat it seemed an utter impossibility to do other than slowly and laboriously by hand a few years ago, requiring the employment of specially skilled workmen and a long time in which to do the work, are now turned out rapidly and accurately by the use of machine tools in the hands of ordinary journeymen, and no shop or manufactory in the country is now capable of competing with its rivals without a full supply of these modern tools and appliances.

As these tools are being invented and improved almost daily, and as it is conceded that every detail tending to simplify and cheapen production must be carefully looked to to ensure success in the machinist's business to-day, machinists will find it for their interest to keep their eyes on Mr. Mallett's stock, which always contains all meritorious and labor-saving tools. Mr. Mallett occupies a large store for the accommodation of his goods.

C. Pierpont & Co., Manufacturers of Improved Baldwin's Ensilage and Feed Cutters, etc., corner Park and Crown Streets .- In our wanderings through the city in search of new inventions, or for the purpose of bringing to notice some comparatively new to a great many, the manufacture of several important articles as car-ried on by C. Pierpont & Co., located at the corner of Park and Crown streets, occurred to us as something that would interest a great many when they learned to what extent this business is earried, and the perfection which has been at-The products of this house are Imtained. proved Baldwin's Ensilage and Feed Cutters,

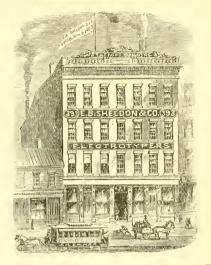
known to be the most perfect articles for their respective uses in the market. Also the celebrated and always reliable Excelsior money drawers and rubber bucket pumps, besides being the manufacturers to a large extent of Coggins' improved carriage tops, with patent wrought iron adjustable shifting rail, and backs, cushions, falls, dashes, etc., and sunshade. The business which is quite an old established one was founded by J. D. Burdick & Co. in 1864, succeeded in 1870 by Pierpont & Stevens, and again in 1873 by C. Pierpont & Co. The premises occupied for their manufactory consist of a fine four-story building covering an area of 40x100 feet, with an addition of a well-equipped blacksmith shop and dry-house. A fifty horsepower steam engine is used in the building to propel their machinery, which is of the most improved patterns. Twenty capable hands also find employment here and the trade is very extensive, extending over a large territory. Mr. Pierpont is a highly esteemed citizen of New Haven, being one of the first members of the Board of Aldermen, he is also director of the "Security Ins. Co.," and is trustee of the Centerville Horse R. R. and director of National Savings Bank.

Mr. D. W. Baldwin, the superintendent of these works, is a gentleman of ability, thoroughly conversant with all the details of the business, and fully deserving of the responsible position he holds.

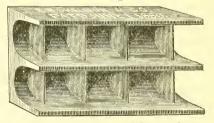
Enos S. Kimberly, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Coal and Wood, Offices No. 111 Church Street, (Cutler Corner,) 538 Grand Street, New Haven .- In writing a detailed account of the industries of New Haven, with some account of those individual enterprises that have conduced so greatly to the thrift of the community, we must not overlook the fact that no little vitality has emanated from a traffic in coal and wood that appears to have become more and more important annually. In this connection the old es-tablished house of Enos S. Kimberly is not unworthy of special mention. Dealing in both anthracite and bituminous coals, and all kinds of hard and soft wood, this house has established an extensive wholesale and retail trade through out the State, for the promotion of which it pos-sesses ample facilities. The business was started by Sperry & Co. in 1850 and in 1864 succeeded by Kimberly & Goodrich, coming under the sole management of Enos S. Kimberly in 1881. The premises occupied for the business consist of two offices, located at No. 111 Church street, (Cutler corner,) and 538 Grand avenue, the main office being 20x15 feet in dimensions, and finely fitted up.

The yard is located at Nos 488–538 Grand Avenue, and covers an area of 750x150 feet, equippcd with two steam engines, one twenty-five and the other 12 horse-power. The facilities enjoyed by this house are unsurpassed by any dealer in the State, as his connections with railroads and shippers generally are conducive to a large trade. Mr. Kimberly is an esteemed citizen, being a

Mr. Kimberly is an esteemed citizen, being a native of New Haven, and will be found prompt, liberal and enterprising, never unsolicitous for the benefit of patrons, and always prepared to offer terms in keeping with such a reputation.

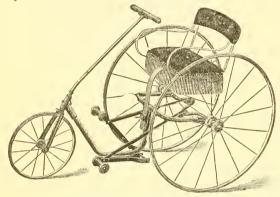


E. B. Sheldon & Co., 393 State Street.-The large business done by E. B. Sheldon & Co., in the eligible premises which occupy three floors, 85x40 feet in area, at 393 State street, was originally started in 1861, coming under the control of the present proprietors in 1877, since which time the business has assumed immense proportions, under the able management it has enjoyed. They possess all the necessary tools and machinery used in the business, which derives its motive power from a steam engine of 15 horse-Upwards of fifty skilled hands are empower. ployed and their trade extends throughout this country and Canada. The character of the work produced in electrotype plates of all kinds is This firm being the sole owners and first class.



proprietors of a patent mould for casting metalback electrotypes, which is the most perfect of its kind known. Everything that pertains to the business is done with dispatch at reasonable prices. The members of the firm are Messrs. E. B. Sheldon, C. S. Butler and E. H. Parkhurst, all three gentlemen of experience in the details of this business, and have achieved a repute which entitles them very justly to the consideration of which they are the object . Our readers who may be in any way concerned in the work of E. B. Sheldon & Co., or desirous of obtaining estimates for all descriptions of such work, should write them. This firm make a specialty of fine electrotypes for manufacturers' catalogues, and also do a large business in making electros for newspaper advertising, among their customers being many of the leading advertisers and advertising agents in the country.

Geo. E. Whitmore, Manufacturer and Dealer in Children's Carriages, Tricycles, Velocipedes, etc., 89 Crown Street, New Haven. New York office 102 William Street.—The attention that of late years has been directed to the production of Children's Carriages, Tricycles, Velocipedes, etc., has developed the fact that American skill and artistic ability and taste are quite as successful in the manufacture of such articles as they have proved in other departments of manufacturing industry. A most convincing proof of this fact—if any confirmation be useded—can be found by a visit to the establishment of Mr. Geo. E. Whitmore, whose salesroom is at No. 89 Crown street. Here may be always found a complete stock of children's carriages in every style and material, of his own manufacture, to-



PATENTED JANUARY 18, 1887.

gether with bicycles, tricycles and velocipedes, in sizes to suit all ages. A specialty in which Mr. Whitmore deals is the new "Eureka" tricycle, for boys and girls, which is the only ma-chine of its kind which physicians recommend in all respects. It is the most elegantly made and most thoroughly constructed tricycle on the market, being especially suitable for use by children. The "Eureka," however, is not a mere toy, to be thrown aside after a season's use, but will last for years. Mr. Whitmore commenced business here in 1880, at first on a comparatively small scale; but his energy, business tact and perseverance soon brought him a large number of patrons. His store rooms and factory are located in the rear of his store on Crown street. They are fitted up in the most complete manner possible, and are provided with every appliance which Mr. Whitmore's long practical experience in this special line of business can suggest. In addition to manufacturing children's carriages, etc., he is also an extensive dealer in parasols, lace covers, straps, mats, etc. His business, which is both wholesale and retail, extends to all parts of the country, and his productions are looked upon everywhere as the standard by which all others should be judged. Mr. Whitmore is the inventor and patentee of the "Eureka" Tricycle, and gives the closest personal attention to every detail in his establishment, which is a credit alike to himself and the city in which it is situated.

C. W. Clark, Slate Roofer and Dealer in Coal. Office and Yard 113 Long Wharf, New Haven.—

Taking everything into consideration there is probably no description of roof which contains so many good qualities and so few bad ones as does one covered with slate.

A very prominent New Haven house engaged in this branch of trade is that conducted by Mr. C. W. Clark, at 113 Long Wharf. Mr. Clark is a dealer in all kinds of roofing slates, such as Brownville and Munson, Maine, Bangor and Chapman, Pa., Purple, Green and Red Vermont slate, etc. Slate nails, zinc, tarred paper, etc., are also in stock, and most careful and prompt attention is given to repairing. All Mr. Clark's work is fully warranted, and perfect satisfaction is guaranteed to all who may favor him with their orders. He is a native of Middle Grandville, N. Y., and started his present business in-

1861, and it has now reached such proportions (although entirely retail) as to require the employment of nine men.

Lehigh, Lackawanna, Franklin and Cumberland Coal are also largely dealt in and a yard is occupied having a capacity for 700 to 800 tons of coal and 200 to 300 tons of slate. The office is furnished with telephone connection. Mr. Clark's facilities for roofing are of the best, and all work entrusted to him is ensured early and careful attention. Orders may be sent, if desired, to P. O. Box 759.

Merwin's Real Estate Office, 759 Chapel Street.—Prominent among our leading real estate and money brokers of New Haven, and the oldest house in that line in the county, is Mr. Robert T. Merwin. This house was established in 1846,

under the firm name of Ira Merwin & Son, and was conducted under that title for twenty-one years, when in 1870 Mr. Robert T. Merwin as-sumed full charge. Mr. Merwin does a large business in every department of general real estate buying, selling, renting, exchanging, insur-ing, mortgaging and repairing all kinds of property. Mr. Merwin will always be found prompt, accurate and thoroughly reliable. He is constantly handling large sums of money and placing it in mortgages and other securities. His judgment is invaluable, and he has the fullest confidence of capitalists and landowners. Mr. Merwin's office is convenient, located on first floor, at No. 759 Chapel street, where his valuable opinion is constantly solicited by all classes of the community, and his ever courteous and attentive manners to all has gained him a wide-spread popularity. He has a thorough knowledge of the value of all kinds of real estate and personal property, and his unerring judgment makes him a desirable person with whom to place commissions. Persons trusting the care of their property to Mr. Merwin, either for the sale of real estate or the collection of rents can rely upon its being attend-Those ed to in a prompt and efficient manner. wishing to hire the use of money will find in Mr. Merwin an honorable, upright business man, who will not take the advantage of their embarrassment and charge exorbitant rates.

Mr. Robert T. Merwin is a native of New Haven, and his long residence here and successful business career have won him a host of friends in both social and business circles.

Elliott House, Samuel 11. Crane, Proprietor, Corner Chapel and Olive streets.-This handsome and admirably kept hotel stands at the corner of Chapel and Olive streets, commanding a fine view of the principal business street of the city and convenient to the depot, postoffice, banks, churches, etc. It contains sixty-seven rooms, besides a large handsome dining room, reading room, office, etc. The rooms are hand-somely furnished with first-class beds and neatly kept. The table is one of the best to be found kept. at any New England hotel ; well supplied with the best the market affords and admirably cooked. Its pastry cannot be surpassed by any establishing and never stinted. The building is a large, five-story brick structure, and presents a homelike and inviting appearance. It was first opened to the public in 1874 by Richard Dyer, succeeded in 1875 by A. F. Sanders, the present proprietor, Mr. Samuel H. Crane, assuming control in 1876. This genial gentleman is a native of Springfield, Mass., and is a member of the Free Masons, Odd Fellows, Red Men, and in fact almost every society in New Haven, and numbers his friends throughout the community by the score. The house is steam heated, a very large boiler being used for the purpose, producing an even temperature throughout the coldest weather. Twentyfive find employment in the different departments of this flourishing establishment, and everything about the house (which is conducted on the American plan) is first-class in every respect.

New Haven Window Shade Company, Manufacturers and Jobbers of Window Shades and Fixtures, 52 Orange Street.—The demand for the requisites for beautifying the homes of the rich and poor, has of late years steadily increased, and the skill and taste of manufacturers of articles entering into the adornment of dwellings has been taxed to supply the essentials, called for by the cultivated tastes and refinement of today.

In no particular of house decoration has such marked improvement been manifest as in the designs and patterns of window shades, draperies, etc., and the artistic styles evolved by those who cater to the people in this regard have added manifold attractions to "the palaces of the rich and the cottages of the poor."

The leading concern in this line of trade in this city is the New Haven Window Shade Company, No. 52 Orange street, whose extensive establishment, comprising four floors with an aggregate floor area of over 16,000 square feet, is one of the most complete in New England.

This company was organized in 1869, and the business has been steadily conducted with that energy and tact as to develop a trade of great proportions, both wholesale and retail, and extending far beyond city and state limits. The house manufacture and carry in stock an immense assortment of the latest patterns and designs in window shades and fixtures, including fringes, shade pulls, rollers, turcomans, raw silk, ramie, fashion cloth tapestries, jutes, felts, momie cloth and other fashionable draperies, and Swiss applique, antiques, Madras, French guipure and Nottinghams. The stock also embraces shade rings, tassels and trimmings, poles, cornices, tassel hooks, picture knobs, cord, weather strips, upholsterer's nails, spring beds, carpet linings, binding, stair rods, gimp, opaque shade cloth, hollands, ctc., and the company's facilities for supplying the latest and best goods in their line at lowest possible wholesale rates are all that could be desired.

The New Haven Window Shade Company are the Eastern agents for the Manhattan Shade Cloth Company's opaque and cambric shadings, plain and decorated, and the house is one which is accounted reliable, responsible and successful in all that is implied by the terms.

Messrs. A. G. Smith and J. Boardman Smith, the proprietors, are both natives of North Haven, and enjoy the esteem and confidence of the trade throughout New England and adjoining sections.

L. F. Goodyear, Manufacturer of all kinds of Carriage Axles, 881 State Street.—The vast improvement made of late years in the processes used in the manufacture of iron and steel, have enabled the enterprising manufacturers of metal products to attain a degree of perfection scarcely dreamed of a quarter of a century ago. To no class of producers is this circumstance of more importance than to the manufacturers of carriage axles, and no house in the country has been more swift to avail itself of the improvements in materials entering into its productions than that of L. F. Goodyear of New Haven. This industry was inaugurated by the firm of L. F. Goodyear & Co. in 1852, and in 1857 the senior partner became sole proprietor. In 1875 the firm of Goodyear & Ives was organized as his successors, and until 1886 the business was conducted under that name and style. Mr. Ives retiring, Mr. Goodyear again became the only party in interest, and under his able management the business has steadily prospered, and the reputation of the old house has been maintained unimpaired.

Mr. Goodyear's premises comprise a large three-story building 40x100 feet in dimensions, with a well-equipped foundry 30x40 feet in size, and a forging shop 40x75 feet in area. The works are supplied with every requisite appliance and the latest improved machinery, operated by a steam engine of 100 horse-power and a force of twenty-five workmen are employed in the several departments.

The output consists of iron and steel axles for carriages, a specialty being made of Steel's Patent Sand-Box Axles, which are conceded to be unsurpassed by any others in use, and the general range of manufactures has been of such a high standard of excellence as to create a steady demand for the Goodyear axles from all parts of the country.

The heavy business of this old, reliable concern, has always been conducted upon honorable business methods, and to the probity, tact and worth of the proprietor is due the confidence which universally obtains in the house and its management.

Mr. Goodycar is a native of Hamden, Conn., and is well and favorably known in this city, having resided here for many years. M. Zunder & Son, Wholesale Dealers and Importers of Foreign Produce, Liquors, Wines and Tohacco, Nos. 249 and 251 State Street.—In proportion as the opportunities are presented for the adulteration of merchandise in any line of trade, to that extent is the reliable merchant in that field of mercantile enterprise recognized as a public benefactor, and it follows, as a rule, that concerns conducted by dealers of unquestioned integrity survive and prosper, whilst others languish and decline. Among the representative business houses of New Haven, that of M. Zunder & Son, wholesale importers and dealers in Foreign Produce, Liquors, Wines and Tobac co, is a notable instance of the truth of the o'd adage that honesty is the best policy. This business was established in 1852 by the senior member of the firm, Mr. M. Zunder, who has been the head of the concern up to this date. In 1862 he associated with himself Mr. Chas. J. Metz ger, and under the firm name and style of M. Zunder & Co., the business was conducted with eminent success until 1882, when Mr. Metzger retired from the business, and the son of the senior partner, Mr. Albert Zunder, became the junior member of the firm.

The Messrs. Zunder occupy a large five-story building at Nos. 249 and 251 State street, covering an area of 25x100 feet in dimensions and the stock in trade comprises a most complete and extensive assortment of foreign produce, of their own importation, including the choicest German Wines and Liquors, from the most famous cellars of Europe, and the best foreign and domestic Cigars procurable.

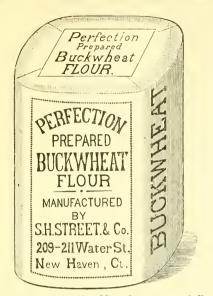
The facilities of the firm for supplying the finest and most reliable merchandise to the trade at lowest possible prices are unequaled by few competing houses in New England, and for thirty five years the concern has successfully catered to the most desirable trade of New England and the Middle States.

The Messrs. Zunder are agents for the Bremen, Hamburg and Red Star Steamship lines, and furnish passage, cabin or steerage, at minimum rates. They also issue drafts on all parts of Europe, and information is promptly and cheer-The fully furni-hed as to rates and routes. senior member of this firm is a German by birth, and is one of the substantial, influential merchants and citizens of New Haven. He is the honored president of the National Savings Bank, an efficient Director in the Mechanics Bank, and was for twenty years a zealous member of the Board of Education of New Haven. Both father and son are honored among men and merchants and in a wide range of business acquaintance at home and abroad are held in universal esteem and confidence.

W. C. McIntosh, Art Publisher, 116 Orange Street.—This business was established by the present proprietor in 1880, and from a comparatively small beginning has come to be regarded as one of the leading establishments of its nature in the New England States. Mr. McIntosh is a gentleman well known in art circles, and his opinion on matters pertaining to fine lithographic work is sought after by many. But more partic ularly is it in the line of art goods generally, in which he deals, and his display in this direction

gives evidence of more than usual care and taste in the selection. His specialties include Christmas, Valentine and Easter cards and novelties, birthday and wedding cards, day and Sunday school reward cards, note paper and envelopes, tablets, pens and ink, ball programs, menu cards, flower and landscape studies, advertising cards, scrap pictures, and in fact everything in the lith-ographic card line. Mr. McIntosh, whose establishment is located at No 116 Orange street, has both a large wholesale and retail trade all through the country, and occupies one floor, 50x20 feet in dimensions, together with a workshop in another portion of the city. His display of artistic cards and engravings is very fine, and one could pass an afternoon there most profitably in looking at them. A large force of assistants are constantly employed in this establishment in filling the many orders with which his patrons favor him. In fact, although his trade is already large, it is rapidly increasing, and indications are that before very long large additions will have to be made to his present accommodations in order to meet the demands upon his facilities. Well and practi-cally acquainted with every branch of his busi-ness, Mr. McIntosh, who is a native of Ottawa, Canada, personally superintends the needs and orders of his customers. He is prompt and reliable, and enjoys the highest reputation in both business and social circles.

Chas. S. Leete & Co., 297 to 303 State Street, Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, etc.—A house which has deservedly maintained a leading position in the drug trade of New Haven is that of Chas. S. Leete & Co., whose salesrooms and offices are located at Nos. 297 to 303 State street. Both as regards enterprise and energy, as well as the most careful attention to the progress of medical service, and the care bestowed upon the purity and quality of all pharmaceutical preparations passing through their hands, the firm in question has ever retained an increasing and superior class of patronage. Mr. Charles S. Leete is the only active member of the firm, the "Co." being merely nominal, and the business which he has now so successfully carried on since 1873, was originally established as far back as 1824 by a Dr. Lewis, who was succeeded six years later by the firm of Booth & Brummell. They in their turn gave way in 1849 to Messrs. Cowles & Lecte, a copartnership which lasted until 1873. The premises occupied comprise four floors, each 100x30 feet, and the immense space thus provided is none too large for accommodating the large stock which it is found necessary to keep constantly on hand. The drugs, chemicals, patent medicines, paints, oils, glass, acids, brushes, etc., offered for sale by Mr. Leete are unsurpassed for quality and general excellence; and they are sold at the lowest market quotations, while all orders are filled with promptness and careful accuracy. The volume of trade, which is both wholesale and retail, extends throughout the whole of the New England States. Mr. Lecte is highly esteemed in commercial circles for his business capacity and ster-ling integrity, while the promptness, liberality and just dealing with which all the operations of this large establishment are conducted are as



S. H. Street & Co., Manufacturers and Packers of Food Products. Office 33 Crown Street Factory, 209 and 211 Water Street.—The marked improvement in the preparation of food products, owing to scientific investigation and research as to the wholesome properties of every manufac-tured article used for food, has developed many and important industries. Among those engaged in the manufacture and packing of specialties in this wide range of merchandise, the house of S. H. Street & Co. have, for some years, been successfully identified with the progressive producers of the country, and their "Pertection" brands of Buckwheat Breakfast cake and Bread flour, and Wheatine oatlet, Cerealet, Rolled oats, Hominy and other products, are found in many of the leading grocery and provision establishments of dress. The business was inaugurated in 1872, the United States.

The immense business conducted by this firm was inaugurated by Mr. S. H. Street, the senior partner in the concern, in 1878, and he associated with himself his brother, Mr. F. B. Street, in 1880. From a modest beginning the trade of the firm has autained most import-ant proportions, and the output of the establishment is steadily gaining in popularity and favor. The works of Messrs. Street & Co. are located at 209-211 Water street, New Haven, with their offices and warerooms at 33 Crown street. The factory is a four-story building, admirably arranged and thoroughly equipped with the machinery and appliances in use for their purposes, and a force of skilled workmen, clers,k etc., are employed in the several departments.

The Perfection Prepared Flour of this representative concern has always maintained its reputation as the best obtainable for the specific uses for which it is manufactured, and in the markets of the country every article handled by the house is in constant and increasing demand.

The members of this firm are natives of East Haven, Conn., and are young men of exceptional energy, and their large trade extends to all sections of the New England and Middle States.

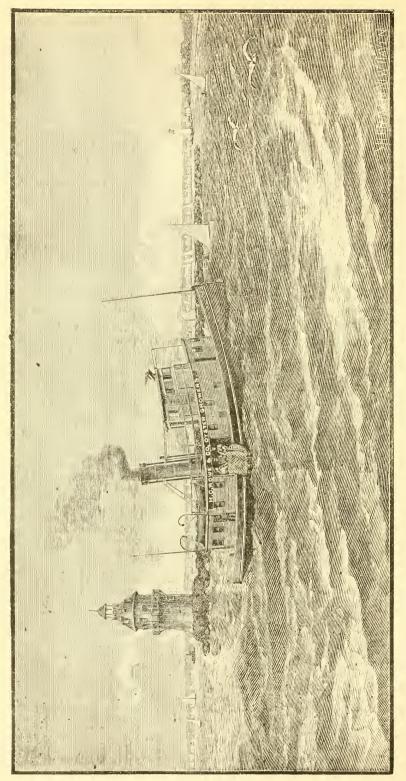
Tremont House, corner of Court and Orange Streets, L. F. Kellogg, Proprietor, —Especially adapted to the business in which he is engaged and possessing all the qualifications of a modern, popular and successful landlord, Mr. L. F. Kellogg has for seven years conducted one of the best first-class hotels in New Haven, and under his *regime* the Tremont House has steadily grown in general favor with the traveling public.

This hotel was opened in 1861, under the pro-prietorship of Mr. Enos Foote, who in 1876 was succeeded by Mr. C. E. Cruttenden, and in 1879 by present proprietor. For a quarter of a cenplace for commercial and business men visiting New Haven.

The Tremont House is a large and imposing five-story building, 40x110 feet in dimensions, with 65 large, high pitched and elegantly fur-nished bedrooms, and is heated throughout by steam, with hot and cold water in the rooms and bath rooms connected, and all the modern conveniences of a first-class hotel.

The table is kept up in the best possible manner, and the excellent bill of fare is served in the best style, and there is not in New England a house which, at the same popular scale of prices, affords better accommodations. Mr. C. H. Pierpont is the courteous chief clerk of the Tremont and is a genial and popular manager. Mr. Kellogg is a considerate, accommodating host, and is ever vigilant to anticipate and supply the Wants of his guests. He is a native of New Hartford, Conn., and is accounted by traveling men who visit New Haven, a model landlord, whose success has been worthily won.

William H. Couch, Dealer in Saddlery Hardware, 35, 37 and 39 Orange Street.-One of the most flourishing business enterprises of New Haven is that carried on by Mr. William H. Couch at Nos. 35, 37 and 39 Orange street. Mr. Couch is a dealer in saddlery hardware at the above adunder the name of Kelsey & Couch, but in 1886 Mr. William H. Couch succeeded to the sole ownership of the business and has since conducted it under his own name. Mr. Couch is a native of Danbury, Coun, and is 50 years of age. He has shown a very marked degree of energy and enterprise in the management of his business, and he has ample reason to be proud of the way in which it has extended and increased since he gave it his undivided attention. His transactions now extend all over the State and the uniform good quality of the goods sold is proving the means of ensuring a duplicate of every order received by him. Mr. Couch is very thoroughly acquainted with the goods that he handles, and as he has made exceptionally favorable terms with the various manufacturers of them he is enabled to offer his customers some very advantageous trades, while fully guaranteeing the articles which he sells. Some of the best known manufacturers of saddlery in the State are old and large customers of his and his present quarters, spacious as they are, must soon prove too small if his trade continues to increase at its present ratio. One floor of an area of 50x80 feet is occupied, and an ample force of efficient assistants is employed.



STEAM OYSTER BOAT "GORDON ROWE," AT WORK OFF NEW HAVEN LIGHT-HOUSE.

H. C. Rowe & Co., Oyster Growers, Quinnipiac Bridge.-With the growth of our country in trade and population, the different sections and succeeding generations have produced men competent and willing to meet the new and increasing wants of the people, and to these leading spirits, humanitarians, in every sense of the word, the beneficiaries of their enterprise pay a grateful tribute. Within the recollection of those not yet passed life's meridian, the people of the Atlantic seaboard, with sincere regret, prophesied the speedy extinction of oysters as an article of food, a luxury indeed, but one the loss of which, nevertheles, gave them grave concern. Scientists and sayants gave to the matter their best thought, and the propagation of these delicious bivalves in waters where they were theretofore unknown, was the only solution of the problem. The artificial propagation of oysters became a study for those who saw in the success of this plan a return above and beyond payment for time and labor, and with an earnestness which promised much, devoted themselves to the work. Among the pioneers in the undertaking, we find in New Haven one of those who achieved success in the fullest meaning of the term, Mr. H. C. Rowe, of the well-known house of H. C. Rowe & Co., attempted the cultivation of oysters in the deep water of Long Island Sound; and from the satisfactory results he obtained, has grown up one of the most important of the great industries of New England, and to-day, Connecticut exports hundreds of thousands of bushels of oysters yearly to New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts and even to Europe, a new field of labor has beeu opened up furnishing employment to thousands, and producing vast quantities of oysters, far superior in flavor to the Southern stock, which New England was fast becoming dependent upon

The business is practically reduced to farming. The firm above-named have over 16,000 acres of submerged land in the Sound (more than any other three firms in the world), staked off into lots, carelully marked on a chart, and these vast fields are planted, the crops grown, and in due season are gathered. The firm were the first to use oyster steamers in this locality and were opposed in their use by many who have since followed their example. They employ over 100 workmen in the business, and as the head of the largest producing and shipping house in New England, Mr. Rowe is now reaping the reward of his patient study and perseverance.

Messrs. Rowe & Co. have lately largely increased their facilities for opening and shipping oysters, necessitated by the steady increase in the demand for their superior deep sea-shell fish. On their extensive wharves at Fair Haven which they purchased, they erected within the past two years a large four-story shucking house. The building is arranged on a plan original with Mr. Rowe, and gives the firm facilities for keeping their oysters in prime condition, and for handling them at the least possible expense. This building is supplemental to the old one near South Quinnipiac street, Fair Haven annex, which with nearly two hundred feet of wharfage is still used. The new building is located between the east end of Quinnipiac drawbridge and the Fair Haven Marine railway, and has a wharf front of 340 Litchfield, Conn.

feet, with sufficient depth of water to allow the unloading of the steamers, either at high or low tide, and also a basin for oyster floats.

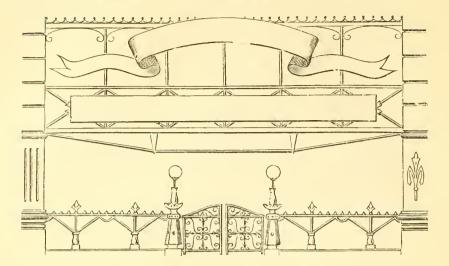
An inclined plane allows trains to drive on the third floor, which is water tight. As the oysters are assorted they are thrown into different openings in this floor. One of these openings is for seed oysters, and twelve other hatchways are provided for various sizes and grades of market-able oysters. The oysters fall into a frame with a canvass bottom, resting on cushions of hay, thus preventing injury to the oysters by falling to the floor. The second floor is used for shucking, with accommodations for fifty shuckers and capacity for 3,000 bushels at a time. The offices are finished in hard wood, and the establishment throughout is a model of completeness and excellent management. Having facilities for handling at this place over 10,000 bushels per week, it may truthfully be said that it is the most convenient as well as the most complete in the United States. The new establishment cost over \$21,000.

Shipping native oysters exclusively and these of their own raising, Messrs. Rowe & Co. guarantee to ship only the best and ensure a regular supply even in the coldest weather, a matter of prime importance to the trade. The firm's owning more oyster ground and their planting more makes them practically without serious competition in their special line.

Prompt, careful attention is paid to all orders, and a full guarantee of superior flavor and perfect condition of their oysters which are caught daily make this one of the great successful, reliable firms of the country, and commands the full confidence of the trade throughout the Eastern and Middle States.

The foreman of this extensive establishment, Mr. Jno. O. Rowland, and several other employes, constitute the company of this representative firm. Mr. Rowe is a native of New Haven, and is well and widely known in business circles, as well as among such scientists as Lieutenant Winslow, Seth Green and Eugene Blackford, whose labors in behalf of their fellow-men, in devising means for maintaining the supply and reducing the cost of fish food, has earned the gratitude of the masses.

B. H. Johnson, Real Estate Agent, 817 Chapel street, New Haven.-In his active business career of ten years in this city, Mr. B. H. Johnson has always held a prominent position among the real estate and loan agents of New Haven. He established his agency here in 1876, and has from the beginning enjoyed the confidence and patronage of a large clientage. His office is centrally located at 817 Chapel street, and he has in an eminent degree the ability to execute commissions for the purchase, sale and care of real estate to the best possible advantage of owners, and his promptitude and excellent judgment make him a desirable agent with whom to entrust business of this character. He buys, sells and leases property at low rates of commission, makes prompt returns to clients, and is always reliable and capable in the execution of orders. He negotiates loans on real estate at lowest current rates of interest, and in all his engagements he is accurate and thoroughly responsible. He is a native of



A. A. Ball, Ornamental Iron Railing Works, 16 Audubon Street.-As the oldest enterprise of its kind in New Haven, and the leading one devoted to the manufacture of ornamental iron railing work in this section, the establishment of Mr. A. A. Ball, No. 16 Audubon street, has long been prominent among the industries of the Elm City. The business was established originally by the New Haven Iron Railing Co. in 1857, who were succeeded in 1862 by the firm of Chas. Ball & Brother. In 1860 the firm name and Style was changed to that of D. P. Calhoun & Co., and three years later Messrs. Ball, Johnson & Co, became the proprietors, the business passing into the hands of Mr. A. A. Ball in 1878. The extensive works of Mr. Ball are eligibly located and are admirably equipped with labor saving machinery driven by steam power, and a force of skilled workmen are constantly employed in the establishment.

The output comprises all kinds of iron work for fences, doors, stairs, public buildings, prisons, fire-proof vaults, cemeteries, balconies, crestings, etc., in numerous beautiful new and original designs, and in his special line Mr. Ball certainly excels all competitors in this section, and possesses every facility for supplying first-class work at most reasonable prices at short notice. Mr. Ball is a native of Salem, Mass., and is a

Mr. Ball is a native of Salem, Mass., and is a business man of sterling worth and untiring energy, and his efforts to meet every requirement in his field of industrial enterprise have met with recognition in a large, growing and widespread demand for his merchandise and productions.

A. P. Hotchkiss, Wholesale Dealer in Liquors, Wines, Ales, etc., 260 and 262 State Street.— While the residents of New Haven, as a general rule, are not by any means addicted to more than a proper and reasonable indulgence in the use of wines and alcoholic beverages, yet there are very few who do not appreciate the efforts of Mr. A. P. Hotchkiss to supply his large number of patrons with the best articles obtainable in this particular direction. He has demonstrated beyond a shadow of a doubt that good wine and

beer, as well as pure and wholesome spirits, sold at a fair price, will sooner or later find favor in the eyes of the public. The premises occupied by Mr. Hotchkiss are located at Nos. 260 and 262 State street, and are in every respect well adapted for the expeditious handling of the large and complete stock which he always has on hand. He occupies three floors, each measuring 60x30 feet, and fitted up with everything neces. sary for meeting the calls made upon his resources in a prompt and satisfactory manner, whether at wholesale or retail. Mr. Hotchkiss commenced business in this line in 1855–32 years ago-and during that period he has gained a well carned reputation for selling only the finest class of goods, specially catering to the needs of customers, having regard to quality rather than quantity. It has always been his endeavor to cultivate among the public a trade for high grade goods, and among his stock may be found wines of all the celebrated vintages of the Old World. Another special feature in his business is an extensive and varied assortment of fine old whiskeys, etc., made by the best distillers in this country and Europe. Mr. Hotchkiss is highly esteemed by his fellow citizens.

L. Schoenberger, Dealer in Choice Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Veal. Poultry and Vegetables of all kinds in their season, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Central Market, New Haven.—Among the various popular and growing enterprises of the city of New Haven which bear the marks of increasing prosperity is the establishment of L. Schoenberger, located at Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Central Market. The proprietor established himself in the provision business here in 1870, and has since conducted its affairs with increased facilities and signal success. The premises occupied for trade purposes comprise a double store, large and commodious, where a complete stock of meats, poultry and vegetables of all kinds in their season may be found at both wholesale and retail. The facilities possessed by the proprietor for obtaining a choice supply is unsurpassed by any contempo rary concern. The greatest care is exercised by Mr. Schoenberger in the selection of his meats, etc., which are highly esteemed by the community for their freshness and low prices. Mr. Schoenberger employs ten clerks who are polite and attentive to their many customers.

Mr. Schoenberger is a native of Austria, and is eminently popular with his host of patrons.

Goods are delivered in any part of the city free of charge, and every facility is at hand for prosecuting a large and successful business.

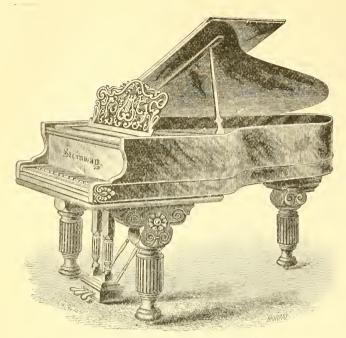
Home Life Ins. Co., 254 Broadway, New York. Philip Pond, State Agent, Office 69 Church Street, Room 10, New Haven.—We have so often alluded to the importance of insurance to the best interests of the community that there is little more that can be said to reinforce it The most striking argument that can be offered for it is to be drawn from some one of the practical examples of sudden deaths that from time to time occur. On the 3d of April last a gentleman well known in business circles had his life insured for \$10,000, and died on the 10th of the same month. The shortness and uncertainty of life-how often do we read and hear the words, until they fall on the ear as a thrice-told tale, and, while we mentally give our assent to it, apply it rather to our neighbor than our-It must come to us all, however, sooner selves. or later, and the prudent man realizes that it is his duty, as well as his interest, to protect himself against the chance of an abrupt termination of his life. The satisfaction it affords in the that no matter when the dread destroyer comes your family is provided for, is of itself sufficient reason for insurance. One of the oldest, stanchest and most reliable life insurance companies doing business in this city is the Home Life Ins. Co., of New York. This company which was organized in 1860 and since its start has grown in popular favor year by year, paying its death losses promptly and enlarging its scope until it has at present a surplus as regards policy holders of \$138 to every \$100 of liability. During the year ending May 1, 1886, \$289,812.00 was paid in death losses. This company does not restrict its policy-holders to travel, as they can go to any portion of the world without infringing on their policies, this being the first company to offer this very liberal and useful privilege to its members.

The New Haven office is at 69 Church street, Room 10, and is under the charge of Mr. Philip Pond, who has been the Connecticut general agent since 1862, and under his management the business in this section has rapidly advanced until to-day the number of its policy-holders in Connecticut exceeds in number that of many other companies.

The officers of the Home Life Insurance Company are well known bankers and merchants of New York and Brooklyn, and are widely and favorably known in both financial and social circles. It is the dury of every person contemplat ing life insurance to select a company whose record has been one of long-continued prosperity, and we thus take pleasure in commending this company to our readers, knowing it to be one on which the strongest reliance may be placed.

Bradley & Lee, Jobbers of Cigars, Tobacco, Grocers' Sundries, and Manufacturers' Agents for Show Cases, 280 and 282 State Street —No review of the business houses of New Haven would be complete without special mention being made of that of Messrs. Bradley & Lee, jobbers of imported and domestic cigars, tobacco, smokers' requisites, grocers' sundries, and last, but by no means least, manufacturers' agents for show cases, in which latter line they stand out prominently as the only ones in New Haven at present. Messrs. Bradley & Lee were formerly located at No. 218 State street, but their business of late has increased so rapidly and has asto Nos. 280-2 on the same thoroughfare, where they occupy the whole building, consisting of four floors, each of which measures 23x100 feet. It was in 1863 that this business was established, the firm name then being "Scott & Shelton." This was followed in 1871 by "H. C. Shelton & Co.," who, in turn, gave way to the gentlemen composing the present firm, Messrs. J. S Brad-ley and F. T. Lee, eight years later. A strictly wholesale business is transacted, and as the firm buy all their goods directly from the manufacturers for eash they are enabled to give their numerous customers considerable advantages in this respect. Their stock of eigars and tobaccos embraces a large assortment in grades and styles, all selected with the greatest skill and attention to the needs of the trade. A specialty with Messrs. Bradley & Lee is grocers' sundrics, embracing such articles as matches, blueing, flavoring extracts, essences, toilet soaps, shoe blackfeeling of security, arising from the knowledge ing, etc. In fact it would be difficult to mention anything in this particular line which they do not keep constantly on hand. Both members of the firm are gentlemen of fine business ability, and are also highly thought of in social circles.

> S. B. Oviatt, Real Estate, Loan and Insurance Agent, 87 Church Street, Room No. 2, Clark Building.—There is no feature of progress in the country of equal importance with that of real estate, which has long been and ever will continue to be the principal form of permanent and abso-lutely secure investment. Choice and eligibly located parcels of property are now, more than ever, being sought for by conservative capitalists. It is generally admitted that here in New Haven, Mr. S. B. Oviatt is one of the best qualified real estate experts and agents that can be found, conversant in the most marked degree with the rise and progress of the city. Born in the town of Orange, Conn., Mr. Oviat came to New Haven at an early age. He occupies most eligible offices, centrally located, in the Clark Building, No. 87 Church street, where he actively transacts all branches of the real estate, loan and insurance agency business. His specialty, however, and one to which he confines himself almost entirely, is the buying and selling of real estate. In this he transacts a large and first-class trade. He always has a large list of valuable properties for sale, and his thorough, prompt and honorable methods have built up his large and successful business, and won for him an eminently fine reputation.



M. Steinert & Son, 777 Chapel Street, General Representatives for Steinway & Son's, Haines Bros. and Ernest Gabler & Bro.'s Pianos, Mason & Hamlin Organ Company's Organs and Sheet Music.—One of the most prosperous and note-worthy business houses on Chapel street is that of M. Steinert & Son, general representatives and New England agents for many of the best pianos of American manufacture. The business was set on foot by Mr. M. Steinert in this city, and then as business increased and the circle of trade widened, branch establishments were opened in Providence, R. I., Boston, Mass., Pawtucket, R. , and Newport, R. I. and Bridgeport, Conn. Ł All these branches are first-class establishments in every respect, that at Boston particularly so. It consists of the whole ground floor of the Hotel Boylston, at the corner of Boylston and Tremont streets, and the firm are now building a music hall there, which will eclipse anything of the kind in that city. Among the various different makes of pianos kept constantly in stock by the Messrs. Steinert, and for which they are general representatives for New England, may be mentioned such as Steinway & Sons, Haines Bros., Ernest Gabler & Bro. But it is not only pianos of domestic manufacture that one will find at this establishment, but also the very best from Europe, one of the firm having resided in Europe for some years for the purpose of keeping a watchful eye on musical matters there. In the selection of pianos Mr. Steinert brings to bear the ripe experience of a whole life-time. In this particular branch he has no equal, and his skill is such as to insure beyond the shadow of a doubt the very best qualities in a piano purchased through his agency. He is a recognized authority on musical matters generally, and much of his time is occupied in literary work, his contributions to leading magazines and periodicals being quoted and commented upon in a most flattering manner. In former years Mr. Steinert wasa practical musician, and has been connected with some of the principal orchestras in New York City. From small beginnings he has by energy and perseverance now attained the proud position of being at the head of the largest establishment of its kind in the country.

West Haven Buckle Company.—Manufacturers of Vest and Pantaloon Buckles.—The manufacture of buckles has long been a leading industry of this State, and to the West Haven Buckle Company belongs the distinction of being the pioneers in this section in this branch of manufacturingenterprise.

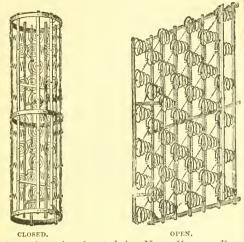
The company was organized and incorporated in 1853, and for thirty four years have carried on the business on an extended scale and with marked success. The works of the corporation are located at West

Haven, and comprise a large two-story building, 40x80 feet in dimensions, with two additional buildings used for office purposes and as engine room. A full complement of machinery of the most improved patterns is in constant operation, driven by a steam engine of 30 horse-power, and a corps of from 80 to 100 operatives are employed in the establishment. The company manufacture large quantities of buckles of their own design, embracing vest, pantaloon, suspender, shoulder brace, skirt, corset, stocking supporter, truss and patented, and which buckles are the most popular in use for the special purposes intended. They are made in various styles and sizes, in white, black, gilt and silvered, and such is their popularity with manufacturers everywhere that they constitute a part of stock in trade of all the leading jobber's trimmings in the United States.

The selling agents of the company for their vest and pantaloon buckles are Messrs. Williston, Knight & Co., Nos. 10 and 12 Greene street, N. Y. The product of the factory is shipped to all parts of the country.

The officers of this representative concern are: President, Daniel Trowbridge; Secretary, Treasurer and Agent, D. S. Thompson, who, with Messrs. Charles Shelton, W. W. Ward and C. E. Thompson comprise the Board of Directors. These well known business men are Connecticut men by birth, and possess all the qualities which beget confidence of correspondents and insure success.

The Farren Brothers Co., Metallic Rolling Spring Beds, Wringers and Clocks, Main Office, 950 Grand Avenue.—The Farren Bros. Co. is one of the principal houses in the city engaged in the manufacture of all kinds of metallic springbeds. The business was established in 1875, incorporated as a stock company in March, 1886, C. G. Colville being chosen President; W. II. Farren, Vice President; R. B. Farren, Treasurer; and A. Beyer, Secretary. The main office being located at No. 950 Grand Avenue, this city, and with branch offices at Providence, R. I., Boston, Mass.; and Brooklyn, N. Y.; also



three factories located in New Haven, Boston and Brooklyn respectively. They occupy two floors in New Haven, equipped with every necessary mechanical device for the successful manufacture of their goods, and for turning out the best work skilled workmen are employed. The steel of which these beds are constructed is imported specially for the purpose; they can be rolled up compactly and can be adjusted to any width, and there is absolutely no tendency to sag in the centre, as in most spring beds.

Parties placing their orders with this house have the guarantee of receiving reliable goods.

T. G. Sloan & Son, Real Estate Brokers and Fire Insurance Agents, Room 3, Benedict Building, 82 Church Street .- During a period of eighteen years this house has been identified with the real estate interests of New Haven, and in that time has formed connections of a superior character, numbering among its patrons many of the leading capitalists within our midst. The business was established in 1868 by T. G. Sloan, the present senior proprietor. In 1882 he admitted his son, John T. Sloan, as partner under the firm name of T. G. Sloan & Son. This firm have a commodious office located at No. 82 Church street, Room 3, Benedict Building, and carry on a large real estate business, and are also notaries Dwelling, building lots, etc., bought, publie. sold and exchanged. Houses rented and rents collected and loans negotiated. They also represent the well known Germania Fire Insurance Company, of New York, whose assets January 1, 1887, were \$2,500,773.62, and one of the strongest insurance companies in the United States. Both father and son are natives of New Haven, and enjoy a high reputation in the community, being thoroughly reliable and always to be depended upon.

Manville & Co., Manufacturers of Rufflings, etc., 424 State Street.—The ingenuity and taste displayed by those who have devoted their time and talents of late years to the designing and manufacture of Rufflings, Plaitings and Ladies' Neckwear generally, is almost marvelous, and the many and beautiful designs evolved by their skill, are found in nearly every millinery and fancy store and most of the first-class dry goods establishments of to-day.

The firm of Manville & Co., who began business in New Haven in 1879, have for years past been successfully engaged in the manufacture of fine Crepe Lisle Rufflings, Collarettes, Ladies' Neckwear and Combination Trimmings, with their extensive salesroom and factory at No. 424 State street. Here they occupy premises 100x 120 feet in dimensions, and employ twenty five hands in the different departments. Owing to the long experience of this firm in the business and their facility with improved machines, the firm are enabled to place their merchandise on the market at lowest possible margin above cost of production, and the zeal of the firm to supply the demand for the latest styles in their line in any quantity desired, and of all the latest and most fashionable designs, have made this one of the principal sources of supply for the dry and fancy goods trade of New England.

The members of this firm have been engaged in the Ruffling business upward of twenty-five years, were connected with the first company who manufactured Neck Ruffles and Tape Trimmings by machinery in this country. The machines then used were invented by the late Dr. Crosby, and were marvels to the community.

L. T. Law & Co., Groceries and Food Prod-ucts, 263 and 265 Wooster Street, New Haven.— An important factor in the grocery and meat line is the house of L. T. Law & Co., located at Nos. 263 and 265 Wooster street, which in conducting an extensive trade in the sale of Groceries, Meats, Fruits, Fish, Oysters and Vegetables, in their season, is deserving of ample notice in this publication. Established under the management of W. A. Law in 1851, the house at once appropriated a large share of popularity in the trade, a dis-tinction awarded it not only from the assured character of its merchandise but on account of the enterprise and liberality with which its operations were conducted, a state of affairs that has suffered no change under the conduct of the present firm, which succeeded to the plant in 1884. The premises composing the store of the firm are of liberal dimensions, occupying a spa-cious floor 90x40 feet in area, and basement. They are adequately equipped with an attractive and valuable stock. The details of the trade, which extends throughout the city and suburbs, must necessarily involve the greatest care and the most assiduous attention. Six capable assistants are busily engaged waiting upon their many customers. The individual members of the firm are L. T. and G. A. Law, both natives of New Haven. Altogether it would difficult for customers to find a house upon which greater reliance could be placed and with which every transaction is certain to be accomplished by fairness and liberality on one side and entire and lasting satisfaction on the other.

**Reynolds & Co.**, Manufacturers of Screws, Bolts, Nuts, etc., 321 East Street, New Haven.— In a specially important field of industrial activity and for many years, Messrs. Reynolds & Company have been successfully engaged in manufacturing business in New Haven, and the house has a well-earned fame everywhere for the standard quality of its Bolts, Screws, Moulding Machines, etc.

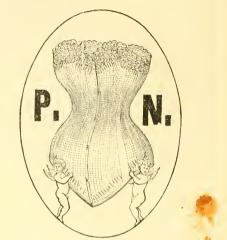
The company was organized under its present style and title in 1867, with ample capital and every facility for indefinitely extending their trade. The premises comprise six large buildings, with an aggregate floor surface of 35,000 square feet, the works being supplied with the most improved and efficient machinery for their purposes, operated by a steam engine of 100 horse power.

A force of 100 skilled workmen is employed in the different departments of the establish-ment. The firm manufacture to order and for ment. The firm manufacture to order and for stock Screws of every description of superior quality, and carry at all times a full line of standard sizes for any desired purpose, with tops to match, and Screws and Bolts of any size or shape are made to order in wrought or malleable iron, brass or steel; and the best materials in the market only are used, and satisfaction as to prices and quality of the product is always fully guaranteed, and the efforts to deserve the confidence of the trade by maintaining unimpaired the standard excellence of their output, have been eminently successful. The list of the company's specialties includes steel and iron set Screws, tempered and case-hardened; square head cap and hexagon head cap Screws and also round head Machine Screws with finished heads; oval and flat head Screws; Stove Bolts with shaved heads; Stud Bolts for cylinder heads and other purposes; milled tap and coupling Bolts; forged set Screws and tap Bolts; finished hexagon Nuts; machinists' hand Taps and Taps for machine screws; coach or lag Screws; bolt ends; carriage Bolts, with button or bevel heads and forged nuts; standard sizes in hot-pressed square and hexagon Nuts; Washers; bridge and roof Bolts of the best refined iron, made to order, from one foot to fifty feet in length, and are used by manufacturers of almost every descrip tion of work, and in all parts.

Reynolds & Co. are well and widely known among the metal founders of the country, as manufacturers of Moulding Machines known as the Eames', the Reynolds', and the Hammers' patents, which have steadily grown in favor with foundrymen. The improvements frequently made in these machines have finally resulted in the production of a machine in every respect the nearest approach to perfection, and for strength, simplicity, compactness and easy adap tation to all classes of bench moulding, these machines are unequaled by any in use. The leading sewing machine foundries in the United States are now making all their sewing machine beds, arms, wheels, pulleys and treadles, upon these machines, and they are also in use in the most extensive lock and malleable iron works in the country. Illustrated catalogues and price lists are supplied on application, and in all their dealings this house is reliable, prompt and accommodating.

Messrs. H. Reynolds, W. H. Reynolds and J. English are the President, Secretary and Treasurer of this concern respectively, and in trade and manufacturing circles generally the company is recognized as one of the solid, successful establishments.

I. Newman & Sons, Manufacturers of Corsets, Office, 402 Broadway, New York: Factory, New Haven, Conn.—Of all the many and varied mysterious articles which go to make up a lady's wearing apparel, not one is of such prominent



importance as the corset. But there are corsets and corsets, and for many long years the market in this particular line of goods has been flooded with new inventions of every style and manner of construction. None, however, have given such universal satisfaction to ladies who have once worn them as the celebrated "P. N." corsets, manufactured by I. Newman & Sons, of this city. These "P. N." corsets were first made at Birmingham, Conn., by the firm of I. Newman & Co., who commenced business there in the year 1872. In about five years such was the demand for the productions of this firm that increased accommodations and facilities were rendered necessary, and a move was accordingly made to New Haven in 1877, where they have remained ever since. Their factory, which is located on Park street, is a substantial building with three floors, each of which has an area of 140x50 feet. Here are employed, constantly all the year round, somewhere about two hundred hands, both male and female, and the number of corsets turned out in the course of a twelve month is something enormous. Besides the "P. N." corsets the firm also manufactures a skirt-supporting and strengthening corset, known as "Newman's Patented," which has also found no small degree of favor in the eyes of the ladies. and which is highly recommended by physicians. The gentlemen composing the copartnership, Messrs. I., A. L. and J. J. Newman, have all had a lengthy practical acquaintance with every branch of the business, and the productions of the firm find a ready market all over the country. Their salesrooms in New York city, are located at No. 402 Broadway.



"THE ROCHESTER."

P. J. Carroll, Glassware and Lamp Goods, 254 State Street.—The progress of New Haven dur-ing comparatively recent years as a great centre of trade and industry has been most marked, and both old and new houses in every line of business almost have experienced a largely increased demand upon their resources. Among those concerns which, owing to the energy and enterprise of their proprietors have attained to representative positions, special mention should be made of the establishment conducted by Mr. P. J. Carroll, who began business here in 1883. He is one of the largest dealers in general glassware and lamp goods of every description in the city, and his list of patrons is still rapidly on the increase. The premises occupied by him, consisting of four entire floors, each with an area of 80x25 feet, are most eligibly located at No. 254 State Street. Here will always be found a full and complete assortment of goods in his line, a faint idea of the comprehensiveness and variety of which may be gathered by the tasteful display always to be seen in his show window. One of Mr. Carroll's specialtics is the celebrated "Rochester" lamp, for which he is the agent here in New Haven. The "Rochester" gives a light equal to that of sixty-five sperm candles, and is perfectly non-explosive. He is also agent for the C. T. Ham Manufacturing Co.'s new side and dash lamp, which it is claimed combines more points of utility than any lantern ever made, and can be filled, trimmed and lighted, without removing the globe. In fact every kind of lamp can be obtained at Mr. Carroll's establishment,

his aim during the whole of his career here being to sell the best possible goods and to let the public judge of their merits.

Robert Veitch & Son, Seed Merchants and Florists, No. 974 Chapel Street.—One of the oldest houses in this line in New Haven is that of Messrs. Robert Veitch & Son of 974 Chapel street, who established their business here in 1854, and have a very large and commodious salesroom, and carry a fine assortment of seeds and plants, a specialty being made of cutflowers, of which they have a large and varied assortment on hand. There are nine spacious conservatories, six being situated in New Haven, while the remaining three are located in Westville. The trade is both wholesale and retail, the former being confined mostly to seeds, and the latter to flowers and plants, for which they have a large trade throughout Connecticut, Massachusetts and New York. A number of assistants are constantly engaged in promptly filling orders, etc., and altogether a very large trade is done. Both gentlemen are natives of Scotland, and stand high among the well reputed business men of New Haven, and merit the esteem of an extensive circle of acquaintances. and friends.

Ehrler & Knowlton, (successors to-T. M. Kenna) Pattern and Model Makers, 22 Whitney Avenne.-Among the valuable enterprises of this city that of the pattern and model maker is noteworthy, and as a representative industry of its class deserves special mention in a work of this character. This house has been conducting an extensive system of trade in this line during the past thirty-two years, and has been more than ordinarily successful. It was established in 1854 by Messrs. Hickox & Kenna, and conducted by them until 1884 when Mr. T. M. Kenna contin-ned it alone, until the present managers, Messrs. Ehrler & Knowlton, assumed control in 1886. At No. 22 Whitney avenue they occupy two floors, 60x40 feet in size, and with the assistance of skilled hands and a ten horse-power steam engine, they are prepared to fill all orders for gear making, band sawing, turning, and jobbing in general, a specialty being made by these gentlemen of pattern and model making, and snap flasks of all sizes promptly made to order. They have every modern appliance necessary for the production of the most perfect work in these lines, and by strict attention to the demands of the trade and a most commendable display of energy they will, no doubt, continue with the same success that the house has always sustained. The individual members of the firm are Messrs. Ehrler, a native of New Haven, and Knowlton of Northampton, Mass., both gentlemen of experience, by whom our readers may depend upon having all contracts faithfully executed, and at the same time have the advantage of reasonable prices, as well as first-class work.

New Haven Awning Works, Manufacturers of Awnings, Tents, Flags, Horse Covers, Wagon Covers, etc., 787 Chapel Street.—An extensive and eminently prosperous business in the manufacture of decorating goods is that conducted by the New Haven Awning Works, Mr. Wm. McGrath being the proprietor. The premises occupied are large and spacious, being two floors each, 30x50 in size, located at 787 Chapel street, where will be found in the fine large salesroom a mammoth stock of all kinds of goods used in the manufacture of awnings, tents, flags, horse covers, wagon covers etc. All sizes of tents to



rent. Canopies furnished for weddings, receptions, etc. Mr. McGrath makes a specialty of the decorations of halls for balls, festivals, etc. The immense stock of decorating goods carried enables him to meet promptly all orders at any season of the

year. All work is guaranteed and put up in any part of the State. The immense business done in the decorating department necessitates the constant employment of several skilled decorators, whose artistic taste and skill is so satisfactorily displayed in the execution of all orders entrusted to them.

Mr. Wm. McGrath is a native of Bridgeport, and by the energetic business qualities displayed, and the devotion to business, has secured a large number of patrons throughout this State and Western Massachusetts. Mr. McGrath is a gentleman who thoroughly understands the business in every detail, and his courteous, attentive manners to all, and the rare ability shown in the advice given, which is solicited by persons who wish artistic and not gaudy decorations, has won him a celebrity to be envied by many. When we consider the rapid growth of this establishment in the past few years, we cannot but predict a prosperous career for its already popular and highly esteemed proprietor.

**Kenwick House**, 928 Chapel Street, corner Temple, Mrs. K. T. Connelly, Proprietress.— New Haven has many fine hotels, but few of them combine in so satisfactory a manner the comforts of a home and the conveniencies of a first-class public house as does the Kenwick House, which is situated at No. 928 Chapel street, corner of Temple.

It will be seen that the location of the house is very central, and this fact together with the liberal and accommodating manner in which the hotel is managed, have had much to do with the brilliant success of its enterprising proprietress, Mrs. K. T. Connelly. The house was founded in 1883, being first known as the Commercial Hotel, and in May, 1885, it passed into the possession of its present owner and was thenceforth known as the Kenwick House. The hotel contains thirty-one rooms, all of good size and well lighted, which are distributed over three floors, closest inspection of the house from roof to cel-

lar will only discover neatness and order, as the proprietress keeps a vigilant watch over the whole establishment and not only requires her employees to keep affairs in that condition but by personal superintendence satisfies herself that her orders are strictly complied with. Elegant rooms may be had of Mrs. Connelly either en suite or single at prices that will compare most favorably with those of other first-class houses, and even with the prices of some hotels that cannot fairly claim that distinction. The very best of accommodation is furnished for either transient or regular boarders at most reasonable rates, the best that the market affords being served to guests. Special rates are made for professional people, and the large number of these that pat-ronize the house shows how the treatment received is appreciated. A view of the hotelwhich faces the Green, corner Chapel and Temple Streets-may be seen on page 21.

D. S. Glenney & Son, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Paints, Oils and Glass, 270 and 272 State Street.-It was in the year 1835 that the extensive business now carried on by the above firm was set on foot in a small way by Mr. Chas. Peterson. Employed by him in the capacity of a clerk and salesman was a young man named Daniel S. Glenney. This young man, by his energy and adaptability, soon gained the confi-dence of his employer, who in 1843 admitted him "Peterson & Glenney." Four years later the first-named gentleman retired to private life, and Mr. Glenney became the sole proprietor, continuing so up to 1873, when his son, Mr. D. S. Glenney, Jr., became associated with his father, and the present firm name was adopted. The premises occupied-six whole floors, each measuring 90x20 feet-are spacious and convenient, and are located at Nos. 270 and 272 State street, being fitted up with every appliance for the prompt handling and shipment of goods. Undoubtedly, they are among the most extensive importers and dealers in their particular line here in New Haven, and carry an enormous stock, including English and American White Lead, Linseed and Boiled Oils, Ochres, Glues, Whiting, Zincs, Paints, Brushes, etc. A specialty with them is in French plate and Window Glasses, and in this direction they have unusual and most advantageous facilities for filling orders in a prompt and advantageous manner. They are the sole agents, too, for the well-known John W. Masury & Son's unequaled railroad colors, also for Averill's Chemical Paint. The trade of the firm is gen-eral all over the New England States, but is rapidly spreading to various parts of the country, and business relations once entered into with it are certain to prove as pleasant as they must be advantageous to all concerned. That the citizens of New Haven have the fullest confidence in the honor and integrity of Mr. D. S. Glenney may be inferred from the fact that he has been elected by them to the high and responsible position of Alderman, and also that of President of the City Board of Finance. Although in his 67th year he has lost none of his youthful energy and enterprise, and takes a most active interest

Wm. Schollhorn & Co., Manufacturers of choice selection of statuary and fancy mantels Star Scissors and Shears, etc., etc., corner State and Wall Streets.-The position occupied by the firm of Wm. Schollhorn & Co., not only here in New Haven, but throughout the whole country, is such that in compiling a work like that which is contemplated in the present instance, wherein manufactures and industries are prominent features, it is absolutely necessary to make special mention of their history and pro-duction. It was in 1863 that Mr. William Schollhorn, the present senior member of the firm, commenced the manufacture of Hardware Specialties; in 1875 the manufacture of Scissors and Shears, on a comparatively small scale. His productions, from the very first, were of such a superior quality when compared with others that they soon found a ready market, and his business increased to such an extent that in 1880 he became associated with one or two other gentlemen, and a company was organized under the title of "The Schollhorn & Tiesing Manuf'g Co." This copartnership remained in existence up to 1884, when it was dissolved owing to the death of Mr. F. W. Tiesing. Mr. Schollhorn then connected himself with Mr. Julius Berbecker of New York, and the firm name became as at present. They make a specialty of Scissors and Shears, known everywhere as "The Star" brand. It would be difficult indeed to enumerate one tithe of the different kinds of scissors and shears manufactured by this firm; but it may be as well to mention such grades as the following: Ladies' Pocket, Button-hole, Straight Trimmers, Bankers,' Bent Then, also, they make a full line of cigarmakers' knives of all patterns, together with dividers, calipers, coach and carriage locks, etc. The factory, which covers an area of about 8,000 square feet, is located at the corner of State and Wall streets, with a building in the rear, is fitted up with all the necessary machinery and appliances necessary for carrying on the business. Somewhere about seventy workmen are employed, while the motive power for the grinding, polishing, and other machinery is supplied The by a steam engine of twenty-horse power. firm's trade extends over the whole of this continent, and not a few orders are received from foreign countries, showing the high esteem in which Messrs. Schollhorn & Co.'s goods are held.

Thomas Phillips & Son, Designers and Sculptors on Granite, Marble and Stone. Office and Steam Works, 143 High Street, near Grove Street Cemetery.—Among the leading designers and sculptors on granite, marble and stone in New Haven, we would call special attention to the old and reliable house of Thomas Phillips & Son, whose office and steam works are located at No. 143 High street, near Grove Street Cemetery. These works were founded in 1845 by Thomas Phillips, the senior partner, who in 1884 admitted his son, J. H. Pihllips, as a partner, and the premises consist of two floors 150x50 feet in area. The designs of this house are of the finest, and all work is executed promptly and in a first-class manner. Designs and estimates will be furnished for memorial tablets of brass, marble, etc., for church purposes, baptismal fonts, etc., and a vided at prices charged, than at the Tontine.

are constantly on hand. All work monumental, etc., will be executed in granite, marble or stone from original or other designs, made of the finest material and in the most artistic style. A large and complete assortment of monuments, tablets and headstones will be found finished at their works and at the warerooms. Messrs. Phillips & Son can refer to any of the wealthy citizens of New Haven as their patrons, having executed many orders for them. They have in connection with their lligh street establishment a branch, corner of Winthrop and Sylvan avenues (opposite Evergreen Cemetery). Here they also occupy two floors, covering an area of 100x100 feet. A very large force of skilled hands are kept con-All work is of the finest and most artistic. Mr. Thomas Phillips is a native of England, and hisson, J. H., of this city. Both gentlemen are endowed with great talent for the business in which they are engaged, and are capable of filling all orders both wholesale and retail, and will guarantee satisfaction to all their patrons.

Tontine Hotel, J. W. Bradley, Proprietor, Church Street, corner Court.—The Tontine Hotel, one of the most popular and well conducted public houses in New England, was built in 1825. by the Tontine Hotel Company, the outgrowth of one of the greatest and most wonderfully successful financial institutions in the country-The Tontine Company; whose stock the par value of which was \$100 originally, and the market price of which is now over \$14,000 per share.

The present lessee and proprietor, Mr. J. W. Bradley, took charge of the hotel in 1865, and for over twenty-one years he has maintained unimpaired the reputation and prestige of the "Tontine," and by his ability and push he is steadily increasing the patronage of the house.

The hotel building is a substantial, four-story structure, on the corner of Church and Court streets, opposite the Yale College grounds or "Green." The location is central and the surroundings are delightful, and the street cars pass near the door to and from all parts of the city. Eighty elegantly furnished rooms are provided for guests, and every accommodation and advantage for the comfort of guests is supplied. The cuisine is unexceptionable, the aim of the prudent landlord being to supply everything calcu-lated to tempt the appetite, and to serve the viands in a manner calculated to please the most exacting bon vivant. Every modern appliance and convenience has been provided, and a stay at the "Tontine" will ever be remembered by the guests of Mr. Bradley as the most pleasing experience and feature of a visit to the Elm City.

The genial host, Mr. J. W. Bradley, is a native of Connecticut and in his early manhood filled with distinguished ability several of the important municipal offices of New Haven. He is most considerate of the comfort and pleasure of his guests, and his worth and peculiar qualifica-tions as a landlord have made him one of New England's most esteemed and popular Bonifaces.

The Tontine is the favorite stopping place for commercial travelers and business men and there is not in the country better accommodations pro-

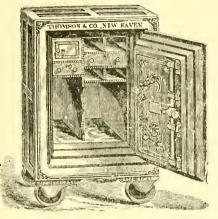
J. Linde & Son, Apothecaries, 139 Congress Avenne.-There is probably no other branch of trade known to commerce in which so great a responsibility is incurred as there is in that carried on by the druggist. Dealing as he does in agents unfamiliar to the general public, many of which agents are deadly in their effects when used in certain quantities or when combined improperly with other materials he must rely absolutely and entirely on the knowledge, care and skill of himself and employees for the assurance that by no fault of his or of those for whom he is morally if not legally responsible, shall the life or even the comfort of the hundreds whom he daily serves be endangered. We need go no further than the establishment of J. Linde & Son, No. 139 Congress avenue, for an example of what a drug store should be. The senior partner, Mr. Jacob Linde, began business in this city in 1863 alone, and in 1883 his son, Mr. George S. Linde, a graduate of Yale College, class '79, entered the firm. These gentlemen are in business for the purpose of selling and compounding drugs, and to that one purpose they devote all their time and energies. Their trade is almost exclusively a prescription one, and in this they naturally take no small amount of pride. It is no small compliment to a man's ability and trust worthiness to place your life in his hands, and that hundreds daily do this with the Messrs. Linde shows the confidence which is placed in them by the citizens of New Haven. This house carries a very large and valuable assortment of of drugs and chemicals of all descriptions, many of which can be obtained in no other store, which are very carefully selected for their strength and purity from the stocks of the most reliable dealers. Prescriptions may be left with this firm with the moral certainty that all that learning. skill and improved apparatus can do towards obtaining satisfactory results will be done by those to whom they are entrusted. This is the largest and best appointed German Pharmacy in Con-The Messrs. Linde are both natives of necticut. Germany, the elder being 62 and the younger 30 years of age, and they bring to their work all that solidity of knowledge and careful attention to detail for which their countrymen are so fa mous. The elegant store now occupied by the Messrs. Linde, was built by the senior member of the firm in 1880, and furnished with all of the latest improvements, and it has often been called the model drug store of New Haven.

**Miss Lottie Kunz**, Decorative Art Needle-work, 940 Chapel Street, New Haven.—It is only within a few years that Decorative Art has made its influence powerfully felt in heuropeled element. household adornment. That its effect has been so great as to totally revolutionize former methods of house-furnishing and beautifying is a fact so well known as to admit of no argument whatever. When we recollect the bare primness, or what was even worse, the tawdry finery of the average home a few years ago, and then contrast it with the pleasing individuality which now characterizes our homes, we realize how much we owe to those artists and art-lovers who were the means of bringing about this delightful house, extending throughout the State, and the change in so short a space of time against bitter all business relations entered into with it will, we opposition and succering coldness. To be sure all are confident, prove satisfactory in all respects.

the results of this application of art to domestic use were not equally satisfactory, and the whole movement has no doubt been greatly hindered by the effect produced by the productions of those who, overrating their skill or taste strove to produce works which a finished artist would hardly dare essay. But the capabilities of decorative art in the hands of a person of taste and experience are almost infinite, and if only such are patronized when articles for home adornment are desired, the result cannot be otherwise than satisfying and beautiful. One of the oldest established and best known emporiums in New Haven for the manufacture and sale of these goods is that so successfully conducted by Miss Lottie Kunz at No. 940 Chapel street. It was in 1872 that she inaugurated this enterprise, and her success has been as gratifying as it was deserved. Possessing great taste in such matters she has striven from the first to give to her customers none but the very best work both in design and execution, and the many beautiful works of her hands which may be found in the houses of New Haven's best society show how her efforts have been appreciated. In fact, so extensive has her business become that she has to have the services of five assistants to supply the demands of her constantly increasing patronage. and they are all carefully chosen by her for their special fitness for the duties to which they are entrusted. Her customers are found throughout New Haven county, and she not only deals in finished work hut does Stamping while you wait, and also sells naterials of all kinds. Designing is made a specialty, a class of work for which her discriminating taste admirably fits her, and estimates of any kind of work are cheerfully furnished. Miss Kunz has a large and finely fitted up store and a beautiful stock of goods.

R. M. Sherman, Artist, Wood Engraver, Etcher; Studio No 11 Central Block, 792 Chapel Street.—For the successful prosecution of any enterprise the most valuable and important qualification is the possession of an intimate knowledge of every detail of the particular line to which attention is devoted, derived from long practical experience. The enterprise conducted by R. M. Sherman, artist, wood engraver and etcher, whose studio is located at No. 11 Central Block, 792 Chapel street, seven doors from Orange street, is a fair example of what experience will produce. This business was founded by Hopson & Sherman in 1872, succeeded in 1884 by R. M. Sherman, the present proprietor. Three capable artists are employed, and the work consists of wood-cuts, mechanical and artistic, in best style. Rough sketches will be provided free of charge. Electrotypes furnished if desired, and also artistic designing. Mr. Sherman, who is a native of Newtown, Conn , is a cultured and talented artist, and produces only the finest and most artistic work in this line. The studio consists of a room with an area of 30x20 feet, and is equipped with all the necessary appliances for the promotion of a large business. We will avoid all personal comments and conclude our brief sketch by saying that a business has been established by this house, extending throughout the State, and that all business relations entered into with it will, we

Thomson & Co., Manufacturers and Dealers in Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, etc.--In view of the fortunes involved in the loss of valuables by fire or theft, and by reason of the compara-



tively trifling cost of burglar and fire-proof safes which afford sure protection against either contingency, a safe has become an indispensable article in the office of every business man. Sharp competition among manufacturers has of late years so reduced the prices of safes, and inventive genius has brought them to such a degree of perfection that the possession of a safe is now as much an evidence of prudence on the part of the manufacturer, merchant or professional man as the insurance of buildings.

For thirty years the firm of Thomson & Co. have been largely engaged in the manufacture of and dealers in fire and burglar-proof safes, chronometer and combination locks, and other safeguards against loss by theft or conflagration, and their New Haven house is one of the oldest and best known concerns in this line in New England.

Messrs. Thomson & Co.'s safes are of the most improved make, and their facilities for supplying these, as well as steel vault linings and doors for banks, of which they make a specialty, and also platform and counter scales, patent alarm cash drawers, etc., at manufacturer's rates, are unsurpassed by any competing establishment in the country. The firm are agents for the latest merchandise in their line of every description, and the large trade developed is an important item in the grand total of the business which has brought to New Haven her distinction.

Messrs. Thomson & Co.'s premises comprise three floors of their large building. Nos. 273 and 275 State street, each 25x80 feet in area, and their stock in trade is always full and complete, embracing everything desirable in the wide range of their line of trade.

They have at all times a large number of second hand safes on hand at surprisingly low prices, and employ a large force of competent workmen in their establishment. Repairing in all its branches is executed in the most satisfactory manner, and promptness and fair dealing is manifest in all their dealings.

Messrs, D. W. Thomson and E. E. Cone are sons and Knights of Pythias.

the individual members of this old and responsible firm. The former was born in Goshen, Conn., and the latter is a native of Winsted, in the same State.

They are progressive, practical business men, and are held in universal esteem for their business and personal worth. The elegant new vaults of the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company and the Mechanic's Bank, of New Haven; the First National and Dime Savings Banks, of Willimantic, Conn.; the Southbridge National and Southbridge Savings Banks and American Optical Company, of Southbridge; the Palmer National and Palmer Savings Banks, of Palmer, Mass.; are tangible evidences of the excellence of the work furnished and the confidence of the monied institutions employing the services of the firm of Thomson & Co.

C. M. Loomis, Dealer in American and Foreign Music and Musical Merchandise, corner Orange and Center Streets.—In this enlightened age music is considered almost indispensable in every household, and we seldom meet a young lady or gentleman with an average amount of education who is not a musician to some degree. Music is a gift not bestowed on all the human race, but those who are fortunate enough to possess the talent have one of God's rarest gifts; some are endowed with the power to comprchend really difficult music at almost first sight, while others are obliged to give long and patient study to the art.

Music as a study is made much more pleasant for the pupil than in former years, as the dull, dry exercises have given place to the more interesting and melodious studies which are to be found at almost any of our music publishing houses, among the most popular of which is that of C. M. Loomis, 54 Orange street, New Haven.

Mr. Loomis commenced business in 1865, and has had such continued success in both the wholesale and retail branches of the business as to necessitate his opening branch houses in Meriden, Bridgeport, Danbury and Waterbury.

Mr. Loomis has the sole agency for the following named pianos and organs: Chickering & Sons, Mathushek, Steck & Co., Hallet & Davis, New England, C. II. Stone Co. Pianos; Wilcox & White, New England, and Smith American Organs.

A large assortment of the above-mentioned instruments are to be found at the New Haven store, where he also carries a full line of banjos, and all the different kinds of musical instruments.

Mr. Loomis occupies two floors, 120x30 feet in size, at 54 Orange street, New Haven, with his immense stock of American and foreign music.

He has, in connection with the music business, a fine, large music hall, 50x150 feet and 35 feet high, after the plan of Chickering Hall in New York.

His immense business requires the employment of eighteen intelligent and courteous clerks, who possess a thorough knowledge of all the new and popular musical publications, both foreign and American. Mr. Loomis is a native of Texas, New York. He has a large circle of friends and acquaintances, both in business and social life. He is a member of the Odd Fellows, Free Masons and Knights of Pythias.

P. P. Sperry, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Beef, Veal, Mutton, Pork, Hams, Lard, etc., Po-tatoes and Vegetables of all kinds, No. 53 Union Street.—Prominent among New Haven's busi-ness men who are noted for the fine quality of meats handled by them, and who enjoy a large and substantial patronage, is Mr. P. P. Sperry, whose present location is 53 Union street, where he deals both wholesale and retail in beef, veal, mutton, pork, hans, lard, etc., also in potatoes and other vegetables. The premises occu pied by him are large and well adapted to the business, being 40x20 feet in dimensions, and furnished with every requisite for the preservation of perishable goods, and those who patronize him are assured of receiving nothing but the best of meats and the freshest of vegetables. Mr. Sperry's thorough knowledge of the business and long practical experience enables him when purchasing his stock to select nothing but firstclass supplies. Mr. Sperry deals direct with the producers, thus enabling him to buy and sell his immense stock at the lowest market prices, and the residents of the city and suburban towns find it greatly to their advantage to trade with this house, whose steadily increasing trade is becoming annually more extensive. This market was established in 1875 by John Macheleidt, a native of Germany, but was succeeded in 1886 by the present proprietor, Mr. P. P. Sperry, who is an active, energetic, enterprising business man, and by his strict application to business and his personal supervision of all its branches, together with the assistance of his thoroughly efficient clerks, he has justly earned his widespread pop-ularity. Mr. P. P. Sperry is a native of Beth-any, Ct. His trade is wholesale as well as retail, a specialty being made of home raised and fatted veal, and his capacity for supplying the orders of his patrons are such as allow of no mistakes, and a prompt delivery is ensured. Mr. Sperry is a man who has gained the confidence of all who have had any business or social intercourse with him.

**A. A. Townsend**, Coal and Wood. Office 114 Church, Glebe Building, Yard, 145 Long Wharf .-- In a review of the commercial enterprises of New Haven, it will be observed that some houses possess great advantages over others in the same line of business. In some cases this is the result of larger experience, and in others of a greater natural aptitude for the particular trade in which they are engaged. In this connection special mention should certainly be made of the business carried on by Mr. A. A. Townsend, who is undoubtedly one of the leading Wood and Coal dealers in the city, and whose office is situated in what is known as the Glebe Building, at No. 114 Church street. This business was originally set on foot in 1866 by Mr. E. E. Bowns, but ten years later he was succeeded by Messrs. Townsend & Briggs. In 1885 Mr. Briggs retired, and since then Mr. Townsend has been the sole proprietor. His progress, it may be remarked, has been very rapid, and in a degree fully commensurate with the energy and enterprise which he has invariably displayed throughout his career. Among his numerous patrons are many of the best families in the town, and his connections with mine owners and others are such that he is enabled to offer unu- firmly entrenched themselves in the full confi-

sual advantages to large consumers of both coal and wood. His sheds, which are situated on Long Wharf, are of the most extensive proportions, and have a capacity for holding no less than four or five thousand tons at one time. He is possessed of ample resources for taking advantage of the fluctuations in the market, and his reputation for the prompt filling of all orders is of the highest possible character. Mr. Townsend is most cordially esteemed by his fellow citizens outside of purely business circles, which fact is evidenced by his having served the city both as an alderman and as a member of the Common Council of the city.

I. H. Stoddard, Photographing, India Ink Sketching, Crayon Drawings, etc., No. 844 Chapel Street.—It would be a difficult matter, indeed, if we were asked the question, to name a more thoroughly artistic photographer in New Haven than Mr. I. H. Stoddard. With him it has been as much a matter of pleasure as of business to adopt and investigate any and all the improvements which have constantly been made within the past ten or fifteen years in the science of photography and in the methods employed for securing the most perfect and artistic "counter-feit presentments" of one's self, friends or relatives. That he is an enthusiast in the profession there can be no doubt, especially if one pays a visit to his well-lighted and beautifully-arranged establishment at No. 844 Chapel street. At this most eligible location he occupies two floors, each 30x40 feet, which are fitted up with a due and proper consideration for both the comfort of his patrons and the proper prosecution of the business. The waiting room is a model of comfort, and upon the walls are hung not a few choice specimens of the photographic art. All work produced at Mr. Stoddard's establishment is of a superior character-nothing is slurred over-and the same care is bestowed upon a dozen of small carte de visites as upon the costliest portraits in India Ink or Crayon. His apparatus is of the newest and most approved pattern, and he spares no pains or trouble in order to satisfy his patrons in every way. Mr. Stoddard first commenced business as a photographer here in New Haven in 1880, having previously been located for twelve years in Ansonia, where he enjoyed a wide reputation for first-class work, and for five years was associated with Mr. J. K. Bundy. Since October, 1886, however, Mr. Stoddard has conducted the business by himself, and with the most signal and marked success, both in an artistic and pecuniary sense. He is a native of Woodstock, New Brunswick; and his methodical business arrangements, wide experience, excellent judgment and sterling integrity justly entitle him to the high reputation which he enjoys in the business community.

Moore & Watson, Manufacturers of all kinds Carriage Woodwork, No. 336 York Street.-Of the late important industries of New Haven, the Carriage Woodworking establishment, in view of the volume of the carriage manufacturing interests of the city, is one of the most notable. The business was inaugurated in June, 1886, and in one short year Messrs. Moore & Watson have this section. They occupy a commodious factory 60x80 feet in dimensions and two floors admirably equipped and appointed for their purposes, and employ a force of skilled workmen in their establishment. The machinery, which is of intricate design and specially adapted for fine carriage work, is operated by steam, and the firm have every facility and the requisite practical experience to supply light and heavy bodies, seats, side and spring bars, shafts, whiffletrees, etc., of the most approved designs and excellent work manship and finish at lowest prices, and the superior quality of their manufactures is rapidly extending the field and increasing the volume of their operations.

Messis, J. Henry Moore and Arthur L. Watson are the members of this enterprising firm. The former was born in Greenwich, N. Y., and W. Watson is a native of Nova Scotia. They Mr. Watson is a native of Nova Scotia. are both practical experts in their special line of industry and impress upon all their work the stamp of their acknowledged skill-the equivalent of a certain guarantee of durability and general excellence of their productions.

Charles E. Clinton, Dealer in all kinds of first-class Groceries and Provisions, Meats, Fish, etc., etc., No. 114 Howe Street .-- No house has striven with greater zeal during the past ten years to bring itself to the front ranks in its line of trade than that of Chas. E. Clinton, and his efforts have been rewarded, for to-day he occupies a leading position among the grocers and provision dealers of this city. The business was established in 1867, by E. Hotchkiss, succeeded in 1869 by Hotchkiss & Smith, and again in 1877 by Smith & Clinton, coming under the present management in 1882. The premises occupied consist of one floor 65x25 feet, and a basement. Five polite and attentive assistants are employed, ever ready to wait upon customers, and all goods are delivered free to all parts of the city. The goods dealt in comprise all kinds of first class groceries and provisions, meats, fish, etc., all of which will be found fresh and of a high quality, sold, too, at the very low-est market prices. The store is located at No. 114 Howe street, and is neatly kept and finely stocked. The facilities which Mr. Clinton possesses for obtaining his goods are unsurpassed, and for purity and quality he cannot be excelled. He is a native of Woodbridge, Ct., and held the position of Lieutenant of the Horse Guards for three years. He is well known throughout the city and is highly esteemed by all.

Edward L. Jones, Dealer in Havana and Domestic Cigars, 98 Church Street, New Haven.-So far as we know, no one undertakes to say that tobacco in any form is a necessary article of consumption, and its enormous popularity among all races and conditions of men, therefore, is all the more astonishing. In this country few businesses have acquired so much importance as the trade in cigars and tobaccos. Many of our leading citizens are engaged in it, and the capital invested aggregates a very large amount. The soothing influence of a good cigar or a pipe of The genuine tobacco on a man are well known and

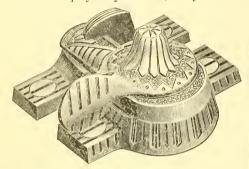
dence and general favor of carriage builders of everywhere appreciated; and the great point has been to know where such a luxury can be obtained. Here in New Haven there should be no difficulty at all about the matter, as the city is undoubtedly supplied with many first class establishments where such a desirable article can be procured. Such, for instance, is the store carried on by Mr. Edward L. Jones, whose n at and natty establishment at No. 98 Church street is the resort of many of New Haven's epicures in the way of tobacco. He always has on hand a choice assortment of both genuine Havana and the very best brands of home-manufactured cigars. Of tobacco, both plug and fine cut, and snuff as well, he has every variety; and what is more essential than is generally supposed, he knows how to keep them in good condition. In pipes and smokers' supplies generally he has a full and complete line, suitable to all tastes and at every price—from the costly meerschaum to the humble "T. D." clay. Mr. Jones, in fact, has always made it a point to cater to the needs of the public generally, and not to any one particular class. As a consequence, his patrons, already numerous, are increasing rapidly.

> Benedict & Downs, Wholesale Dealers in Steam and Gas Coals, Benedict Building, 82 Church Street, Room 2.—To the manufacturers of every large city and town the facilities for receipt of fuel are obviously one of the most important considerations; and the handling of large quantities of coal for steam and gas purposes is an enterprise involving business qualities of a high order. With practically unlimited facilities for supplying coal of the best quality for manufacturing purposes, the old and reliable house of Messrs. Benedict & Downs has for many years filled a prominent place among the princi-pal business interests of New Haven. The trade was inaugurated in 1833 by Messrs. T. Benedict & Son, and under this firm name and style a large trade was conducted until 1878, when the senior member of the firm retired from the business, and the present firm succeeded. The office of Messrs. Benedict & Downs is centrally located, being Room 2 in the handsome Benedict building, No. 82 Church street, with telephone connections to all points in their trade radius. The merchandise of the house, comprising the best steam and gas coals mined, and including the famous Pocahontas bituminous coal, is shipped direct from the mines to consumers, and the large amounts of coal consigned through this firm, and the extensive connections and standing of the house for half a century and upwards, enable Messrs. Benedict & Downs to supply all demands at the minimum rates by car-load or cargo. Orders for coals in any quantities are filled with dispatch, and an order to these representative dealers carries with it a guarantee of quality, weight, and fullest satisfaction.

> Messrs. F. W. Benedict and J. W. Downs are the individual members of this well known and reliable firm. They are both natives of New Haven, and are widely known in business circsel as one of the most responsible and successful mercantile firms in the city

> Both Mr. Benedict and Mr. Downs are prominent and influential citizens of New Haven.

Hobart B. Ives & Co., Manufacturers of Hardware Specialties, 187 and 189 St. John Street.—In the manufacture of hardware specialties the firm of Hobart B. Ives & Co. occupy so prominent a position as to demand more than brief notice in this work. The business was first commenced in 1877 by Mr. Hohart B. Ives, who in 1885 admitted Mr. F. F. Andrews as partner, and both gentlemen having a practical knowledge of the work, a persevering energy and an ambition to succeed, have combined in making it a prominent factor of the business world. The premises occupied by this house are located 187 and 189 St. John street. Their buildings are fitted up with every convenience for the execution of the various manufactures, the machinery being all of the most approved designs. Forty hands are employed by the firm, many of whom



are experts in their special branches of the indus try. The productions of the house consist of hardware specially known to the trade as Ives' patent door bolts and sash locks, which are manufactured in upwards of forty different styles and finish, which, owing to our limited space, are too numerous to enumerate in detail. The members of the firm are Messrs. Hobart B. Ives, a native of Cheshire, Ct., and F. F. Andrews, a native of Hampden, Ct., both well known residents of New Haven.

A. N. Allen & Co., 28 George Street, Whole sale Dealers in Butter, Eggs, etc.—Among the mercantile houses which have largely contributed to making New Haven the trade center of a wide range of territory is that of Messrs. A. N. Allen & Co., wholesale dealers in butter, eggs and produce generally, No. 28 George street. This house was founded in 1873 by Messrs. Allen & Judson, the senior partner becoming sole proprietor in 1875. In 1877 Mr. Burgen was admitted to an interest in the large trade developed, and under the present firm name of A. N. Allen & Co. the business has been since conducted with uninterrupted success. In 1884, on the retirement of Mr. Burgen, Mr. W. L. Allen became the junior partner in the concern, and one year later Mr. O. B. Bradley purchased an interest in the prosperous enterprise.

Under able management the affairs of the house have from the beginning steadily flourished, and at time of writing the house is recognized as one of the leaders in this line in New Haven. The premises of Messrs. Allen & Co., eligibly located for their trade, comprise two floors of their large building, 30x80 feet in dimensions,

and the firm are in daily receipt of large consignments of fresh country and dairy produce, . and such are the facilities of the house for supplying merchandise of superior quality and excellence, at lowest wholesale market rates, that the house is the most popular supply source in the city for the retail trade of New Haven and vicinity.

The business methods and known probity of Messrs. Allen & Co. have always commended this house to the confidence of their trade, and their success, great as it has been, is but the logical sequence of their energy and worth. Mr. A. N. Allen was born in Plymouth, and

Mr. A. N. Allen was born in Plymouth, and Mr. Bradley in Orange, Conn., while Mr. W. L. Allen is a native of Kansas, and all members of the firm are recognized as business men of sterling worth, zeal and tact, and representative, reliable merchants in all that the terms imply.

C. Fleischner, Druggist and Apothecary, 66 Congress Avenue.---An establishment which contributes its full share to the mercantile activity of the city of New Haven is the drug store of Mr. C. Fleischner, which is located at No. 66 Congress avenue. This house was founded in 1883 by Mr. Fleischner, who had previously had charge of the New Haven Dispensary, where he had an experience of compounding no less than 50,000 prescriptions during the five years he held the office. As a druggist and chemist of experience and practical knowledge Mr. Fleischner is maintaining a first-class position in the profession and fast winning the esteem and confidence of the entire community. His handsomely appointed store is well stocked with pure and fresh drugs, all the standard proprietary medicines and the best chemicals, as well as perfumery, fine soaps, and other toilet articles.

The Prescription department is under the trustworthy management of the proprietor and two assistants, who carefully and conscientiously prepare physicians' prescriptions and family receips at all hours, using only the purest drugs and allowing no substitutions in compounding the same. The store is large and commodious, with ample accommodations for customers, and the transaction of a large and prosperous business. The most desirable inducements are offered to the public, both in excellence of goods and economy of prices, and the trade is large and steadily increasing.

Mr. Fleischner is a native of Austria, and has the requisite talent, training and good judgment to win the highest success as a thorough master of his profession.

Snow's Fine Confectionery, No. 693 Chapel Street, and corner Church and Chapel Streets. —One hears considerable talk now-a-days concerning the manifold and deadly dangers which lurk in cheap confectionery. The press has taken the matter up from time to time and warned the public against the consumption of candies, etc., other than those manufactured by concerns whose reputation and standing is indubitably above suspicion. Such an honest and reputable house we have right here, in New Haven, in the long established concern of H. H. Snow & Sons, whose factory and wholesale salesrooms are most eligibly located at No. 693 Chapel street, with a finely located retail store at the corner of Church and Chapel streets, besides two It prominent branch stores in New York city. was in the year 1850 that this business was established, on a comparatively small scale, by Mr. H. H. Snow, a practical confectioner, who by strict attention to the wants of his customers, and by maintaining the highest possible standard of purity and excellence in the manufacture of confectionery soon acquired a reputation, not only in New Haven and vicinity, but throughout the United States. The demands for his goods became at last so large and multiplied so rapidly The that the present company was organized. facilities in the way of improved machinery were extended, the number of hands employed was also greatly increased, so that Snow's Superior Confectionery was soon found to be obtainable in every city and town in the country. At their retail stores here and elsewhere the public will find now as always pure Candie-, made from the best of materials Snow's business motto hasever been : "We make but one quality and that the best."

Geo. A. Dickerman, Florist, No. 659 Chapel Street -The advance made in botany and floriculture of late years in this country is one of the features of the times, the calling of the florist having steadily developed to the plane of a veritable science, such progress having been made that at no season of the year now need we be without flowers. Among those who have acquired an excellent reputation in this interesting line of business may be mentioned the name of Mr. George A. Dickerman, Florist, No. 659 Chapel street, and that whom few engaged in this sphere of activity in this section of New Haven receive a larger share of merited recognition. Mr. Dickerman, who is a native of South Haven, Conn., started in business in 1872, and by the general satisfaction rendered to patrons and purchasers he rapidly built up a large and prosperous trade.

He occupies a neat and compact store and carries constantly a full assortment of flowers, plants, bulbs, shrubs, etc., weddings, parties and funerals being furnished with cut flowers, bouquets, wreaths, crosses and appropriate emblematic floral designs of all kinds. Gardens and flower plots are laid out and attended to in the most satisfactory manner, and five capable and efficient assistants are employed and altogether a fine business is done, both wholesale and retail. Mr. Dickerman's business embraces seeds-man, nurseryman and florist, and, besides his store on Chapel street, has one nursery and eleven greenhouses, all in South Haven, Conn. And while his local trade is large he fills orders from every State in the Union. Mr. Dickerman is a member of the "Free Masons," and is an active and energetic and a thorough master of his art, and fully deserves the success that has attended his efforts.

Thomas H. Pease & Son, Booksellers and Stationers, 102 Church Street.—A very convenient feature of city life is the ease with which one can subscribe for any magazine, newspaper, etc., simply by dropping in at some house which makes a specialty of subscription trade, and there leaving your orders for any newspaper or periodical which you may desire, without its

costing a cent more than it would had you communicated directly with the publishers. An old, leading and representative New Haven house in this line of business is that conducted by Thomas H Pease & Son, at No. 102 Church street. This establishment was inaugurated in 1842 by Mr. Thomas II. Pease, and was carried on by him alone until 1878 when his son, Mr. Salmon G. Pease, became associated with him, and the firm name was changed to Thos. H. Pease & Son. This house will receive subscriptions for all magazines, newspapers, etc., and will guarantee the prompt and regular delivery of the publications ordered. One floor 80x20 feet is occupied, and employment is given to seven assistants. This house, aside from its sub-scription trade, does a very large business in books and stationery, a large and most complete stock being carried, and the latest novelties in stationery and the recent publications in books being sure to be found at this establishment. Mr. Thos. H. Pease, the senior member of the firm, is a native of Canaan, Ct., and his son, Mr. Salmon G. Pease, was born in this city. The energy and enterprise of the younger Mr. Pease and the ripe experience of the elder make a most happy combination and go far to explain the large measure of success attained by this house.

Lewis Schiele & Co., Manufacturers of Sewed Corsets, and Importers of Wove Corsets, etc. American Corset Works, Franklin Street, near Wooster .- The rapid advancement in the commercial facilities of New Haven is a subject of the most favorable comment among business men in the United States, while the splendid results achieved in this respect are due in a great measure to the untiring activity and enterprise of the principal manufacturing houses. Prominent among those concerns which have contributed to the material progress of the commerce of New Haven is that known as the American Corset Works, owned by Lewis Schiele & Co., of No. 390 Broadway, N. Y. City. These works were originally established in 1861 by Mr. I. Strouse, the present superintendent, and to him, perhaps, more than anyone else, is due the high and standard reputation which the corsets of this firm have attained all over the country. The firm imports extensively a very fine quality of wove corsets, which are manufactured at their factory in Goeppingen, Wurtemberg (Europe). Without doubt the house is one of the largest and best known in this particular line in the country. At the New Haven factory alone, which is a large four-story building, each floor having an area of 90x80 feet, no less than three hundred and fifty hands, both male and female, find constant employment all the year round. The quantity of material worked up every year, all of the very best quality, is something enor-mous. Special machinery of the latest and most approved patterns is employed, and an engine of forty horse-power furnishes the motive power. The business transactions of the firm are something enormous, and their productions are in demand wherever their merits are once made known. Mr. Strouse is an ex-alderman, and has long been the recipient in many ways of the con-

Henry G. Thompson & Scns, Manufacturers and Patentees of Patent Flexible Back Hack, Band and Butcher Saws, Patent Butcher and Extension Hack Saw Frames, Patent Wire Pamphlet Stitching Machines, Malleable Iron Tool Handles, Patent Pin Tickets, etc., Office 6 Elm, corner State Street-This representative industrial enterprise is one of the many of New Ha ven devoted to a special line of manufactures, and in its sphere of usefulness it has long exerted a benificent influence. The firm occupy a large factory at corner of Elm and State streets. where they employ a force of forty workmen in the manufacture of tools, etc., of their own patent, and the fame of the house for the valuable merchandise they have put on the market has extended the trade of the concern to all parts of this and to some foreign countries. The Messrs. Thompson & Sons are the patentees and manufacturers of flexible back hack, hand and butcher saws, patent butcher and extension hack saw frames, patent wire pamphlet stitching ma-chines, malleable iron tool handles, patent pin tickets and other valuable invented specialties, which for intended purposes are unsurpassed and perhaps unequaled in the market. The productions of the house are made of the best materials procurab'e, and all simple in construction and most of them are pronounced invaluable by hundreds who have tested their merits in competition with other patents, and the large demand for the tools, machines and appliances manufactured by the Messrs. Thompson is constant, and comes from all parts of the United States.

The product of the factory is shipped to points near and remote at home and abroad, and the specialties of the concern are steadily growing in favor in the New World and the Old.

Messrs. Henry G., H. Grant and Arthur G. Thompson are the individual members of this well known and responsible house, and are accounted among the prominent, successful manufacturers and influential citizens of New Haven.

S. H. Barnes, Dealer in Choice Beef, Mutton, Lamb, etc., Stall No. 1, City Market .- An exceptionally fine, well conducted meat market is that of Mr. S. H. Barnes, Stall No. 1, City Mar-ket, who since 1871, on his own account and as the head of the firm of S. H. Barnes & Co., has long held a prominent place among the represen-tative business men of New Haven. Mr. Barnes' premises are 20x20 feet in dimensions, and are thoroughly attractive. His stock in trade is al ways large and complete, consisting of the choicest beef, mutton and lamb, provisions and game in season, and at lowest possible prices. Mr. Barnes supplies merchandise warranted of standard excellence and in prime condition. Goods are promptly delivered free of charge to all parts of the city, and in all his engagements this live dealer is uniformly obliging and reliable. The extensive city and out-of-town wholesale and retail trade of Mr. Barnes necessitates the employment of four clerks, and all orders have prompt attention.

Mr. Barnes is a native of New Haven, and is prominent and influential in municipal affairs as in trade circles. He has filled the office of City Councilman for three successive terms, and has always been found faithful and efficient.

George S. Arnold, Dealer in Furnaces and Ranges, 236 to 240 State Street, New Haven.— It is over forty years ago since E. Arnold established the business now conducted by Mr. George The building is located at Nos. S. Arnold. 236 240 State street. The premises occupy six floors, with an area of 80x25 feet. A large stock is carried of all kinds of stoves, furnaces, mantels, etc., Mr. Arnold being the sole agent for Mitch-ell, Vance & Co.'s gas fixtures, Richardson & Boynton Co.'s furnaces and ranges, and the cele-brated "Model Range." He is a dealer also in grates, brass fire place trimmings, slate mantels, etc., and a department is also carried on for roofing, plumbing and gas fitting, which is done in a thoroughly satisfactory manner. The trade includes retail and custom work, and the store is very elegantly fitted up with every convenience. Thirty assistants find employment in the various departments of this flourishing house, and all orders are promptly and satisfactorily filled. Of the stock kept it is useless for us to speak, as it is too well known throughout the community. It is, however, safe to say that he carries the largest assortment and does the most extensive business of any in his line in the city. Mr. George S. Arnold is a native of New Haven, has held the office of Common Councilman.

E. L. Washburn, Manufacturer and Dealer in Surgical, Optical and Mathematical Instruments, Physicians' and Dentists' Supplies, Trusses and Rubber Goods, 84 Church and 61 Center Streets.-The attention that has been given in this country during recent years to the manufacture of surgical and dental instruments, as well as apparatus in the way of optical aids, has demonstrated that American manufacturing genius and mechanical skill are quite as successful in this line as they have proven in many others. Without manner of doubt the leading exponent of this particular branch of industry here in New Haven is Dr. E. L. Washburn, whose establishments, which are located at No. 84 Church street, and 61 Center street, have been long and favorably known to a-majority of our residents. The business was originally established in 1866, at which time the firm name was "Barker & Washburn," and continued so for two years. In 1868 Mr. Barker was succeeded by Mr. McNeil, who remained a Mr. Washburn has carried on the business himself. He is a practical optician, and not only manufactures all kinds of instruments in this line, but pays particular attention to the individual needs of those of his patrons who have the misfortune to be afflicted with poor or defective eyesight, or in need of Supporters or Trusses of any kind. Mr. Washburn, too, deals in dental apparatus, including artificial teeth and supplies of every description. In addition he always carries a carefully selected stock of physicians' supplies and apparatus of every description for the sick room. His premises, which consist of twofloors, each with an area of 100x30 feet, are both ample and commodious, while the various goods displayed are well worth close inspection and attention. Mr. Washburn, although a native of Massachusetts, has been a resident of New Haven for many years, and is widely known and highly respected.

John Wolf, Manufacturer of Ladies and Gents Fine Furs, 739 Chapel Street, Room 13 .- An important factor in the manufacturing industry of New Haven is that comprised in the production of tine furs, and in this connection a representative and popular establishment is that conducted by the subject of the present sketch, Mr. John Wolf, whose place of business is at No. 739 Chapel street, Room 13. Mr. Wolf is a native of Germany, but has been in this country many years. He started in business for himself some time during the year 1882, and has already succeeded in building up an extensive and increasing trade. His experience in the proper treatment and preparation of all the various skins and furs for garments and trimmings of every description is of a lengthy and practical character. His connections with the trade are such that he is enabled to secure the very finest and choicest skins in the market, and in every case he guarantees the excellence of all goods leaving his establishment. Ladies can here select their own rough materials and depend upon having them made up into garments or otherwise in the best and strongest manner, as well as in accordance with the very latest styles. Mr. Wolf makes a specialty of repairing and renovating sealskin and other sacques, which have become discolored by age or ill usage. He also makes over old-fashioned garments in such a manner that they cannot be discriminated from those of the very latest manufacture. At present Mr. Wolf employs five hands, but if his many patrons increase in the future as they have in the past he will be obliged to increase his force.

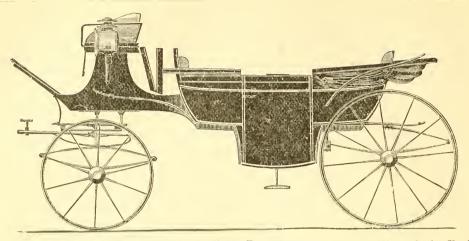
S. L. Blatchley & Sons, Real Estate Dealers and Brokers, No. 16 Exchange Building, corner Church and Chapel Streets.—Prominent among the old and thoroughly reliable business agencies that contribute largely to the material prosperity and success of the commercial circles of New Haven, may be mentioned that of Messrs. S. L. Blatchley & Sons, who are located in finely fitted up spacious offices at No. 16 Exchange Building. The original founder of the firm was Mr. S. L. Blatchley, who died in 1884, since which date his two sons have continued the business. The firm, while transacting a general real estate business. make a specialty of building small cottages, which they sell at low prices, payments being received in small installments. The Messrs. Blatchley always have upon their books descriptions of the best available bargains in land, stores, dwelling houses, etc., either for sale, rent, or exchange. They also procure loans upon reasonable terms on bonds and mortgages, make renting and collecting a specialty and have unsurpassed facilities for securing good responsible tenants. Houses and lots, too, are bought and sold on commission, the full management of estates is assumed and buildings are erected on terms suitable to persons with shallow pockets. The gentlemen composing the firm of S. L. Blatchley &Sons have now been engaged in the business a great many years, and it is safe to assert that in all their career they have given the most complete satisfaction in each and every transaction in which they have been engaged, to all parties concerned. Apart from business, too, it may not be out of place to remark, the Messrs. Blatchley are well known and highly respected.

J. Wolcott & Co., House and Sign Painting and Paper Hanging, 61 Orange Street.- There are few artisans in New Haven more widely or more favorably known in their respective lines of industry than the senior member of the abovenamed firm, who established himself in business here about fifty years ago as a house and sign painter, paper hanger, etc. Mr. Wolcott in 1884 associated with himself in his enterprise Mr. C. J. Parrett, an expert decorator, and at this time the firm of J. Wolcott & Co. are the leading house and doubtless the oldest in this branch of industrial art in New Haven. The firm occupy two floors of their large building, No. 61 Orange street, each 60x70 feet in size, and constantly employ a force of twenty skilled painters. paper hangers, etc., and their facilities for plain and fancy work of every description are unsurpassed if equaled by any of their craft in Con-necticut. With dispatch and in the most artistic manner Messrs. Wolcott & Co. execute all orders for interior decorations, painting, frescoing, pa-per-hanging, graining, wood filling, etc., and the taste, judgment and skill of these experienced artists, who give to every detail of the work their personal supervision, enables them to guarantee the most satisfactory work in every particular.

Mr. Wolcott was born in Hamden, Conn., and Mr. Parrett is a native of Lyons, France. Both are progressive, capable business men, and they are "known of their works" throughout the city and surrounding sections, their work being abundantly attested by their superior workmanship in the decoration of many of the finest dwellings and public buildings in New Haven and neighboring towns. They are prompt and reliable in their engagements and enjoy the full confidence of their customers and the general public.

White, Clarkson & Co., Lumber at Wholesale, Office, Room 20, Passenger Depot., N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., New Haven.—The lumber trade of New England and the Middle States is ably represented by the house of White, Clarkson & Co. of New Haven. This firm was organized and began business in 1879, and from the beginning the firm have conducted their operations successfully and on a m st extensive scale.

Their main office is in Room 20, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Passenger Depot, and with connections in the lumber districts, and a branch office in Philadelphia, the house possesses every facility for their immense wholesale trade. Messrs. White, Clarkson & Co. handle large quantities of all kinds of hard lumber, Southern pine, etc., and supply merchandise by car-load or cargo at lowest prices current, and orders are promptly filled, and merchandise shipped to all points, near and remote, with dispatch. The trade of the firm extends to all parts of the Eastern and Middle States, and in every sense of the term the house is a desirable one with which to place orders and establish and maintain business relations. The firm is composed of Messrs. Chas. A. White, W. D. Clarkson and D. H. Wellman, the latter a special partner. They have abundant capital invested, and all the conveniences for meeting the requirements of their trade, and in business circles everywhere they are recognized leaders in their special line of trade in this section of the United States.



The Henry Killam Co., Carriage Makers, Established 1848, 47 Chestnut Street.—The preeminence of New Haven for the elegance of styles and finish of its carriage has for many years been maintained by the many representative, enterprising houses engaged in this field of industrial activity and to-day, as it did a quarter of a century ago, the city leads the world in this line of manufactures.

Among the old, responsible and successful houses engaged in this pursuit in this city. The Henry Killam Co. represents the highest attainable degree of perfection, and for forty years the concern has been one of the large factors in the aggregate of the city's home and foreign trade. This important industry was founded in 1848 by Messrs. Wiswell & Killam, and to meet the great demand for the product of his establishment the Company was organized and incorporated in 1882.

Since the date last named, the concern, with almost unlimited facilities, has successfully met the requirements of their home and foreign trade, and have built up a business of most extensive proportions.

The factory of the Company is eligibly located, and comprises a large six story building, 125x150 feet in dimensions, and the equipment of the establishment throughout constitutes it one of the most complete plants in the country devoted to this line of manufacture.

The machinery, all of which is of the most improved pattern and design, is operated by steam, and a force of eighty-five skilled workmen are employed in the manufacture of the most stylish and serviceable vehicles in the market, the output comprising all styles of fashionable carriages, of finest finish and superior workmanship.

The officers of the Company arellenry Killam, President; Francis Potter, Secretary; John Murphy, Treasurer; all of whom are especially qualified for their several positions, and are accounted among the representative, and successful bu-iness men of New Haven.

Mr. Killam was formerly one of the efficient Selectmen of this city. We give above an illustration of one of the elegant vehicles manufacured by this firm.

Betts & Alling, Dealers in Flour, Grain, Feed, Hay and Straw, office, 2 Whitney avenue, warehouse, 437 East Street .- The flour trade of this country is probably the most important of its many resources and is larger than any other single branch of commerce. The retail trade extends to every city, hamlet and four corners of the land and the jobbing trade to all the large cities. It is the most staple of trades, a real necessity. The profits now-a-days are small, but success is reasonably certain where its conditionsexperience, straight-forwardness and capital-are combined. In New Haven the trade in flour, grain, feed, hay, straw and Peat Moss is among the foremost of commercial pursuits and there are many large and influential houses engaged in it, among which we are glad to mention the wellknown firm of Betts & Alling, which by reason of its enterprise and reliability is entitled to more than passing mention. The quarters occupied by this house consist of an office and store comprising three floors, 50 feet square, located at No. 2 Whitney avenue, and a large warehouse, one floor 140x60 feet in dimensions, located at No. 437 East street, which is stored with the various commodities dealt in; they own also a pri-Their connections with vate track for ten cars. Western houses are of the most intimate nature and their facilities for obtaining stock are unsurpassed in this market, enabling them to fill orders with promptness and accommodate purchasers to the full extent of their wants. Careful attention is paid to all orders and they guarantee bottom prices, when favored with any order whether large or small. The business was founded in 1866 by N. S. Sanford and after several changes came under the present management in 1885.

The individual members of thefirm are F. A. Betts, a native of New Haven and F. H. Alling, a native of Iowa.

A large force of assistants, numbering one dozen or more, findconstant and profitable employment here, and of the firm we can state that they conduct their business on a sound, liberal basis, and that the business which they have built up and control, speaks in the most impressive language of the confidence with which they are justly regarded in this city. The New England Manufacturing Com. pany, Manufacturers of Jewelry and Silver Ware Cases of Every Description, Fine Paper Boxes for Jewelers, Druggists and Stationers, Office No. 94 Temple Street, New Haven.—This influential and successful company was organized under the name of the New England Morocco Case Company in 1877, and was incorporated as a joint-stock company with its present corporate name in 1886. From the beginning the business has been conducted with wise judgment, tact and energy, and its trade has been developed to such an extent as to comprehend among its customers and correspondents many of the leading manufacturers of jewelry, silverware, etc., in the country, as well as the principal jobbers in this line of merchandise.

The company's extensive works comprise a four-story building, aggregating nearly 6,000 square feet of floor surface, and the valuable machinery which is driven by steam is of the most improved patterns and designs. A force of 100 operatives are employed in the manufacture of the finest morroco, satin lined and fine paper boxes for jewelry, silverware, druggists, stationers and other purposes, and besides filling orders for special work, the company carry in stock a most complete and extensive assortment of their goods, in a great variety of styles, and have exceptional facilities for meeting every reguirement of their trade at lowest possible margins above cost of production.

The long experience of the President, Mr. Post, who devotes his personal attention to all the operations of the factory, ensures that all work will give perfect satisfaction. The trade of this well-known concern, by rea-

The trade of this well-known concern, by reason of the excellent management of affairs, is very extensive and is steadily increasing, and the methods of the officers and their known worth universally inspires the fullest faith in their trade. The officers of the company are as follows: President and Treasurer, William W. Post; Secretary, William G. Hunter.

Henry Smith, Manufacturer of Horse Collars, etc., 183 Brewery Street.—A well-known dealer in these lines is Mr. Henry Smith, who manufactures Horse-Collars, Leather-Covered Patent Top-Prop Nuts, Patent Leather Top-Prop Washers, Enamelled and Patent Leather Curtain Loops and Carriage Strappings, at 183 Brewery street. He also carries a heavy stock of general harness goods, and the long experience which the house has had in the business (it having been founded in 1849 by Messrs. Jellett & Smith), warrants the assertion that only such goods as will afford the most satisfactory results are handled. Mr. Henry Smith has carried on the business alone since 1879, in a manner which has caused it to rapidly but steadily increase.

Three floors are occupied, each 90x25 feet in dimensions, and a wholesaleand retail as well as manufacturing business is done, employment being given to ten assistants.

Mr. Smith was born in Glastonbury, Conn., and is one of New Haven's most enterprising and progressive citizens. His establishment turns out the best of work, as is generally conceded throughout the trade.

E. P. & B. R. Merwin, Importing Tailors, 68 Church and 60 Center Streets .- The frequent instances of great success in business growing out of small beginnings is one of the most creditable facts connected with the industrial progress of New Haven. The now well-known house of E. P. & B. R. Merwin, importing tailors, of No. 68 Church and 60 Center street, is a notable example of this kind. When the business was first established, away back in 1831 by Smith Merwin, the trade transacted was of comparatively limited dimensions, and but a small amount of capital was needed to carry it on. But thanks to the business energy and aptitude displayed by the founder, business increased at a rapid pace, and in 1851 the firm name was changed to Smith Merwin & Co. In 1870, nearly twenty years later, Mr. E. P. Merwin became the sole proprietor, and continued to carry on the business alone until five years later, when the present partnership was entered into. The firm do a very large and extensive import business, one of the partners making a voyage to Europe every year for the purpose of better looking after that branch of the business. The goods imported are of the highest grades, and such as the most critical and fastidious cannot find fault with. The premises occupied here in New Haven consist of three floors, each 85x22 feet, and upwards of 200 hands, male and female, are employed. In New York the firm has a branch establishment at No. 240 Fifth avenue, where a force of about a hundred is kept busily engaged. A number of salesmen, too, are kept constantly travelling over all parts of the country, and the business transacted by the firm is something enormous-amounting in value to about \$250,000 a year. Both members of the firm are natives of New Haven, and business relations entered into with them are certain to prove not only pleasant, but advantageous.

W. S. Sanford, Auctioneering and Stock Room, No. 27 Congress Avenue.- A most useful individual in the business community is the auctioneer. A "knight of the hammer," as an auctioneer is sometimes designated, should, in the first place, be a born orator, quick and ready with his tongue, witty, good tempered, and full of business tact and energy. Mr. W. S. Sanford, whose auction rooms are situated at No. 27 Congress avenue, has been engaged in business as an auctioneer here ever since 1860, and during this period of more than a quarter of a century has conducted many important and extensive sales, the results of which have been satisfactory in all respects to all parties concerned. At one time he filled the position of Government Auctioneer, and shortly after the war was entrusted with the disposal of certain effects belonging to the United States. In this he was most successful, and the property was sold at a more than usually high figure—the total sales reaching \$100,000. The premises which he occupies at the abovegiven address are peculiarly well adapted for the purpose, and are well stocked with household and and other goods in endless variety. Ladies, and gentlemen, too. for that matter, will be sure of meeting here with something they need in the way of bargains; and Mr. Sanford's well known integrity in all his transactions is a sure guarantee that they will receive full value for their money.

The L. Candee & Co., Manufacturers of Rubber Boots, Shoes, etc., Corner of East and Green Streets.—The manifold uses to which rubber is applied has within the recollection of the present generation developed extensive manufacturing enterprises in this country, and some of the industries devoted to this department of activity rank among the most important in the Keeping pace with the progress made in world. this line toward perfection, The L. Candce & Co. has, from a modest beginning under the firm name of L. Candee & Co., pioneers in their branch of industry, attained a leading place among the houses of the Old World and the New engaged in the manufacture of rubber boots and shoes, and the product of this great corporation has the world for its market and the representative jobbers and dealers in every country as their patrons.

This company was started in 1842 and incorporated as a company in 1850, and the business has had marvellous growth. The premises consist of numerous large and substantial buildings, covering an area of three acres, each from four to five stories in height, and the extensive works are equipped throughout with valuable machinery of the most improved make for their purposes, with five engines of an aggregate of almost 2,000 horse power as the motors. Not less than 1,500 persons are employed by the company in the numerous departments of the business. The engines in use are probably unsurpassed by those of any manufacturers in the United States, and all are of the Corliss style. The fly wheel of one of these engines weighs 60,000 pounds, and and twenty one large boilers supply the vast amount of steam required. An average of 20,-000 pairs of boots and shoes are turned out daily or more than 6,000,000 pairs per annum. The manufactures of the company are of the highest grade and quality of material and workmanship. In the styles of their rubber boots and shoes, the company conform to the prevailing styles of ladies, gents and children's foot wear, accommodating their product to the changes in toes and heels of the boots and shoes worn from year to year.

The output of the concern includes sporting or thigh boots of light weight and in slim, medium and full widths, designed for use of sportsmen; fishing and mining boots of extra stock and superior workmanship. Their "dull finish boots," either heavy or light, and with plain or pebbled legs, is the result of earnest thought and effort to supply the trade with a boot of the very best quality. The best Para rubber and finest grades of wool felts are used for these goods, which easily conform to the average foot and are unsurpassed either in style, fit or durability. They are made in all styles for men, boy's, women's, misses' and children's wear. Their "Fairy Boots," with legs made in beautiful imitation of watered silk or moire antique with white lamb's wool lining, are especially popular for youths, misses and children. Their "Fusion Lined" boots combine all the good qualities of both wool and rubber-lined boots without the disadvantages of either.

In styles the company manufacture the universally worn "Croquet," "Imitation Sandals," self acting "Clogs," "Foothold," "Yale,"

"Opera," "Brighton," "Dew Drop," "Feather Weight," "Victor," "Senator" and their high embroidered "Gaiters," in cartoons, with ventilating felt upper, the "Indian Gaiter," vamp embroidered with moose hair in bright, fadeless colors, the work of Canadian Indians, are unequalled in beauty and comfort.

The line of arctics made by this great concern includes their popular "Champion," "Prize," "Fashionable" and "Plain and Self-acting Alaska."

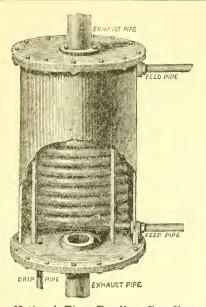
The company make the famous "Perfection" lumberman's overshoe, the best selling shoe for this class of trade in the market.

Messrs. Henry L. Hotchkiss and Charles L. Johnson are the President and Treasurer and Secretary of the company respectively, and the Board of Directors is composed of the President and Secretary ex-officio, and Messrs. L. H. Bristol and G. W. Curtis, Mr. Lewis Elliott is the efficient Superintendent of this mammoth concern. Mr. C. L. Johnson has been one of the members of the City Council, and Mr. Elliott was formerly a Councilman and for fifteen years was one of the Board of Fire Commissioners of New Haven.

James Graham & Co., Brass Founders, No. 293 Wooster Street.—Among manufacturer, throughout New England, and their name is legion, the firm of James Graham & Co. is well and favorably known as one of the representative and leading brass-founding houses of this sections and for a quarter of a century the concern has enjoyed the confidence of the trade and a large share of their patronage.

The business was inaugurated in 1861 by Mr. Jas. Graham, who in 1865 was succeeded by the firm of Graham & Corey, and they in turn in 1880 by the firm as at present constituted. The works of Messrs. Graham & Co. are located at No. 293 Wooster street, and comprise three floors of their large building, 90x100 feet in dimensions, and a competent force of skilled workmen are employed in the establishment, which is thoroughly equipped with every modern appliance and the latest improved machinery for their purposes. Twelve furnaces are kept in constant operation, and the output of the concern is al-ways of standard excellence, and in their special lines their work is unsurpassed. They make all kinds of brass and composition castings, large and small, and make a specialty of "Journal" brasses. They supply everything in their line, including Babbitt metal of all grades, at lowest market prices, and confidence in the merchandise and methods of these reliable manufacturers is always warranted by their worth.

Messrs James and C. E. Graham are the members of this well-known firm. They are natives of Albany, N. Y., and of Branford, Conn., respectively, and are prominent in trade circles in this section, possessing the confidence and esteem of all with whom they are brought into business relations. The senior partner is at present one of the State Senators of Connecticut, Seventh district, and represents his constituents with distinguished ability. He has also represented the town of Orange, Ct., in the Lower House in the years 1878, 1885 and 1886.



The National Pipe Bending Co., Factory, River Street, near Lloyd Street, New Haven — In supplying some of the prime essentials and requisites for manufacturers, plumbers, and gas and steam fitters' purposes, the National Pipe Bending Co. have for six years filled an important place among the industrial concerns of New Haven, and in a wide field of operations they developed a trade which is a large item in the great aggregate of business centering here.

This stock company was incorporated in 1880 under the present style and title, and under able management has attained eminer t success.

The works of the concern are located on River street, near Lloyd, and comprise two floors of a large building, each 50x150 teet in size. The premises are admirably equipped with improved machinery, and a steam engine of 20 horse-power drives the machinery. A force of experienced workmen are employed in the shops, and work to order is turned out in large quantities. Iron, brass and copper pipe is bent in coils, angles and return bends, in any manner desired, and special work of all kinds is promptly executed. The company are the sole manufacturers of the National Feed-Water Heater, one of the most popular appliances in use in the country for heating feed-water for boilers, and experience has proved its great value over most other heaters in the market.

The energy and business tact of the management have developed a business of great proportions, extending to all parts of the United States and some of the foreign countries. And among the leading manufacturers and gas and steam fitters of the Eastern States, the house is accounted a most desirable one with which to establish and maintain business relations.

The officers of the Company at present writing are Simeon J. Fox, President and Treasurer; F. L. Bigelow, Secretary. Directors, S. J. Fox, H. B. Bigelow, M. F. Tyler, W. F. Day and C. H. Farnham. Mr. Fox was for fourteen years widely known as the able Assistant Adjutant-

General of Connecticut. Hon. H. B. Bigelow served the people of this State with distinguished ability as Governor in 1881–2. Mr. Day is the honored President of the New Haven National Bank, and Mr. Tyler was private secretary to Gov. Bigelow during his administration, also is the President of Southern New England, and the Chesapeake & Potomac Telegraph Company.

Brown's School of Shorthand and Telegraphy, 87 Church Street.—One often hears the remark, "I wish I knew shorthand, then I could get a situation easily enough." To a cer-



taiu extent this is a fact, a good shorthand writer, all other things being equal, being almost sure of obtaining a paying position. And not only this, but the demand for such service is rapidly increasing, by

reason of the fact that nearly every large business house in the country employs one or more stenographers. The same may be said of typewriting and telegraphy.

The question naturally arises as to where these accomplishments can be best and most aptly acquired; and in this connection it will be well to call the attention of the reader to William H. Brown's School of Shorthand and Telegraphy, No. 87 Church street, in this city. Mr. Brown, although a young man, is a thorough expert in all the various branches which he undertakes to teach, and since he opened his school in 1883 has had a large number of our best, and several of our most prominent citizens as pupils. The school room is centrally located (near the Green), easy of access, well lighted and well furnished, and, in fact, all the facilities are of the highest character. The Telegraph department is in charge of an expert operator. The school room is fitted up with the most approved instruments, and the course of instruction embraces all the practical details of telegraphic work.

Mr. Brown is also the exclusive dealer in the celebrated Remington Standard Typewriters -for twelve years the acknowledged King of Writing Machines-for Southern Connecticut, including the counties of New Haven, Fairfield, Middlesex, and New London. The reputation of the Remington is world-wide, and it needs no It has been found commendation at our hands to be absolutely indispensable in the office, and, in the words of a well-known wholesale house, "The type-writer is to the merchant what the sewing-machine is to the family." Mr. Brown has always on hand a full line of supplies for the type-writer-ribbons, linen paper, carbon paper, copy-holders, etc., and is general agent for several other valuable labor saving office specialties, including the Challenge Copying Press, and the "Autocopyist"—a process of duplicating pricelists, drawings, etc., similar to lithography, but less expensive. Ramser's Envelope Holder and Mail Box is a handy piece of office furniture which should find a place on every writer's desk. A call at the office, No. 87 Church street, will be sure to prove pleasant and profitable.

Smith & Fowler, Dealers in Flour, Grain, Feed, etc., 361 Congress Avenue and 57 Long Wharf.-In every large community there will be found one or more extensive houses dealing in flour, grain, feed and similar productions, which with acquired resources and advantages, and the great care displayed in regard to the quality of their goods, have established a reputation and a trade that ensures them the confidence of the public. Of such concerns in this city we may give the house of Smith & Fowler a prominent position as being among the most extensive deal-ers in this line of goods, in this section of the city, a position, too, which has been acquired since 1879 and held ever since. The premises occupied by this house consist of a large store, 30x60 feet in dimensions. This storeroom af-fords ample accommodations for the basis of a trade which embraces the city and vicinity and which is both wholesale and retail in its character and very extensive. This store is located at No. 361 Congress avenue, corner of Ward street. Special inducements are offered in purchasing goods of this house, embracing flour, grain, feed, hay and straw, beside coal and wood, and which they guarantee to be of superior quality at the lowest market prices. The warehouse is at 57 Long Wharf, where three floors are occupied. The business was originally established by Frederick M. Smith, being under the control of the The members present management since 1881. of the firm are both natives of New Haven. All orders by telephone will receive prompt attention.

V. M. Beecher, Dealer in Staple and Fancy Groceries, 961 State Street, New Haven .--- This business was established in 1874 by Mr. Vreeland, succeeded in 1882 by C. E. Lockwood, and again in 1885 by the present proprietor, Mr. V. M. Beecher, since which time he has developed a business of no mean magnitude. Occupying a fine location at 961 State street, and carrying a large and fine stock, he offers unusual induce-ments to the public. The store is 30x45 feet in area, and is attractive in appearance, and in its arrangements affords every opportunity to display, in his usual artistic manner, the specialties of his trade. His customers are found throughout this section, and his trade is exclusively retail. Mr. Beecher is a native of Seymour, Conn., and is one of the business men who, as a rule, carve a name and a place for themselves wherever they are. The stock comprises all kinds of staple and fancy groceries, teas, coffees, spices, flour, sugar, canned goods, etc., all of the finest and purest quality. A specialty is made of choice home made Chili sauce and fresh tomatocs in glass, which are rapidly finding their way into the best families of this section. The goods of this house are too well-known to need any comment at our hands, but we would say for the benefit of those who have not patronized Mr. Beecher's store that they will confer a personal favor upon themselves by giving him a trial. Polite assistants are employed, and all goods are delivered in a prompt manner. Mr. Beecher, in addition to his grocerics, is also a public auc-tioneer and is a teacher of dancing, and may be engaged to take charge of balls and parties. He is a member of Red Men and is an ex-member of the Governor's Foot Guard.

Robert M. Stevens, Dealer in Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Chickens and Vegetables, 12 Congress Avenue.—One of the best and most favorably known of the Provision houses of New Haven is the one so successfully carried on by Mr. Robert M. Stevens at No. 12 Congress Avenue. This progressive house inaugurated business in 1878. and its success has been as marked as it has gratifying to the numerous friends of its genial pro-prietor. There is constantly carried in stock a large and well selected assortment of Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Chickens and Vegetables. Broiler Chickens in their season form a specialty with this house and these delicious birds have a very large sale, as Mr. Stevens has established a reputation for dealing only in the best. Vegetables are to be had in profusion, crisp and fresh, and as their health-giving properties are more generally recognized yearly their sale is increasing rapidly. Creamery Butter is also handled very largely, some of the representative dailies of the country contributing to this department. Good butter can be had in the city if you only know where to look for it, and Mr. Stevens always has an article on hand which will fully suit the tastes of the most fastidious in that line. Beef, which so many prefer to any other meat for a "square meal," is also kept in quantities, and any kind, from a "shin" for a stew to a sirloin for a delicious roast may be found at any time at this establishment. Mutton and Lamb are kept constantly in stock and are preferred by some to beef, and certainly "spring lamb and green peas" form a most toothsome and appetizing combination when the lamb is spring and the peas are green, both of which conditions may be assured by purchasing here. Mr. Stevens a native of New Haven and is well known not only in a business way, but also socially and politically, having served most acceptably in the City Council in 1884.

Wm. E. Ford, Druggist and Pharmacist, 511 and 513 State Street, New Haven.—Much depends, as is well known, upon the purity of the drugs used in the compounding of medicines in such cases, and for the benefit of those here in New Haven, who may be in need of such assistance, it will be as well to call attention to the old and well-known establishment now conducted by Wm. E. Ford, Druggist and Pharmacist, located at 511 and 513 State street, which was opened by Curtis & Henry in 1850, who, after twelve years of prosperity, were succeeded by E. H. Riley in 1862, who conducted the business until 1876, when he sold out to G. C. Ferris, and in 1882 the present proprietor, Mr. Wm. E. Ford, assumed control. He is a skilled and experienced pharmacist.

<sup>\*</sup> The building which he occupies comprises twostories, and a large assortment of fine drugs, toilet articles, etc., is carried, and medicines of all kinds.

A great feature in his business is in the putting up of physicians' prescriptions and in this department Mr. Ford has the assistance of two skilled assistants.

Mr. Ford is a native of New Haven and is a member of the Odd Fellows and Free Masons. His business, already large, is increasing rapidly and among his patrons many of our leading residents might be enumerated.

And the second second second

Perkins & Bradley Manufacturing Company, Manufacturers of Wire Goods, No. 22 Artizan Street.-Since February, 1887, the company under the above corporate name and style have successfully conducted the im-

portant business inaugurated one year before by Mr. W. C. Parker, who had been superintendent of the Wire Goods Co., of Worcester, from the start, and under the present management the prestige and patronage of the old concern, form-erly known as Perkins' Manufacturing Co., has been more than maintained.

The works of the company are located at 22 Artizan street and comprise a large four-story building, thoroughly equipped with machinery of the most improved kinds and patterns, operated by steam, and a large force of skilled workmen are employed in the various departments of the establishment.

The output of the company comprises the manufacture of patented and special wire goods of standard excellence and finish, and the demand for the goods of this house is very extensive, and comes from all parts of the country. The facilities of the house for filling orders and supplying immediate demands are ample for all the wants of the trade, and their low prices and square dealing, have always commanded the confidence of their correspondents and trade at home and abroad.

The officers of this responsible company are widely known in business circles, Mr. Perkins having been long connected with the business. Mr. Henry Bradley is a son of Mr. F. S. Bradley, one of the leading hardware merchants of New Haven, and the future prosperity and usefulness of the business seems abundantly assured.

C. F. Beckley, Fancy Goods, No. 634 Chapel Street .- Strictly first-class in its line is the ablyconducted concern of Mr. C. F. Beckley, dealer in fancy goods of every description, as well as agent for Mme. Demorest's patterns and the famous Centemeri kid gloves, at No. 634 Chapel street, in this city. Established some twenty years ago, Mr. Beckley's business has from its very inception steadily kept pace with the rapid development and growth of mercantile activity in New Haven. His business, which is both wholesale and retail-principally, however, the this section, which are sold at down-town prices.

latter-has steadily extended, and to-day is exceedingly large. The premises occupied by him, consist of one spacious floor, measuring about 25x50 feet, at the address above given. Mr. Beckley carries an extensive stock, em bracing everything comprehended under the head of fancy goods, but which, nevertheless, includes

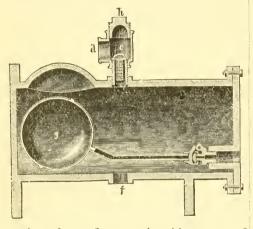
many a useful article in his line which cannot be very easily dispensed with in a well-regulated household. Everything, too, has been selected with great care and judgment, and nothing but that which can be sold strictly on its own merits ever finds a resting place in this establishment. His specialties are Centemeri kid gloves, Columbia Germantown wool, all the new and popular embroidery goods, in the best foreign and domestic makes. Also gives particular attention to stamping. Mr. Beckley employs five assistants, who are courteous and attentive to the wants of eustomers, but over all he exercises a strict personal supervision.

Dr. A. J. Devereaux, Dentist, 800 Chapel St.-Among the dentists who have gained the confidence and respect of the public the establishment conducted by Dr. A. J. Devereaux at No. 800 Chapel street, holds a deservedly high position. This gentleman began the practice of his profession in New Haven in 1880. Prior to that year he had practiced dentistry for thirteen years in Springfield and Hartford. His patronage is at present large and select. At this establishment one may have their teeth extracted without pain, and artificial ones inserted the same day. The premises occupied comprise a fine office and waiting room 25x40 feet in dimensions. His operating room is supplied with all the latest modern instruments and facilities for thorough and artistic work, and all unnecessary display of them is carefully avoided, a point that will be appreciated by nervous or timid patrons. Mr. Devereaux is a native of Brooklyn, N. Y., and is one highly esteemed and in whose skill great confidence is placed.

M. F. Patience, 74 Kimberley Avenue.-This establishment is one deserving of special mention, being conducted in an enterprising and systederstands the details of the business. The proprietor, Mr. M. F. Patience, started this enterprise about two years ago at its present location, 74 Kimberly avenue, where he occupies a neat and tastefully arranged store, well fitted up with a choice line of Meats, Groceries, Provisions, Fruits, foreign and domestic, and a line of pure Confectionery. Mr. Patience is a native of New Britain, Conn., and is a gentleman of unusual business ability, baving had a long experience before establishing in his present business, and may be relied upon to supply the choicest and freshest of goods at low prices. Goods will be delivered free and orders filled in a prompt and careful manner.

A line of fancy goods and school supplies are also carried for the convenience of customers in Foskett & Bishop, corner Railroad and Grand Avenues, and 490 State Street, New Haven, Engineers of Mill Heating and Protecting Property with Patent Automatic Fire Extinguishers.—The business of this well-established and reputable firm was first set on foot as far back as the year 1840 by Mr. J. W. Bishop. He carried it on most successfully for about twenty-six years, when it had assumed such proportions as to necessitate the calling in of outside aid. In 1866, therefore, the firm name was changed to "J. W. Bishop & Co." This continued up to 1871, when another change took place, the proprietors transacting business under the firm name of "J. R. Brown & Co.," which, in its turn, was succeeded four years later by the present co-partnership, composed of Messrs. W. A. Foskett and N. P. Bishop.

The main store, which is located on Railroad avenue, near the corner of Grand avenue,



consists of two floors, each with an area of 125550 feet. It is fitted up with every imaginable convenience and appliance for the manuac ture on an extensive scale of everything needed in the way of apparatus for the heating of mill and other property, and the protection of the same with patent automatic fire-extinguishers. They also have here a full and complete stock of all kinds of goods for the "laying on" of steam, gas and water, and control J. R. Brown & Co.'s patent steam trap and feed-water heater. A steam engine of 25 horse-power furnishes the motive power.

The firm has also a branch establishment at No. 490 State street, where they occupy one whole floor, measuring 100x30 feet. Both Messrs. Foskett & Bishop have had a long and practical acquaintance with every branch of their special line of business, and have succeeded in building up a most extensive connection. Their trade extends not only throughout the New England States, but over the whole country.

About forty-five workmen are kept constantly employed, and the excellent manner in which every piece of work entrusted to them is performed is due in no small degree to the strict personal supervision which is exercised over them by the members of the firm.

The Boston Buckboard & Carriage Co., Manufacturers of all Styles Fine Light Carriages, Nos 155 to 163 East Street .- A review of the diverse industries of New Haven, however cursory, explains most satisfactorily the otherwise wonderful growth of the city in wealth and importance during the past quarter of a century. In no sphere of manufacture has such progress been made here as in the carriage industry, and the fame of the city for the quality and styles of its vehicles is world-wide. The enterprise conducted by the Boston Buckboard and Carriage Company is one of the most notable concerns in the city in this line. Under the name and style of The Boston Buckboard Company, the organization was originally incorporated by act of legislature in 1879, and by the same authority the name was, in September 1884, changed to that it now bears.

The company's works comprise two large fourstory buildings, 175x200 feet in dimensions, and the manufacturing department is equipped in the most complete manner with machinery of the most improved patterns, driven by a steam engine of 25 horse-power, and 100 skilled workmen are employed in the building and finishing all styles of fine light carriages, for which the concern is famous. The uniform excellence, great variety of the styles of carriages sent out by the company, and the constant aim of the management to combine style, durability and finish with moderate cost in every vehicle built, has established the reputation of this company for furnishing the best carriages in the market at the lowest figures. The exhibition of finished work in the repository is very creditable, and the closest inspection and criticism of the work is invited.

The range of manufactures includes coupe rockaways, with division fronts, panel back, high-door and low-door rockaways, Central Park extension-top phætons, Wolseley phætons, with and without canopy-tops, Laurence side-bars, Yale and Wolseley Surreys, no-top Russian and top elliptic-spring beach wagons, Winan phætons, the famous novel and canopy-top novel buckboards, New Haven road carts, Rhea, Daisy and light Brewster phætons, Central Park gigs, doctors' phætons and wagons, speeding wagons, Concords, spindle wagons, Corning side-bars, village carts, etc., and each carriage sold is guaranteed, with fair and reasonable use as a private vehicle for one year from the date of purchase.

The officers of this well-known, representative and successful concern are as follows: President, Edward E. Bradley; Vice-President, James Graham; Secretary and Treasurer, W. E. Weld, Jr.; all of whom are prominent in municipal and State, as in business affairs.

Mr. Bradley ably and faithfully represented the people of his district in New Haven, in the State House of Representatives and Senate, and at the election in November, 1886, he received a plurality of the votes cast for Lieutenant Governor of the State. Mr. Graham also represented the town of Orange in the State Legislature.

The Directors are: Hon. E. E. Bradley, F. W. Pardee, Wm. Butler, W. E. Weld, Chas. Wilson, Jno. Graham, F. E. Simpson. All with the exception of Messrs. Simpson and Butler are reprepresentative business men of New Haven.

D. Mitchell, Dealer in Books, Periodicals, Stationery, etc., 720 Chapel street.-Let interested parties say what they will, the many cheap editions of standard works of history, biography, travel and fiction have proved a great boon to the community, for by this means has been put not only within the reach but within the possession of all who care for literature countless works of genius to which they would otherwise have been strangers, excepting they procured the use of them for a brief time from some circulating or other public library, a proceeding which however excellent and expedient it may be, is still, as every lover of books will agree, but an unsatisfactory substitute for having the books. in however cheap a form, in your own possession. Cheap publications then being a source of much good it follows that those who deal in and circulate them most extensively are, in a certain sense, public benefactors and should be rewarded with a large measure of patronage to encourage their laudable efforts to disseminate good reading. A leading New Haven house in this line is that of D. Mitchell, wholesale and retail dealer in books, periodicals, stationary, etc., at No. 720 Chapel street. This gentleman, while making a specialty of cheap publications, deals largely also in writing paper, envelopes, inks, blank books, pocket books, lead pencils, steel pens, fancy articles, etc. All the magazines, and also daily and weekly papers will be furnished at sub-scription rates. The business was founded in 1835 by Mr. D. C. Mitchell, who was succeeded in 1855 by his son, the present owner. The store is conveniently located at 720 Chapel street, adjoining City Market. Three assistants are employed. Mr. Mitchell is a native of Scotland, and is well known and much respected.

T. C. Pratt, Fine Clothier, Room No. 2, 736 Chapel Street, New Haven .- Travelers in this country from foreign lands, however much else they may see to admire, always find time to notice and to express their surprise at the welldressed condition of the people here as a whole. There is no such attention paid to the wants of the people by clothiers abroad as there is here, where the competition among those engaged in the business is so keen that \$2 is more often made on a suit of clothes than \$5, and where most of the dealers believe it is better to sell a large quantity of goods at a small profit than a small amount at a large profit. The clothing business is so arranged now that dwellers in the metropolis have no advantage whatever over those living in the surrounding smaller cities in the matter of purchasing clothing. Take the citizens of this city, for instance, and they can by calling on Mr. T. C. Pratt, the well-known clothier of No. 736 Chapel street, Simpson Block, Room 2, order their goods of the most prominent and reliable New York houses, such as Browning, King & Co., Devlin & Co., and McKeon & Todd at just the same prices as they would be charged should they visit New York in person and purchase their clothes of any of the above firms, all of which Mr. Pratt represents. Orders are taken by this gentleman for either men's, youth's or boy's clothing, and in addition to his custom trade, which is very large, quite an amount of realy-made clothing is handled. Mr. Pratt started every detail his undivided attention.

his present business in 1882, but long prior to that time he had been engaged in the same class of trade, having an experience of more than twenty years, during which time he officiated as head salesman for T. L. Kingsley & Co., and other old and well-known houses. Mr. Pratt is a native of New Haven, and naturally has a very large and extended acquaintance in this city. Occupying chambers Mr. Pratt is enabled to offer his customers much lower prices for the same quality of clothing than other houses in this city occupying expensive stores.

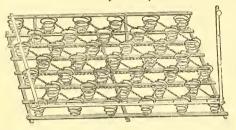
W. E. Jackson, Dealer in Japanese Goods and Fruits, 930 Chapel Street.—Of late years there has been a growing demand among people of culture for the beautiful goods manufactured by the Japanese. These are taking the place of the chromo and cheap engraving, and at a fraction of the cost of those old time ornaments. At an expense of a lew dollars only a house may be beautified by these attractive goods. No matter how replete the walls may be with choice pictures, a few of these artistic ornaments displayed about the room will add greatly to its attractiveness and beauty. Among the many varieties of this branch of decorative art may be mentioned fans in every variety, shape and color; umbrellas of all shapes; screens of every conceivable size and style; panels for doors; curtains, etc., and thousands of other ornamental goods.

Mr. Jackson, the proprietor, is a native of this city, and is very popular in both social and business circles. The goods sold by this gentleman will be found in many of the finest residences in New Haven, and the price at which they are offered will be found most favorable, while the assortment is first-class in every respect. Also a fine assortment of curios on hand.

R. G. Russell, Architect, 852 Chapel Street, New Haven.-In general esteem the subject of this editorial notice is a recognized leader in his profession in New Haven, and the numerous elegant and imposing public buildings, churches and dwellings, planned by Mr. Russell and erected under his supervision in this city, emphasize the popular verdict in a most emphatic manner.

Mr. Russell began business here as an Architect in 1862, and for a quarter of a century his skill and ability have been called into constant requisition. He has an established reputation for architectural work of a high order of merit, and in the most difficult building operations he invariably excels. He planned and superintended the erection of the Police Court Building, the Calvary Baptist Church, Davenport Church City Hospital and other fine buildings, including the elegant residence of Prof. Brown of Yale College Observatory, and in all his undertakings he has been eminently successful in giving satisfaction to patrons. Garfield Memorial and Unitarian Church, Washington, D. C.; Unitarian Church, Buffalo.

Mr. Russell is a native of Prospect, Conn., and has served the people of New Haven with fidelity as Alderman and member of City Council, being several times re-elected to the latter place. He is a business man of sterling qualities, and has attained leadership in his profession by reason of his devotion to his important work, giving to New Haven Rolling Spring Bed Co., 281 and 283 State Street.—Not many years ago a spring bed was considered a luxury only indulged in by the wealthier classes, but of late years there have been so many introduced into the market and offered at such reasonable prices that they are brought within the reach of all, still it is necessary in purchasing one to deal with a reliable concern, as there are many manufactured hardly deserving the name of "spring bed." One of the most serviceable and yet simple made is that



OPEN.

E	Carlor & The Carlo	
H		
11-	IST A SIL OF	ER SAELAL
11	Not a strain of the strain of	
11	Be Contraction of the second s	
1.6	R S Went S Children	
6	10	

## ROLLED UP.

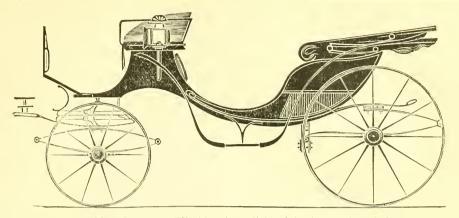
known as the "New Haven Rolling Spring Bed," manufactured in this city at Nos. 281 and 283 State street. This is a stock company and was inaugurated as such in 1878, E. Oberndorfer be-ing chosen President; J. B. Savage, Treasurer; and B B. Savage, Secretary; under the name of the "New Haven Rolling Spring Bed Co." The premises occupied as a manufactory consist of a five-story building, covering an area of 60x20 feet, and in every way finely adapted and fitted up for the large trade which is both wholesale and retail. Employment is given to upwards of a dozen skilled hands, and all the material used in the manufacture of their spring beds is of the highest quality and warranted to give satisfac-tion to all purchasing them. The advantages of these spring beds over many others is not only their durability and cleanliness, but they are easily removed, as they can be rolled up into a very compact shape, a fact very commendable to all house keepers, as they well know what a difficult undertaking it is to lift a heavy spring from the bed. Mr. E. Oberndorfer occupied a high position in the War Department during the late war. Messrs. J. B. and B. B. Savage were born in Connecticut. All three of these gentlemen are enterprising and energetic, and highly esteemed throughout the community for their business ability and social qualities. In connection with their "spring bed," they manufacture a full line of mattresses and bedding at 9 and 11 Long Wharf.

**H. G. Shepard & Sons,** Manufacturers of Carriage Bent-Wood Work, No. 80 Water Street.— There is no branch of industry that shows more progress in the past few years than the manufacture of carriages and carriage trimmings, and no branch of the business is more important than sible for, is sure to be honest and durable.

the Bent-Wood Work employed in the building of the same. This city contains the most prominent firms engaged in this line in the United States, and there is no concern of its kind more extensive in its trade facilities than that of H. G. Shepard & Sons, whose spacious manufactory is-located at No. 80 Water street. This well-known house was established in 1880 by W. G. Sherard & Co., succeeded in 1846 by H. G. Shepard & Sons, and from its origin it has been conducted with marked success. The firm occupy a large floor covering an area of 150x40 feet. Here is manufactured all kinds of carriage bent wood work, coach beds, corner pillars, etc., coupe, wagonette and cart shafts, and also one of the most popular styles of toboggans in this part of the country. The products of this house are first-class in every respect, as they select their stock with great care and aim to get the best that grows, and having had a long experience in the construction of carriages they are enabled to select stock for the different parts that will be best adapted to those parts; a specialty is made of difficult bending and bending to special patterns, and in this they are not excelled by any firm in the United States. A fifteen horse-power steam engine is employed in the manufacture of their products, and the services of several skilled workmen. The members of the firm are H. G. Shepard and his sons, J. F. and A. L., all natives of Branford, Conn. Mr. Shepard, senior, is con-sidered an expert in his line, and is frequently consulted as an authority on bent-wood work as applied to carriage building.

We are convinced that whoever may have trade dealings with this firm will receive ample satisfaction, not only in the character of the goods but in prices, as they guarantee the same to be as low as consistent with good stock and superior workmanship.

Henry Hendricks, Dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware. Roofing and Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to, 29 Church Street .-- Iron plays so important a part in modern civilization that it has been justly called the "king of metals." Its uses are as di-versified as they are universal, and not only does it enter into the magnificent suspension bridges and other stupendous works of the engineer which are scattered over our country, but even the humbler but not less useful kitchen utensils, which are to be found in every house are in a majority of cases composed of it. A well-known house engaged in the sale of Stoves, Ranges, etc., is that of Mr. Henry Hendricks, who established himself at the above address in 1877, in a convenient and commodious store 34x25 feet, and has built up a large business by proving himself to be a man who could be depended upon and whose goods could be confidently accepted as what he represented them to be. In addition to Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, Mr. Hendricks carries a full line of Tin Ware. Lie is also prepared to undertake Tin Ware. He is also prepared to undertake roofing and jobbing of all kinds, and will give prompt and skillful attention to any and all orders he may receive in his line. Mr. Hendricks is a native of Wuerttenburg, Germany. He is very skillful, and any work he may do, or is responLEADING BUSINESS MEN OF NEW HAVEN.



**B. Manville & Co.** Manufacturers of Fashionable Carriages of the highest grade, 32-44 Wooster Street.—For many years and in all parts of the world New Haven is justly famed for the elegance of style and superior quality and excellence of the carriages manufactured here, and the vast volume of her trade in this class of merchandise is a large item in the great aggregate.

One of the oldest, successful, representative concerns engaged in this field of industrial enterprise in the Elm City is that of Messrs. B. Manville & Co., Nos. 32 to 44 Wooster street. This house was founded by Messrs. Manville, Bradley & Kay, in 1859, and two years later the senior partner became sole proprietor and continued the business under the name of B. Manville till 1868. The firm as now constituted was organized as his successors in 1868, and on a scale of extensive proportions they are successfully conducting a large and steadily increasing business.

The large factory and warerooms of the firm comprise five floors, one a large building 148x148 feet in dimensions, with other outbuildings, and in its appointments the establishment is a model of completeness and excellent management. A very large number of experienced workmen are employed here in the manufacture of fashionable carriages, of the highest grade of excellence and elegance, and in the beauty of their styles, perfection of finish and workmanship, Messrs. Manville & Co. are unsurpassed if equaled by any competitors in the country.

Making only first-class vehicles, and ever vigilant to maintain their reputation for superiority in all that constitutes stylish, serviceable vehicles, the house has long been preëminent in the esteem of dealers and the driving public at home and abroad, and the name of the firm has for years been accounted a guarantee of general excellence of workmanship. Messrs. Henry L. and Joseph B. Manville now

Messrs. Henry L. and Joseph B. Manville now constitute this reliable, responsible firm. They are both natives of Middlebury, Conn., and their energy and worth have developed from a small beginning thirty years ago, an enterprise which in magnitude and importance compares with any of the prominent industries of this manufacturing centre.

A. M. Barrows & Co., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Milk and Cream, No. 12 Fair Street.—

A reliable dairy is one of the indispensable requisites of every community, since health, and perhaps life, to some extent, are largely dependent upon the vigilance and probity of the dealers supplying the milk and cream used for domestic purposes.

In general esteem of consumers and dealers in New Haven the house of A. M. Barrows & Co. fully meet the requirements of the public in every regard. The business was established by this firm in

The business was established by this firm in 1882, and from the beginning has been conducted on a basis of strictest integrity and fair dealing. The establishment is located at No. 12 Fair street, the premises comprising two floors of the building. Scrupulous cleanliness, the all-important requisite to the maintenance of purity and wholesome properties of the milk and cream, is always maintained, and the most positive guarantee of excellence of merchandise is always given. Milk and cream are supplied by the firm in large or small quantities, at fair prices for the quality of goods, and prompt delivery, free of charge, is made to all parts of the city.

Mr. A. M. Barrows, the active member of the firm, is by birth a New Haven man, and enjoys in full measure the confidence of the people of this, his native city.

G. A. Towner, Dealer in Meats, Vegetables, Groceries, etc., eor. Exchange and South Front Streets.—This market, eligibly located at corner of Exchange and South Front streets, is one of the old business landmarks of Fair Haven. The business was inaugurated by Mr. C. Warren over twenty years ago, and, although Mr. Towner has been the proprietor for less than one year, he has more than maintained the prestige and patronage of the old concern. In Mr. Towner's aim to meet all the requirements of his trade he has been eminently successful, and his worth and methods have always inspired the confidence of his customers. He carries in stock the choicest fresh and cured meats, groceries, vegetables, produce and provisions, and supplies all merchandise of this description of standard excellence at reasonable prices. Mr. Towner can always be relied upon for square dealing.

He is a young man of excellent business qualifications, and is a native of New Haven, Hotel Converse, H. A. Converse, Proprietor, 160 State Street, Fred. J. Brainerd, Manager.— Our history of New Haven's commercial development would be sadly incomplete if we failed to mention (although the exigencies of space, unfor-tunately, require it to be but little more than mention) the oldest place of entertainment "for man and beast" in the State, now known as Hotel Converse. Founded over 100 years ago, it was originally called the Eagle Hotel, afterwards the Austin House, and, coming into the hands of its present proprietor in 1881, has since been known as Hotel Converse. Shortly after Mr. Converse came into possession he, with characistic liberality and enterprise, had the house entirely renovated from garret to cellar and newly furnished throughout, by this means causing the house to take a foremost place in the very front rank of New Haven hotels. The hotel contains four floors, each 100 feet square and 112 rooms, arranged singly and en suite, and being located at 160 State street, is most convenient to the rail-Mr. Fred. J. Brainerd, who is a great and de-served favorite with the travelling public and who has shown the greatest zeal and ability in his conduct of the house, doing everything pos-sible for the comfort and convenience of guests and sparing no trouble or expense to make their stay as agreeable as he is able to. Mr. H. A. Converse is also the proprietor of the City Hotel, Hurtford, which is a favorite resort for travellers, and is a native of Enfield, Conn., and Mr., Brainerd, of Haddam, Conn. Mr. Harry Vaughan, recently of the Waldo House, Worcester, officiates as clerk. The business affords employment to thirty assistants and Mr. Brainerd has inaugurated so perfect a system that every-thing goes on smoothly and without a jar. The rates charged for accommodations are surprisingly low, being but \$2.00 per day, and guests are served with the best that the market affords.

Hotchkiss & Tuttle, Dealers in First-Class Groccries and Provisions, Meats, Vegetables and Fruits, 524 Elm Street, Corner of Kensington.— Although recently established this enterprise bids fair to stand on a level with many houses of longer standing. The proprietors are Hotchkiss & Tuttle, and their premises are located at No. 524 Elm street, at the corner of Kensington. This business was established in 1886 by the present management, and the premises occupied consist of one floor and basement, 40x25 feet in dimensions. The store is finely fitted up with a well selected stock of choice family groceries and provisions; also meats, vegetables and fruits, both foreign and domestic.

The facilities enjoyed by the firm are unsurpassed throughout the city. All their goods are first class and sold at reasonable prices. Polite and attentive treatment is accorded to all and orders are promptly and carefully filled. The members of the firm are Chas. S. Hotchkiss and Wm. M. Tuttle, both natives of New Haven, and gentlemen of energy and ability, well-qualified to manage their undertaking. Our readers may transact business with this house with the full assurance of receiving not only fair and liberal treatment, but will find in addition to the facilities mentioned manifest advantages in prices.

Rourke & Hughey, Fine Carriages and Light Business Wagons, 109 Broadway, New Haven.-The improvement in the manufacture and style of carriages is as marked as in almost any branch of business, and when we compare the heavy lumbering vehicle of a century ago with the elegant light manufactures of the present age, we perhaps are safe in asserting that it is in advance of all other branches. Messrs, Rourke & Hughey are among the most enterprising carriage builders of New Haven. Their establishment is located at 109 Broadway. The premises occupied comprise two floors, 80x44 feet in dimensions, which is devoted to the manufacture and sale of fine carriages and light business wagons of all styles, comprising carriages, open and top buggies, phætons, road wagons, track sulkies and sleighs, made in the latest improved styles and in the highest quality of workmanship. This firm the highest quality of workmanship. This firm was established in 1877 by Geo. W. Stone, but was succeeded by the present proprietors, Mr. J. H. Rourke and Mr. Wm. Hughey, in 1884. These gentlemen have by their energy and enterprising business ability succeeded in building up a fine retail trade in connection with their custom Messrs. Rourke & Hughey are both pracwork. tical carriage builders and thoroughly understand every branch of their business, to which they give their personal supervision, and with the assistance of their eight thoroughly experienced workmen, manufacture some of the newest and most popular designs. They deal in wagons and carriages of all kinds and in construction, durability and strength, they excel all competitors.

Mr. J. H. Rourke is a native of New Haven and Mr. Wm. Hughey, of Canada. Their reputation for good, honest work and artistic skill have made them pre-eminent in their line of manufacture and business. Messrs. Rourke and Hughey are members of the Foresters and favorably known.

M. Hessler, Fine Bread and Cake Baker, 898 State Street, New Haven .- In nearly all cities in each different kind of business, there will be found firms whose goods have a very high reputation, which fact is, no doubt, due to the high standing of the house and the very careful attention that is paid to procuring the best stock. These remarks are applicable to the house of M. Hessler, located at No. 898 State street, who though established less than a year, have already acquired a reputation for manufacturing fine bread and cake. The premises occupied for busi-ness purposes consist of one floor and basement, 60x30 feet in dimensions. The store is large and commodious and great taste is displayed in the arrangement of goods. A beautiful ice cream parlor is also one of the features of the house, and beside these departments already spoken of, a fine assortment of confectionery is also kept constantly on hand, and will be warranted pure and unadulterated. Mr. Hessler is a native of Germany and is a prominent Odd Fellow. Several skilled hands are employed and all bread, cake, etc., purchased here are found fresh and of first-class quality. The community at large are so familiar with the superiority of the goods sold as to require no further comment at our hands and the high standard of the proprietor is such as to entitle him to the respect with which he is regarded.

Peck & Bishop, General Carting, Expressage, etc., Offices, Passenger Depot, 702 Chapel St., and N. H. Steamboat Co.'s Dock .- The proper, safe and faithful conveyance of goods from one place to another, whether for long or short distances, is a matter of such importance to the commercial community that the business of carting or "exas it is termed on this side of the Atpressing," lantic, has almost come to be regarded as identical with commerce itself. It therefore follows, as a matter of course, that any firm which makes a specialty of it is more than deserving of mention in a review of this nature. Without such means of conveyance for merchandise, etc., trade would rapidly languish. And this brings us to speak of the firm of Messrs. Peck & Bishop of this city, who have for many years been engaged in carrying on one of the largest expressing business in this part of the country. They move pianos, furniture, boilers, machinery, carriages, safes, personal baggage, and general merchandise, having thirty wagons constantly "on the go," and employing forty hands. The firm's storehouse is a perfectly fire-proof brick struct-ure, five stories in height, while the main office, at No. 702 Chapel street, measuring 15x40 feet, is commodious enough in all reason, and fitted up in a manner calculated to meet all requirements. Then, too, the firm owns two large dwelling houses, which are occupied by employes, together with extensive stabling accommodations on Union street. The business now carried on by Messrs. Peck & Bishop was originally started as far back as 1846 by Mr. John A. Myers, who continued it until 1876. The gentlemen composing the present firm—Capt. R. Peck, of the New Haven Steamboat Co., and Messrs. R. L. and G. H. Bishop—then became the proprietors, and have carried it on most successfully ever since. They also deal extensively in railroad tickets to all points, being agents for the Boston and Albany. New York Central and Hudson River R. R., West Shore, Baltimore and Obio and all circuments in the statement of the state Ohio, and all other prominent lines. Also make a special feature of checking baggage from the house to destination, with regular railroad checks, which is a great convenience to the traveling public. They furthermore are agents for all the principal steamship lines, and to sum it up have every facility to fix out the public in good shape, whatever their route or destination, being able many times to offer the passenger better accommodations than can be secured at the offices of the companies themselves.

Hooker & Warren, Real Estate and Building, Office, 19 Exchange Building.-Among the live, progressive business men of New Haven, the firm of Hooker & Warren, real estate agents and builders, of No. 19 Exchange Building, hold a prominent place. Their agency was established in 1870 by Mr. H. W. Painter, who was succeed-ed in 1873 by Mr. E. Y. Foote, and he in 1880 by Mr. R. M. Hooker, Mr. W. C. Warren becoming associated with the latter in 1885, and at present writing the firm are recognized leaders in their special line of business in this city and section.

With an exhaustive knowledge of values of real estate, and every facility for supplying the needs of those in quest of property for specula-tive purposes or investment, Messrs. Hooker & lyn, and has already five in Rochester, N. Y.

Warren's operations are extensive and steadily increasing, and their lists of desirable properties for sale, lease and exchange, comprise houses and lots in all parts of the city, for places of residence or business purposes, at reasonable prices and on most favorable terms. The firm are reliable collectors of rents and bills, negotiate loans on real estate security, make plans and estimates, and take charge of estates, at reasonable rates of commission. All business is transacted with dispatch and returns are promptly made to clients.

The repairing branch of their business has assumed such extensive proportions as to require the erection of a well-equipped shop for the purpose, and employment is given to a corps of skilled workmen in the following branches: masonry, carpentery, joinery, sanitary plumbing, gas-fitting, tinning, painting, paper-banging, decorating and hard-wood finishing. They also give special rates for the economical repairing of tenement property.

The *Real Estate Record*, published by the firm, is a weekly publication of great value to real estate agents everywhere, and as well to those desiring to sell or buy real estate, and has a good circulation in New Haven. The Landlords and Retailers' Protective Agency, conducted by this firm, gives special reports about applicants for rent on credit, and is of great value to real estate owners and merchants, and is the only paper of the kind in the city.

Messrs. Hooker & Warren are natives of Kansas and Connecticut respectively, and are widely and favorably known as reliable business men of established reputation, and influential representative citizens.

P. Ferry, Baker, 50 Church Street, New Haven.-Ferry's bakery, located at 50 Church street, is one of the oldest and most reliable in New Haven, and deserves honorable mention at our hands. The business was founded in 1860 by Mr. Ferry, the present proprietor, who is a thorough master of everything pertaining to the business, and has built up a trade upon a sound and permanent basis. He occupies one floor of the main building, 25x50, and also has six branch stores in different parts of New Haven. The store and bakery are well equipped, and have every convenience and facility at hand for promptly facili ating the business in all its va-rious departments. He has made it an invariable rule to use nothing but absolutely pure material, and upon this substantial basis in all his business dealings he has won a wide reputation and instant appreciation from all who buy his goods. He has developed a fine wholesale as well as family trade, and his bread, cake and pastry is highly esteemed for its freshness, absolute purity and low prices. Customers have the satisfaction of knowing that nothing stale, infe-rior or adulterated will be offered them. In these essential respects he is not excelled by any of his contemporaries in this city. Fourteen experienced hands are employed in this mammoth bakery, and two large ovens are in constant use. Mr. Ferry has had an experience of thirty-four years in the business, and is a practical, popular and successful baker.

He has just opened a branch store in Prook-

**C. H. Stilson**, Architect, 15 Exchange Building.—The rapid growth of New Haven as a business and resident city has created an excellent field for the exercise of the highest order of architectural talent, and the handsome appearance of the public and private buildings in the city and its suburbs elicits the admiration of travelers and connoisseurs in the matter of architecture.

Among the leading architects who share the credit of giving to New Haven its reputation for the high standard of its architectural beauty is Mr. C. H. Stilson, No. 15 Exchange Building, who has attained prominence in his profession as a master of its every detail. The business was inaugurated in 1876 by Messrs. Brown & Stilson, the latter succeeding the firm in 1883, and he has achieved great success, both as regards the external beauty of design and the substantial character of the buildings planned by him and erected under his immediate supervision. Among the many imposing buildings which owe to Mr. Stilson their beauty and imposing proportions are the County Court House Annex, the elegant residences of Prof. Chittenden and Mixter, Mr. Crockett and Mrs. Boardman, either of which attest unmistakably the genius, skill and executive ability of this expert.

Mr. Stilson was born in the Western Reserve, Ohio, and is a thorough business man of sterling worth.

Dr. Elias Strong, Dentist, Hoadley's Building, corner Church and Crown Streets.—Prominent among the dentists of New Haven we would call the attention of our readers to Dr. Elias Strong, whose spacious dental rooms are located at the corner of Church and Crown streets, in Hoadley's Building. This gentleman has been established here since 1858, and has gained a reputation throughout the community for first-class work and reasonable prices. The offices cover a space 50x25 feet in dimensions, and are admirably located and beautifully fitted up for the extensive custom to which he caters, which embraces many of the wealthy residents of the city and vicinity. All branches of dentistry are exe-cuted by Dr. Strong in a thoroughly scientific manner. Two capable assistants are employed, who, together with Dr. Strong, can promptly attend to all demands made upon them. In connection with his business he also keeps on hand a full stock of dental supplies, embracing Artificial Teeth, Gold Foil, Tin Foil, Amalgam, Rubber, all shades, Vulcanizers, Flasks, Nit. Ammonia, Corundum Wheels, Instruments, etc. Any article not in stock will be supplied at short notice, and at Philadelphia prices. Dr. Strong is a native of Southampton, Mass., and is a gentleman of unusual ability and long experience in his profession.

The Old Book Store, W. H. Kingsbury, 23 Center Street.—The advantages offered to the people of New Haven for the purchase of new and second-hand books of every description by Mr. W. H Kingsbury, No. 23 Center street, are so great as to have made of his establishment the chief source of attraction in the city for those requiring anything in his line of trade. With a special adaptation to the business, which involves an extensive acquaintance with the litera-

ture of the past, as well as that of to-day, Mr. Kingsbury inaugurated his important enterprise here in 1882, and from a small beginning he has built up a trade of large proportions.

He occupies the ground floor and basement of the building No. 23 Center street, where is to be found the largest and most varied assortment of miscellaneous books, new and second-hand, including always the most popular and latest works of standard authors, besides a very large assortment of old, valuable works, which make his place the most attractive point in the city for bibliophiles and literary people.

Mr. Kingsbury also carries in stock a very select assortment of albums, holiday and scrap books, bibles, scrap pictures, shelf and tissue papers, Christmas cards, diaries, and a full line of counting-house and fashionable stationery, etc., and the wants of the most exacting are fully met by this enterprising dealer, whose prices are always the lowest possible margin above cost.

Books are bought, sold and exchanged, and the establishment is the leading place in New Haven for the disposal of old books of every description.

A circulating library of standard works is a leading and popular feature of Mr. Kingsbury's enterprise, and at a trifling expense persons can always obtain the best reading matter in this department. Mr. Kingsbury is a native of Vermont, and is a live, progressive and deservedly successful business man.

Mrs. J. M. Andrus, Choice Confections of all kinds, Bread and Pastry, 692 Chapel Street.-At this address is located an establishment attractive to both old and young. It is a candy store, so the children call it, though as we proceed it will be found to be something more than that, and is presided over by that verifable goddess of "sweet tooth," Mrs. J. M. Andrus. Hard work is it for a father or mother, aunt or uncle, or relation of whatsoever degree of affinity, to pass the door of this store when accompanied by the little ones without purchasing, and purchasing largely, too, some of the innumerable dainty and tasty confections displayed in the windows and long rows of show cases. It would occupy much more space than can be spared to enumerate one-tenth of the various kinds of sweetmeats which Mrs. Andrus always has on hand, and which, with the assistance of two skilled confectioners, she makes fresh every day It must be left more to the imagination than anything else. But, in general, it may be said that she deals in strictly first class candies and confections of every possible description, and a convincing proof that her efforts to meet the wants of the public are appreciated, is to be found in the fact that her store. which measures 20x75 feet, is pretty well filled with customers during almost any hour of the Mrs. Andrus commenced business on these day. premises in 1884, and during the comparatively brief period she has catered to the public in her particular line, she has succeeded in attracting a large and first-class custom. Mrs. Andrus, too, does a large ice-cream trade, being agent of Hillman's creams, and in the summer there is a constant call for her soda-water, her fountain being

**Peter McQuaid**, Dealer in Real Estate, 18 Hoadley Building, 49 Church Street.— With most gratifying success, Mr. Peter McQuaid has for fifteen years conducted a large real estate business in New Haven, and his office at No. 49 Church street is one of the principal agencies in the city.

The business was established by Mr. McQuaid in 1871 and from the beginning has been conducted with energy characteristic of the man, and his worth and tact have met with most decided success.

Mr. McQuaid's knowledge of localities and values, and of the laws relating to titles, conveyances, etc., is of inestimable value in the transaction ot his business, often involving large amounts of money, and his skill, prudence and worth justifies the fullest confidence in the agent and his operations.

The lists of this reliable agent embrace city and country property of every description for business purposes or dwellings, and are offered for sale, rent or exchange on the most accommodating terms. Opportunities for profitable investments and to procure desirable homes, stores, farms, etc., are offered at all times, and those desiring to sell, buy, exchange or lease would do well to avail themselves of the services of this accurate and responsible agent, at most reasonable rates of commission.

Mr. McQuaid is a Scot by birth and possesses the characteristic integrity and energy of his race, and enjoys the esteen and confidence of a wide circle of business and personal acquaintance.

Abram E. Mack, Manufacturer of Harness and Saddles, 38 George Street.—A representative house in the manufacture of harness, etc., and one which has received a liberal and successful patronage is that of Abram E. Mack, located at No 38 George street, whose business was established in 1874 by Turner & Glennan, succeeded in 1883 by the present proprietor, Mr. A. E. The premises occupied are large and Mack commodious and consist of one floor and basement, 40x20 feet in size, admirably fitted up with a large assortment of heavy and light single and double harness, saddles, bridles, robes, halters, whips and blankets, curry combs and brushes, harness oils and soap, and every known article under the name of horse furnishing goods. First-class custom work is executed to order with promptness and high style of workmanship, all the harness, etc., being manufactured of the very best materials obtainable, while all orders for repairing harness or trunks, receive careful attention. Skilled workmen are employed constantly and we can honestly guarantee that the goods produced by this establishment will give entire satisfaction and compare favorably with any in the market. Mr. Mack is a member of the Free Masons, and well known for his honorable dealings.

**Howard W. Durand**, Costumer, 104 Orange Should have attained the success it enjoys, and Street.—The large portion of the general public that is interested in Amateur Theatricals, will be pleased to learn of a reliable and experienced to learn of a reliable and experience of the business and his general liberal policy and in-tegrity has had lengthened and extended continuance. Mr. Geary has been a resident of this city and elegant assortment of costumes, suitable for almost every imaginable character of either an

cient or modern times. The gentleman of whom we speak, Mr. Howard W. Durand, controls an establishment which has carried on the costuming business for nearly half a century, it having been founded in 1838 by Mr. George Gardner, and conducted by him up to 1881, when he was succeeded by his son, Mr. Thomas Gardner, who in turn gave place to Mr. Durand in 1886.

Everything needed by theatrical or masquerade parties is to be had here, a large variety being carried of Wigs, Beards, Masks, Ornaments, Plays, Scenery, Bulinon Fringes and Grease Paints. A large stock of Regalia and Lodge supplies are also on hand; and anything in this line will be manufactured to order if desired. Mr. Durand is very frequently engaged to make up parties for the stage, a task for which his excellent taste and fine eye for effect most admirably fits him. Mr. Durand is an energetic and very popular member of the Knights of Pythias and Good Templars. Costumes are let by him at very reasonable rates.

L. B. Bartholomew, Circulating Library and Employment Oflice, No. 75 Orange Street.—A circulating library is one of the most powerful aids possible to a diffusion of knowledge and to the obtaining of enjoyable and rational entertainment. It places within the reach of all people, however humble their circumstances, the lacest productions of the most popular novelists of the present day. One of the most complete and well-selected circulating libraries in New Haven is that owned and managed by Mr. L. B. Bartholomew, at No. 75 Orange street. This collection comprises over 5,000 volumes, and from its ready accessibility and the very low prices charged for the use of books, \$3 per year, it has become a great favorite with the reading public. All the latest publications on subjects of popular interest are early to be had here.

In addition to his library Mr. Bartholomew conducts a select Intelligence Office where the most desirable help, both male and female, can always be obtained, and as he looks out sharply for the interests of both employer and employed, this branch of his business enjoys a very large patronage.

Wm. Geary, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions, 856 and 858 State Street, Corner Clark Street, New Haven.—This business was established in 1866 by Mr. Geary, since which time he has continuously conducted it.

The prenises occupied by him for business purposes consist of one floor, 60x40 feet in area, and basement, being kept constantly stocked with groceries and provisions of all kinds. The assortment of goods here cannot fail to attract buyers, as the variety is complete, the quality as good as the markets afford, and they are offered at prices as low as an equal quality can be obtained elsewhere. It is not surprising therefore that this well known and firmly established house should have attained the success it enjoys, and which the long experience of the proprietor in the business and his general liberal policy and integrity has had lengthened and extended continuance. Mr. Geary has been a resident of this city for many years, and has held the position o -Councilman and Alderman.

John J. Dinnan, Dealer in Guns and Ammunition of All Kinds, etc., No. 94 Orange Street .- Among the successful hardware dealers in sporting goods in this city Mr. John J. Dinnan holds an honorable and prominent position. This gentleman started in business in 1880, and has by unremitting attention to the wants of the public, together with enterprise and intelligence shown in satisfying them, established a very large and profitable business. A stock of the latest improved guns, rifles, pistols, fishing tackle and ammunition of all kinds is carried, as well as a full and complete line of locks, knobs, door plates, door numbers, letter-box trimmings, Steamboat and House bellhanging, is done. Electric bells of all styles are also on hand, together with burglar alarms, annunciators, electric gas-lighting fixtures, speaking tubes, etc. Mr. Dinnan acts as agent for Zimdar's Pneumatic Bells and American Time Draft. A large and important branch of the business consists of gun and locksmithing, key fitting and general repairing, all the neccessary tools and machinery being at hand to ensure prompt and good work, and only skilled and trustworthy workmen being engaged to attend to it. The establishment occupies two floors, each 35x15 feet, and steady employment

ficient assistants. Mr. Dinnan's place of business is at No. 94 Orange street, and all who wish anything in his line should make it a point to call and see him, as it is for their interest to do so.

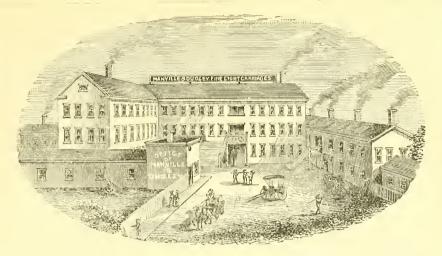
is given to five ef-

Ochsner & Buchter, Manufacturers of Patent Coach Locks and Carriage Hardware, 187 St. John Street.-We have had occasion frequently in examining the industries of New Haven, to note the various works for the manufacture of articles whose use is contingent upon the general prosperity of other branches of trade, and the manufactory of Messrs. Ochsner & Buchter is worthy of note. Special machinery of all kinds made to order by this firm, who also manufacture patent coach locks and carriage hardware. This enterprise was founded in 1876 by A. Ochsner & Son, succeeded in 1886 by the present management. The premises occupied for the business are located at No. 187 St. John street, Atwater's Block, consisting of one floor aud basement, wellstocked with first-class machinery, and affording during the day.

ample conveniences for the prosecution of considerable manufacturing operations. Being practical mechanics and perfectly familiar with the work in every particular, Messrs. Ochsner & Buchter make it their object to excel, and the superiority of their goods has become so wellknown as to lead to a trade that extends throughout the city and State. Several skillful employees are kept busy at this establishment in the manufacture of patent coach locks and carriage hardware; and all kinds of machine repairing and jobbing is performed here in a highly satisfactory manner. Messrs. Othere & Buchter are natives of Switzerland, and both are gentlemen of experience and ability, taking a proper pride in their vocation. Among their customers are many of the leading manufacturers of the United States.

Anton Staub, Merchant Tailor, 122 Orange Street, 2d door from Court, New Haven.—Al-though Mr. Anton Staub has only been engaged in the business here in New Haven for a comparatively few years, he already occupies a leading position among houses of a similar line in the city. Mr. Staub carries a select assortment of imported and domestic suitings of the very best quality. His facilities are such that he is enabled to execute orders at very short notice, and his charges are as low as is consistent with a fair business profit. The garments made by him are of fashionable style and workmanship. Mr. Staub has a reputation which his patrons may rest assured will be fully upheld in the future by the same methods by which he achieved it. He gives a strict personal supervision to all work entrusted to his care, and employs none but the best skilled labor possible to obtain. This house was founded in 1882 by Schneider & Staub, but in 1884 Mr. A. Staub became sole proprietor. He is a native of New York city, and his career here has been a credit alike to himself and the particular branch of industry which he represents.

Miss R. McNulty, Dealer in Fine Millinery Goods, 113 Orange Street.—Every branch of business has some one firm that has excelled therein and is thoroughly representative of the best efforts and the largest measure of success. Among the most successful and enterprising retail dealers in Millinery goods here in New Haven is Miss R. McNulty, whose well-known establishment embraces the store No. 113 Orange street. Miss McNulty established herself here in 1871, rising by degrees to the proud position she now occupies, by hard, persistent work, courteous demeanor to all her patrons, whether rich or poor, and by unfailing integrity in all her transactions. She employs nearly a dozen assistants and keeps constantly on hand a well-assorted and carefully selected stock of everything necessary in this particular line of business, and her facilities for obtaining goods at first-hands and at the lowest possible figures are well-known and recognized, and her experience leads her to anticipate and meet the wants of the public in a prompt and satisfactory manner, a self-evident fact, judging from the large number of patrons who are to be seen in her store at almost any time



Manville & Dudley, Fashionable Light Carriages, 836 Grand Avenue, New Haven.—Even among the notably famous carriage builders of New Haven, the house of Manville & Dudley have for years enjoyed distinction. The enterprise was inaugurated in 1879 by Messrs. Manville, Dudley & Co., and since the retirement of Messrs. Lyon and Rehr in 1882, the important trade developed has been successfully conducted under the present style and title.

The works of this representative firm are located at No. 836 Grand avenue, and comprise a large three story building, 45x150 feet in dimen sions, with a two-story addition or L of nearly the same proportions. A force of experienced workmen, under the immediate supervision and direction of one of the proprietors, each of whom are masters of every detail of the work, are employed in the manufacture of fine, light carriages in all the popular styles. The firm have an established reputation for the excellent workmanship, elegant finish and durability of their vehicles, and in competition with the best they are pronounced unsurpassed, if equalled.

The best material procurable, and that only, is used by the firm, and their styles are the latest and facilities unsurpassed for producing the most perfect work possible. They build one quality of carriages, and that the highest grade, and a selection from their large assortment of vehicles is in every respect as satisfactory as though built to order. The manufactures of Messrs. Manville & Dudley comprise all fashionable styles of Howel gigs, doctors and gig phætons, top, side bar and Brewster Bolster wagons, cornings, shifting top piano body, four seat Surreys with extension and cauopy tops, extension top park phætons, light rockaways, no top, four passenger Surreys, Manning wagons and four seat Surrey carts, side and end spring beach wagons, etc., and the firm warrant equality with the work of any competitors, either as to style, finish or general excellence.

Messrs. Manville & Dudley are natives of Connecticut and New York States respectively, and are eminently deserving of the decided success they have affained in their field of industrial enterprise.

J. G. Holladay, Dealer in Fruit and Butter, 23 Broadway .- One of the hardest things to obtain in a large city is good butter, and a very important item in the enjoyment to be had out of a trip to the country is the supply of fresh, sweet and fragrant butter which you feel sure of finding there. One who makes a specialty of the sale of butter, as well as fruit of all kinds, in New Haven, is Mr. J. G. Holladay, No. 23 Broadway, who is not only conversant with the article itself, but can keep it without fear of its contamination from its surroundings, which are found in an ordinary grocery, and thus knowing what good butter is and possessing the requisite knowledge and facilities for its proper preservation he is in a position to confidently guarantee satisfaction to his customers, however delicate their taste or keen their discrimination. Mr. Holladay began business in 1886, and has already a large and increasing trade, not only in butter but also in fruit, which he handles largely. He was born in Indiana, and is thirty-four years of age. His store covers 20x35 feet, and contains a large and finely arranged stock.

Isaac W. Stiles, Dentist, 746 Chapel Street.-Unquestionably among the prominent dentists of this city Mr. Isaac W. Stiles occupies a creditable position owing to the many years' experience he has had, and also to his success as a first-class His office and operating rooms are lodentist. His office and operating rooms are lo-cated at 746 Chapel street, and are 30x25 feet in size, well-fitted up for the transaction of the large patronage he enjoys. He established this business in 1865, and numbers among his patrons many of the wealthy families of the city and vi-cinity. All branches of dentistry are attended to by Mr. Stiles, including filling, extracting, cleaning and making of artificial teeth, and all his work will be found satisfactory to all. He is a native of North Haven, Ct., and is a prominent member of the Hiram Lodge of Free Masons. Mr. Stiles' office hours are from 9:30 a. m. to 4 p. m., and we advise all in need of the services of a thoroughly practical man to give him a call, feel-ing assured it will be of great benefit to them. Mr. Stiles is esteemed throughout the city for his social as well as his business qualities.

C. H. Rentz, Dealer in Native and Foreign Fruits, Birds, Bird-Cages, Bird Seed of all kinds, Food for Mocking-Birds, Headquarters for A. B. Hendryx & Co. Cages, 867 Chapel Street .- In view of the fact that Americans, as a nation, are great and constant consumers of fruits of all kinds, both foreign and domestic, the trade in this particular line is a most important and growing one. In a review of this nature, men-tiou should be made of the establishment con-ducted by Mr. C. H. Rentz, at No. 867 Chapel street, which has long been considered as the leading one of its kind in the city, and here will always be found, displayed in an attractive and tastetul manner, the choicest of fruits, not only those of native growth, but the productions of more favored climes—the pines of Cuba, the bananas, grapes, and oranges of Florida; the pears, apples and plums of California—all here find a place in their respective seasons. Mr. Rentz does not confine himself wholly to this branch of the business, but always has on hand a large stock of choice singing and other birds of all kinds, and everything pertaining thereto, in cluding bird-cages, seeds and food of many de-scriptions, suited for all. He is the agent, also, for A. B. Hendryx & Co.'s well-known bird-The business was originally founded in cages. 1861, by Mr. P. M. Schoonmaker, who retired in 1879, and was succeeded by Mr. Rentz, a gentleman fully meriting the large measure of success which has certainly fallen to his lot.

William H. Tallmadge, General Agent, West Haven.—With his office adjoining the horse-car stables at West Haven, Mr. William H. Tallmadge has for twelve years conducted a reliable business as Real Estate Agent, and he is the oldest established in this line in this thriving suburb of New Haven. He gives his personal attention to the purchase and sale of real estate at most reasonable rates of commission, and his knowledge of values makes him a desirable person to consult either as to the disposal of or investment in property. He also leases houses and business sites, and collects rents and other claims, negotiates loans, etc., and in all things he is prompt and reliable, and deserving of fullest confidence. Mr. Tallmadge is an expert conveyancer, and draws wills, deeds and leases with accuracy, and estates placed in his hands are managed with consummate ability

He is a native of New Haven and is one of the influential, estimable citizens and representative business men. Especially with reference to the purchase or sale of suburban property in this section, Mr. Tallmadge is a most invaluable agent with whom to confer.

Metropolitan Life Ins. Co; J. Glazebrook, Supt.; New Haven Branch, 828 Chapel Street.— Life insurance on the industrial plan is no longer an experiment, and by bringing the benefits of insurance within reach of those in moderate circumstances, it has met with universal commendation. Among the strongest industrial life insurance companies in existence to day is the Metropolitan Life Ins. Co., of New York, whose able representative in this city is Mr. J. Glazebrook, No. 828 Chapel street. The company,

with a cash capital of \$3,705.970.61, offers to its policy-holders the surest indemnity in case of death, at actual cost, and on the most accommodating terms.

By writing policies on the industrial plan those in moderate circumstances are enabled to provide for their families in the event of their death by the payment of small weekly premiums, and the standing of the company is the surest guarantee of prompt payment of losses.

The company was incorporated in 1865 and the agency in this city was established in 1880, and the interests of the company and that of policy-holders in the keeping of Mr. Glazebrook are in every way advanced and promoted.

Mrs. E. R. Jones, Dentist, 746 Chapel Street. New Haven.-It the average man was asked to name over the various business pursuits in which women can or have engaged, it is scarcely probable that he would mention that of a dentist, al-though the chances offered them as physicians would be among the first mentioned. Yet a moment's reflection will show anyone that there is no good argument favoring women doctors which will not apply with equal force to women dentists, and surely woman's light hand and quick, gentle ways, should prove of great value in the practice of this profession. But, as the old saying has it, "An ounce of fact is worth a ton of theory," and this being the case, it is altogether useless and unnecessary for us to multiply arguments going to show that ladies can be dentists when we have so shining an example of the fact that ladies *are* dentists, and that right in our own city of New Haven. The lady to whom we refer, Mrs. E. R. Jones of No. 746 Chapel street, is already well and most favorably known in a professional capacity to many of our best citizens, for she has been engaged in practice for nearly ten years and has by sheer ability and skill, fairly earned the large degree of success with which she has met.

Clarence H. Butricks, Pharmacist, 182 Meadow Street.-One of the finest and most modern establishments of this kind in the city is that of Mr. Clarence II Butricks, who has just fitted up an elegant new store at No. 182 Meadow street. He bids fair to build up a flourishing trade and cannot fail to gain the confidence of the public, as he is a gentleman of integrity, experience, and one who devotes the closest attention to his business. His stock of drugs, foreign and domestic chemicals, proprietary preparations, medicines, etc., are pure and fresh, and his stock of toilet accessories and fancy articles, instruments and druggists' sundries will compare most favorably with that of any establishment in the city. The store occupied covers an area of 65x25 feet, and is admirably fitted up, and the fine stock it contains is tastily arranged by Mr. Butricks, both with a view to display, as well as convenience. Perfect confidence may be placed in Mr. Butricks and his two capable assistants in the compounding of physicians' prescriptions, as they are all gentlemen of experience. Mr. Butricks is too well known throughout the city to need any further praise from us.

۰.

L. F. Comstock & Co., Real Estate Agents, No. 70 Church Street, Room 3.-There are a great many concerns conducting a very important and extensive trade in real estate transactions and in business brokerage and are the mediums for the exchange of properties often representing immense sums of money. In this line of busian extensive trade. This establishment was an extensive trade. founded in 1866 by Mr. Comstock, and has, since its start, met with public favor. The office is located at No. 70 Church street, Room 3, and is finely fitted up and centrally located. Messrs. Comstock & Co. are at all times prepared to loan money on bond, mortgage and personal property, or to furnish capital at a reasonable rate of interest to tradesmen and others to be employed in business purposes. They also take the management and care of estates and the collection of rents on the most reasonable terms. All kinds of real estate are bought, sold, exchanged and rented. Mr. Comstock has long been familiar with real estate matters in this section, and is known for his practical experience and intimate knowledge of present and prospective values of residential and business sections. Messrs. Comstock & Nicoll always keep upon their books a full description of eligible properties offered for sale while their connections are of a strictly firstclass character. Mr. Comstock holds the office of Notary Public. This gentleman is a native of New York State. Mr. Nicoll, who became a member of the firm January 1, 1887, was born in Their business extends all over the New Haven. country, and for the benefit of their patrons they will be found at their office evenings.

Henry Hale & Co., Carriage Manufacturers, Nos. 60 and 62 Franklin Street, New Haven.— An old, representative manufacturing and mer cantile house in New Haven is that of Messrs. Henry Hale & Co., Nos. 60 and 62 Franklin street, which was founded as far back as 1846 by Messrs. Hale & McMahon, who in 1850 were succeeded by the firm of Hale & Waterbury. The present firm, composed of Messrs. Henry Hale and S. K. Page, was organized as the successors of Hale & Waterbury in 1866, and on a largely extended scale and with most decided success the business has since been prosecuted.

The extensive factory buildings are four stories in height, and 70x60 feet and 86x33 feet in dimensions respectively, thoroughly equipped with improved, labor-saving machinery of latest patterns, and a force of fifty skilled workmen are employed in the various departments. The firm's specialties are light, one-horse rockaways, cabriolets, victorias, vis-a-vis, four and six seat rockaways, broughams, coupes, coaches, coupelets. landaus and landaulets, of latest styles and most fashionable designs, and m quality of workmanship, elegance of finish and durability, the vehicles of Messrs. Hale & Co. are unsurpassed by those of any manufacturers at home or abroad.

A large assortment of finished vehicles are kept in stock, and carriages are made to order at most reasonable prices for high grade, first-class work, and the trade of the house, largely with the leading dealers in all parts of the country, attests unmistakably the superior quality and standard excellence of the firm's manufactures.

Mr. Hale is a native of Otsego, N. Y., and Mr. S. K. Page was born in Newburyport, Mass. They are both experienced, practical carriage manufacturers, the first named being a veteran in this field of industry, and both are possessed of those business and executive qualities which always deserve and as a rule secure most gratifying success.

C. W. Wilson & Co., Gentlemen's Fine Fur-nishings, No. 880 Chapel Street.—In this age of refinement, wealth and luxury, the demands of the public are becoming more and more exacting than ever before. This fact is self-evident in every branch of trade, but in none more so, perhaps, than in those which embrace the outward adornment of gentlemen. Anyone can have this demonstrated in a most practical manner here in New Haven by making a tour of those stores devoted to the display and sale of what are known as "Gentlemen's Furnishing, Establishments," Among such, that of C. W. Wilson & Co., who are located in the Glebe building, No. 880 Chapel street, is a representative and striking example. The display in the windows here is always a pleasing and attractive one, embracing, as it does, all the very latest styles and colors in neckwear, hosiery, gloves, collars, cuffs, suspenders, shirts, etc. Mr. Chas. W. Wilson, the active member of the firm (the "Co" being Mr. Geo. W. Harmon), is a gentlemen of long and wide practical experience in the business, and his stock, which is full and complete in each and every department, has evidently been selected with a considerable amount of care and good judgment, and with an evident appreciation of the needs of the present generation. Although he only started in the business in May, 1886, he has already secured a large number of patrons, and his fine trade reflects the highest credit upon his ability and integrity. Mr. Wilson is also esteemed in leading social circles.

L. C. Bates, Jobber of Butter, Cheese, Eggs, etc., 36 George Street, New Haven .- Butter, Cheese and Eggs form so important a portion of our food that it may well be imagined that the firms engaged in dealing in them are many and large. The system by which the productions of farms and dairies far distant from the eities, which are of course the principal consumers, are distributed, fresh and sweet, among our citizens is most admirable and complete and gives employment to armies of men and thousands of norses in fulfilling the purposes for which it was established. One of the most widely-known houses in this city engaged in the jobbing of butter, cheese, eggs, etc., is that carried on by Mr. L. C. Bates, at No. 36 George street. This gen-This gentleman started business in 1879, and has shown great vigor, enterprise and ability in establishing and extending his trade since that time. The business done is exclusively wholesale and has reached such proportions as to require the occupancy of two floors, each 60x28 feet in dimensions, and to afford employment to six assistants. Mr. Bates was born in Sumner, Me., and has hosts of friends in New Haven and vicinity. He gives close attention and superintendence to his business and has reason to congratulate himself on the excellent results which have been attained.

**G. E. Holloway,** Connecticut Manager of the United States Life Insurance Co., 818 Chapel Street, New Haven.—The subject of this notice began business in 1869 as an Insurance Agent in New London, Conn., and in 1878 he was appointed manager of the United States Life Ins. Co. for this State; in 1878 he had charge of the entire New England business, but on account of other cares he resigned all the territory except Connecticut and Rhode Island, and removed in 1879 to New London. In 1886 he removed to the office at present located at No. 818 Chapel street. The Company which Mr. Holloway represents is one of the most solid and liberal in the country.

It issues every form of Tontine policies on favorable terms, and all its policies are indisputable after payment of three years' premiums. An evidence of the care with which investments are made is the fact that on the 31st of December, 1886, not one dollar of interest due remained unpaid, and during the thirty-seven years' experience of the Company, it holds only \$100,000 in real estate taken under foreclosure.

Ten days' grace are allowed by the United States in the payment of premiums on ordinary, and thirty days' grace on policies issued on the Tontine plan, the insurance being kept in full force during the grace.

During the past year the Company paid death claims amounting to \$342,051, all of which was paid within thirty days after death, and a very large portion on the date of receipt of proofs of death. The reserve fund of this Company is \$4,594,488.00, and its surplus, as regards policyholders, \$1,013,690.34, a showing which is conclusive as to the stability of the corporation and the ability of its management.

Mr. Holloway is a most energetic and reliable business and insurance man. He is a native of New London, Ct., and is an ex-master of the United States Navy. He has all the State business of the United States Company in his hands, and is ever watchful of the interests of the Company and the insured.

John I. Burt, Bread and Cake Bakery, 469 Chapel Street.—Bread is the "staff of life," and a fine display of Bread and Cake is made in the windows of our first-class bakeries, among the most attractive of these in New Haven is John I. Burt, Baker, 469 Chapel street. At this attractive store can always be found fresh, every morning and evening, a full assortment of choice bread, cake, plain, frosted and fruit cake; also a large variety of small cakes, comprising jumbles, cookies and ginger-bread, etc.; also, ice-cream in its season. Mr. Burt deals largely in the best qualities of teas and coffces; also in eggs, which are guaranteed to be fresh, and at the lowest market rates. Mr. Burt has a fine retail trade among the best families of this section of the city. He established this bakery in 1881, and through his personal supervision of all branches of his business merits his already achieved success.

Mr. Burt is a native of Enfield, Conn., and is a member of the United American Mechanics, and he is also a strong Prohibitionist, and by his strictly conscientious and upright dealings has won the esteem of a large circle of friends in both social and business life. The Forsyth Dyeing, Laundrying & Bleaching Co., Carpet Beaters; Works: State, Lawrence and Mechanic Streets; Offices: 878 and 645 Chapel Street.—A first-class, well-conducted laundry and dyeing establishment is a prime necessity in every community, and a model concern of the kind invariably meets with popular favor. The works of The Forsyth Dyeing, Laundrying & Bleaching Company, corner of State, Lawrence and Mechanic streets, is probably the oldest and certainly the largest establishment of its kind in New Haven, and one of the most complete and extensive in New England.

The business was inaugurated in 1868 by the firm of Forsyth & Fisher, Mr. Thos. Forsyth becoming sole proprietor of the concern in 1876. The present company was organized in January, 1887, and on a scale of great proportions they are conducting a business requiring the employment of seventy hands.

The works are extensive, comprising 18,000 square feet of flooring, equipped with the best machinery in use, operated by a steam engine of forty horse-power. The work done by this company comprises all kinds of dyeing, laundry work, bleaching, carpet beating, etc., including work on the finest and most delicate fabrics, and orders are filled with dispatch in the most satisfactory manner at lowest possible margins above actual cost of labor and materials.

The branch offices of the company are located at Nos. 878 and 645 Chapel street, and have telephonic connection with the works and all parts of the city. Goods are called for and delivered free of charge, and the utmost confidence is inspired by the excellent management of the affairs of the company.

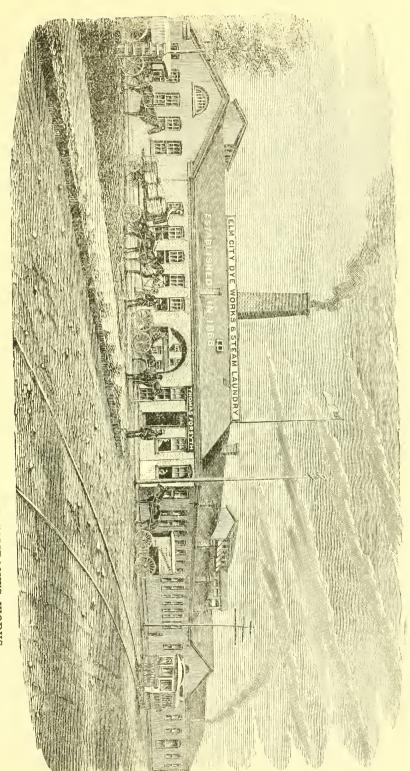
The officers are as follows: President, Thos. Forsyth; Treasurer, W. H. Forsyth; Secretary, L. W. Forsyth. The President was born in Paisley, Scotland, and the Treasurer and Secretary are natives of Malden, Mass. They are all pushing, enterprising business men, and are accounted in trade circles representative leaders in their important line of industry in the Eastern States. (See opposite page.)

J. W. Ballou, Druggist, 42 Kimberly Avenue, New Haven.—A recent, and a very important business enterprise established in the western part of New Haven, is the attractive pharmacy of Mr. J. W. Ballou, at No. 42 Kimberly avenue. This concern was established in January, 1886, and his professional ability and business worth have been abundantly attested in the first year of his career just closed.

The store and laboratory of Mr. Ballou are models of completeness and convenience. The valuable stock of fresh and reliable drugs, medicines and fancy articles is tastefully displayed, and an elegant soda fountain is a notable feature of the establishment.

Prescriptions are compounded with scrupulous care by Mr. Ballou, a pharmacist of nine years' experience and unquestioned ability, or under his personal supervision and absolute accuracy is invariably warranted.

He is a native of Portland, Me., and is a prompt, reliable and responsible business man, and enjoys the unqualified confidence of all with whom he is brought into business or social relations. THE FORSYTH DYEING, LAUNDRYING AND BLEACHING COMPANY'S WORKS.



The Morgan & Humiston Company, Windows, Doors, Blinds and Mouldings, 146 and 148 State Street.—Even to the most casual observer there is more than ordinary interest in the contemplation of the growth and progress of New Haven as a great manufacturing center, and the development of the various industries has called into profitable employment a host of skilled workmen and laborers, and the investment of a vast amount of capital and energy.

One of the largest dealers in windows, doors and blinds is the establishment of The Morgan & Humiston Company, whose offices and works are located at Nos. 146 and 148 State street.

This important industry was founded in 1870 by Messrs, Burman & Co., who were succeeded in the conduct of the business by the firms of Skiff & Tyler, G. A. Tyler & Co., and M. B. Humiston in the order named. In 1881 the firm became Morgan & Humiston, and four years later the present stock company was organized and incorporated.

The company occupy a large, five story building, covering an area of 25x100 feet, for office, ware and storage rooms, and keep in stock a heavy and valuable assortment of the best and latest styles in windows, doors and blinds, including inside blinds, besides the largest and most varied assortment of enameled, groundplate and cut-glass of all sizes, and an elegant assortment of cathedral glass in new and beautiful designs, completing the stock in trade.

At lowest manufacturers' prices the company supply builders with everything desirable in this wide range of merchandise, and the advantages possessed by the house for selling standard merchandise and all specialties at low rates, have developed a trade of large proportions, extending far beyond city and State limits to all parts of New England.

F. J. Morgan, President; O. W. Humiston, Superintendent; and W. E. Dickerman, Secretary and Treasurer of the company respectively, are sole proprietors of the business. They are all Connecticut men by birth, and are widely known and recognized as representative, successful leaders in their special field of trade and industry.

Henry Hillman, Confectionery and Ice Cream, 1,083 and 1,084 Chapel Street.—Being the largest city in Connecticut in point of size, wealth and population it is to be expected that New Haven should contain some noteworthy establishments in every branch of mercantile and manufacturing activity. Especially is this true of the confectioner, and attention is directed to the elegant and attractive store of Henry Hillman, dealer in confectionery and ice cream, located at Nos. 1,082 and 1,084 Chapel street. This ably-conducted business was established in 1872, and the enterprise has proved a positive and permanent success.

The premises occupied comprise first floor and basement, consisting of retail store and large and beautiful ice cream parlors; also wholesale ice cream depot, largest in the city. In the basement is a six horse-power steam engine manufacturing ice cream, the ice of which is all crushed by steam. Upwards of half a dozen hands are employed, and a large stock is carried constantly, embracing pure and fresh confections, glazed fruits, and fruits, French and mixed candies,

marsh mallows, ice cream and a great variety of toothsome morsels and delicacies. Orders for weddings and parties are supplied in first-class style at short notice, nothing being left undone to render the utmost satisfaction in every instance to patrons and purchasers. Mr. Henry Hillman is a native of Germany, a gentleman of integrity, well and favorably known in the community and well adapted to successfully conduct a business of this character. His patrons are many of the leading and wealthy residents of New Haven.

A. Hoffmeister, Dealer in Furnaces, Stoves, Ranges, No. 6 Church Street.-There is no country in the world that surpasses the United States in the production of stoves, and the demand for some classes of these goods taxes to the utmost the resources of those dealing in them. This fact has been most strikingly illustrated in the experience and history of A. Hoffmeister, whose salesrooms are located at No. 6 Church street. There can be no doubt, whatever, but that this is one of the oldest concerns of its kind in the city of New Haven. This business was established in 1860 by the present proprietor, Adolph Hoff-meister, who has been long and intimately connected with the business in which he is engaged. His stock comprises furnaces, ranges, stoves, etc., of every reputable make and design. Their trade which is retail and jobbing is a large and increasing one and extends all over the city and suburbs. A force of seven hands are kept busily employed, all of whom are experts in their several departments. Mr. Hoffmeister carries also a fine line of tin, copper and sheet iron ware and orders for roofing and jobbing of all kinds are promptly attended to. The proprietor of this flourishing business is a native of Germany. The premises occupied consist of three floors, 90x20 feet. Much tact and energy is evinced in all business transactions, and Mr. Hoffmeister deserves the success he has achieved.

J. J. Atwater, Merchant Tailor, 818 Chapel Street.—A popular business man here is Mr. J. J. Atwater, the well-known merchant tailor, whose place of business is located at No. 818 Chapel street. He carries a select and choice assortment of domestic and imported suitings of the very best quality, and employs quite a number of skillful assistants, he himself being one of the most expert cutters and fitters in New Haven. Mr. Atwater commenced business for himself in 1851, and his facilities are such that he is enabled to execute all orders entrusted to him at very short notice. He has had a very extended experience in his line of business, and enjoys a large and in-fluential connection. This success is due, in no small degree, to the energy, thrift and strict integrity (both as regards material and workmanship) which have been prominent characteristics in his career, and no little of his popularity has resulted from the fact that he invariably delivers goods at the exact time at which he promises One characteristic abont Mr. Atwater them. which it is well to mention is that he devotes his entire time to his business, and exercises the most thorough personal supervision over the making of every garment in his establishment. By the public generally he is regarded as a reliable and representative business man.

Benjamin Wolfe, Dealer in Fine Boots and Shoes, 373 State Street, North of Chapel.— This well-known boot and shoe house, conducted by Benjamin Wolfe, at 373 State street, was established in 1882 by Messrs. Koch & Ilerz, and successfully conducted by them until 1884, when Mr. I. Koch assumed full charge, until 1886 when it again changed proprietors, and is now conducted by Mr. Benjamin Wolfe, who was formerly identified with M. Mann & Bros. for nine years.

The superiority of the goods dealt in by Mr. Wolfe, both as regards style, material and workmanship and the high reputation of Mr. Wolfe, has resulted in a large and widely extended trade.

A full line of goods of every description is kept in stock, some beautiful samples of which are always to be seen in the tastefully arranged windows of the establishment. Mr. Wolfe has had a long practical experience in all departments of the business, and is highly esteemed in social as well as business circles.

George I. Cummins, Agent, Manufacturer and Dealer in Harness, Trunks and Whips, 98 Orange Street, Established 1845 .- A well-known business man of New Haven is Mr. George I. Cummins, who carries on business as a manufacturer of and dealer in harness, trunks and whips at No. 98 Orange street, having been established formerly at No. 2 Exchange Building. The busi ness was first started in 1845 by Messrs, G. I & S. T. Cummins, who were succeeded in 1859 by F. H. Cummins & Bro., who carried on the business until 1881, when the present manager, Mr. Geo. I. Cummins took their place. Mr. Cum mins carries a very clean stock, comprising all the latest novelties in harnesses, trunks and whips, and he makes the repairing of trunks and harness a specialty. Trunks can frequently be repaired, when apparently broken beyond help, in a manner which makes them stronger than ever, and no one should abandon a trunk as useless until they have learned from one whose business it is to know whether it is worth repairing or not. Mr. Cummins will also undertake the repairing of harness; also makes every description to order and also carries a large stock.

Mr. Cummins, who is located at 98 Orange street, opposite New Haven Savings Bank, is a native of New Haven, and has many friends here.

George D. Lambert, Builder of Model and Special Machinery, Dies, Tools, Punches, etc., Wood and Metal Patterns, 27 Artisan Street.— The work of the pattern or model maker calls for exceptional skill and accuracy, as a small and unnoticeable error in the making of the pattern may cause a most serious and irremediable defect in the finished casting. One of the most skillful and successful pattern and model makers in this city is Mr. George D. Lambert, of No. 27 Artisan street. This gentleman started in business twenty-four years ago, and quickly made a name for himself as a most capable and reliable model maker, having had his great natural aptitude and ingenuity in the use of tools thoroughly brought out and developed by a thorough training in his chosen business. Mr. Lambert occupies a two-story brick building, covering an area of 25x60 feet, for the prosecution of his business.

which consists of a machinery department where model and special machinery is built, also dies, tools, punches, etc., manufactured, and a pattern and model making department, which is well stocked with modern machinery and tools to facilitate his work. Mr. Lambert also makes many working models for inventors and others. It is often of the highest importance to an inventor to have a neatly made and smoothly running working-model of his invention, as with such aid capitalists or others interested can more readily see the merits of the idea in a moment where otherwise hours of tedious explanation would not make it clear to them or enlist their coöperation. Thus the importance of a good model will be readily seen. Mr. Lambert's tradeextends throughout New England.

F. S. Andrew & Co.'s Fair Haven Market, E. J. Morse, Manager, Corner East Grand and North Front Streets.—As manager for the well-known firm of F. S. Andrew & Co., one of the leading meat and provision houses of New Haven, Mr. E. J. Morse has for four years conducted the leading market in Fair Haven. Thisbranch is desirably located at 7 Grand avenue corner North Front street, and is 30x50 feet in size, and in its appointments and arrangements. it is a model of attractiveness and good management.

At all times the choicest meats, vegetables and provisions are found at this market, with game in season, canned goods, etc., and the superior facilities of Messrs Andrew & Co. to supply the best merchandise at lowest prices makes this the most popular source of provision supply in this section of the city. Mr. Morse, the energetic and reliable manager, is especially qualified to conduct this branch of his principal's trade, and well sustains the firm's reputation for energy, probity and enterprise. He is a native of New Haven, and is held in high esteem and general confidence as a business man and citizen.

J. H. Buckley, Practical Plumber and Gas Fitter, 179 Church Street.—One of the most complete establishments in the city, as well as one where the most thorough work is performed, is that of Mr. J. H. Buckley, plumber and gas fitter, whose place of business is located at No. 179 Church street, Law Chambers. The premises comprise one floor 70x25 feet in dimensions, and contains the most approved and modern tools. He employs seven skilled hands realizing the fact that good help do good work. A specialty is made of sanitary plumbing, and Mr. Buckley, who is himself a practical plumber, superintends his business personally. He founded his business here in 1882 and has from the start met with unusual success. He carries a full and complete line of plumbing and steam-fitting goods of approved patterns, bought directly from first hands for cash, which enables him to sell goods at the lowest prices, and at all times to furnish competent men to superintend and complete jobs. He is a man that keeps all his contracts to the letter, and as a fair and honorable dealer has no superior in this or any other city. He is a native of Boston and is a gentleman of energy and ability.

C. F. Levere, Harness of every description, 115 Crown, near Church Street.—In writing a commercial history of New Haven and her present enterprises we find some firms who have stood more than a score of years and who by superior workmanship have steadily gained patronage and rank among the solid and well-tried



houses of the city. One of these is the harness establishment of Mr. C. F. Levere, located at No. 115 Crown, near Church street, and we are glad to call the attention of our readers to this honorable and reliable house. Mr. Levere has in stock all kinds of the very best harness, whips, blankets, robes, dusters, brushes, combs, halters, horse-boots, etc. He employs several skilled workmen and occupies a fine store 70x20 feet in area, with basement. Mr. Levere is a practical harness maker, having grown up in the business, it being established in 1865 by his father, W. F. Levere, succeeded in 1870 by C. F. Levere. Be-ing a manufacturer of his harness it enables him to place his goods upon the market at such wonderfully low prices that they cannot be easily duplicated. He has a large custom trade among the citizens of New Haven and vicinity, which is yearly increasing. He is prompt in making harness to order, and in executing all kinds of repairing he has no equal in the city. Mr. Levere is a native of New Haven, and we may say has established an enviable reputation.

**D.** Boschen, Manufacturer of Elm City Ice Cream and Fine Confectionery, 646 and 648 Chapel Street.—The Americans as a nation have a great fondness for confectionery. The number of stores for the sale of candy is very large in every city, but our aim is to only make note of those who deal in unadulterated goods, and in this connection we would mention the store of D. Boschen, eligibly located at Nos. 646 and 648 Chapel street. Here he occupies for business purposes his new building with an area of 20x60 feet, where, with the assistance of skilled hands and a gas engine, he manufactures the celebrated Elm City ice cream and fine confectionery.

Mr. Boschen established himself in this business in 1874, and has since conducted it with success, as is easily shown by the number of his customers and the class to which he caters. His trade is both wholesale and retail, and in connection with the manufacturing department he has a large elegant store and also a fine ice cream parlor. Here he sells his renowned manufactures in large or small quantities, all orders being promptly filled and, if desired, delivered at residences. Mr. Boschen is a native of Germany, and by uniform politeness and attention has achieved a success which can be pointed to with great satisfaction. The Mozart, 66 and 68 Crown Street, Otto N. Wall, Proprietor, also Dealer in Native Wines and Beer.—Until recently we were obliged to depend on Europe for light wines, but owing to the skill of our American wine producers we are now enabled to procure wines which are pronounced by connoisseurs to be fully equal, if not superior, to those of foreign production. Those introduced by Mr. Wall at his popular "Mozart" are from the most celebrated vintages of Ohio and New York State. He has the sole agency here for the wines of P. Leuk & Co., and can furnish the finest Catawba, Claret, Port and Sherry, either in bulk or bottled at most reasonable prices.

These wines contain a great proportion of the many nourishing elements which are generally known to be needed in order to keep the physical system in good and proper order. The consequence is that we find them in great demand among families.

That sold in bulk or bottled by Mr. Wall has been famous for its purity and wholesomeness being obtained from the very best vintages in the United States, while in the Toledo beer, for which Mr. Wall is also agent, only the choicest malts and hops are used in its production.

Mr. Wall first started in business in 1880 and now numbers among his many patrons many of the leading families of the city as well as the principal hotels and cafés.

Lovers of these popular beverages should call upon Mr. Otto N. Wall, proprietor of the beautifully furnished saloon, called "The Mozart," 90x40 feet in size, located at 66 and 68 Crown street, where they can obtain at retail these celebrated wines and Toledo lager, cigars, liquors, etc. Through the polite and courteous attention of Mr. Wall "The Mozart" has become a favorite resort. Mr. Otto N. Wall is a native of Berlin, Prussia, but has a large circle of friends in this country, being a member of the Free Masons, Knight Templars, Odd Feliows and Knights of Honor.

J. H. Reed, Dentist, 762 Chapel Street, New Haven —A thoronghly reliable and responsible dentist, located at No. 762 Chapel street, will be found in the person of J. H. Reed. This gentleman first established himself in Hartford in 1842, removing to his present locality in 1860, and has acquired a large and influential patronage, owing to the superiority of his work, his moderate prices, and long experience in all the details of his profession. His dental parlors occupy 60x20 feet in dimensions, and consist of operating, office and fine reception rooms, which are fitted up with all the modern conveniences for the comfort of his many patrons. All branches of den-tistry are attended to by Mr. Reed, extracting, filling and cleaning, besides artificial teeth are made in a very superior manner, and are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction. Mr. J. H. Reed is a native of Windsor, Ct., and has earned and enjoys the entire respect of his patrons as well as the cordial liking of a large circle of personal friends. All in want of any work done in this line will do well to call on Mr. Reed as we can truthfully recommend him for fine workmanship and low prices.

New Haven Staple Works, Manufacturers of Wrought Iron Staples; Factory, Artizan Street. -A concern whose goods are sent all over the country is the New Haven Staple Works. The products of this firm are used by the leading manufacturers and dealers throughout the United States, and for regularity of finish, strength and They are general good qualities, are unexcelled.

made of wrought iron by a patent process which insures a superior article, and the immense business done, together with its rapid and steady increase shows not only that the goods are appreciated but are becoming more widely known and used every day. Tinned or galvanized staples are made besides the plain wrought iron ones, for use in situations where there is a liability of rust. The business was started in 1871, under the name of Bushnell & Co., the firm being made up of S. S. Bushnell and E. H. Brooks. In 1875 Mr. Brooks retired, and since that time the business has been conducted as the New Haven Staple Works by Mr. S. S. Bushnell. An entire floor measuring 18x110 feet is necessary to accommodate the growing business, steam power being utilized to run the many machines, etc., used. Mr. S. S. Bushnell,

the proprietor and manager, is a native of this city, and is thirty-six years of age. He has pushed his business vigorously, being assured of the merit and superiority of his goods, and may well feel gratified at the large measure of success which has attended his efforts. His aim has always been to make an article so superior that he has spared no trouble or expense to further this end. His trade to-day shows how he has succeeded.

PATENT MADE

C. S. Thompson, Fire Insurance Agency, Office No. 1 Hoadley Building, 49 Church Street .-Not until fire ceases to burn will insurance become other than a subject of vital importance to the business man, the manufacturer and the agriculturist, for each has valuable property that five years of age. He was formerly a may be swept away at a moment's notice. How the city council, and is a Free Mason.

different the feeling of the insured and uninsured when such a calamity does occur. The former no longer regrets the yearly payments he has made, while the latter, who up to this time, probably congratulated himself that he was so much ahead, would give much to recall his foolish parsimony. The value of insurance, however, has become as fully recognized and admitted as the observance of any law-commercial or socialwhich affects the advance or success of a people, and on this account should not be ignored in summing up the resources of a city. And in this connection we would call special attention to Mr. C. S. Thompson, whose office is located at No. 1 Hoadley Building, No. 49 Church street. This enterprising gentleman is agent for the lead-ing American and foreign fire insurance companies of the country, among which may be men-tioned the following: North British and Mercan-tile, London and Edinburgh, Phœnix of London, Lion of London, Norwich Union of England; Hamburg and Bremen Co., Germany; Westchester of New York, Glens Falls of New York, Girard of Philadelphia, Jersey City of Jersey City, Lloyd's Plate Glass Ins. Co., of New The business which Mr. York, and others. Thompson conducts was founded in 1874, and it needless to remark, after giving such a list of staunch companies, that since its establishment the business has steadily increased. Mr. Thompson, who is a native of this city, is a highly esteemed and respected citizen.

Doctor T. J. Beers' Hospital for Broken-Down and Injured Carriages, 35 Olive Street.-Certainly the oldest and perhaps the best known establishment in New Haven devoted to the manufacture to order and repair of fine carriages is that carried on by Mr. T. J. Beers. This shop was opened in 1830 by a Mr. Mix, who was succeed-ed in 1850 by Hanover & Judson, which latter gentlemen gave place to the present proprietor in 1867, or nearly twenty years ago. Mr. Beers makes fine carriages to order, and the character of his work is such that he has built up a very large trade in this line of business, for which he is particularly well fitted, having had an expeririages. We are informed by "Doctor" Beers that he keeps a "hospital for broken-down and injured carriages." At this institution he looks out for weakened and shaky old "felloes," but strangely enough insists that all wheels must be thoroughly "tired" before they leave his prem-Whether his treatment be homeopathic or ises. allopathic, we do not know, but we are at least sure that it is effectual, and desperate indeed must be the case which his knowledge and skill cannot cure. A building two stories high and covering 45x106 feet is occupied, and a gas engine is used to afford motive power to the necessary machinery. Upwards of fifteen assistants are given employment, the high quality of the work they turn out attesting their skill and efficiency. All work is guaranteed and perfect satisfaction assured.

Mr. Beers was born in New York, and is fortyfive years of age. He was formerly a member of



Hoggson & Robinson, Book and Job Printers, No. 82 Church Street, New Haven.—The fine book and job printing establishment of Messrs. Hoggson & Robinson, has for many years been one of the most complete and ably conducted concerns of its kind in New Haven. The enterprise was inaugurated by the present firm in 1866 and from its inception it has been conducted with rare tact and energy and consequent success.

The firm's office is commodious and is admirably equipped with latest style presses, type and appliances for fine printing work of every description, the machinery being driven by a steam engine. A number of experienced compositors and pressmen are employed in the establishment and every facility for executing orders for book and job work at short notice, and in the best style of the typographic art, is possessed by the firm. Messrs. Hoggson & Robinson are both expert, practical printers, and give to their business their undivided time and attention. Their aim has ever been to meet every want of their patrons and to keep even pace with the improvements made from time to time in their art, and in these particulars they have been eminently successful.

Messrs. R. M. Hoggson and E. A. Robinson are the individual members of the firm. They are both New Haven men and are recognized as successful leaders in this line of industry in this city.

W. L. Everit, Jr., Pharmacist, Corner Grove and Orange Streets, New Haven.—A notably attractive and complete pharmacy in New Haven, is that of Mr. W. L. Everit, Jr., corner of Grove and Orange streets, and for three years this reliable apothecary has conducted a large business with most gratifying success.

The storeroom and laboratory of Mr. Everit are 20x55 feet in dimensions, and are models of completeness and taste in their appointments and arrangement. The merchandise is always kept fresh, full and in prime condition, and comprises the purest drugs and chemicals, all reputable patented specialties, toilet requisites and druggist's sundries, and prices are invariably the minimum, and satisfaction warranted. Prescriptions are carefully and accurately compounded, and the long experience and thorough practical knowledge of this representative and responsible pharmacist inspires universal confidence.

He is a live, enterprising man of business, prompt in his engagements and always accommodating, and is an estimable citizen and successful merchant in all that is signified by the terms.

Mr. Everit is the sole agent for this city of the celebrated Maplecroft Ice Cream, which he supplies to families and church fairs and festivals in any quantity desired. Orders by mail or telephone will receive prompt attention.

Edward D. Hendee, Tailor, 127 Church Street, New Haven.—Among the leading lailors of this city we would call attention to Mr. Edward D. Hendee, located at No. 127 Church street. This Hendee, located at No. 137 Church of the state is an old established and very reliable house, it being founded in 1852 by W. D. Bryan, successful to the present proprietor. The ceeded in 1884 by the present proprietor. premises occupied by Mr. Hendee for his trade are very commodious. Here may be found one of the most complete and finest assortment of fabrics in the city, all grades of imported fabrics. embracing many exclusive designs not found elsewhere in New Haven, are carried, as Mr. Hendee caters to the finest trade in the city. None but skilled hands are employed, and satisfaction as regards style, fit and artistic workmanship is guaranteed to all, as his many patrons can attest. His prices are as reasonable as any first-class tailor in the city, and all are treated in We coran attentive and courteous manner. dially commend Mr. Hendee's establishment to those of our readers who desire a fair equivalent for their money in perfect workmanship, cut, style, quality of goods, etc.

**E. F. Durand**, Dealers in Groceries, Provisions and Fish, 860–864 State Street, corner Clark. -As an example of enterprise and industry we would call attention to Mr. E. F. Durand, who conducts a grocery store, a meat market and fish market, besides a special department for tea, coffee and spices, and a coal and wood department. These enterprises are conducted at Nos. 860 and 864 State street, corner of Clark, and comprise one floor, 60x70 feet in dimensions and a basement. Mr. Durand established this busi-ness in May, 1882, and has continued it with great success ever since, owing to his fine management and judgment, as well as to the choice quality of the goods kept and the reasonable prices at which they are sold. His trade is both wholesale and retail and is very large throughout the city and vicinity. The stock comprises a choice line of fancy and staple groceries, teas, coffees and spices of the finest grades, fresh and salt meats of all kinds and a great variety of fish, fresh daily. All orders, either by telephone or otherwise, are promptly and carefully filled and goods are delivered free to all parts of the city. A large force of assistants are given employment and all customers are promptly and politely waited upon. This is a branch office of Hoyt's trade coupon system which is also used here with regular customers. Mr. E. F. Durand is a native of Meriden, Conn., and is member of the Free Masons, Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias and Royal Arcanum, and is also Notary Public. He is a gentleman of experience and sound busi ness principles and greatly esteemed throughout the community.

Cullom & Co., Manufacturers of Fine Car riages, Factory and Warerooms, 108 Franklin Street, New Haven.—The high character and standing of the leading carriage manufacturing establishments in New Haven renders the trade a noticeable feature of the commercial activity of the city. It would, however, be an arduous task to compute the amount of trade transacted in this particular direction or the impetus which it naturally gives to all other branches. An old established and popular firm engaged in this business is that of Messrs. Cullom & Co., whose spacious factory and warerooms are located at No. 108 Franklin street. This concern was originally set on foot in 1867 under the firm name of Messrs. Miller & Cullom. In 1874 Mr. Cullom became associated with Spock, the present copartnership having been entered into in 1883. The firm employs some twenty five or thirty men, all skilled mechanics in their several departments, and the vehicles turned out in point of style, finish, excellency of workmanship and durability of material are not excelled by any other manufacturer in the New England States. Messrs, Cullom & Co. are makers of all kinds of road wagons, phætons, light family carriages, rockaways, beach wagons, etc., each fitted up with the very latest improvements and conveni ences which will in any way conduce to the comfort of those using them. Mr. Cullom is a practical man in every sense of the word, and exercises a strict personal supervision over the construction of every vehicle before he allows it to leave his establishment. In addition to manu facturing carriages, Messrs. Cullom & Co. also maintain a first class livery, cab and sale stable in the rear of the factory, this branch of the busi-These ness being of the highest possible order. well-known stables enjoy every facility and convenience for the care of the animals, are perfectly ventilated and neatly kept in every respect, and have acquired a richly merited popularity throughout the vicinity, not only for the superior care and attention bestowed upon all horses boarded there, but also for the reliability attending all the sales. Three floors are occupied by these stables, covering an area of 100x60 feet, and they are finely appointed and centrally located. Capable hands are employed and reasonable prices are asked for boarding, or for carriage or cab hire, of which they make a specialty.

New Haven Heat Supply Co., corner George and Temple Streets.—New Haven, in the matter of heating, as in water and lighting supply, is fully abreast of any of her sister cities in this country, and the people resident here may well congratulate themselves on the opportunities for the heating of their homes and business places by steam, afforded by the New Haven Heat Supply Company. This organization was incorporated and began business here in 1882, and possesses valuable franchises and every facility for supplying steam for power, as well as heat for all domestic and manufacturing purposes, at most reasonable rates.

The company's plant at 190 George, corner Temple street, is most complete, comprising ten boilers of an aggregate capacity of 750 horsepower. At present the company are directing

all their resources toward improving their heat service, which at this writing has attained a most commendable degree of perfection. The enterprise of the organizers of this great enterprise is deserving of recognition, and the system is yearly growing in popular favor as the most complete and effective means of heating houses, offices, etc., and thus considered the cheapest method. The universal verdict of those who have availed themselves of the advantages offered by this company is that they get more and better warmth for money expended than by local heating, besides obviating the many disadvantages entailed from the use of stoves and furnaces.

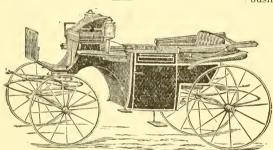
The company, at their own cost, lay service pipes to the curb and to cellar, the actual cost is only charged from curb to cellar. The steam is sold by meter, which is attached at the company's expense, and the saving obtained by turning off the heat when not required, commends it to the use of the economical.

Mr. Jas H. Foy is the President, E. H. Barnes, Treasurer, and Morris F. Tyler is the Secretary of the company, and Ira A. Holly is the Superintendent and Manager. They are pushing, enterprising business men and influential citizens, and their worth is appreciated in a wide range of acquaintance, business and personal.

Lester C. Dole & Co., Manufacturers, Dealers in and Importers of Superior Sporting Goods, 1004 Chapel Street.—The great impetus and popularity which out-door sports have received of late years have led to the establishment of many large and prosperous houses engaged in the importation, manufacture and sale of the great variety of sporting goods which such exer-cises demand. Among these houses none bears a higher reputation for enterprise and integrity than does that so ably and honorably carried on by Lester C. Dole & Co., at No. 1004 Chapel street. This establishment was founded in 1881 by Lester C. Dole & Co., under the firm name given above. The variety and importance of the sporting goods now offered for sale would astonish one not acquainted with the subject, but suffice it to say here that the space allowed each firm in this book would be quite filled up if even a brief synopsis of the goods handled by the house under discussion was attempted. Some of the more important goods, however, should be mentioned, among them being pulley weights, gymnasium goods, boxing gloves. Indian clubs, dog outfits, rowing machines, fishing tackle, snow shoes, toboggans, cricket, base vall, lawn tennis, archery, croquet goods and cutlery. The firm issues a most complete and convenient catalogue and price list, which is revised and extended from season to season, and to which we invite the attention of those interested. Among other valuable features it gives simple and concise rules for ordering goods by mail (by which means a large portion of the business of the house is done), by observing which all errors will be avoided and the best interests of both parties served. One floor 80x20 feet is occupied and five assistants are employed.

Both members of the firm are natives of Brunswick, Maine, and have many friends in this city.

John Conboy, Merchant Tailor, 34 Center Street.—One of the leading tailors of New Haven is Mr. John Conboy, whose fine establishment is located at No. 34 Center street, and who has been established here since 1873. He has by his skill in cutting and fitting developed an ex-tensive patronage throughout the city of New Haven. All who seek his services once are his patrons always. He occupies an attractive store where are displayed a fine stock, comprising woolens, worsted, cassimeres, suitings, broadcloths and vesting of the best American and European productions. Mr. Conboy is a practical cutter and tailor of extended experience, and his work is first-class in cut, fit and in artistic finish and workmanship. Mr. Conboy gives his personal supervision to every detail, and the general effect of a garment is a matter of careful consideration. He enjoys a first-class patromage among the gentlemen of the city, and guaran-tees satisfacton to all. Mr. Conboy is a gentleman deserving of the highest success in his business.



Wm. Johnston, Manufacturer of First-class Carriage Wood Work, Light and Heavy Bodies a Specialty, Heavy Bodies Ironed Ready for Painting and Trimming, Five Glass Landaus and Eight Spring Victorias a Specialty, 65 to 71 Hamilton Street, New Haven.—The city of New Haven has long been famous for the quantity, quality and styles of the carriages manufactured here.

As accessory to the great carriage industry several extensive factories have been established in the Elm City for the manufacture of carriage builders' supplies, and largely to the superior product of these is the fame of New Haven carriages due.

A leading concern in this line of activity is that of Mr. William Johnston, manufacturer of carriage wood work, Nos. 65 to 71 Hamilton street, who established himself in business here in 1880. His valuable plant is one of the most complete of the kind in the city, the premises consisting of two floors of his large building, each 40x125feet in size, and blacksmith shop fully equipped with every device and appliance for his purposes, with all the latest and best machinery in use operated by a steam engine of twenty-five horsepower.

A force of skilled carriage builders, wheelwrights, etc., are employed in the manufacture of carriage woodwork, and the building and ironing of heavy bodies ready for painting, of which Mr. Johnston makes a specialty, and such as five glass landaus and eight spring victorias. There is not in the country a more capable builder, and one whose work has commanded more universal commendation. Mr. Johnston is a practical expert in his avocation, and had charge of some of the leading shops in the country. He superintends in person every detail of the work in his establishment, and is fully competent and always willing to guarantee firstclass workmanship and fullest satisfaction as to prices and all other particulars. His success in business in New Haven has been marked and deserved, and his future success seems abundantly assured. He furnishes any carriage to order if desired.

Eugene A. Callahan, Insurance Agent, 49 Church Street, New Haven — With the best possible facilities for effecting insurance on life and property against loss by death, accident or fire, at lowest rates of premium in companies of undoubted strength and reliability, Mr. E. A. Callahan has for four years past conducted a large business in New Haven. It office is centrally

business in New Haven. Ilis office is centrally located at No. 49 Church street, and those contemplating the making of provision against death or casualty would do well to consult this reliable underwriter.

Mr. Callahan is the agent in this city for the American Central Fire Insurance Company, the Fid-lity and Casualty Company, of New York, and the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company, of Newark, N. J., all of which rank among the foremost corporations in their special fields of operations.

The assets of the Mutual Benefit Insurance Company, one of the leaders, aggregate \$40,826,264.15, with a surplus of \$5,512,129 31, a showing which cannot fail to inspire fullest confidence in the management of

affairs. The American Central Insurance Company, of St. Louis, offers reliable and sure provision for destruction of property in event of fire at actual cost, with expenses reduced to the lowest possible figure consistent with prudence, and their assets of \$1,173,177.61 at market values is the most positive guarantee of the certain payment of losses.

The Fidelity and Casualty Company has for ten years taken the lead in reducing premium rates for desirable risks to a point so near to assessment concerns, that the difference when compared with real value is insignificant. The company is one of the most substantial financial institutions of the country, and is universally popular and deserving patronage.

Mr. Callahan is a live, sagacious and responsible business man, and has won decided success by his worth.

Edward P. Brett, Builder, 16 Artizan Street. —The establishment of Edward P. Brett, located at 16 Artizrn street, is one of the enterprising houses of New Haven, and as such holds a very enviable reputation throughout the city.

enviable reputation throughout the city. The business was founded in 1863 by Hubbell & Brett, later Brett & Brown, succeeded in 1880 by E. P. Brett, and the premises occupied consists of three floors, 65x25 feet in dimensions, fitted up with all the modern machinery, run by steam, for sawing, turning and jobbing work in woods of all kinds. Contracts also taken for building. Twelve skilled carpenters are employed, and all work is guaranteed to give satisfaction as regards first-class work and reasonable prices. The advantages Mr. Brett possesses enables him to execute all orders with the utmost promptness. This enterprise will compare favorably with any in the city, and presents the most promising features for taking high rank among the builders of the State. Mr. Brett is a native of Baltimore, Md., and is a gentleman of experience and business enterprise, highly esteemed throughout the city, and fully deserves the extensive patronage he receives.

Union Club Stables, Geo. E. Trask, Proprietor, 57 Church Street.-For at least twenty years the above has been one of the principal sources of livery supply for the people of New Haven, and for one year past, under the able manage-ment of Mr. Geo. E. Trask, the old concern has lost none of its popularity or patronage. The Union Club Stables comprise a large two story building, 60x100 feet in dimensions, with every convenience and appliance for the care of horses and carriages. Mr. Trask has at all times at the service of patrons, on "pleasure or on business bent," about twenty fine horses and elegant cabs, carriages, &c., and at most reasonable rates supplies every requirement in his line satisfactorily. His turnouts are recognized as equal to any in the city, either in style or serviceability. Special prices are made for weddings, funerals, etc., and orders by telephone or otherwise have prompt attention any hour of day or night.

Mr. Trask is a live, reliable business man and deservedly enjoys a large share of patronage. He is a native of Irving, Mass., and served with credit as a volunteer in the Union army in the Rebellion.

He is senior Vice Commander of the Grand Army Post at Wallingford, and is well and widely known and esteemed for his business and personal worth.

Mrs. G. E. Norton, Dealer in Home-Made Cake and Pastry, 195 Olive Street, cor. State.— The premises occupied by this lady are very conveniently located at No. 195 Olive street, at the junction of State street, is the store conducted by Mrs. G. E. Norton in a very satisfactory manner to her customers. The store is 15x30 feet in dimensions, and the stock is very attractively arranged and neatly kept, and con sists of a full line of fruits and confectionery. Diebel's bakery goods fresh every day, and also the celebrated Hillman's ice cream. Polite and courteous assistants are on hand and wait upon customers in a prompt and intelligent manner. We think it is quite within our province to commend this establishment to our readers and to assure them that nothing will be left undone to make business transactions between themselves and their customers entirely satisfactory.

À specialty is made by Mrs. Norton of carrying a choice line of fresh Home-Made Bread, Cake and Pastry, which is greatly appreciated among the families of the neighborhood.

Aug. C. Traeger, Restaurant and Buffet, 72 and 74 Center Street.—As with the cadets at West Point in former days, "Benny Havens" was as familiar as household words, so "Traeger's," with the Yale collegians past and present, is significant of many happy hours, and suggestive of all that is elegant and desirable in the matter of refreshments, solid and liquid. "Go to Traeger's," is an expression much in vogue at Yale, and strangers from all parts of the country visiting New Haven patronize the well-known restaurant and buffet at 72 to 78 Center, and corner Church and Chapel streets, and confirm the reputation of this successful caterer as "first among his peers."

This old establishment was founded in 1865 by Mr. Lewis Traeger, the father of the present proprietor, Mr. Aug. C. Traeger, and for comfort and elegance the establishment has always held the leading place in New Haven.

The menu is simply unsurpassable, and the manner of service is all that the most refined or exacting could desire.

The choicest wines of Germany and France, and imported lager and ales, as well as domestic liquors, are always obtainable at Traeger's, and reasonable prices for everything is the invariable rule of the establishment.

Mr. Traeger's premises comprise four floors of his fine building, each 60x125 feet in size, with private wine and dining rooms, and a corps of twenty-five courteous and expert waiters give prompt and polite attendance to guests. The appointments and arrangements of this model house are all that taste could suggest, and the patronage enjoyed from the best classes of people and students generally, emphasizes the popularity of this "prince of caterers."

Mr. Traeger is a genial, courteous gentleman, and his professional skill is called into frequent requisition for the most *recherche* wedding and dining parties and other festive occasions.

**E. H. Graham,** Boarding and Feed Stable, 98 Temple Street, New Haven.—All in search of a first-class stable for boarding and feeding will find one at No. 98 Temple street, kept by E. H. Graham.

These stables were first opened in 1871, by J. Galway. Mr. E. H. Graham, the present proprietor, succeeded to control in 1879. It has been this gentleman's aim to keep a first-class stable, where one may board their horses or where they may obtain first-class feed, and he has succeeded to a marked degree in his undertaking. The stables occupy two floors, 20x50 feet in dimensions, and have ample accommodations for both horses and vehicles, skilled hostlers being employed and every facility at hand for the comfort of animals.

The stalls are neatly cared for and are commodious, great care being taken that proper ventilation is obtained. Mr. Graham is a native of New Haven, and numbers his friends by the score throughout the city. All having business dealings with him will find him thoroughly reliable, liberal in his dealings and reasonable in his prices. We prophecy a long, successful future for him. He also carries on quite a large business in horse-clipping, which is executed in a satisfactory manner.



Smedley Bros., Teamsters, and Storage Warehouse, No. 313 State Street, 171 and 173 Brewery Street, No. 83 Long Wharf.—For many years the requirements of the people of New Haven for storage for merchandise and valuables have in a large measure been met by the old reliable house of Messrs. Smedley Bros., No. 313 State street, where extensive storage warehouses are eligibly located at Nos 171 and 173 Brewery street, with their Freight office at No. 83 Long Wharf. This house was founded in 1868, by the firm of Smedley Bros. & Co., which was composed of Messrs. C. L. & W. W. Smedley, and of late the business has been conducted by the senior partner as sole proprietor, under the old firm name and style.

In meeting the demand for extensive first class storage facilities long existing, by the erection of a commodious and safe building exclusively adapted for and devoted to this purpose, the enterprise has met with most gratifying recognition in a large patronage. The new building is five stories in height, and is 80x160 feet in dimensions, and it is beyond question one of the most complete storage warehouses in New England.

A large fire-proof vault is provided especially for valuables and pictures, and a large elevator runs from the basement to the top of the building, hoisting trucks and vans with their loads, thus saving several handlings and consequent injury. A watchman is constantly on duty day and night, and the most adequate protection

against fire has been provided in the construction and equipment of the establishment. Carriages, baggige, family properties, works of art and general merchandise are securely stored at reasonable rates, and the new vans, made by the firm, especially for the removal of furniture, etc., are entirely enclosed and padded throughout, giving every facility for safely removing statuary, mirrors, paintings and furniture of every description with perfect safety.

Freights are received and forwarded, and through bills of lading are given to all parts of the United States and Canada, and all orders for packing, moving and shipping merchandise are promptly executed in the most satisfactory manner.

Insurance on goods stored with Smedley Bros. & Co., is effected at minimum rates of premium, owing to the exceptionally safe construction of the building. An idea of the extent of the business of the house may be gathered from the fact that 50 men, 75 horses and 60 wagons, vans, etc., are required to conduct it, and the punctuality, and methods of the house uniformly inspire the fullest confidence.

Mr. Smedley is a native of Litchfield, Conn., and has by the exercise of unprecedented energy developed an industry of most important proportions, and has accomplished a work of the greatest benefit to the people of this city. Fine horses for every purpose he offers on reasonable terms. Geo. B. Hanover, Pharmacist, 281 Water St., New Haven, Conn.—With twelve years experience as a practical pharmacist, Mr. Geo. B. Hanover is conducting a flourishing drug business in New Haven, and his establishment at 281 Water street has long been the leading source of medicine supply in this section of the city.

His store is very attractive and tasteful in its arrangement and appointments and every facility for compounding prescriptions, and the accommodation of customers is provided. A tull line of pure and reliable drugs, medicines and chemicals, and druggists' sundries is always kept in stock, and everything is supplied at reasonable prices, and guaranteed of standard excellence. Prescriptions are compounded with greatest care, and accuracy is always guaranteed, and confidence in the skill and ability of this experienced pharmacist is always justified.

Mr. Hanover is a native of New Haven, and established himself in business here in 1878. He is an energetic, progressive business man, and his worth has met with recognition in a large and growing patronage.

William Schnabel, Manufacturer and Repair-er of all kinds of Musical Instruments, 758 Chapel Street.—Notably proficient in the art of music and skilled in the manufacture of musical instruments of every description, Mr. William Schnabel has found ample scope for his energy and ability in a wide range of work in New Haven, during the past six years. During this period he has been successfully engaged in business in this city in the manufacture and repairing of musical instruments of every description, and his work has fully attested his worth in every particular. His establishment is located at No. 758 Chapel street, where he has every faeility and the requisite ability to execute in the most satisfactory manner all commissions for the repair and tuning of musical instruments, string, reed and wind, and the best possible results are obtained by placing orders with this reliable expert.

Mr. Schnabel is a German by birth and his education in musical art and his experience in the manufacture of instruments have eminently qualified him for the successful prosecution of his avocation, and the important proportions his trade has assumed is a just tribute to his technical skill and business worth.

**D. Ackley & Son**, Fish and Oysters, 24 Congress Avenue.—Prominent among the enterprising business houses of New Haven is the firm of D. Ackley & Son, whose place of business is at 24 Congress Avenue. The business was established in 1879, and has grown rapidly and steadily from its inception. Their dealings combine both wholesale and retail transactions, goods being shipped as far as Hartford and Springfield, while a large retail business is done in New Haven and vicinity. They carry a very large stock of fish and oysters, everything being of the best quality which can be selected by the long experience of the firm.

The firm is constituted of Mr. Daniel Ackley and Mr. Fred Ackley, his son. The senior mem-

ber is a native of Haddam, Conn. The junior member of the firm, Mr. Fred Ackley, was born in Bridgeport, Conn., in 1860. They are both very popular socially.

Among the many varieties of fish handled we will mention, Halibut, Haddock, Cod, Perchboth salt and fresh-Eels, Salmon, Oysters, Clams, Scollops, Crabs, Lobsters, etc., etc. All orders by telephone will be filled promptly.

Jacob F. Sheiffele, Retail Dealer in first quality Beef, Pork, Mutton, Lamb, Veal, Sausages, Vegetables, etc., Poultry and Game in their seasons, No. 409 State Street.—Among the many stores in this section of the city devoted to the Provision business, that of Jacob F. Sheiffele deserves special mention as being one of the most popular in this line of trade.

The business was established by Mr. Sheiffele in 1865. He is well-known as an extensive retail dealer in all kinds of Meats and Poultry, besides Vegetables in their season. He carries a complete stock of everything in his line, which will merit commendation on inspection. His goods are purchased from first hands and on such advantageous terms as to enable him to furnish his customers with their supplies at the lowest bottom prices.

Mr. Sheiffele gives his entire time and personal attention to the interests of his patrons. He occupies a large store 100x20 feet in dimensions, located at 409 State street. He has three competent assistants, who give their prompt and courteous attention to all customer. In a business-like manner.

Mr. Sheiffele was born in Germany in 1832, and is highly esteemed for his industry, enterprise and sterling business qualities.

"Athenæum Dining Rooms," W. J. Skinner, Manager, 65 Center Street .- We would call the especial attention of our readers to the establish ment known as the "Athenæum Dining Rooms, so ably managed by Mr. W. J. Skinner, at No. 65 Center street. These rooms were opened in 1876, and the present management assumed control January 1st, and has infused new life into the enterprise and made his energy and practical knowledge felt throughout the establishment. A floor and basement 80x20 feet each are occupied, and the place is fitted up in a tasteful and convenient manner for the comfort of patrons. Trained and courteous waiters are employed and all orders are filled in the quickest manner which is compatible with the toothsomeness of the dish served. The very best that the market affords is used, and as only skillful and experienced cooks are employed, guests are assured that it is no fault of the management if they fail to make a satisfactory meal there at most reasonable prices, a first-class dinner being served for 25 cents. Mr. Skinner is a native of New York city, but has resided here for thirty years, and has made many friends since he became manager of these popular dining rooms. He is a member of the G. A. R. and Knights of Pythias, and is well and favorably known throughout the community.

A. A. Kellogg, Headquarters for Sportsmen's Goods, Nos. 506 State Street, and 3 Elm Street. —This business was established in 1810 by Messrs. Duntzee & Jaynes and after several changes came under the management of the pres ent proprietor, Mr. A. A. Kellogg in 1867. It is safe to say that this is one of the oldest, if not the oldest, in the city, and it has sustained a large annually increasing trade since its present pro-



prietor assumed control and its success has been phenomenal, owing to his fine management and thorough experience in all its minutest details. The premises occupied for trade purposes are located at Nos. 506 State and 3 Elim streets, and comprise two floors, covering an area of 90x30 feet. The trade is of both a wholesale and retail character. These premises are stocked with a large and complete line of everything in the way of sportsmen's goods, and carries the largest stock of breech-loading guns and fishing tackle in the State. Key fitting and bell hanging is also a feature with this house and all orders are attended to in a prompt and satisfactory manner. Three polite and attentive assistants are employed and all are treated in a courteous manner. Mr. Kellogg is a native of New Hartford, Connecticut, and has long been identified with New Haven, where he has built up a business, one of the largest of its kind in the State, and regarded as a reliable and representative house, being a credit to the industries of the city. He is also well known as an expert on guns and is familiar with every detail of the business.

Eagle Drug Store, Deutsche Apotheke, 450 Congress Avenue, New Haven.—One of the largest and most extensive drug houses in this section of the city is that of the "Eagle Drug Store" (Deutsche Apotheke) located at No. 450 Congress avenue. The foundation of the business was laid two years ago by the present manager, John A. Miller. The store covers an area of 24x50 feet, and is neatly and attractively fitted up, being well stocked with every variety of drugs, patent medicines, toilet articles, etc. Prescriptions are carefully and accurately compounded, every detail being under the supervision of Ernst Wadewitz—who has had fifteen years experience. Mr. Miller is a native of New Haven. Both are gentlemen of experience and judgment, being fully capable of attending to the wants of their many customers Promptness in the execution of all orders and the reliability of Mr. Miller has secured for him an enviable reputation throughout the community, and the indications are favorable towards the complete success this young house deserves.

Elm City Suspender Co., Manufacturers of Suspenders, Stocking Supporters and Armlets, No. 365 State Street.—This house, though founded so late as 1881, has already acquired a name and reputation for manufacturing first-class goods. The factory being thoroughly equipped with the latest improvements for the successful prosecution of their trade. Mr. H. Machol was the founder of the business, which in 1882 came under the management which it enjoys at present, Mr. Henry Hertz, who called it the "Elm City Suspender Co." The premises occupied are



located at No. 365 State street, and consist of one floor 60x20 feet in dimensions, employinent being gives to eight skilled hands. The goods manufactured consist of all kinds of suspenders, gents' garters and arm elastics, and the celebrated automatic brace and spinal support. All orders being promptly filled at short notice and most reasona ble prices. All goods being found to excel in execu-

tion, finish and design. Mr. Hertz is a native of Strasburg, Germany, and is a gentleman of business ability and integrity, well and favorably known throughout the city. From personal inspection we say that this house is entirely worthy the patronage of our readers, and they ask no better recommendation for their goods than parties who have purchased them are willing to furnish.

H. H. Blake, Dealer in Crockery, Glass, Tin and Wooden Ware, 756 State Street.-Largely engaged in the above-mentioned line of business, including crockery, glass, tin and wooden-ware, kerosene oil, lamps, etc., whose establishment is one of the most complete of its kind in this seetion of New Haven, we find Mr. H. H. Blake located at No. 756 State street. This house was established in 1871 by Mr. Blake. The premises occupied consist of a fine store 70x20 feet in dimensions, also a basement and storehouse. The display of goods includes, besides those already mentioned, a large stock of fancy goods and toys, stoves, etc., and in addition to this business he also carries on quite a large coal and wood trade. The beauty and variety in all the different departments of this business must be seen to be fully appreciated, and we would advise all our readers to examine the goods contained in this establishment before concluding purchases elsewhere. Mr. Blake is a native of Watertown, Conn., and is thoroughly experienced in all the details of his business. He is polite and attentive to all and is well-fitted by long experience for successfully carrying on the business, and well deserves the confidence, consideration and esteem he enjoys, which has resulted in a large trade throughout this section.

J. H. Kearney, Dealer in Groceries, Provisions and Fruits, 74 and 76 Congress Avenue.—Among the many popular ent rprises of the city of New Haven which bear the marks of increasing pros perity is the establishment of Mr. J. H. Kear ney, located at Nos. 74 and 76 Congress avenue, corner of Hill street. The proprietor established himself here in 1872 and has conducted the busi ness with success. The premises occupied comprise a double store, large and commodious, in which eight employes attend to the wants of customers in a prompt manner. The stock carried is large and select. Mr. Kearney is possessed of intimate relations with shippers, importers and producers, and the choicest groceries will be found in his stock. The greatest care is exercised in procuring the goods, and they may be relied upon for freshness and purity.

A full supply is also carried of provisions, fruits and vegetables. New goods are also constantly arriving.

Mr. Kearney was born in Northampton, Mass., and by strict attention to the wants of his custo mers he now commands a trade of \$100,000 per year, and has become eminently popular with his host of patrons.

A. C. Blenner & Co., Manufacturers of All Kinds of Pickles, Sauces, Oils, Mustards, Vinegar, Horse Radish, Laundry Blue, etc., 141 State Street.—It has been truly said that "hunger is the best sauce," but in these days of plenty, less inconvenient means of stimulating the appeitie are resorted to by all classes and conditions. Indeed, no menu in our day is complete without condiments, and the degree of perfection attained in the manufacture of pickles, sauces, etc., has made these articles of food among the most important items in the bills of fare of modern times. Among the extensive manufacturers of wholesale dealers in this class of merchandise, and table delicacies in New England is the wellknown firm of A. C. Blenner & Co.

This enterprise was inaugurated in 1878, and from the beginning the business has been conducted with unvarying success under the present firm name and style.

The premises comprise a large five-story building, fully supplied with machinery and appli ances for the manufacture of pickles, sauces, oils, mustards, jellies, catsup, vinegar, horse radish, laundry blue, etc., operated by steam power, and a competent force of employees are engaged in the several departments of the business. The firm are rapidly growing famous for the superior quality of their product and merchandise generally, and the house is the popular source of supply for jobbers and the trade generally in the Eastern and Middle States. Messrs. Blenner & Co, are large packers of lambs' tongues, pigs' feet, tripe, etc., and supply the delicacies above enumerated at lowest possible margin above cost of production, and in quality as in prices the firm successfully compete with any house in their line in the United States.

The firm is composed of Messrs, A. C. and B. P. Blenner, both of whom are well and widely known in business circles as merchants of unquestioned probity, whose energy and honorable business methods command the general confidence of the trade at home and abroad.

A. E. Dudley & Son, Fire Insurance Agents, 818 Chapel Street, Rooms 12 and 13, Phœnix Building.—Probably no Fire Insurance Agency in New Haven has had a more honorable existence than that of A. E. D dley & Son, whose office is located at 818 Chapel street, where they occupy two rooms, 12 and 13, in the Phœnix Building. This firm was established in 1871 by A. E. Dudley, who had enjoyed a previous experience as solicitor for seven years. In 1878 he admitted his son, Frederick A., as partner. This firm has, since its start, been considered amongst the leading insurance firms in the city, representing as it does some of the finest companies in the country, among which we may name the Agricultural, Watertown, N. Y., Hartford County Mutual of Hartford, Citizens of New York city, Clinton of New York city, Mechanics of Brooklyn, N. Y., Peoples of Mauchester, and the Granite State of Portsmouth. N. H.

This firm, enjoying a long experience in insurance matters, has secured a patronage among property owners, which would not appear strange when it is known that this house can truthfully affirm during sixteen years it has never failed to pay the indemnities arising from losses of its patrons, with a single exception, where to have paid it would have been to put a premium on fraud. From this it will be seen that both the insurer and the insured obtain their strict rights through this agency, and invariably will be given satisfaction. Mr. A. E. Dudley is a native of Guilford, Conn., while his son, Fred. A., was born in Stratford, Conn. Their business is principally in New Haven and vicinity, and in their office which is 15x25 feet in dimensions, they employ several competent assistants to facilitate their increasing business. . Mr. A. E. Dudley is a member of Wooster Lodge of Masons, and both gentlemen feel grateful for their liberal patronage, and are sure that with long experience in the business and a good line of reliable companies they can give satisfaction to all their patrons. Insurance effected on all kinds of property. Losses honorably adjusted and promptly paid. They have recently added to their line of companies and can now place large lines of insurance. Messrs. Dudley & Son, are connected by telephone.

C. & A. G. Walters, Tailors, Clothes Made to Order, Cleaned and Repaired, Room 8, 792 Chapel St.—This firm of C. & A. G. Walters was established in 1872, and consists of Christian Walters, who is a native of Germany, and his son, Adolph G. Walters, a native of New York. These gentlemen occupy a centrally-located room, 45 x 30 feet in dimensions, situated at No. 792 Chapel street, which is devoted to the manufacture of fine custom clothing, making a specialty of cleaning, repairing, and making alterations of gentlemen's clothing. Several experienced hands are employed; the proprietors, however, supe intend every detail. The trade is very large. This is the most popular tailoring house of its kind in the city, and to all those desiring first-class work, we commend this house.

Mr. Adolph G. Walters has been president and treasurer of the Arctic Coterie Benefit Association. Both gentlemen are highly esteemed citizens. The New Haven Japan and Varnish Co., Makers of Fine Varnishes, Baking Japans, Lacquers, Hard Oil Finish and Dryers, Kimberly Ave., New Haven.—The growing importance of the carriage manufacturing interests which have brought her distinction at home and abroad, has developed other industries correspondingly great, and the city is now not only famous for her carriage factories, but as a producing point for all that enters into the construction of vehicles. The New Haven Japan and Varnish Company is one of these representative industrial enterprises, and in the six years of its existence the concern has taken a leading place among the kindred manufacturing establishments of the country.

The company was organized and incorporated 20th of January, 1881, and from the beginning its affairs have been conducted with mark+d success, exceptional ability, energy and tact. The extensive works of the company at New Haven are a model of completeness, and the corporation have at hand every facility and they are thus enabled to manufacture in large quantitics everything in their line of finest quality, and to place their goods upon the market at lowest prices, in all respects successfully competing with any similar concern in the United States. The output comprises fine varnishes, baking Japans, lacquers, hard-oil finish, dryers, especially adapted to carriage builders purposes, and in all markets the company may safely rest their claims to patronage on the merits of their merchandise.

Mr. Carlos Smith is the president and treasurer of this well known company, and Mr. John S. Fleury is the efficient secretary and superintendent, and in their keeping the interests of the company are in every way subserved, and its reputation and trade maintained.

**Platt & Thompson**, Interior Decorators, Painting and Frescoing, 64 and 66 Orange Street.— In olden times the art of interior decoration was reserved for palaces, cathedrals, churches and theaters, etc., and it was not until recently that the decoration of our dwellings and business places became so popular. The art of painting and frescoing ranks above the common branches of business as it requires the taste and skill of artists to execute the beautiful designs which are now so frequently to be seen. Prominent among this line of artists is the firm of Platt & Thompson, who commenced business in 1882 and during the whole of its career it has been noted for its high class and tasteful work in wall decorations.

Messrs. Platt & Thompson employ upwards of twenty-five workmen whose tastes and skill is often displayed in the elegant buildings they have decorated. This firm executes painting in all its branches and no establishment in this city is more prompt, energetic or enterprising in keeping abreast with the improved tastes of the times.

These gentlemen are distinguished among the mural decorators of this city and their steadily increasing business denotes the merited success they have already gained. They are respected for their general courtesy and business integrity and all orders entrusted to them will be faithfully performed.



Sam. Thompson, Billiard Parlors, 890 Chapel Street, Insurance Building.—An old and popular resort for those in quest of recreation are the elegant billiard parlors of Sam. Thompson, No. 890 Chapel street, the oldest, and unquestionably the finest and largest, on Chapel Street. It goes without saying that the man\*gement of this establishment has been all that could be desired, when it is remembered that for thirty years this veteran has enjoyed a large proportion of the most desirable patronage of the people of New Haven, and students of Yale College, and that from the beginning the business has prospered.

Mr. Thompson's parlors are  $80 \times 70$  feet in dimensions, and are models of completeness and good management. The rooms are artistically ornamented, and equipped with tables of the best and latest manufacture, and the good order and respectability of the place makes it a popular resort for the lovers of these scientific games,

Every facility for quiet enjoyment of the games is provided, and an hour spent in these model parlors is a most pleasant experience for players or "lookers on in Venice."

Mr. Thompson is a native of New Haven, and is well and widely known for his business enterprise and worth, and in establishing and maintaining his first-class, respectable parlors, he has met with decided and deserved success.

M. Armstrong & Co., Manufacturers of Fine Carriages, 433 Chapel Street.—Prominently among the old and representative firms that have contributed largely to the material progress of the city as a source of supply of fine carriages is the house of M. Armstrong & Co., located at 433 Chapel street. This business was established in 1859 by M. Armstrong and G. and T. Alling un-der the firm name of M. Armstrong & Co. In 1867 the interest of G. and T. Alling was pur-chased by M. Armstrong, who has since that time continued the business under the original firm name. The works are very spacious, occupying a fine brick building of six floors with a frontage of 100 feet on Chapel street, and a very large number of experienced and skillful workmen are employed in the various departments. The production is what is known as the heavier order of carriages, comprising Landaus, Coaches, Coupes, Broughams, Victorias, Cabriolets, Han-som Cabs, etc., of which a large assortment may always be found in their warerooms. The productions of this establishment have for many years been known as the finest and best work made, combining beauty of design, ease of riding, lightness of running, luxuriousness of finish, and durability. Mr. Armstrong is a native of New York city and has been Councilman and Alderman of the City of New Haven and is a well known and highly esteemed citizen.

Beers' Photograph Parlors, 762 Chapei Street. -Few who have reached middle age can fail to remember the tedious job it was some fifteen or twenty years ago to have one's photograph taken, who can forget the stiff, unnatural attitudes one was forced to assume at the direction and bidding of the photographic "artists" of those early days. But now everything is changed, true art has found its way into the business and the instantaneous process, by which, instead of the ancient "sitting" of three minutes, a likeness is taken in less than a second, has truly worked wonders. A striking example of the tremendous strides towards perfection which have been made in the photographic art is to be found in the many establishments which exist for its prosecution. Here in New Haven, for instance, is the gallery conducted by Mr. W. A. Beers, an artist in every sense of the word, which is situated at No. 762 Chapel street. The firm name when it was originally started in 1850, was that of Wm. Judson, by Beers & Mansfield, who, in 1867, were succeeded by the present proprietor, Wm. A Beers. This old established house was the first to make photographs and introduce ambrotypes in New Haven, and at present writing they number more negatives than any other gallery in the city, namely, 52,000. When they started nothing but daguerreotypes were known, which only goes to prove the rapid advauce photography has made in the past thirty five years. Their work em-braces crayon and India ink pictures, as well as all styles of photos.

Mr. Beers is universally admitted to be one of the best photographers here, and his large and elegantly fitted up waiting room is very rarely free from visitors. Five capable and efficient assistants are employed.

Mr. Beers is a native of New Haven, and has been Councilman of New Haven two different terms and is a prominent citizen, as well as thorough artist.

Broadway Stables, 39 Broadway, F. C. Candee, Proprietor .- Neat and attractive stables for both livery, feed, boarding and sale, are those known as the "Broadway Stables," and situated at No. 39 Broadway. This enterprise was originated in 1884 by Mr. F. C. Candee, the present proprie tor, and has been conducted by him in a thoroughly creditable manner, not only furthering his own interests, but those of the community in general. Mr. Candee is a fine judge of horseflesh, and all wishing to buy or exchange horses will find him a thoroughly reliable man, and liberal in his dealings with all. His stables occupy two floors, with an area of 100x80 ft. and he keeps constantly on hand for livery purposes 12 car-riages, same number of horses, besides ample accommodations for boarding horses. The premises are finely arranged and well ventilated, having commodious stalls and every facility at hand for the care of horses and vehicles, capable hostlers being employed, and everything possible done for the accommodation of its patrons.

Mr. Candee is a native of Oxford. Conn., and has served as Selectman of that town. Since his residence here he has obtained an enviable reputation for integrity and strict business principles.

Henry Austin & Son, Architects, Office, Street's Building, 746 Chapel Street.—One of the oldest and best known architects in Connecticut is Mr. Henry Austin, of the firm of Henry Austin & Son, who, for the past fifty years, have been identified with the interests of this city, and who are the pioners in this line in the United States. The senior partner was born in the year 1804 and commenced the architectural business in the year 1836, and at that time there



was only one other of the same profession in the State. Some 3 years after opening the office assistance was employed to keep up with the demand for drawings, etc., and have had since on an average three draughtsmen in the office continually. Many leading architects in this city and in the West graduated

from this office. Of the many buildings drawn by Mr. Austin are the City Hall, Yale National Bank, Hoadley Building, private dwellings and churches in this city, also in all parts of the State, as well as in every State of the Union, and all speak of Mr. Austin's taste and skill. About 1857 a partnership was formed with one of his draughtsmen, but lasted only a short time. In 1880 Mr. F. D. Austin became associated with him, and the firm name still remains as such.

Mr. Austin tells of several people calling upon him after opening the office, who stopped in to find out what an architect was.

Mr George C. A. Brown, an architect of this city, is now located with Messrs. Austin & Son, who have orders for several buildings in the city and about the State.

Architecture, like any other profession, has become common, and draughtsmen are as plenty as skippers in an old cheese, still they get a living it is presumed. As a suggestion to those who are about to build should advise them to go to a professional architect for consultation, and decide upon what they want before applying to a carpenter, as many carpenters will rough off on a piece of board or old grocery paper a few marks and contract for the work, and on completion there are many points neglected that are serious matters to the owner, and trouble frequently arises from a misunderstanding and often a lawsuit.

Many prominent buildings have been constructed after plans drawn by these gentlemen and built under their personal supervision, both in this city and throughout the United States. Both members of the firm are well and favorably known in business and social circles. Mr. H. Austin is a native of Hamden, Ct., and Mr. F. D. Austin of this city. Selden House, T. M. Kenna, Proprietor, 440 State St.—It is a trite but true saying that "they are best governed who are least governed," and by analogy, those of the masses who are the least restrained by the conventionalities of social life find the greatest amount of happiness at home and abroad. To the average traveler, who prefers substantial comfort at a reasonable price to style, often at the sacrifice of personal conven ience, and always at considerable expense, a hotel where the nearest approach to the ease and enjoyment of home is attained is a priceless boon; and where these conditions and popular prices both obtain, the ideal hostelry of the great majority of the traveling public is reached.

There is not in New England a house more nearly approaching this ideal than the Selden House, formerly "Madison," of New Haven, which for many years has maintained its prestige and patronage as one of the best conducted establishments in the State. Since October, 1886, under the proprietorship of Mr. Thomas M. Kenna, the Selden has more than retained its hold on popular favor. Its central location on one of the principal thoroughfares, with street cars passing the door, at short intervals, to and from all parts of the city; the number, furnishing and arrangement of the rooms, and the completeness of the house in its appointments alone make it a desirable home for strangers, and when the excellence of its cuisine and the proverbial zeal of the proprietor in behalf of the pleasure and comfort of his gues's are considered, the "Selden' takes first place in the esteem of the traveling public sojourning in this city.

Mr. Kenna has first-class accommodations for 100 guests, and guarantees to satisfy the most fastidious in matters of bed and board at most reasonable prices. He makes specially low rates for theatrical parties, with whom his house is the most popular in the city, and his allability and courtesy make him a universal favorite with his guests.

Mr. Kenna is a New York man by birth, and has resided in New Haven for 17 years. He was formerly successfully engaged in business here as a manufacturer of machinery, patterns, etc., and is favorably known in manufacturing circles as an expert in all matters involving mechanical skill and ingenuity. He is a model bost in all that the term implies, and possesses that tact which makes even transient guests his warm, personal friends.

Fred'k Lendroth, Dealer in Choice Groceries and Provisions, Meats and Vegetables, Teas, Coffees, Spices, &c., First Class Family Flour, No. 121 Hamilton Street.—Popular among the many business houses in New Haven devoted to the grocery and provision trade, is that of Mr. Fred'k Lendroth, located at 121 Hamilton street. This store is large and well titted up for the handling of a choice stock of goods, comprising in the grocery department the best brands of flour, teas, coffees, spices, and, in fact, everything in the staple and fancy grocery line, and for quality and freshness the stock carried has no superior in this section of the city.

In the provision department may be constantly | ihorough control. Mr. Heming found a full line of meats and vegetables, such as | the reputation as an undertaker.

beef, mutton, pork, lard, hams, veal and poultry, also corned and smoked meats, and every kind of vegetables in their season. Mr Frederick Lendroth established his business in 1872, and now enjoys one of the most sub-tantial customs in the city. Mr. Lendroth gives his entire time to the business, and the careful selection of his stock, which combines purity and low prices, renders it desirable for customers to visit this store before purchasing elsewhere. Mr. Lendroth is an enterprising, energetie, business man, courteous to all, and has succeeded in making this store one of the most popular of its kind in New Haven. The public are assured of receiving only first-class goods at the lowest market prices

first-class goods at the lowest market prices Mr. Fred'k R. Lendroth is a native of Germany, and the honorable, upright manner of conducting his business has gained him much popularity. He is a member of the Odd Fellows.

Nathan J. Beers, Apothecary, No. 51 Broadway.—A well-known and popular member of the pharmaceutical profession in this city is Mr. Nathan J. Beers, Apothecary, 51 Broadway, who enjoys a large patronage and bears an excellent reputation for accuracy and reliability in compounding physicians' prescriptions.

Mr. Beers, who is a native of New Haven, succeeded in 1871 Mr. O. B. Leavenworth, who was the founder of this house.

He occupies two floors, 30x80 feet in dimensions. His store is handsomely equipped with an attractive arrangement of goods, imparting to the place a very inviting appearance and a well selected stock is carried of pure drugs, chemicals and extracts, proprietary medicines, medicinal wines and liquors, toilet articles, perfumery goods, etc. Two experienced assistants are employed, the prescription department, however, being under the close personal supervision of the proprietor.

C. A. Hemingway, Undertaker, 298 Elm Street.—If any enterprise is entitled to prominence ar d confidence, that of Mr. C. A. Hemingway can certainly make such claim, as it ranks among the most reliable undertaking establishments in the city. The business was established in 1873, at Dobbs Ferry, N. Y, by Mr. Hemingway, he removed his business to New Haven in 1884; and under his energetic and capable management has enjoyed uninterrupted success. He possesses an extensive experience in the business, and by his care and industry has built up a large trade. He takes full charge of the dead, furnishing everything required for the plainest and most expensive funerals, and his sympathy and fine sense of propriety go far toward moderating the grif of families or Triends.

The premises occupy one floor, 20 x 100 feet in dimensions, finely arranged and adapted to the business. In connection with his undertaking establishment, Mr. Hemingway makes and repairs mattresses; repairs, upholsters and varnishes furniture; also, carpets, oilcloths and matting laid. Every department of the enterprise is, in fact, well organized and under a thorough control. Mr. Hemingway enjoys a fine the reputation as an undertaker. **Bradley Bros.**, Dealers in Choice Beef, Pork, Mutton, Hams, Vegetables, &c., 26 Grand Ave.— One of the foremost and most popular provision dealers in this part of the city are Messrs. Bradley Bros., whose place of business is at No. 26 Grand ave. This firm established themselves twenty-one years ago, and by uniformly fair and liberal dealing has since then built up a business of which they may well be proud and which has few parallels in the city among those engaged in a similar line of trade.

A very large and complete stock of meats, poultry, hams, mutton, pork, fresh and salt fish and canned goods are kept constantly on hand, as well as all vegetables in their season. It requires the occupancy of a large store 30 x 40 feet to accommodate this large bu-iness, which is exclusively retail; several employees are on hand to assist the proprietors in attending to the wants of their customers.

The Messrs. Bradley are natives of Connecticut, and are twins, Elford and Elliott Bradley. The meats of this house cannot fail to be fresh and of first-class qualities, as they do their own killing, and their conveniences for cold storage and refrigerators are unsurpassed. They have always conducted their business on principles of strict integrity, and although ever enterprising and alert to every chance to increase their trade in a legitimate manner, they never seek to make a sale by misrepresentation, either by themselves or by those in their employ.

Catering as they do to all classes, they nevertheless make a specialty of the finer cuts of meat, and from the immense stock which they carry, they are able to suit the most fastidious.

H. A. Gray, Furniture, Bedding and House Furnishing Goods, 33 Church Street,-One of the oldest, largest and most firmly established concerns in the city of New Haven is that carried on by Mr. H. A. Gray, No. 33 Church street, for the manufacture and sale of furniture, bedding and house furnishing goods. Mr. H. A. Gray is a native of Brunswick, N. Y., but has been a resident of Connecticut since 1830, coming to New Haven in 1843. He inaugurated his present busi ness in 1865 on the corner of Center and Church When Center street was cut through streets. one half of the store he then occupied was taken and he was thus obliged to move, reaching his present quarters in 1871. From 1867 to 1878 the business was carried on under the firm name of H. A. & I. H. Gray, but since the latter date the firm has been known as H. A. Gray. The business occupies no less than four floors, each of the dimensions of 21x75. Mr. Gray carries a very extensive stock of house furnishing goods and has fitted out many a family besides not a few from out of town. All articles necessary to furnish a modern house may be had of Mr. Gray. He has, as one may say, grown old in the business and has supplied young couples with housekeeping goods, that were the children of those whom he had furnished goods twenty-one years ago. Such experience added to rigid integrity partial-ly explains the origin of the immense business done by Mr. Gray. His goods are reliable, his prices are low and his guarantee as good as gold. is highly esteemed.

T. G. W. Jefferson, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Paper Hanging, Lamps, Curtain Fuxtures, Also Artists' Materials and Painters' Supplies, Nos. 15 and 19 Grand Avenue.—Not by any means the least important branch of industry in this city, and one deserving of special recognition, is that of



the interior decorator and dealer in paints, paper hangings, etc. One of the oldest  $\epsilon$ stablished and most reliable houses in this field of activity in New Haven, is that of Mr. T. G. W. J eff erson, which was originally es-

tablished in 1844. The premises occupied consist of a commodious and attractively arranged double store room, 40x60 feet in size. This veteran dealer carries a very large stock of wall papers, imported and domestic, and in latest styles and designs, and a full assortment of paints, oils, varnishes, brushes, glass and painters' and glaziers' supplies generally, and merchandise of standard excellence is offered at lowest margin of profit, and every sale is warranted to give satisfaction to the purchaser.

Mr. Jefferson is a veteran painter and paper hanger, and employs in his business a force of from twenty-five to thirty men, skilled in house and sign painting, and interior decorating. Orders for painting, kalsonining, graining and paper hanging, are filled promptly, and in the most artistic manner, and window shades are made and hung, and fixtures supplied at reasonable rates.

All goods are delivered free of charge, and orders by telephone or otherwise have prompt attention. The business of this reliable house has attained large proportions, and his facilities for executing work or supplying goods in his line, are equaled by few and surpassed by none of his competitors in New Haven.

Mr. Jefferson is a native of the Elm City and is well and widely known and universally esteemed for his worth, business and personal.

J. Segel, Dealer in Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, Optical Goods, 815 Grand Avenue.—As in nearly all branches, great improvements have been made recently in the jewelry trade. In this interesting department of trade, attention is directed to the deservedly popular establishment of Mr. J. Segel, watchmaker and jeweler, situated at No 815 Grand avenue. Here can always be found an exceedingly fine stock, and purchasers can rely upon receiving polite attention.

Mr. Segel, who is a native of Russia, established this business in 1883, and being a practical and expert workman, has rapidly built up a sub-tantial patronage, the trade being now very large. The store is 30 x 40 feet in size and is handsomely fitted up; repairing is also satisfactorily done, all work being carefully executed and warranted. Mr. Segel is a member of the "Foresters," and is highly esteemed. **E.** Stannard & Son, Iron Founders and Pattern Makers, 30 to 38 Artizan Street.—One of the best known firms in New Haven engaged in business as iron founders is the house of E. Stannard & Son, whose foundry runs from 30 to 38 Artizan street. This business was started in 1863 by the elder Mr. Stannard, and thus, having been carried on for more than a score of years, abundant opportunity has been afforded the public to judge of the quality of the work done, and that the verdict is favorable is fully proved by the large and constantly increasing number of orders received.

As a legitimate outcome of their foundry business the Messrs, Stannard carry on a large pat tern shop where any desired pattern is made to order in the best manner which years of experience, both as practical iron founders and pattern makers, will allow.

The lot occupied comprises an area of 130x100 feet, and on it are two buildings, each two sto ries high, the capacity of the steam engine used to run the necessary machinery being 20 horsepower. Employment is given to forty men and everything in and about the works indicates a most flourishing and prosperous business. The elder Mr. Stanuard is a native of Clintou, Middlesex county, Conn., but for the past forty years has been a resident of New Haven. His son, who is a native of New Haven, is well and favorably known through a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

The business done is mostly confined to Connecticut, although some orders are received from parties outside the State.

**A. W. Flint,** Elm City Livery, Board and Feeding Stables, 684 Chapel Street.—The Elm City Livery and Boarding Stables, the largest and most complete in New Haven, was established about twenty years ago by Mr. E. E. Bris-



tol, and in 1885 Mr. A. W. Flint became proprietor. In connection with his large livery business Mr. Flint conducts a large trade in horses and carriages, sleighs, harnesses and all kinds of horse furnishings and turf goods.

He occupies for business purposes two floors of his large building, 60x100 feet in dimensions, and has for livery and sale purposes fifty horses and forty coupés, hacks, and other vehicles. Teams are supplied at short notice and special rates are made for weddings, funerals and private parties, and orders by telephone have prompt attention.

Horses are boarded and cared for in the most satisfactory manner, and the prices charged areuniformly reasonable. The turnouts of Mr. Flint are as stylish and serviceable as any in New England, and in every particular the stable is a model of completeness and good management.

Those desiring to purchase sound horses orfine carriages for any purpose find in Mr. Flint a most reliable and responsible party with whom to deal, and his facilities for supplying everything in his line at lowest margin above actual cost are all that could be desired.

Everything offered is new and first-class and is invariably warranted as represented and the fullest confidence in the business worth and honorable methods of this representative business man is always justified.

Mr. Flint is a Connecticut man by birth and enjoys the esteem and regard of all with whom he is brought into business relations. The stables are under the personal supervision of Mr. H. S. Spencer, a gentleman of long experience inthe business and very popular with the public.

J. J. Kraft (successor to Kraft Brothers), Merchant Tailor, 26 Center Street.—If honorable business methods, integrity and a determination to give value for value are features deserving of success, there are surely few business men more justly entitled to prosperity than Mr. J. J. Kraft, merchant tailor, who, for the past year on his own account, and since 1873 as a member of the firm of Kraft Brothers, has been successfully engaged in business in New Haven. Eligibly located at No. 26 Center street, Mr.

Eligibly located at No. 26 Center street, Mr. Kraft's premises comprise an area of 30x80 feet, and his rooms are admirably adapted for his purposes, and models of taste and completeness, n their appointments.

Twelve thoroughly experienced and capable cutters and tailors are employed on the prem ises, and a large amount of work is performed outside, the extensive business developed requiring a large number of employes. The stock of piece goods offered to the public from which to. select material for garments of every description, embraces the latest styles and correct designs in imported and domestic cloths, cassimeres, diagonals, worsteds, suitings, etc., some of which is of Mr. Kraft's own importation. The taste evidenced in the selection of fabrics, the skill to manufacture every article of gents' and boys' attire in the most artistic manner, and to supply every demand of fashion at reasonable prices, have made Mr. Kraft's establishment one of the most popular resorts for those desiring the best garments obtainable. The long experience of this reliable merchant tailor, coupled with a thorough knowledge of what constitutes symmetry and beauty of design in wearing apparel, has given Mr. Kraft a proficiency attained by few in his line in this city, and the truth of this is ex-emplified in the high reputation his garments have attained.

Mr. Kraft is of German nativity. He has every facility to guarantee to his patrons perfect fit, correct styles, reliable goods, and workmanshipnot excelled in this or any other city in New-England.

American Needle and Fish Hook Co., 4 Artizan Street .- New Haven has long held a preeminent reputation as a manufacturing center, and there are certain enterprises carried on here which cannot be regarded as of secondary importance to the growth and prosperity of the city in an industrial sense. Of such concerns as are entitled to consideration the "American Needle and Fish Hook Co." must not be forgotten.

Established in 1867 as the "American Hook and Needle Co." the only change has been in the past twenty years in a reversal of the name, and this company has now reached a place in the manufactories of New Haven excelled by none. The factory is located at 11 Artizan and consists of a fine building, three stories and basement, with an area of 80x40 feet. Twenty-five operatives, most of whom are experts in their line, are engaged here, while the machinery is operated by a thirty horse power steam engine. The products of this house consist of all kinds of brook, river and deep-sea, double-refined cast-steel fish hooks.

This is a joint-stock company, with the following officers and directors: Wm. R. Shelton, President and Treasurer; James M. Mason, Secretary; and Messrs. Thos. Walter of Ansonia, Ct., C. I. Merals of New York city and J. P. Tuttle of New Haven are the Directors. Mr. Wm, R. Shelton has occupied the office of Mayor for two years and Town Agent for eight, and is one of New Haven's most esteemed citizens.

**Hinman's** Real Estate, Fire, Life and Aceident Insurance Agency, 63 Church Street, opp. Post Office .- The average business man would no more think of carrying on business without being insured against fire than he would of leaving the doors and windows of his store open all night, and thus inviting the entrance of thieves, for he would justly consider that in either case he was carelessly braving serious loss. Yet many of these same men laugh at the idea of insuring their lives, and are seemingly perfectly unaware of the inconsistency they display by so doing, for, while fire insurance only provides against *possible* calamity, life insurance guaran-tees that those most dear to you shall not suffer want from an unpreventable and inevitable contingency.

No man need go uninsured for want of an opportunity for our cities abound in agencics and one of the most reliable and successful of these is that conducted by Messrs, L. B. Hinman and N. M. Cooke, Jr., at 63 Church street, opp. post office, under the name of Hinman's Real Estate, Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Agency. The Niagara and Park companies of New York, and the Elliot of Boston are represented, as well as the Guarantee Mutual Accident of New York, and others.

Mr. Hinman began business in New Haven in 1864, with the house of Wm. Terry & Co., in the grain business, and from 1865 the firm was Cooper, Hinman & Co. In 1871 he began the real estate business and continued alone up to 1874 when the house was known as Long & Hinman. In 1876 Mr. Long retired and under the leaders in his branch of trade in New Ha name of L. B. Hinman business was continued has well deserved his gratifying success.

up to 1885 when Mr. Cooke came into the firm, Mr. Hinman was born in Kent, Ct., and was formerly a member of the city council of New Mr. Cooke is a native of Georgia. Haven

In addition to the insurance business done real estate is bought and sold, rents collected and money loaned, and in this connection it is interesting to know that Mr. Hinman has loaned over \$2,000,000 in New Haven and vicinity, and never lost a dollar of interest or principal.

O. N. Hull, Photographer, 823 Chapel Street. -Many things in artistic work to be admired would be disclosed to one's view by a visit to the photographic studio of Mr. O. N. Hull, located at No. 823 Chapel street. This business, which is one of the oldest in the city, was established in 1863 by Mr. Burwell, succeeded in 1865 by Messrs. Hull & Davis, Mr. Hull becoming sole proprietor in 1883. This gentlemen has gained a high reputation as a clever artist with a thorough knowledge of every detail of the business, thus building up a large and increasing trade. The studio is located very centrally and occupies two floors, 165x30 feet and 30x30 feet in size respectively, the reception room being handsomely furnished, the display of pietures being remarkably fine. His trade extends some miles around New Haven and he also has many eity patrons.

All orders are executed in a prompt and satisfactory manner. The polite attention of Mr. Hull and his skilled assistants and the extremely reasonable prices prevailing leave no room for criticism, while first-class work in every respect is done here. Mr. Hull's native city is New Haven and we guarantee that all who visit his studio will return.

Edward Tcbin, Dealer and Jobber in Bar Glassware of Every Description, etc., 175 Meadow Street, New Haven.—There is no house in New England with better facilities for supplying bar glassware, counters and fixtures than that of Mr. Edward Tobin, No. 175 Meadow street, and for six years this enterprising business man has been the recognized leader in his line of trade in this city.

The premises, which are desirably located, comprise two floors, each 25x80 feet in dimensions, and the stock in trade is very complete, comprising everything beautiful and desirable in the wide range of cut and pressed glassware, plain and ornamented in beautiful designs and suited to all requirements of liquor dealers and the general public. In quality, variety and prices, Mr. Tobin may safely invite comparison with any competing house in the city. He supplies counters and fixtures of every description at manufacturers' quotations, and has by his square dealing and energy cstablished himself in a large wholesale and retail trade which is stead ily increasing and extending.

Mr. Tobin is a native of Providence, R. I., and is an active member of the Foresters' Association of New Haven. He is recognized as among the leaders in his branch of trade in New Haven, and

Rosien & Henderson, Florists and Gardeners, 1060 Chapel Street, Opposite Art School; Greenhouses, Hard Street, Westville.—The love of flowers is implanted in nearly every human breast and they are used as symbols to express emotions of the most diversely opposite nature. The wedding party or social gathering is not complete without them, and they are equally in demand when performing the last sad rites for the dead. For house ornamentation they are eagerly sought after, a fine collection of flowers about a house indicating a refined and cultivated taste on the part of the inmates. In New Haven we have a number of gentlemen engaged in the business of supplying flowers, plants, bulbs, and everything pertaining to the florist's art, none of whom have acquired a more enviable reputation than Messrs. Rosien & Henderson, located at No 1060 Chapel street, opposite the Art School, whose green houses are located on Hard street, Westville. Their store covers an area of  $40 \times 15$ feet, and is well stocked with a large and beautiful assortment of cut flowers, plants, etc. Their green houses are large and contain a great varie-ty of choice tropical and other rare plants and flowers. They are experts in all blanches of their profession, and their bouquets and floral decorations are in great demand among the best families of this city and vicinity. All orders are promptly filled at short notice. Besides furnishing cut flowers, bouquets and floral designs, these gentlemen devote special attention to the arrangement and stocking of private gardens and lawns which they lay out and keep in order, and they are fully able to meet all demands made upon them in the lines above mentioned.

H. Machol, Merchant Tailor, No. 735 Chapel Street,-It is a well-known saying and one worthy of no small amount of credence that "the clothes make the man " But they must be good clothes, however, which is quite another thing, and the trouble is now a days to find an establishment where garments, suitable for the outer covering of a gentleman, are made of good, hon est material, which are of fashionable style, per-fect fit, and last, but by no means least, at a reasonable outlay. Such an establishment is that conducted by Mr. H. Machol, who has been in the business since 1866, and is now l cated at No. 735 Chapel street. Mr. Machol makes a specialty of handling only the very best quality of goods in the various lines of American and foreign stuffs, and never uses "shoddy" goods of any kind. Mr. Machol keeps constantly in stock a complete line of goods in checks, corkscrews, broadcloths, diagonals, worsteds, cassimeres, etc., all of the very best quality and at moderate prices. He is recognized as being one of the very best judges of fashion, style and fit in New Haven, and counts among his permanent customers many of our most wealthy and prominent citizens. He employs a force of two cutters and twenty to sew. All orders have Mr. Machol's personal attention and supervision from first to last. In his business it has always been his aim to meet the needs of his patrons by every means in his power, and so has not only made hosts of perma nent customers, but many warm personal friends. We commend this establishment to all desiring well made clothing to order at reasonable prices. enjoys.

C. F. Kutscher, Manufacturer of Confectionery, Ice Cream, Root Beer, etc., 1132 Chapel St.—A prominent house engaged in the manufacture of fine confections is that of Mr. C. F. Kutscher of No. 1132 Chapel street. The business was founded in 1883, by the present proprietor, who is a native of Germany. The house has secured a very liberal and extensive paronage in consequence of the fine quality of its confectionery and ice cream. Purity is the main essential with these goods, and the difficulty to obtain candies and confectionery devoid of adulteration is so great, that the advantage of dealing with a house whose reputation for making none but the purest and best articles is at once evident. All Mr. Kutscher's confectionery is manufactured from the very best materials obtainable, and every care and attention are paid, affording thus a guaranty that only the best products shall be found at his establishment. Mr. Kutscher is considered one of the best confectioners and manufacturers of ice cream in the city and his store, which is large and elegantly furnished, is fitted up with first-class counters, tables, fine show cases, handsome soda water fountain, and every possible convenience for the comfort of his numerous customers.

Particular attention is paid to orders from churches, fairs, parties, weddings, etc. Several capable and efficient hands are employed, and the trade is wholesale as well as retail. The house has achieved great success, and this has been fully merited.

Mr. Kutscher also carries on a full line of choice bread, cake and pastry of all kinds, which is received fresh every day.

M. F. Caffery, Dealer in Choice Family Gro-ceries, etc., cor. Meadow Street and Farren Ave., East End Quinnipiac Bridge.—Among the many grocery dealers of New Haven, Mrs. M. F. Caffery occupies a prominent and leading posi-tion. This store is located at the corner of Farren avenue and Meadow street, east end of Quin-nipiac bridge. The business was established in September, 1886, and success seems to have attended it from the first. That the articles sold are choice is proved by the character of the trade and that the prices are reasonable is shown by the manner in which Mrs. Caffery has not only held her own, but constantly augmented her trade in spite of the sharp and enterprising competition which she is naturally obliged to meet. The trade is large, several assistants are on hand to attend to the wants of customers and they will be found active, intelligent and obliging by all who have dealings with them. The goods in stock are very tastefully arranged in the spacious store, which occupies an area of 30x45 feet, and exquisite neatness is the rule through-out the establishment. Groceries of all descriptions are received fresh daily, among which will be found choice teas, coffees, spices, sugars, etc., also a full line of meats and vegetables in their season. It is safe to assert that this is one of the popular stores of its kind in (East) Fair Haven and we prophesy a brilliant future for the house, if it continues under the fine management it now

174

W. T. Northrop, Loans Negotiated, Real Estate, Room 2, 63 Church St., Opp. P. O.— In spite of the many enterprising gentlemen enterprising gentlemen engaged in the real estate business in all our large cities, New Haven in cluded, there is, to use the words of Daniel Webster to the inquiring young prospective lawyer, "Always room at the top;" and this pithy saying has perhaps never received a better exemplification than it has in the case of Mr. Northrop.

This gentleman entered into the real estate business in October, 1886, and recently as his business has been established it has already reached a point where many less able men do not attain until after years of hard work. The office occupied is most centrally and conveniently located, being at No. 63 Church street, opposite the post office. Mr. Northrop negotiates loans on the most favorable terms, and has concluded several large transactions of this nature. He applies himself to advance his clients' interests as eagerly and assiduously as though they were his own, knowing that no surer and speedier way could be found to increase his own business.

Careful personal attention is given to the care of property and the collection of rents, and those who have experienced the care and annoyance of attending to their own collecting, will be glad to learn of an agent so efficient and trustworthy as Mr. Northrop has proved himself to be. Nonresidents may entrust the care of their property to him with the full assurance that it will be as jealously guarded and carefully maintained as if they attended to it in person.

C. W. Schrader, Hotel and Restaurant, Board by the Day or Week, 469 and 471 State St.—A cosy little hotel and restaurant is that carried on by C. W. Schrader, at Nos, 469 and 471 State St.—This was founded in 1881, by Mr. Charles Gunn, and was then known as the Carleton House, and after some change, in 1886, it passed into the possession of its present proprietor and manager, Mr. Schrader, and has since been known as the Schrader Hotel and Restaurant.

Mr. Schrader was born in Utica, New York, and has had an extended experience in the hotel business. He has the knack, which can never be learned but must be born in one, of making his hotel seem like a home to his guests; and a& this is one of the rarest of accomplishments, it is correspondingly appreciated by the traveling public, and as a natural consequence, Mr. Schrader's house never lacks for occupants. There are sixteen comfortable and convenient rooms available in this house, which is 80 x 40 feet in dimensions and four stories high. Things will be found very neat and clean, and the comfort and wellbeing of a guest is carefully looked to from his first entrance into the house.

Rates are \$1.00 per day and upwards. Either transient guests or regular boarders can be fully accommodated, and travelers will find much annoying publicity can be avoided by patronizing a comparatively small house like the one under discussion.

In the restaurant department of his business, Mr. Schrader has a very large trade. He is pre pared to furnish most excellent board, by the day

or week, and an especial feature of his business is the furnishing of hot and tempting meals at all hours, at prices within the reach of the most moderate purse. Guests are served promptly, and treated very politely.

The Swedish Antiseptic Amykos Company, 122 Olive Street.—Combining all the desirable qualities of an antiseptic and a curative agent for all cutaneous affections, the Swedish Amykos, prepared by Dr. Linquist, one of the eminent physicians of New Haven, who has the sole



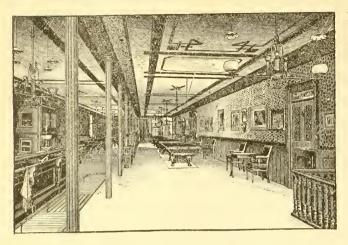
right for its manufacture in the United States, has long been held in great esteem by thousands who have realized its worth. It was introduced first in the city of Upsala, Sweden, in 1869, and since this time its own in-trinsic excellence has extended its use over the en-tire continent of Europe, East Indies and China. Until recently it has never been introduced in this country. It is now offered upon its own merits. It is rapidly growing in general favor. The preparation is the most reliable agent known for the speedy and effectual cure of pimples, ringworms, sores,

tetters, scaly and pimply humors, insect bites, inflammation of the throat and mouth, catarrh, hay fever, chafing of infants, itching piles, diphtheria, etc., and its virtues are attested by some of the most distinguished physicians and surgeons in Europe and America. Its antiseptic qualities make it an indispensable article during the prevalence of epidemics. Invaluable both as a preventive and curative agent, it is also a valuable toilet requisite and is also a valuable substitute for many of the injurious preparations for the complexion and the teeth, it being an excellent dentifrice and absolutely free from all deleterious ingredients. Used in the bath it is healthful and refreshing for infants, children and adults and the critical tests to which the Amykos has been subjected have but added confirmation to the unanimous verdict of those who have used it.

Among the eminently reliable authorities who have certified to the value of Amykos for all intended purposes are Dr. Joseph Lister, Professor of Surgery in Edinburgh; C. B. Mesterton, Professor of Surgery at Upsala, Sweden; and Dr. Mosetig Moorhof, Surgeon-General and Professor in the University of Vienna, Austria. The Swedish Antiseptic Amykos Co., 122

The Swedish Antiseptic Amykos Co., 122 Olive street, New Haven, are the sole proprietors and manufacturers of this famous preparation. It is sold by all chemists, druggists and dealers in toilet articles, etc., and the demand for it is steadily increasing in the markets of the country.

Dr. Linquist is one of New Haven's most successful and estimable physicians and surgeons, and this discovery is a great benefaction to humanity. He is a native of Göteborg, Sweden.



C. H. Miller, Sole Agent for Connecticut of the Brunswick, Balke Collender Company's Tables. Proprietor of the Annex Bi'liard and Bowling Palace, 172 and 174 Crown St., adjoining Bunnell's Grand Opera House.—As successor to Mr. Johnson, who established the business in New Haven in 1867, Mr. Charles Miller has for thirteen years conducted a large trade in this city as agent for the world-famous billiard and pool tables of the Brunswick, Balke Collender Company, and in this connection he has for thirteen years successfully carried on one of the leading billiard parlors in the place.

He refitted the magnificent Annex Billiard Palace at 173 and 174 Crown St., adjoining Bunnell's Grand Opera House, in 1886, and as the owner and manager of this popular establishment he is widely and favorably known to the people of this city and section.

Mr. Miller occupies for his purposes two floors of the large building, each 60 x 122 feet in dimensions, and his billiard rooms are models of taste and attractiveness, a magnificent palace, in fact as in name—the finest in New England. He has ten fine tables, and an elegant bowling alley, also two long rifle ranges, 60 feet each, and maintains his establishment as a model of respectability as well as convenience and elegance.

He makes a specialty of repairing billiard tables, and executes all work of this character in the most workmanlike manner at short notice. Tables and billiard materials and requisites of all kinds are supplied by him at manufacturers' lowest quotations, and satisfaction in every particular is uniformly warranted. Mr. Miller is a genial, courteous and agreeable gentleman, and in maintaining this truly first-class establishment for the pleasure and recreation of the lovers of the scientific games of pool, billiards and bowling, he has met with the universal commendation of his patrons and the general public.

Union Pacific Tea Co., 779 Chapel Street.— Who could have foreseen comparatively few years ago, when the sale of tea and coffee was pursued in the dingy corner of a corner grocery that the day would come when beautiful, costly and useful presents would be actually freely given away with the superior goods sold. Yet, that precisely this condition of things exists to-day is known to the residents of every city to which the Union Pacific Tea Company has extended its business, and these cities includenearly every one of note in the country. The New Haven branch of this far-reaching enterprise was established as far back as 1874.

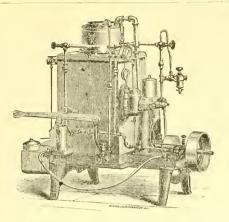
In 1884, the present popular and indefatigable superintendent, Mr. D. A. Kurriss, assumed control. Thisgentleman, who is a native of Boston, has, since he assumed charge, greatly surpassed even the former high record of the company in New Haven. Of course, the

unparalleled success of the company has, as is always unfortunately the case, incited hosts of would-be imitators to try to profit by their great rival's fame. Some of these have succeeded in the long run their "presents" are found to be dearly bought. The company well says on its attractive business card: "We do not advertise falsehoods; but our goods now, as heretofore, sell on their merits."

The public will not be deceived in dealing at No. 779 Chapel St.; on the contrary, not only will the full value of the money expended be returned in the choice goods sold, but home will be beautified at absolutely no expense whatever by the charming presents so lavishly distributed.

"The Excelsior Sign Depot," H. D. Phillips, Manager, Signs and Banners, Ornamental Work of Every Description, 76 Center Street .- One of the oldest and most prominent artistic sign painters of New Haven is Mr. H. D. Phillips, who established his business in 1859, his place being well and favorably known as "The Excel-sior Sign Depot." This gentleman makes a specialty of all kinds of sign work, including carved, glass and wire signs and raised signs, and gold letter work, also banners and ornamen tal work of every description, and as he employs only the most competent help, is able to fill orders promptly and to guarantee the quality of his work. It is an established fact that sign painting has become an art during late years, and requires not only originality of conception, but nat-ural talent for its successful prosecution. The premises occupied comprise a room, 40x60 feet in dimensions, located at No. 76 Center street, and fully equipped with all the latest improvements for his work.

Mr. Phillips is a native of Springfield, Mass., and has occupied the position of Chairman of the Democratic Town Committee for four or five years. He is regarded by the trade and general public as occupying a foremost position in the line of art work and he has by energy, enterterprise and honorable dealing secured a largepatronage.



D. A. A. Buck, Agent for the Shipman Kerosene Engine, 721 Chapel St.-The question of cheap fuel for the generation of steam is answered, in great measure, by the perfection of the Shipman Kerosene Engine, and for the purposes for which it is designed, this great invention promises to supercede all methods now in This engine was invented and brought to use. its present high standard of utility by Mr. A. H. Shipman in 1884, who then organized the stock company for its manufacture in Boston. The growing call for the Shipman engines demanding it, a branch was, in 1886, established in New Haven, with Messrs. C. L. Snyder & Co. as agents, who a few months ago were succeeded by Mr. D. A. A. Buck, with his office at No. 721 Chapel street. The fuel used with this engine is kerosene, costing by the barrel about 6½ cts. per gallon, and as used by this eugine is absolutely safe. A guarantee is given by the company that the cost will not exceed one-half gallon per hour per horse power, a wonderful saving compared with any other fuel save the refuse used in plaining mills, etc., not available elsewhere.

An oil tank holding ten gallons and five feet of pipe are furnished with every engine, and the matter of storage, the ease and rapidity with which the engine is stopped, and the automatic water supply, are all considerations, pointing unmistakably to the general use of keroscne, and necessarily of this engine as the only one perfectly adapted to the use of petroleum.

The engines are of two kinds or styles—the Boston Model, of 1, 2, 3 and 5 horse-power, and the Rochester Model, 1, 2, 3 and 4 horsepower. The stationary engines are adapted to grinding apples, sorghum and corn, sawing wood, running lathes and saws, store elevators, making ice cream, elevating and grinding grain, and driving small machinery generally.

Either model is adapted to working the Russell double acting force pump, and its low price, economy in use of fuel, automatic action, accommodation in use of fuel to required power, absolute safety, and the ease with which the fire is lighted and extinguished, make it the most desirable engine for steam launches, elevating and hoisting purposes and the specialties before enumerated, in use.

In Mr. Buck, the New Haven agent, the company have secured a representative whose worth and excellence.

and ability especially adapt him to the important work of introducing this unequaled engine. He is a man of rare attainments in mechanical art, and his geuius as an inventor is only equaled by his skill as an expert in machinery. He is the inventor of the Waterbury watch and was responsibly connected with the manufacturers of that wonderful invention for seven years. Mr. Buck also made the smallest steam engine in the world, the entire engine, governor, boiler and pump standing on a gold dollar, and being a perfect steam engine.

Mr. Buck is a native of Vermont.

William Dahlmeyer, Manufacturer of and Dealer in Gilt, Bronze and Oak Frames, Fine Photographs and Engravings, 970 Chapel St.— Few people, excepting those whose business or taste has caused to make a special study of the matter, realize how much the effect of a picture may be added to or detracted from by the manner in which it is framed.

One can do no better than to call on Mr. William Dahlmeyer at No. 970 Chapel st. This gentleman is a prominent manufacturer of and dealer in all kinds of frames, and has cultivated and brought to perfection an excellent natural taste for the subject by fourteen years experience. He carries a very large assortment of frames in stock, and this, together with his large manufacturing facilities, enables him to frame a picture which may be brought to him with a frame properly adapted to it. Mr. Dahlmeyer has in stock besides frames, a beautiful collection of fine photographs and engravings of artistic merit which he is offering at surprisingly low prices, when the quality of the goods is considered.

Business was begun in the present location in 1872, and since that time a large and very desirable trade has been established, of which the college trade forms an important portion.

Mr. Dahlmeyer was born in Cologne, Germany, in 1845, and is very widely and favorably known in New Haven and vicinity.

He is the secretary of the "Arion" Society, in which position he has made many friends both for himself and the organization.

Bundy & Filley, Artistic Photography, 838 Chapel Street.—The progress which has been made of late years in the science of photography has been something remarkable; the modes of "posing" are as different as can possibly be, while the apparatus employed has been changed and improved in a high degree, as a visit to the artistically-fitted-up studio of Messrs. Bundy & Filley, at No. 838 Chapel street will plainly demonstrate to the most obtuse individual. Both the gentlemen mentioned are quite enthusiastic in following up everything appertaining to the photographic art, and have ever been ready to utilize all latest improvements.

Photographs in every style are taken by Messrs. Bundy & Filley, who, however, make quite a specialty of enlarging cabinet and other pictures to any required size. In doing this, the Eastman's process, which has proved to be by far the best for the purpose, is used, and with the care and skill employed, this firm's productions have won a high reputation for true artistic beauty and excellence. Charles A. Brooks & Co., Investment Securities, S38 Chapel Street.—One of the leading private financial firms of New Haven is that of Chas. A. Brooks & Co., No. S38 Chapel street. The Eastern office of this firm was established in New Haven in 1884, and from the beginning the firm have attained most gratifying results.

The business has been conducted in such a manner as to inspire the fullest confidence, and all customers find that promptness and reliability which alone insure success.

Messrs. Brooks & Co. deal in all kinds of investments, but they make a specialty of Kansas Farm Loans. Capt. Brooks' long residence in Colorado and Kansas gives him the advantage of being personally familiar with the value of many of the farms upon which loans are made.

The firm's facilities for effecting safe investments are thus unsurpassed. The savings banks of New Hampshire hold Western Farm Loans to the amount of \$12,000,000. The bank commissioners of New Hampshire in their last report say, "It is very seldom a foreclosure is made in a Western mortgage, and when such cases occur there are those who are prompt to redeem the mortgage and pay the loan and accumulated expenses."

Messrs. Brooks & Co. purchase all the securities which they offer.

Those desiring safe investments with good rates of interest should examine the loans which this firm constantly have on hand, ready for immediate delivery. Loans and interest are paid at their office when matured, and customers out of town will find remittances promptly forwarded. The firm stand ready to guarantee their loans, and can refer with permission to many of their customers.

The following clipping from a well-known Colorado paper will be read with interest by all in search of safe and profitable investments: "Captain Chas. A. Brooks, who has left us for New Haven, Conn., is one of the noblest men that this world of ours is favored with, and is a first-class business man in every respect, one whom the people of New Haven can rely upon. His commercial standing and integrity were very high during the several years he was in business in Denver, and New Haven is to be congratulated on its acquisition."

Schadee & Pohlman, Dealers in Choice Family Groceries, Meats and Provisions, 140 Dixwell Ave.—As a source of food supplies of every kind, the city of New Haven will be seen through these pages to possess advantages equal, if not superior to many cities of even greater size. Among the numerous houses engaged in this line, we note that of Schadee & Pohlman, which is located at No. 140 Dixwell ave., and which was established in 1872, by Strack & Schadee, succeeded, in 1883, by the present enterprising management, and has, since its start, become well and favorably known throughout the community, for the fine quality of its goods, as well as the reasonable prices maintained.

The store covers an area of 50 x 35 feet, and is admirably arranged for the display of goods dealt in, being finely and fully stocked with a carefully selected line of choice family groceries, teas,

coffecs, spices, etc., besides fresh meats and provisions of all kinds, and vegetables of every description in their season. Five efficient assistantsare employed to wait upon customers, and all orders are carefully and promptly filled, and delivered to all parts of the city free of charge. The individual members of the firm are Julian. Schadee and Johu T. Pohlman, the former a native of Germany and the latter of New York. Mr. John T. Pohlman held the position of Councilor in 1885, and Alderman in 1886 and 1887, and is well and favorably known throughout the city.

We can commend this house to the attention of our readers, believing as we do that their facilities, goods and terms are sure to be found desirable and highly satisfactory, and knowing themto be honorable and liberal gentlemen in all business transactions.

Silas W. Searle, Civil Engineer, 82 Churchs St.—The progress made by the civil engineer and surveyor during the past few years is of surpassing importance, as it is needless to state, and in lew branches of science or art has such notable advance been made as in this sphere of activity; in this connection prominent mention should be made of Silas W. Searle, whose neat and wellordered office is centrally located at No. 82 Church street, and who stands in the front rank in the profession in New Haven, receiving an extensive and influential patronage.

Mr. Searle, who is a native of Springfield, Mass., and a gentleman of energy and unquestionable ability, started business in 1851, and his career since that period has been a successfulone. He makes a specialty of surveying, and enjoys a high reputation for accuracy and reliability. Among other property for which he has surveyed, may be mentioned Dwight Hall, and other fine buildings. He has also made several important maps of New Haven and other cities, both surveying and drawing them. He occupies accessible premises, and a flourishing business isdone.

J. Fitzpatrick, Hack, Livery and Feed Stables, 38 and 40 Gilbert Street, corner Howard Avenue,—In every sense of the term the livery and feed stables of Mr. J. Fitzpatrick are firstclass and complete, and for many years the proprietor has successfully conducted a large and prosperous business in this line. He established himself in this eity in 1874 and was formerly a member of the well-known firm of J. & T. Fitzpatrick, of 137 Orange street. He has occupied his present eligible site for four years, and has made his establishment the favorite resort for those desiring stylish and serviceable teams for business or pleasure purposes, and his turnouts are proverbially elegant. Single and double teams are let at reasonable rates, and orders by telephone or otherwise have prompt attention and satisfaction guaranteed. Careful attention is given to horses placed to board, and competent drivers and groomsmen only are employed by Mr. Fitzpatrick.

He is a live, reliable business man and is esteemed for his business methods and integrity. -

Charles Reed, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Fresh Fish, Oysters, Lobsters, etc., 59 Church street, opp. Post Office. W. H. Smith, Manager. —Among the business enterprises of New Haven which show unmistakable signs of energy, enterprise and success, the establishment of Mr. Chas. Reed, No. 59 Church street, stands pre-eminent.

Situated opposite the post-office it could hardly have a more central location. Mr. Reed, who is a dealer both wholesale and retail in Fresh Fish, Lobsters, Oysters, etc., is not concerned in the active management of the business, but entrusts the whole charge of it to Mr. W. H. Smith, who has shown how worthy he was of the confidence reposed in him by the manner in which he has increased the business since it was first committed to his charge.

The store occupied is 100x25 in dimensions, and was first opened as a fish market by Mr. Charles Hyde in 1861. He was succeeded by Charles Hyde, Jr., and he in turn by Mcssrs. Tuttle & Hull, who gave place to Mr. Charles Reed, the present proprietor, in 1882.

The store has a telephone connection, which has proved a great convenience to its numerous patrons. Orders will be called for and delivered to any part of the city and only first-class and reliable goods are kept in stock.

Broadway Cash Store, Paul Jente & Bro., Dealers in Groceries, Meats, Provisions and Vegetables, 101 and 107 Broadway, New Haven. —This business was established in 1870, by Messrs, P., J. and H. Jente. In 1883, Mr. H. Jente retired from the partnership, and the business from that date has been conducted under the style of Paul Jente & Bro.; they occupy two stores, 80 x 50 feet each in dimensions, and deal extensively in all the fancy and staple groceries, the best brands of flour in the market, teas and coffices of the latest importation, and in quality and price of merchandise this firm are successful competitors with any house in the city, and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

Messrs. Jente & Bro. deal largely in all kinds of meats, provisions and vegetables. The handling of meats forms an important part of their business. Messrs. Jente & Bro., through their industry and enterprise, have built up an immense retail trade in both the grocery and provision line of business, which necessitates the constant employment of nine clerks. They are prompt and courteous in their treatment of customers, and the neat and tastefully-arranged store makes it an attractive place, even to persons of the most fastidious tastes.

Messrs. Paul and J. Jente are natives of Germany. They are live business men, and by their honest, upright dealings have won the esteem of the people of New Haven.

J. Sugenheimer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Fancy Goods, Notions, etc., 19 Church St.— One of the popular general fancy goods establishments in New Haven is that of J. Sugenheimer, wholesale and retail dealer in fancy goods, notions, etc., whose well-stocked and centrally-located store is at No. 19 Church street. This has been in successful existence for almost twenty-five years, and sustains to-day its old

reputation for excellent goods. The house was founded in 1863; its career has been a record of progress, the trade growing each year.

The store occupied is 18 x 80 feet in dimensions. Mr. Sugenheimer carries a full assortment of fancy goods, etc.; also a line of hats, caps, and gents' furnishing goods. Several capable assistants are employed; and satisfaction is accorded to all.

Mr. Sugenbeimer is a gentleman of excellent ability, and enjoys a high reputation in the community as a merchant and citizen.

**Daniel F. Kelly,** Practical Plumber and Gas Fitter, No. 76 Crown Street.—This branch of business is extensively carried on in New Haven by Daniel F. Kelly, who is located at 76 Crown street.

As a practical plumber and gas-fitter Mr. Kelly is most favorably known, having been established since 1881. The business was started under the name of Buckley & Kelly, but in 1882 Mr. D. F. Kelly assumed full charge and is regarded as a leading plumber in this section of the city.

He occupies a large room 80x20 feet in dimensions, and carries a complete stock of plumbing materials, iron-pipe and gas-fittings, and in fact everything required in the successful conduct of the business. His patronage is large and necessitates the constant employment of four skilled workmen. The business, which consists mostly of plumbing and jobbing work, is attended to in a prompt and efficient manner. The business method of the proprietor, the reasonable prices and the skill displayed in all work accomplished combine to make this house one in which the utmost confidence can safely be placed. Mr. Kelly has held the office of councilman of New Haven, and is highly esteemed by the entire community.

**S. H. Bishop**, Dealer in Flour, Grain, Feed, Hay and Straw, West Haven.—Immediately opposite the N. Y., N. H. and H. railroad depot at West Haven, Mr. S. H. Bishop has for over twenty years conducted a large trade in flour, grain, feed, hay and straw, and his establishment is the popular source of supply for residents of this beautiful and growing suburban town, and adjacent sections. This veteran dealer, the pioneer in his branch of trade in West Haven, is a live, enterprising and reliable dealer, and has every facility for supplying superior merchandise at lowest market prices, and he is at all times prepared to fill orders to any amount and to deliver merchandise with dispatch and free of charge. Mr. Bishop has developed a large trade by his square dealing and reliability and his worth has always inspired the fullest confidence.

He is a native of New Haven and is widely known in trade circles as the patentee and manufacturer for twenty-five years of his famous patent adjustible carriage pole, a business which he developed into large proportions and which is now conducted by his son, Mr. L. B. Bishop, at West Haven.

He is a prominent and influential citizen of this town and has acceptably filled the office of Assessor and other positions.

J. A. Angus, Coach, Carriage, Sign and Ornamental Painter, 169 Brewery Street.-In producing the beautiful as well as useful work in his line of art, Mr. J. A. Angus has attained a prom inence among his craft in New Haven which marks him a master of his art in its every phase and detail. He established himself in business in New Haven over twenty years ago, and from the first he has, by reason of his skill and worth, met with signal success. As a coach, carriage, sign and ornamental painter he is unsurpassed if equaled by any painters in New England, and in his special work, such as heraldry, monogram and portrait work he is the peer of the ablest in this section. He occupies two floors of a large building, No. 169 Brewery street, each 80x40 feet in dimensions, rear of Smedley Bros., and employs several assistants in his business. Some of his notably fine work has attracted the attention of art connoisseurs, and has received the most favorable criticism. He designed and ex-ecuted the painting in Jim Fisk's last coach, and has painted several portraits which are master pieces in the highest sense of art, and that of Mr. Pierpont, his chef d' auvre, is pronounced a work deserving of highest commendation.

He carries in stock a fine assortment of harness and carriages, which he offers at lowest possible prices, and his work and merchandise alike have firmly established him in a large and growing patronage.

Mr. Angus is a native of Portland, Me., and as a dealer, an artist and an artisan, he is held in high esteem and universal confidence.

E. Bishop, Manufacturer of and Dealer in Jewelry, Watches, Diamonds, etc., Room 6, No. 739 Chapel Street .- One of the earliest founded, reliable and conservative houses in the jewelry business is that conducted by Mr. E. Bishop, in the Boardman building. This business was estab-lished in 1853 and has steadily maintained its hold on popular favor since that time. Mr. Bishop is a manufacturer of and dealer in jewelry, watches, diamonds, etc., and gold and silver Seal and plain wedding rings are also badges. largely dealt in. Special attention is given to the artistic repairing of watches and jewelry, and owing to the excellent facilities and improved modern tools controlled by Mr. Bishop, this important branch of the business is very successfully and satisfactorily carried on. By reason of his large and exceptional experience Mr. Bishop is a *connoisseur* of diamonds, of which he carries a beautifully selected stock, and is therefore peculiarly well-fitted to undertake the resetting of them in a manner to exhibit the stone to the best possible advantage, a point which is too often imperfectly understood by the manufacturers of diamond jewelry. Badges for society emblems and kindred purposes are also artis tically designed and made by him at prices which are astonishingly low considering the character of the work. There are no articles which it is so annoying to find imperfect and not as represented as wedding and engagement rings, signalizing as they do one of the most sacred and important epochs of our lives, and perfect satisfaction is assured if such emblems are procured of Mr. Bishop, who keeps only reliable goods. Mr. Bishop was born in Mt. Pleasant, N. Y.

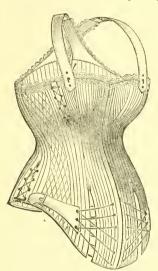
George A. Isbell, Real Estate Broker and Notary Public. Office, Room No. 1, 792 Chapel Street.-Among the responsible real estate brokers of New Haven, Mr. George A. Isbell has for years held a most prominent place. He established himself in the business in this city in 1874, and from that time he has met with decided and deserved success. He occupies Room No. 1, No. 792 Chapel street, and with his extensive knowledge of values and locations he has exceptional facilities for effecting advantageous sales and purchases of real estate, stocks, bonds and personal property. He negotiates loans at lowest current rates of interest, attends personally to the settlement of estates and conducts business for parties at home and abroad, leasing tenements, collecting rents and accounts, and in all his en-gagements he is thoroughly reliable and deserving of fullest confidence. Insurance on real and personal property is effected at lowest premiums, and his terms are always reasonable, and satisfaction warranted. Mr. Isbell is a Notary Public and authorized to take acknowledgments of deeds, mortgages, etc., and as a general business agent he is held in high esteem.

His books show a large amount of property for sale or lease. The list includes some of the most desirable property in the city, valuable either for re-idence or business purposes, and some of the best lots to be found in this vicinity. All parties contemplating purchase or investment in New Haven realty should examine the choice bargains which are now offered by this enterprising agent. The property offered is favorably situated and must necessarily experience a marked rise in value in the near future.

lle is a native of Milford, Conn., and is an estimable citizen in all that the term implies.

W. F. Donnelly, Portraits, 851 Chapel St.— Among the many excellent artist photographers of New Haven, Mr. W. F. Donnelly holds a leading position. The business was started by him at the above address in 1885, and despite the sharp competition he has received a most gratifying share of patronage from the very first. Mr. Donnelly's customers are not confined to *residents* of New Haven, but extend to all the country within a radius of fifty miles. Though his success in building up the very large business which he enjoys during this short time seems almost phenomenal, it will be seen on a closer inspection of the conditions under which he has achieved this success, that it was but a result of his energy, enterprise, improved modern apparatus, and his high artistic skill. There is hardly another business in which the goods produced so "speak for themselves," or in other words, advertise the producer as in that done by the photographer.

A good likeness and a soft and beautifully finished picture are quickly appreciated. Recognizing these facts, Mr. Donnelly is particular to let none but good pictures leave his studio. Mr. Donnelly is a native of New Haven, and is well and favorably known in the city. Two floors are occupied in the prosecution of his business, and the most approved cameras (two in number), are necessary to accommodate his trade. He has a finely furnished reception room, and a most magnificent display of pictures. Charles W. Foster & Co., Mannfacturers of Corsets and Elastic Garment and Hose Supporters, 31 Crown Street.—An enterprising and energetic concern is that of Charles W. Foster & Co., manufacturers of ladies' and gentlemen's elastic garment and hose supporters, eligibly located at No. 31 Crown street. This business was established in 1877 by the present proprietor,



and from the start has been a great success, growing larger annually and now a business of great magnitude is done.

The The premises occupied consist of three floors, 21x70 feet in dimensions and fitted up with all the newest mechanical contrivances necessary to the manufacture of their goods. A fine 6-horse Rowland engine furnishes the motive power to carry on their manufactory and they employ some fifteen or more skilled hands under the

immediate supervision of the firm, thus assuring that all goods proceeding from their establishment are of the most perfect and satisfactory character.

Among the goods manufactured will be found the celebrated Foster corsets, which are equal in every respect to the French corsets, and cost much less in price. He is also the inventor of the famous Foster Cam Clasp and Ideal Fastener, which are invaluable as they do not tear the fabric and can be attached to any stocking or garment supporter; also wholesale dealers in elastic, corset lacings, webbings, etc. His trade is both of a wholesale and retail character, although principally custom, and extends far and wide and is annually growing in volume. Mr. Foster as will be seen is an inventor of experi ence and is an esteemed member of New Haven's commercial circles.

N. W. Merwin & Co., Wholesale Dealers in Flour, Grain, Meal, etc., 178 and 180 State Street and 1, 3, 5 and 7 George Street.—This well known house is one of the most substantial and progressive in its line in the city. It was founded twenty-seven years ago by the present proprictors, Messrs. N. W. Merwin and J. T. Fitch, and from the start was accorded so hearty a rec ognition that it immediately became a valuable addition to our mercantile system.

addition to our mercantile system. Four floors are occupied, 25x60 feet in dimensions, and especially adapted to the purposes to which it is devoted. The goods dealt in compri-e flour, grain, mcal, feed, etc., a specialty being hay. This house are also Western shippers' agents for corn, oats, hay, etc., in car lots; also

deal largely in potatoes. The stock carried being full and complete, and of the best and most reliable quality. The business is wholesale mostly throughout New England.

Orders of any size are filled with promptitude and satisfaction and at the lowest prices that the markets afford.

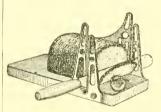
The concern employs eight capable hands, and is widely and favorably known, fully equipped in every particular, managed with energy and ability, and is a useful factor in the department of industry to which it is devoted.

Mr. Merwin is the inventor of the Little Giant Dish Scraper, designed to scrape and clean



cooking utensils of iron, tin or wood.

The edges or cutting surfaces are steel chilled; will cut with every motion, going directly to the bottom and corners, removing all accumulations, making the vessel thoroughly clean.



Superior to anything now in use, and indispensible in every kitchen. Also the Magic Bread and Cake Slicer, for families, hotels and restaurants. Efficient, economical and useful.

Cuts slices any thickness desired.

William A. Warner, Hardware, Cutlery and Tools, 13 Grand Avenue, corner North Front Street.-The well-known establishment of William A. Warner, located at No. 13 Grand avenue, corner of North Front street, which was founded about four years ago, has attained to a position of prominence among the leading retail houses of Fair Haven. The premises occupied for business purposes consists of a store 24x60 feet in dimensions. This is fitted up in a convenient manner and no facility is wanting for extending his trade. The magnitude and variety of the stock carried is at all times prepared for the demand upon it, and embraces a large assortment and variety of shelf hardware, fine cutlery of all kinds, and tools of every description. Mr. Warner makes it a point to carry only the most reliable goods, and such as he can confidently rec-ommend to his customers. The assortments are full and choice, and very low prices are quoted. It is without doubt the leading hardware store in this part of the city, and is conducted by Mr. Warner on strict business principles.

He is a native of New Haven and is energetic and progressive, a gentleman of integrity and personal worth, and one of our most useful merchants of Fair Haven, and enjoys a large trade throughout the county.

Elijah Gilbert, 49 Elm Street Dealer in Meats and Groceries.- We would call attention to the old established and enterprising Grocery and Provision Store of Mr. Elijah Gilbert, located at No. 49 Elm street. This house was established in 1846 by Austin Gilbert, succeeded in 1885 by Elijah Gilbert, the present proprietor; it has secured a large and permanent patronage from the best classes of citizens. The store occupies two rooms, and the stock carried is well selected and embraces a choice line of staple and fancy groceries, provisions and fresh meats of the choicest quality. Patrons are assured of obtaining only first-class goods. Six obliging clerks are kept busy, filling and delivering orders with prompthas occupied the position of City Auditor. His trade is among the best families and very large. Parties dealing with Mr. Gilbert will find everything as represented, and at prices which, considering the high standard of goods sold, are very reasonable.

**E. M. Gans**, Hats, Caps, Gents' Furnishings, Trunks, Bags and Valises, 369 State Street.— There is probably no article of dress in which it is so hard to suit the average man as in a hat. This being the case, it will be readily seen how important it is, when selecting that article to visit a store where there is a large and complete assortment from which to choose. Such an establishment is carried on by E. M. Gans, at 369 State street.

Mr. Gans began business about the year 1869, and has built up a large trade. He carries one of the largest assortments of hats, caps and gents' furnishings; also, trunks, bags and valises.

Mr. Gans occupies a store 80 x 20 feet in dimensions, and with his fine stock of goods makes an elegant display in his windows. He has the assistance of two efficient salesmen.

Mr. Gans is a native of Austria. is about fortytwo years of age, is a member of Odd Fellows, also a member of Horeb Lodge, I. O. B. B.

Miss M. E. Leary, Fashionable Millinery and Fancy Dry Goods, 727 and 925 Grand Ave. (Near Olive) — One of the hand-omest stocks of fine French millinery goods to be found in this section of the city is that displayed at the store Miss M. E. Leary. No. 925 Grand avenue (near Olive). This lady has an extended and high reputation in New Haven and vicinity for taste and skill in millinery work, and in consequence she enjoys a large and select patronage in this special branch of trade, and only the very lowest price at which good work can be done is charged. Miss Leary gives employment to seven assistants. and occupies a branch store at No. 727 Grand ave., also finely fitted up.

The establishment was founded in 1874, by Ryan & Leary, succeeded in 1875 by Miss M. E. Leary, and has rapidly and steadily grown in popular favor since its inception. A fine stock of fancy goods in general in addition to those mentioned is carried, the latest Parisian novelties being early on hand and fresh and extensive importations going on constantly. All who have dealings with Miss Leary find her a lady of fine taste, as regards trimming or making.

Union Fish & Oyster Co., Dealers in Fish-Oysters, Clams, Lobsters, and Sca Food general, ly, No. 5 Broadway.—One of the principal industries of New Haven is the fish and oyster trade, and among the popular houses in this line is that of the Union Fish & Oyster Co., located at No. 5 Broadway. This business was established in 1885 and has met with great success. The premises occupied consist of one floor 90x20 feet in dimensions, they also carry on a branch store at No. 140 Congress avenue. They handle all kinds of fish, oysters, clams and lobsters, and sea food generally, and their trade is both wholesale and retail. Five hands are employed. Three teams are kept busy filling orders throughout the city and suburbs. This is a regular organized company, Mr. George O. Knapp, however, being the manager and only active partner. He is a native of South Norwalk, Conn., and is a gentleman well fitted to fill the responsible position he occupies.

This firm is destined to attain a prominence accorded only to those whose transactions are based on a strict adherence to the rules of fair, honorable and square dealing. The stores are both centrally located, and have telephone connection.

A. H. Hurlburt, Real Estate, Room 2, No. 63 Church Street .- One of the most active and successful real estate dealers in New Haven is Mr. A. H. Hurlburt. This gentleman is a successor to Mr. H. C. Long, who started business in 1876 and was succeeded by Mr. Hurlburt in 1885. An office 35x20 feet in dimensions is occupied and a large business is done. A special feature is the negotiation of loans, a department to which he gives his most careful personal attention and in which, owing the very extensive acquaintance among capitalists and other investors which he enjoys and the confidence which is justly reposed in his discretion and integrity, he has been eminently successful. He has made a most careful and exhaustive study of the conditions which influence and govern the value of real estate in New Haven and vicinity and his advice has often been the means of saving his clients from severe loss from injudicious investments. Particular attention is given to the care of property and the collection of rents. Mr. hurlburt is extremely popular in the city and has been a member of the Common Council.

**D.** Shepard, **M. D.**, Apothecary, West Haven. —This very attractive and complete pharmacy was established by Dr. Shepard over twenty years ago, and under his able management it has been from the beginning the principal and popular source of drug and medicine supply for the residents of this flourishing suburban town.

The store room and laboratory are very attractively and tastefully arranged and the stock is kept fresh, full and reliable. The purest drugs and chemicals, all reputable, proprietary remedies and preparations and a very select assortment of toilet requisites are kepton hand and are supplied at city prices, and the business, for which Dr. Shepard's medical education and practice have peculiarly fitted him has attained most important proportions. Prescriptions are compounded with most scrupulous care and it goes without saying that his successful career as a physician and surgeon in West Haven has inspired fullest confidence in his skill as a pharmacist.

Dr. Shepard is a native of Newtown, Conn., and graduated from the medical department of Yale College in 1864, since which time he has been actively and succe-sfully engaged in the practice of his profession. He has long held a prominent place among the medical faculty of this section, and in professional as in business and private life, he is held in highest esteem. For convenience of the public the store is connected by telephone.

W. N. Robbins, Dealer in Meats, Fish, Poul try, Lard, etc., Vegetables in their Season, Westville.—As successor to the firm of Hotchkiss & Robbins, of which he was the junior member, and who established the busiuess here in 1862. Mr. W. N. Robbins is conducting the principal meat, fish and provision market in Westville. From its inception, this at ractive establishment has been the popular source of food supply for the people of this town and vicinity, and under existing management its prestige and patronage is fully sustained.

The premises are commodious and comprise two floors of the large building, and the establishment uniformly presents a most inviting appearance. The choicest fresh and sweet meats and fish, the best brands of canned goods, and poultry, lard and vegetables and produce of standard excellence are always obtainable here at low prices, and orders are filled with dispatch, and goods promptly delivered free of charge.

Mr. Robbins is nothing if not a reliable and enterprising man of business, and is a recognized leader of successful mercantile enterprise in this place. He is a native of Westville, and is one of her most responsible merchants and estimable citizens.

C. G. Earle's Popular Price Store, 46 Church Street, Cor. Crown.-One of our most important stores in the jewelry trade is the neat and attractive jewelry store of C. G. Earle's, wellknown throughout the city as "Earle's Popular Price Store," located at No. 46 Church street, cor. Crown street. This business was established in 1883 by the present proprietor. The store is 20x60 feet in size, and well arranged with elegant show windows, neat show cases and counters, and presents a very attractive and Metropolitan appearance. The stock has been carefully selected and comprises white stone eardrops, lace pins, collar buttons, finger rings, scarf pins of all qualities and prices, sleeve buttons, watch chains and charms, bracelets, pocket knives, etc. All are sold at popular prices and everything warranted as represented and marked in plain figures

Mr. Earle is a native of New York city and is well-known as a business man, and his popular store, which is very near the post-office, Church street, cor. Crown, is increasing the number of its patrons rapidly and is well-known throughout the city and suburbs as "Earle's Popular Price Store."

J. J. Tierney's Fine Photographic and Art Gallery, 775 Chapel Street.—This business was first established at the present location, in 1875, as a crayon business; Mr. Tierney embracing photography in 1883. Crayons, however, are a specialty with Mr. Tierney, being a fine artist himself.

The premises comprise two floors, well lighted, neatly fitted and thoroughly equipped with all the improved appliances for taking life like photographs and doing first-class artistic work. The pictures in his gallery are a sufficient recommendation of his ability to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Mr. Tierney does first-class work at low prices. We commend him to all desiring life like portraits. His pictures will be found in many of the residences of this section, and his reputation as an artist is not confined to this State.

C. H. Conway, Druggist, No. 305 Grand Av., Cor. Blatchley Ave.—This is one of the leading pharmacies in Fair Haven, and is one of the most attractive features of the principal thoroughfare of this section. It was established by the present proprietor, Mr. C. H. Conway, in June, 1884, and from the beginning has been conducted with marked ability and decided success

The store is 30 x 40 feet in dimensions, with laboratory in the rear, and the establishment is throughout complete and attractive. The stock is always maintained fresh and complete, and includes everything desirable in drugs and chemicals of standard excellence, a full line of reputable proprietary remedies and preparations, and an elegant assortment of toilet requisites and fancy articles. Two competent clerks are employed in the business, and prompt and courtecous attention always awaits customers. In the compounding of prescriptions, the utmost care is ob-erved to secure accuracy, and in all things Mr. Conway and his assistants are reliable and obliging.

Mr. Conway is a Vermont man by birth, and is an expert in every detail of his business.

Joseph Molloy, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions, 35 St. John Street .- Among the many houses in New Haven that have for many years carried a superior grade of groceries and provisions, that of Joseph Molloy, located at No. St John street deserves special mention. This gentleman established himself in this busine-s fourteen years ago, and has by energy and perseverance attained the position he now occupies among the business men of New Haven. Ilis store is large and admirably arranged for his trade, having all necessary facilities for carrying on the business. Courteous and obliging salesmen are employed, while the stock comprises all kinds of staple and fancy groceries, teas, coffees, spices, etc., and a full line of fresh meats, including fine cuts of beef, mutton, lamb, pork, etc., also poultry and fresh vegetables in their season. his facilities for furnishing choice goods being unsurpassed in this section of the city. Mr. Molloy is an energetic gentleman of long experirience in his business and well deserves his success.

F. F. Gesner, Dealer in Choice Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Veal, Pork, Hams and Sausages, 112 Congress Ave.- A call at the establishment of a first-class dealer in meats and vegetables would show from whence is distributed a goodly share of the meat consumed in the city, and one who was not familiar with the large extent of Mr. Gesner's business would probably wonder how he would ever dispose of all the meat which is to be seen there. The visitor would observe choice lamb, beef, mutton, veal, pork, hams, sausages in almost endless profusion, as well as fresh vegetables of all the varieties peculiar to the season. Capacious refrigerators contain the meat in the warmer weather, and they are so scientifically arranged that a very low temperature can be attained and kept, while their perfect drainage and ventilation render it impossible for the meat to contract any odor or taint whatever during the time it is confined therein. But, admirable as the means are within his store to preserve the freshness of his goods, Mr. Gesner is not satisfied to do no more, but with a determination to serve his customers in the very best manner which modern invention, without regard to expense. affords, which is characteristic of the man, he has procured no less than three refrigerator wagons, constructed on the most approved principles, and in these wagons brings his meats to his customers' houses, fresh and sweet as if it had never left his store; thus affording them an opportunity to make their selections at their own door and, if they desire, have their beef in the oven almost before it is fairly off the ice. It is unnecessary to add that his trade is not only very large

Mr. Gesner, who was born in Rockland, N.Y., started his business in 1881. He has a large force of competent and polite employees, and is greatly esteemed by a large circle of friends.

S. H. Cruttenden, Livery, Hack, Boarding and Sales Stables, 137, 139 and 141 Union St.-A first-class livery stable is an adjunct to every eity, no matter how small or unimportant it may be, which must be regarded as indispensable. But in a city of such size, importance and commercial activity as New Haven, the necessity for such establishments is increased a hundred-fold; and, at any rate, it is only proper that it should and, indeed, New Haven is unusually well the number of such institutions, but in regard to their high standing and reliability. Among those concerns occupying a foremost position in this line, mention must be made of that conducted by Mr. S. H. Cruttenden, at Nos. 137, 139 and 141 Union street. A stylish horse and a natty vehicle is what most people insist upon when they have decided to take a drive, whether engaged on business or pleasure, and Mr Cruttenden's stables is just the place where such a desideratum can always be obtained. His stables are spacious, elean and commodious, and cover an area measuring 160 x 100 feet. Here are housed no less than seventy-five as choice specimens of horseflesh as ean be found anywhere in New Haven; while in his carriage room, upward of a hundred and fifty vehicles of every description, from the unpretentious two-wheeled buggy or eutter-

sleigh, up to the private and aristocratic-looking brougham or landau.

The business now carried on by Mr. Cruttenden was originally set on foot in 1861, by Messrs. Joslin & Wilcox, who, seven years later, were succeeded by Mr. C. E. Cruttenden. Mr. S. H. Cruttenden, however, did not become connected with the firm until 1874, when a Mr. Carterbecame associated with him. He retired, however, in November, 1886, since which time the style of the firm has been as at present. The establishment, under his fostering care and attention, has become a representative one, and Mr. Cruttenden fully deserves the success which he has attained in the business.

The Stafford Printing Co., 86 to 90 Crown Street.-For more than half a century this house has been a leading one in its line of industrial enterprise in New Haven, and under present management its old-time prestige and repute have been more than maintained. The enterprise was inaugurated so far back as 1828 and continued for many years by Mr. Thomas Stafford, and in 1881 the present company was organized to continue the business on a more extended scale. The very extensive and complete printing establishment of The Stafford Company is located at 86 to 90 Crown street, and comprises two floors of the large building 35x90 feet each in dimenof the offices are in every regard complete and adequate for the best printing and binding work. the machinery being driven by steam-power. The stock of type includes all the latest styles in favor for book and commercial printing of every description, and the work turned out of this establishment is unsurpassed for style and general excellence, and prices are uniformly the lowest consistent with first class workmanship.

A force of twenty skilled compositors, pressmen and binders are employed in this business, and orders for all kinds of work are executed with dispatch and in the most satisfactory manner, and the utmost confidence is always inspired by the worth and methods of the management.

Mr. Samuel A. York is the president, and Mr. J. J. Osborn, Jr., is the efficient secretary and treasurer of the company.

Henry S. Higby, Yale Pharmacy, 1130 Chapel, cor. York St.—One of the most attractive and popular business establishments in the City of New Haven is the drug store of Mr. Henry S. Higby, better known as the Yale Pharmacy, located at No. 1130 Chapel, corner of York St. This house was established in 1881 by Mr. Higby, who has had many years' experience.

For his prescription trade, of which he makes a specialty, he is always supplied with the freshest and purest drugs, and the prescription department is under his personal supervision. He occupies a tastily arranged store, which is doing a very large trade in toilet articles, fancy goods, and patent medicines, and the excellent stock and favorable prices causes an increase of trade from year to year.

Mr. Higby is a native of Milford, Ct. He has taken all the degrees among the Odd Fellows, and has a high social standing as well as an enviable business career. P. J. Kelly & Co., New York Furniture Store, 821 and 823 Grand Avenue.-It is in this work our intention to mention those houses which are the representatives of their special line of trade. One of the leading establishments in the furniture trade in this section of New Haven may be named that of P. J. Kelly & Co., whose salesrooms are situated at Nos. 821 and 823 Grand avenue. This business was established in 1882 by Mr. Kelly, who is a thoroughly practical man and possesses an intimate knowledge of every de-The tail and feature of the furniture trade. warerooms are spacious and attractive and contain a splendid assortment of parlor, chamber, dining room and kitchen furniture, carpets, bed-ding of every description, pictures, etc. These ding of every description, pictures, etc. goods are celebrated for quality and elegance. Their parlor sets are in every style and the carpets include the choicest patterns in Brussells, tapestries, three ply ingrain, etc., and all qualities and styles of oil cloths can be found here in great profusion, while the prices are within the reach of all. The terms are of the most liberal character, presenting to all an opportunity of obtaining what they require for housekeeping on special credit.

The upright and reliable character of Mr. Kelly's dalings has secured the representative position which he now occupies.

New Haven Pipe Co., New England Agents for Ohio and Rochester Vitrified Pipe; also manufacturers of, and dealers in, Cement, Well and Chimney Pipe. Office 962 Grand Avenue.—In connection with his important business as Secretary and Treasurer of the New Haven Investment Company, and as one of the leading real estate agents in this city, Mr. W. J. Atwater has for eighteen years past conducted the business of the New Haven Pipe Company in this place.

The enterprise was inaugurated over twenty years ago by Messrs. Atwater & Ferriss, and their trade in the celebrated Onio and Rochester Vitrified Pipe, for which the house are the New England agents, as well as Cement, Well and Chimney Pipe of their own manufacture, has, under able management, attained most important proportions.

The facilities of the concern for supplying every desirable article in their line at small margins above cost of production, are ample, and among contractors, plumbers, and sanitary engineers in this section, the house is recognized as a desirable source of supply.

Mr. Atwater's office is at 962 Grand avenue, and all business of the Pipe Co. passes through his hands, all orders have prompt attention, and reliance can always be placed in his punctuality and business worth.

Those desiring either to buy or sell real estate find in Mr. Atwater a thoroughly reliable agent, and in his accuracy and integrity clients can uniformly depend. The best possible opportunities for safe and profitable investment in reliable securities are offered by the New Haven Invest ment Co., whose business is entirely confided to his energetic and competent manager.

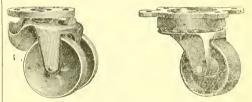
The New Haven Pipe Company's warehouse is 100 feet square in dimensions, and the stock in trade is always equal to any emergency, being

sufficient for all immediate demands. Twelve clerks, etc., are employed in the business, and in the hands of Mr. Atwater the trade of the concern at d the reputation of the old house have been maintained unimpaired.

Mr. Atwater is a native of New Haven, and has served with ability as Alderman, member of Council, Police Commissioner and Board of Public Works.

The Yale Caster Co., Manufacturers of the Yale Caster, Gem Stove Truck and Hardware Specialties, New Haven.—Famous among the dealers of hardware specialties, for the superior quality of its product, the Yale Caster Co. has for years commanded a large trade among the wholesale hardware merchants and jobbers of the country, and it is at this time one of the prominent and successful industries of New Haven.

The valuable plant of the company comprises the best improved machinery driven by steam, and thirty skilled workmen are employed in the manufacture of the famous Yale Casters, Gem Stove Trucks and other hardware specialties of which this concern is the sole manufacturer and patentee. The output is large and the goods of the company are steadily gaining in favor, as



their merits become known.

The offices of the company are: President, C. Spencer; Vice President, S. Osborn; Secretary and Treasurer, M. B. Schenck; Superintendent, W. W. Abbott.

They are all men of excellent business qualifications and high standing in the community, and at home and abroad the company stands high in the regard of the trade as one of the responsible, representative manufacturing concerns of New England.

J. W. T. Tuttle, Broadway Bakery, 11 Broadway.—J. W. T. Tuttle, the well-known baker at No. 11 Broadway, New Haven, succeeded to what is known as the "Broadway Bakery," in 1882, and has from the first been very successful in building up a substantial trade in the neighborhood in bread, cakes and pa-try, being sole agent for P. Ferry's well known goods for this part of the city. The premises occupied consist of a floor, 25x70 feet in dimensions. Two expert hands are employed. Mr. Tuttle carries a fine stock in all branches of his business, and is prepared to supply customers at short notice, and price. Mr. Tuttle is a native of New Haven and has a high reputation and standing in this community, and his store is largely patronized by families in this section who appreciate first-class bread, cake and pastry.

Walter A. Main, Insurance and Real Estate, Main Street, West Haven.—A native of the town and thoroughly familiar with localities and values of real estate in this section, Mr. W. A. Main has for several years conducted with signal success a flourishing real estate and insurance business in West Haven.

The location, at corner of Main and Campbell streets, is a very desirable one, and the facilities of this enterprising young business man for meeting all requirements in his line are ample in every particular. He buys, sells and leas s property, negotiates loans, collects rents, effects insurance, and generally superintends the management of estates, making prompt returns to clients and at uniformly low rates of commission. He has listed a large number of desirable town and country properties, which he offers at advantageous prices and most accommodating terms, and those who contemplate either selling or investing would do well to consult this successful agent.

Mr. Main represents the German-American and other time-tried fire insurance companies, and insures personal and real estate at lowest rates of premium. He is always reliable, vigilant and energetic, and is a desirable business agent in every particular.

Mr. Main is the Tax Collector of West Haven, and is one of the estimable and influential citizens of the town.

Mr. Main has a number of very desirable lots at Savin Rock, at low prices, and those desiring to purchase shore property would do well to consult him. He represents the German American Ins. Co, of N. Y., whose assets of \$5,000,000 show it to be one of the most successful companies in the United States.

Willis G. Judson, Dealer in First Class Groceries, Fine Butter, Cheese, Tea, Coffee and Spices, 480 Chapel Street.—Mr. Willis G: Judson is a gentleman of good sound business qualities and is prominent in this branch of trade. The premises occupied by him are commodious, being 15x40 feet in size, located at 480 Chapel street. He carries a full stock of first class groceries, among which are to be found choice teas, coffees and the best imported spices, also fine butter, cheese, etc., the best brands of flour and all the delicacies and staple commodities known to the trade, and for quality and freshness the stock carried by Mr. Judson has no superior in this city. He is an energetic, enterprising business man, who thoroughly understands every detail of the business and his facilities for purchasing are such as to enable him to supply the demands of his customers at the shortest notice and at very reasonable prices.

His patrons feel confident that their orders will receive the same prompt attention when sent by their children or servants as if personally delivered by themselves.

Mr. Judson established his grocery business in 1879 and has met with merited success from the first. He is a native of New Haven, Conn., and was a member of the Board of Aldermen four years, Road Commissioner one term and Justice of the Peace six years. His upright business dealings, together with the several public offices held by him, has made him favorably known.

Rourke Brothers, Successors to T. P. Rourke. Practical Plumbers and Gas Fitters. Dealers in Stores, Furnaces and Ranges, 670 Grand Avenue, As improving the sanitary condition of the people, the occupation of the plumber, apart from the general usefulness of their work, becomes one of the most important industries of all cities and towns.

Among those in New Haven who are recognized as masters of their art, the firm name of Rourke Brothers holds a prominent place, and their services are called into constant requisition, on work of the most important character.

The business was inaugurated by Mr. T. P. Rourke in 1881, and five years later the founder of the enterprise associated with himself hisbrother, Mr. E. A. Rourke. Both of the members of the firm are expert, practical plumbers and gas fitters, and the house has every facility for executing all work in their line in the most scientific and satisfactory manner. The Messrs. Rourke occupy two floors of the large building at No. 670 Grand avenue, each 25x70 feet in size. They carry a very extensive assortment of stoves, furnaces, ranges and tin and sheet iron ware, and supply the most desirable merchandise of this description at most reasonable prices. They also fill orders for tin and sheet iron work with dispatch, and a guarantee of satisfaction as toprices and quality of merchandise and workmanship is always given. Nine competent workmen are employed by the firm, and the house is daily growing in favor and its patronage steadily increasing.

The Messrs. Rourke were both born in New Haven, and are widely known and universally esteemed for their business and personal worth.

Robert Lutz, Dealer in Choice Beef, Mutton, Lamb, etc., No. 161 Crown Street.—A provision store which is a favorite with New Haven citizens is that conducted by Mr. Robert Lutz at No. 161 Crown street. The business was started in 1885, and its success has been pronounced and well-merited. Mr. Lutz has a fine retail trade throughout the city, and is establishing a reputation tor desirable goods and honorable dealing. Choice beef is always to be found at this store at the lowest market price, and mutton is also kept in large quantity. Mr. Lutz makes a specially of game, of which all kinds is kept in their season, and offered at the very lowest figures possible. Vegetables are also in stock in profusion, as well as lamb and veal, everything being of the best quality.

Mr. Lutz has shown himself to be an enterprising business man by the way in which he has managed his business, and he has already secured many regular customers, who have found hisgoods to be strictly as represented in every instance. His store is very nicely fitted up, perfect cleanliness and order being observable everywhere, and the large and varied stock disposed of to the best possible advantage. A number of courteous and agreeable assistants are employed by Mr. Lutz, and nothing whatever is left undone which his experience can suggest, that will enhance the comfort and convenience of his patrons, and scrupulous care is taken not to offer for sale any meat which is not what it should be in all respects. Jacob P. Richards, Dealer in Choice Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Veal, Pork, Hams and Sausages, 426 State Street.—This enterprising house was established in 1857, by the present proprietor Jacob P. Richards, who has gained popularity among the leading families of the city. The premists are located at No. 426 State street, and consist of one floor, 80 x 20 feet in dimensions, and carefully stocked with a large assortment of beef, mutton, lamb, veal, pork, hams and sausages; also poultry, game and vegetables. A number of hands are given steady employment, and the trade is both wholesale and retail, extending through the city and suburbs.

through the city and suburbs. Mr. Jacob P. Richards possesses every advantage, as regards experience. All provisions will be found tresh, and are unsurpassed by those of other establishments; this is due to the great care of this gentleman in the selection of his stock.

Mr. Jacob P. Richards was born in Germany, and is a gentleman well known in private life. He is captain of City Guards, 2d Regiment.

L. G. Hoadley, Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in Confectionery. Proprietor of the Eclipse Cough Drop, 170 and 172 Meadow St.— Noticeable among the manufacturers of confectionery in this city, we find Mr. L. G. Hoadley, located at Nos. 170 and 172 Meadow street. He occupies for his business a fine store and factory, admirably arranged and equipped for the manufacture of all kinds of pure confectionery. He is the sole proprietor and manufacturer of the celebrated "Eclipse Cough Drop," of which large quantities are manufactured and sold to the trade.

Mr. Hoadley established his business in 1879, and has, during his business career, built up a flourishing trade and gained the confidence of the public by his integrity, fair dealing and close application to business.

We feel confident in commending this establishment, as one where only pure goods are manufactured, and where prices are as low as any throughout the city or vicinity.

Employment is given to several capable assistants, and altogether the trade is very extensive.

Mr. Hoadley is a native of Connecticut, and is a gentleman whose knowledge and experience enables him to meet all the wants of the business.

W. S. Horton, Dentist, 838 Chapel Street.— The popular dental establishment of Mr. W. S. Horton, located at No. 838 Chapel street, deserves particular notice. He has been established since 1878, and has gained a high reputation. The location is convenient and the premises commodious. The parlor is handsomely and appropriately furnished, and the operating-room is provided with the best appliances for the rendering of satisfactory service.

Mr. Horton attends to all branches of dentistry, extracting, filling and manufacturing teeth, and employs his talents in all directions where skill is necessary. His work is always of the most perfect character, and Mr. Horton will be found reliable, prompt, and accurate in the fulfillment of orders, and his prices are very moderate and suited to the means of all.

Mr. Horton is a native of Westfield, Mass., and is a gentleman of enterprise and energy.

James E. Kelley, Sole Agent for Applying Warren's Improved Fire and Water-proof Gravel Roofing, Residence, 110 Davenport Ave., near Howard Ave.; Office, 13 State Street.—A most conspicuous example of success in business is that afforded by Mr. James E. Kelley, his office being at 13 State street. Mr. Kelley was first associated with Warren Bros. in New York eity, in 1852, but in 1865 he removed to New Haven, and entered into business independently, meeting with immediate and most gratifying success, and constantly enlarging and widening the scope of his business until it reached its present extended proportions, two floors being now occupied, each 100 x 30 feet, besides a yard 30 x 30 feet.

A specialty is made of handling Warren's improved fire and water-proof gravel roofing, but many other varieties of roofing are also dealt in largely, such as the "Bee-bive" brand felt, cement and gravel roofing, improved two and three ply prepared roofing, English felt roofing, asbestos and native Trinidad asphalt roofing, etc., etc. Much is also done in the way of water proof flooring, such as is required in breweries, stables, packing houses, etc., and vaults and cellars are made perfectly dry and water-tight. Carcful and prompt attention is given to orders by mail, and they may be addressed either to Mr. Kelley's office at 13 State street, or to his residence, which is at 110 Davenport ave.

A wholesale, retail and jobbing business is done, and employment is given to ten hands constantly. In the long course of Mr. Kelley's business experience, orders have been filled for many prominent persons and business houses, and the long list of unimpeachable references in New Haven and vicinity, which Mr. Kelley shows by permission of those referred to, shows how the work has been done. Among them may be mentioned: Hon. H. B. Bigelow, Hon. John M. Leeds, Mr. M. Armstrong and Mr Chas. A. White, all of New Haven, and the Union Metallic Cartridge Co., the Wheeler & Wilson Mfg. Co., the Howe Sewing Machine Co., the Bridgeport Malleable Iron Co. and the Marcelin Chemical Co., Bridgeport concerns.

H. C. Goodwin, Dealer in Country Produce, Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Stalls 4 and 6, City Market .- In consequence of the uniform quality of the specialties in which he deals a large trade has been secured by this gentleman. His eggs are noted for their freshness and the butter, being obtained from some of the choicest dairies, is exceptionally fine. Mr. Goodwin also handles cheese, country produce, and fresh vegetables. are received daily. The business is both wholesale and retail, and with a sufficient force of assistants is transacted in a prompt and satisfactory manner. The premises occupied consist of two stalls, located in City Market, 25x35 feet in dimensions and are considered among the bestfitted up in the market. The business was es-tablished in 1876 by G. A. Dickerman, succeeded in 1879 by Henry C. Goodwin, the present proprietor, who is a native of New Haven, and belongs to both the orders of Free Masons and Odd Fellows, and is a gentleman well known for his enterprise, and his sound judgment and business. tact.

The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co .- William Penn and the Red Men .- During the William Penn formed a lasting year 1682, league of peace with the red men of forest and without wrangle or bloodshed without wrangle or bloodshed he obtained the lands now



the comprising the "Key Stone State" and a part of Delaware. Wm. Penn founded the State of Pennsylvania. He was a Quakerand the Quakers largely founded the Penn Life In-Mutual surance Company, receiving their charter from the State on the 24th day of February, 1847, locating at

Philadelphia, and began business on May 25th of the same year. The object of the Penn Mutual has been to furnish reliable life insurance at the lowest cost. The business has been conducted on the purely mutual plan and the profits or sav-ings have been annually distributed to members according to their individual contributions. The record of the Penn since 1847 shows that these dividends have been more in number and of a larger average percentage than any other company. While this low cost has resulted from care in selection of risks, placing of investments and economy of its expenditures, a high standard of security has always been maintained. The present assets of this company are Eleven Million five hundred thousand dollars, with a clear surplus of two millions over all present or contin-gent liabilities. This ratio of assets to liabilities denotes a condition of *strength*, of which the management of forty years may well be proud, and which demonstrates security and decreasing cost of insurance with the increasing age of the policy. The oldest members have not, during forty years, paid in one-haif the face of their policies so that in old age they possess a good policy, increasing in value with but little cost. The management which has produced these results has ever been of the members, for the members (twenty seven trustees are elected annually), by the members. The charter of the Penn Mutual permits none to vote by proxy, precluding "one man power." The trustees elect officers and committees who conduct the business. The company has been conservative, security and cost having always first consideration, hence its membership has been more limited than some companies of equal or less age; but it has not been slow to adopt such truly liberal and progressive features as were warranted by experience. It has always voluntarily adopted such features and "latest advances" in advance of State legislation. It was the first to establish a system of paid up values or non forfeiture to the retiring member. Later, it added the "extension feature" and subsequently made its policies incontestable after two years for any cause, if the premiums are paid. The established meth-ods of the company have won popularity for the old Penn, best evidenced by the growing in- and is a recognized master of his art.

crease in all the factors of its business of 1886 over that of any previous year. After total payment to policy holders of \$1,283,929.55 it had remaining a net gain in assets of \$941,252.50 and a gain of insurance in force of \$5,922,650.00. If you wish to invest, our books are open. We can furnish you any desirable form of policy from the ordinary life to the endowment bond which guarantees six per cent. annual interest additional to face value in the event of death before the maturity of said bond. Call at the Connecticut office of the Penn Mutual Life, get the thirty ninth annual report and full particulars of plans etc., at 82 Church street, New Haven, John H. Post, General Agent.

E. Healy's Pharmacy, 276 Grand Avenue.-Under the able management of Mr. J. W. Kessell, a competent pharmacist of years' experience, the drug establishment of Mr. E. Healy, No. 276 Grand avenue, has for two years been the popular source of drug and medicine supply for the people of Fair Haven. The business was established in 1873 by Mr. W. G. Hunter, and has been in charge of Mr. Kessell for the past seven months.

The premises are 30 feet in front by 40 feet in depth, and the store is a model of taste and at-tractiveness. The stock always includes the very best and most reliable drugs and chemicals, all standard patented specialties, and a full line of toilet requisites and fancy articles, and prices are invariably reasonable and satisfactory.

Prescriptions are compounded with scrupulous care, and this store is the only one open at all hours of the day or night. Absolute accuracy is invariably warranted.

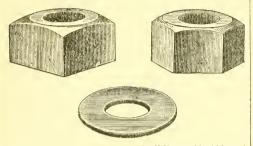
Mr. Kessell is a thoroughly reliable and responsible pharmacist and is held in general esteem for his business and personal worth.

Mr. Healy is one of the prominent citizens of Fair Haven, and has resided here many years.

Geo. E. Twitchell, Sign, Banner and Decorative Painter, 75 Orange Street.-As successor to L. P. Morchouse, who established the business in 1831, and who gained for himself a wide-spread reputation as "the great sign painter" of New Haven, Mr. Geo. E. Twitchell has for four years past ably maintained the prestige and pop-ularity of the Sign, Banner and Decorative Paint-ing establishment at 75 Orange street, in this city. He had, however, been in charge of the business for six years previous. The experience of Mr. Twitchell as a practical painter, has qual-ified him to carry on the business inaugurated over half a century ago by the leader in this line of work in New Haven, and in the beauty of his designs and skill of execution, the present propri-etor is unsurpassed by any of his craft in the country. This skilled artisan has his large shop at No. 75 Orange street, where he employs several competent painters and sign writers, and orders for sign, banner and decorative painting are executed promptly, and satisfactory work is uniformly guaranteed. The finest artistic work that could be desired is turned out of this establishment, and both as to conception and execution it defies the most severe criticism.

Mr. Twitchell is a New Haven man by birth,

New Haven Nut Co., Manufacturers of Hot Pressed Nuts, Westville.—This old, well-known concern was established in 1866 by the firm of Woodworth & Sinclair, and the business since 1872 has been successfully conducted on an extensive scale by a stock company, under the corporate name and style of New Haven Nut Co.



The works comprise two buildings, 60x100 and 25x50 feet in size respectively, supplied with all the requisite machinery and appliances for the manufacture of hot pressed nuts, operated by a steam engine of 30 horse-power, and a force of skilled workmen are constantly employed in the establishment. The best qualities of hot pressed nuts and washers of all sizes in large quantities are turned out of the establishment, and the reputation of the company's goods maintains a steady demand for the products of this reliable house, and the home and New England trade The works has attained important proportions. of the company are located at Westville, and the superior facilities for the production of goods of standard excellence, and for supplying every demand in their line at low figures, are all that could be desired.

The management of the affairs of the company should command continued success.

The officers of this reliable concern are: President, L. W. Beecher; Secretary and Treasurer, J. D. Payne; who with Mr. E. B. Beecher, comprise the board of directors.

John H. Dillon, Dealer in Choice Groceries and Provisions, also the Finest Quality of Teas, Coffees and Spices, 333 Congress Avenue.—A finely appointed store devoted to the sale of groceries and provisions in this section of New Haven is that of Mr. John H. Dillon, whose commodious store is located at No. 333 Congress This house was established by Mr. Dilavenue. lon in 1879, he being also one of the firm of Dillon & Douglass, 32 George street. The trade is strictly retail, and the premises occupied cover an area of 20x60 feet, which are finely fitted up and stocked with everything in the line of groceries, embracing the finest quality of teas, coffees and spices, besides a full and choice line of fresh pro-All the goods of the house are above visions. comment, and all purchasers are too well aware of their extra quality to oblige us to call atten-Polite and attentive assistants tion to them. wait upon customers, and orders, whether large or small, will receive prompt attention, being delivered free of charge to all parts of the city. Mr. Dillon is a native of New Haven, and is a gentleman of long and varied experience in even the smallest details of his business.

A. K. Brown, Dealer in Fish, Oysters, etc., 744 Grand Avenue.—It has been well said by one who had made the subject a life-study that the sea, barren and sterile as it appears was nevertheless capable of producing more food to the acre than any species of soil, however fertile. The great value of fish, oysters, etc., as a cheap and eminently nutritious food has been known for many years, but as by analysis, experimenting, etc., the peculiar properties of the various articles of food used by man have been ascertained, fish has become more firmly established than ever in popular favor.

Fish to be good must be fresh and the best way of assuring one's self that it is supplied in that condition is to deal only with a responsible and reliable house such a one, for instance, as that of Mr. A. K. Brown, No. 744 Grand Avenue. There may be found a large, varied and complete stock of all the various kinds of sea-food, either fresh or canned. Mr. Brown enjoys a large and prosperous trade, both wholesale and retail, and makes a specialty of native oysters, which de-licious bivalves may always be had fresh and tempting from his establishment. The businesswas established in 1869 by Mr. A. K. Brown, who enjoys a patronage which few firms in his line of business can rival. Those who by unhappy experience associate dirt and disorder with a store in which fish is kept should call on Mr. Brown, if, for no other reason, than to see how exquisitely neat and clean such a store can be maintained if in proper hands. Mr. Brown isa native of Fair Haven, Conn., and has many friends, those who know him best being his Mr. Brown has largest and steadiest customers. a telephone connection for the convenience of his patrons.

**H. H. Thompson,** Livery, Boarding and Hack Stables, corner Grand Avenue and North Front Street.—This is the oldest livery establishment in Fair Haven and for many years was conducted by D. M. C. King, prior to its coming into the hands of the present proprietor over twenty years ago. Mr. Thompson is a popular liveryman, and he well sustains the old-time prestige of the stables. He has excellent facilities for boarding and caring for horses, and gives those placed in his charge the best of attention at low prices. He supplies elegant and serviceable double and single teams for tunerals, weddings and special occasions, at reasonable rates, and his turnouts are very stylish and suited to all purposes.

His office has telephone connection and orders have prompt attention at all hours. He has ac. commodations for twenty head of horses and as many carriages, and his aim is always to meet every requirement of his patrons.

Mr. Thompson is a native of New Haven, and is a prompt, reliable business man, whose long career in business has been one of uninterrupted and deserved success.

Mr. Thompson makes a specialty of excursion business, and has for the purpose several large and commodious sleighs, barges and stages, which may be engaged at short notice and rea sonable rates for sleighing parties, picnics and excursions of all kinds. Orders sent by maik will receive prompt attention. Isaac W. Lounsbury, Plumbing. Steam and Gas Fitting, Tin Roofing and Jobbing; also Dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces, etc., 691 Chapel Street.—In this advanced age, the socalled modern conveniences have become an actual necessity, and we c\*n hardly find a building in the process of erection, for either dwelling or business purposes, whose walls are not completely interlined with pipes as conductors of water, steam and gas, and when we consider how much we depend upon them for comfort and convenience, we must also realize to what an ext nt our health and property could be endangered by them; the use of poor materials in the manufacture, or the employment of unskilled workmen in the laying of them will often prove disastrous to both.

The well-known house of Mr. Isaac W. Lounsbury, was establi-hed in 1874, under the title of Lounsbury, Story & Co. In 1876, it was changed to Lounsbury & Co., and was again changed, in 1879, when Mr. Lounsbury assumed full control. He is a practical plumber, steam and gas fitter.

The premises comprise the first floor of the building, 100 x 25 feet in dimensions. Here may be found a complete stock of stoves, ranges, furnaces, tin, copper and hollow ware; also, Fuller & Warren Co's "Splendid" ranges and heating stoves. In connection with this retail store, Mr. Lounsbury does a large business in the jobbing and manufacturing line; this trade necessitating the employment of nine competent workmen, who thoroughly understand every branch of the tin-roofing and jobbing business.

Mr. Lounsbury is a native New Haven, a thoroughly practical business man, in whom one can put the utmost confidence, and rely upon having all work done in the most prompt and satisfac tory manner, and at the lowest prices. He is well and favorably known throughout New Haven.

S. S. Adams, Cash Grocer, 745 Grand Avenue. -A popular and enterprising cash grocery es-tablishment is that of S. S. Adams, located at No. 745 Grand avenue. The business was first es-tablished in 1878 by Adams & Clark, succeeded in 1882 by the present proprietor, Mr. S. S. Adams. He occupies a finely fitted up store, 80x25 feet in size, in which is carried a complete first-class stock of staple and lancy groceries, teas, coffees, sugars, flours, spices and a great variety of canned goods, al-o all the miscellaneous goods usually found in a first class grocery estab-lishment. As all sales are for each the lowest prices prevail and a number of attentive assistants serve customers in a prompt and intelligent manner. The stock carried is purchased direct for a first-class retail trade. Inducements to cash buyers are offered at this establishment that are not excelled by any other concern in this vicinity. A large trade has been built up, as only the best quality and most reliable goods are handled, and his business is increasing annually. Mr. Adams, who is a native of Union, Maine, has resided in New Haven for many years and has made many friends, and merits the success which has attended his efforts. He is a prominent Odd Fellow and also belongs to the "Red Men."

E. A. Cramer (Successor to Moulthrop) Photo Artist, 818 Chapel Street.-It would be very diffialbum in the city of New Haven, and indeed it might also be said in the whole State of Connecticut, which had not somewhere between its leaves a photograph from the establishment now carried on by Mr. E. A. Cramer, at No. 818 Chapel street. Although Mr. Cramer is undoubtedly a comparatively new comer, the business and good will of which he is the present proprietor is without doubt the oldest established in the city in the line of photography. All have heard of "Moulthrop's," and he it was who first commenced the business in 1842, long before most of the present generation were here. At first, of course, the methods employed were rough and coarse, but Mr. Moulthrop, being a progressive man, availed himself of each improvement in the art as it became known; and thus it came about that in later years, the productions from this establishment were known all over the State, not only for truthfulness and fidelity to nature, but for their general artistic merit and finish. In April, 1886, Mr. Cramer became the proprietor, and since then has more than upheld the high reputation won by his predecessor. He occupies two large floors, one 50x25 feet and the other 25x15 feet, which are both fitted up with all the modern appliances necessary for a due prosecution of the photographic art. A specialty is made by Mr. Cramer of what is known as "solar work" enlargement. He has also a beautifully fitted up waiting room for the convenience of his patrons and for their instruction and delectation. The walls are hung with many fine specimens of photography. All in all Mr. Cramer has one of the best studios in the city and his business al-though large is rapidly increasing.

W. P. Reynolds, Dealer in Fresh, Salt, Smoked and Pickled Fish 621 Grand Avenue. —Among the houses engaged in the fish trade in this city, we would call attention to the well appointed store of Mr. W. P. Reynolds, located at No. 622 Grand avenue, who is an extensive dealer in all kinds of fresh, salt, smoked and pickled fish, long and round clams, scollops, etc., and whose line of oys'ers will be found one of the best the market afford, embracing all the celebrated grades, including Stony Creek, Saddle Rock, Blue Stone Point, Norwalk, Oyster Bay, Natives, etc., Mr. Reynolds being prepared to fill all orders from a quart to a barrel. The premises occupied consist of a large store, 60x20 leet in area, well fitted up and finely stocked with all in his line.

This business was established in 1884 by C. L. Johnson, who continued it until the Fall of 1886, when Mr. W. P. Reynolds, the present proprietor, succeeded to the control, and having brought his energy and ability as well as experience into the business has met with unparalleled success. His trade is of a wholesale and retail character, all customers being promptly and politely waited on, and their purchases delivered to all parts of the city free of charge. Mr. Reynolds is a native of New Haven and is a member of the Foresters. He is a gentleman richly endowed with enterprise and ability. John C. Miles, Merchant Tailor, 14 Center Street.—Among the leading tailoring establishments of New Haven, we wish to call the attention of our readers to that of Mr. John C. Miles. This establishment is one of the most prominent and important in New Haven. This firm was established in 1851, under the style of Clark & Miles, and was conducted under that title for three years when, in 1854, Mr. J. C. Miles assumed full control of the business, now located at 14 Center street. There may always be found a large assortment of imported cloths from the best looms of Europe, comprising cassimeres, suitings, beavers, broadcloths, diagonals, etc., also a full line of domestic goods.

The premises occupied are 80 x 20 feet in dimensions, and are nicely fitted up. This trade is one that requires considerable skill to attain perfection in. Owing to the long experience Mr Miles has enjoyed, he is able to meet its every requirement. His business is devoted to custom work, and he gives his personal attention to the cutting, which is a sufficient guarantee of satisfaction.

Mr. Miles is pleased to forward samples with prices to any section of the United States. The immense amount of custom work done requires the employment of twenty to twenty five experienced tailors, whose fine workmanship is so noticeable in the many elegant sui's that are made in this establishment. Mr. Miles is known for the marked good taste displayed in the selection of his stock, which cannot be surpassed in this city for its quality and style, either for business or dress suits, and which are furnished at the lowest possible prices.

Mr. John C. Miles is a native of Milford, Ct., and his long conduct of business and his gentlemanly and prompt attention to all, have won for him a large host of friends.

**Robert E. Baldwin**, Houses, Building Lots, Farms and Manufacturing Property Sold or Exchanged, 818 Chapel Street.—There is no form of investment which offers more positive and and substantial returns for capital invested, and the wise and sagacious prefer real estate to all other forms of speculation. An agent who occupies a prominent position in this line in New Haven is Mr. Robert E. Baldwin, whose office is located at 818 Chapel street. No one in this line in New Haven is better known, or has a finer reputation.

Mr. Baldwin is a native of Woodbridge, Ct., and established himself in this business in 1871, enjoying a large trade in New Haven and vicinity. He pays special attention to appraising property and to the settlement of estates. Mr. Baldwin sells or exchanges houses, building lots, farms, or manufacturing property.

Mr. Baldwin may be implicitly relied upon, and is considered an excellent judge of the value of property, both improved and unimproved. His standing is high in financial circles, and among his clients will be found many of our best known citizens. All business relations with him will be both pleasant and profitable.

Mr. Baldwin has been an assessor of the town, as well as a councilman of the city, and is a highly esteemed citizen.

Bradley & Davis, Dealers in Flour, Grain, Feed, Meal, Hay, Straw, etc., Nos. 516 and 528 Grand Avenue -- Among the most active, enterprising and successful of our New Haven business men are Bradley & Davis, doing business at Nos. 516 and 528 Grand avenue. These gentlemen are engaged in trade as dealers in flour, grain, meal, hay, straw, etc., and hold a very high position in the city in their line of business. The establishment they carry on was founded in 1876 by L. D. Bradley & Co.; succeeded by Bradley & Davis in 1881. The business has steadily increased from year to year and is both wholesale and retail, a very large stock being carried. The premises occupied comprise two floors, each 150x40 feet and employment is given to four assistants. Owing to the long continuance and high reputation of this house in the business they are enabled to secure their goods at the very lowest market price and are con-equently in a position to furnish their customers with standard articles on most reasonable terms. A very large amount of flour is handled by them, all the popular brands being dealt in, and those who find it impossible to obtain such flour as they desire from their grocer should give Messrs. Bradley & Davis a call as they deal directly with the miller and consequently furnish a fresh and desirable article. A large amount of business in hay, oats, ground feed, straw, etc., is also transacted, the quality of everything sold being guaranteed to be as represented and no doubt it is to this strict integrity which has characterized all the business operations that this firm largely owe their success.

The members of the firm are Messrs. S. D. Bradley and R. G. Davis, natives of East Haven and Guilford, Conn., both gentlemen of capability and energy, and thoroughly experienced in all the details of their business. This firm make a specialty of the "Glen Cove Corn Feed," of which they are sole agents for this section.

Miss Clara H. Katsch, Agent for Butterick's Celebrated Patterns, 125 Church Street.-Paper patterns, of late years, have been cut so accurately, and the directions accompanying each pattern so simple, that any lady wishing to do her own dressmaking can, by expending a few cents, obtain stylish patterns and fashion her own garto her satisfaction. Among the many ments paper fashions, none are more popular or more to be relied upon than the "Butterick," a full line of which are to be found constantly on hand at their New Haven Agency, Miss Clara H. Katsch, No. 125 Church street, Exchange Building, oppo-site the Green. The store occupied is very central and nicely fitted up for her trade, polite and efficient assistants being on hand to wait upon cu-tomers. In connection with her pattern department she does stamping of all kinds to order, and also receives orders for dress caps of every description.

This agency, which is the oldest in the State, was established in 1856, by E. E. Johnson, succeeded by Miss Katsch, in 1875, who, being obliging in her manner, and thoroughly experienced in all the details of her business, has succeeded in establishing a large and lucrative trade. Miss Katsch is a native of Germany, and has

made many friends in the community.

Henry M. Bishop, Pharmacist, cor. State and Humphrey Streets.—New England, and particularly Connecticut, is prolific of history, not only in a general sense, but as regards business houses, whose inception dates back many years. Prom-inent among these is the house of Henry M. Bishop, located at the corner of State and Humphrey streets. This business was founded by Mr. Bishoy in 1860, and has from its start been marked by great success. The premises occupied for the business comprise a fine commodious store, covering an area of 60x40 feet, and finely stocked with a complete assortment of drugs and medicines, beside a fine display of fancy and toilet articles. Great care is taken in the compounding of physicians' prescriptions, and everything is under the personal supervision of the propri-etor, assisted by two skilled clerks. Mr. Henry M. Bishop is a native of Woodbury, Conn., and is a gentleman of long experience in his business, being thoroughly versed in every detail of his profession, and one who may be relied upon at all times for accuracy and care. His store is so attractively arranged and the display of goods so fine that it becomes a pleasure to visit it. The history of this house is a pleasant proof of the certainty with which probity and energy will win their way.

In every respect the house may be regarded as a representative one, prompt, liberal and enterprising to a marked degree.

William Jepson, Elm City File Works, 861 State Street, New Haven.—This is one of the oldest file manufactories in New Haven. It was established as long ago as 1844 by Messrs. Jepson & Rawling, succeeded finally by Wm. Jepson in 1871. Prior to 1840 the manufacture of files was unknown in this country, but since that date the production has rapidly increased, until now a large part of the files consumed in the United States is the product of American manufactories. and a large quantity are also exported through New York and Boston commission houses. The premises occupied by Mr. Jepson consist of one floor, 30x20 feet in dimensions. The business is divided into the forging, annealing, grinding, cutting and finishing departments, four hands are employed and the files being all hand-made there is no machinery used. These works produce every style of hand cut files, and two prize medals awarded to Mr. Jepson for superior work is proof of the reliability of the goods. The raw material used is the best English and American steel, all of which is selected by Mr. Jepson himself with the utmost care, and only such as will stand the severest tests is used. In addition to the manufacturing of new files to order, an extensive business is done in recutting old ones. which work is done in a manner that makes them wear equal to new and as such they are warranted. Orders for new goods will be promptly filled, and prices, both for new work and recutting, are as low as any responsible manufacturers in the country.

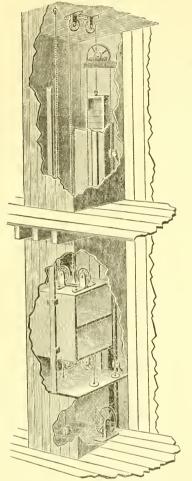
Mr. Jepson is a native of Sheffield, England; he is a member of St. John's Lodge of Masons of Bridgeport, and also of Harmony Lodge, I. O O. F., of New Haven; he is a thoroughly practical man and possesses a long experience extending over 50 years.

E. L. Fairchild, Dealer in Coal and Wood, 520 State Street, Alling's Block.—One of the best known dealers in coal and wood in the city is Mr. E. L. Fairchild, of No. 520 State street, Alling's Block. Business was begun by this gentleman in 1884, and his success has been as large as it was well merited. Possessing a perfect knowl-edge of the articles he handles and exceptional relations with the largest producers, he is enabled to offer the public great inducements to favor him with orders, which he fills promptly and accurately at prices which must of necessity commend themselves to all. For instance, soft wood is sold by him in any quantities from six barrels to a cord, the price for the first-mentioned amount being but \$1, and for the larger quantity \$7.50. Hard wood is quoted at five barrels for \$1 or \$8.50 for a cord. Hickory, which is universally acknowledged to be the best wood attainable for burning, is sold for \$4 for two feet or \$10 for a cord. Orders may be left in person but they will receive the same careful and prompt attention if given by mail or telephone. Coal of all kinds is also very largely handled. Our space will not permit us to specify the prices made on it, but our readers may feel confident that all orders for coal which may be given to Mr. Fair-child will be filled at the very lowest market prices for a reliable article.

He employs two assistants in his office, which is 25x15 feet in dimensions. Mr. Fairchild is a native of New Haven, and was connected formerly in an official capacity with the Odd Fellows, and has a large acquaintance in the city.

H. Kissinger & Co., Manufacturers of Frame and Room Mouldings, Nos. 183 to 189 State Street.—There is nothing which adds more to the whole appearance of a room than a tasteful and rich moulding, forming as it does a sort of frame for the wall papering and breaking the bare expanse of wall from the floor to the ceiling. Mouldings have come into general use of late years, not only on account of their beauty, but also because of the convenience they afford for the hanging of pictures and totally preventing the falling of heavy and valuable pictures by reason of the nails tearing out. The pioncer house engaged in the manufacture and sale of mould-ings in Connecticut is that of H. Kissinger & Co., occupying premises running from 183 to 189 State street, corner of Fair street. This wellknown and representative house started in business in 1878 and rapidly built up, by the excellence of their goods and the shrewdness of their enterprise, their resent large and increasing business. The firm is composed of Messrs. H. Kissinger and L. Geiger. The business done is wholesale, the customers being found throughout the Eastern and Middle States. Three contiguous floors are occupied, each embracing an area of 90x100 feet, and constant employment is given to upwards of a dozen hands. Messrs. Kissinger & Co. manufacture all kinds of picture frame as well as room mouldings, and also deal largely in frame backing. Their specialty, however, is mouldings of every description, both gilt and all kinds of hard wood finish, in which the most beautiful and artistic effects are obtained, their reputation in this kind of work standing very high, as the amount they manufacture proves.

No. 2 DUMB WAITER.



The finest line of Dumb Waiters and light-geared Elevators in the market, manufactured by F. C. Cannon, New Haven, Conn.

F. C. Cannon, Machinist, C. Cowles & Co.'s Building, Rear 45 Orange Street; Connecticut Agent for the Noiseless "Otto" Gas Engines, over 18,000 in use; B. W. Payne & Sons' Steam Engines and Boilers, one of the largest lines in the country, all styles and sizes; the Clem & Morse Elevators and Pneumatic Clutch, which has never failed; the "Blevney" Pulleys, Clutches and Couplings, cheapest and best. Having Shafting, for furnishing special facilities Hangers, Pulleys, Clutches and Couplings, we shall be pleased to give estimates.—Since he es-tablished himself in business in New Haven as a machinist and agent for manufacturers, in 1879, Mr. F. C. Cannon has always been successful in meeting the requirements of a large trade, and at this writing he is the acknowledged leader in this city in his special line of industry. His warerooms and factory are located in the rear of 45 Orange street, and comprise two floors of the large building, 50x100 feet each in dimensions.

His establishment is admirably equipped with the best improved labor-saving machinery, with a steam engine as the motor, and he employs a force of thirty skilled workmen in the several departments of his business.

Mr. Cannon manufactures the best elevators and dumb-waiters in use, and has an established reputation for this work which extends far beyond city and State limits. Orders for putting in elevators, shafting, etc., are executed with dispatch and in the most satisfactory manner, and his work in the elegant Bowditch, Armstrong, New Haven Mfg. Co., and other of the principal business blocks erected in this city attest his business ability unmistakably.

All work in his line is done well and accurately and at short notice.

<sup>6</sup> Mr. Cannon is the agent for the State for the Noiseless "Otto" Gas Engines, the Delamater Iron Works steam pumps and hot air pumping engines, the Clem & Morse Elevators and Pneumatic Clutch, and the "Blevney" Pulleys, Clutches and Couplings, all of which are in high favor with manufacturers everywhere, and he has every convenience for supplying this machinery at manufacturers' lowest quotations.

He is a New Haven man by birth, and is unquestionably one of her representative, reliableand successful business men.

**A. W. Flint,** Manufacturer of, and Dealer in Basket Seat and Tapestry Chairs, Ladders for Fire departments, Painters, Carpenters and Masons, 684 Chapel St.—There are a number of houses in this city which, in the manufacture of certain specialties, have secured a wide reputation



for themselves. One of the most prominent among these is that of A. W. Flint, who isentitled to more than passing notice in this volume. For a number of years Mr. A. W. Flint has manufactured and dealt in all kinds of basket seat and tapestry chairs, rattan and folding chairs, ladders, step-ladders, boys' sleds, snow shovels, wagon-jacks, adjustable ladder hooks, all kinds of folding lawn settees, washbenches, clothes horses, campchairs and ladics' work-tables,

at both wholesale and retail, particular attention being paid to the manufacture of ladders for fire departments, painters, carpenters and masons; orders by mail will be promptly and carefully attended to. The office is located at No. 684 Chapel street. The factory is admirably arranged for the extensive business transacted. The house holds a large stock in all the lines indicated, and the business extends throughout Connecticut andother States. Mr. Flint is well known throughout the city, and is highly esteemed by a large circle of friends.

We must add, in conclusion, that the enterprise established by him in this city has been managed and conducted upon the basis of business principles so honorable and straightforward as to have secured for the house an esteem asjustly as it is rarely acquired. The New York Life Insurance Company.— The forty-second annual statement of this company shows its condition on January 1st, 1887, to be as follows: \$304,373.540 insurance in force on about one hundred thousand lives; \$75,421,453 assets; \$8,080,527 divisible surplus; \$4,176,425 Tontine surplus; total surplus by State of New York standard, \$15,549,319.

The new business done in 1886 was 22,027 policies, insuring \$55,178,294 and the eash income was \$19,230,408 from premiums and interest The interest receipts of this company in the last ten years have been \$5,972,365 in excess of its death losses and in 1886 nearly \$1000,000 more than the death losses. The death losses in 1886 were less than ten dollars for each thousand dol lars of insurance.

As this is a purely mutual company the cost of insurance to its members is just the death losses and expenses, which in 1886 were but 31 per cent. of the income, leaving still on hand in the reserve and surplus funds to credit of policyholders nearly 70 per cent. of the \$19,230,408 income. When we consider the large number of members in this company, the low rate of mortality, the large surplus after providing a reserve sufficient to meet every policy at maturity, the surplus interest receipts over current losses obviating the necessity of using any of the premiums in their payment, we feel confident that no safer financial institution exists.

The New York Life Insurance Company issues a greater variety of policies and the returns on its maturing Tontine dividend plans are larger than those of any other company whether Tontine or ordmary. All policies now issued by this company are non forfeiting after three annual premiums have been paid. The Connecticut office of this company is 811 Chapel street, New Haven, with A L Gurney as general agent, ex-Mayor Henry G. Lewis, superintendent of city agents, Wilbur J. Peck cashier, and a corps of gentlemen as special agents. They are doing a large business with our best men.

John and Edw. C. Dietter, Meats and Provisions, 51 Greene Street.—This fine market was established in 1864, by Mr. John M. Dietter. Since January 1st, it has been conducted by John and Edw. C. The business has always been conducted with most marked success. The premises are well arranged for market purposes, the establishment always presenting a most inviting appearance. The building, No. 51 Greene street, is utilized, being 30 x 40 feet in area, and every facility for preserving perishable merchandise during the heated term is provided. The choicest fresh and salt meats, beef and

The choicest fresh and salt meats, beef and pork products, flour, vegetables, produce and provisions generally, and a full stock of choice groceries are always to be had here at lowest rates consistent with reliable merchandise. Three courteous and competent clerks are employed in the establishment, customers have prompt attention, orders are filled with dispatch, goods delivered free of charge, and satisfaction in every particular is uniformly guaranteed.

The Messrs. Dietter are pushing and progressive men of business, and in this city they are held in the highest esteem. Mrs. Samuel Bishop, Milliner, 93 Grand Avenue.—As the proprietress of the oldest, most attractive and complete millinery establishment in Fair Haven District, Mrs. Samuel Bishop has for twenty-three years commanded a large patronage among the fashionable ladies of this suburb of New Haven.

This estimable lady established herself in business here in 1864, and has by the exercise of skill and taste in the selection of stock, and the millinery work made to order, steadily increased her trade and extended her reputation as an artist in this branch of her business.

The stock comprises the latest designs and novelties in imported and domestic millinery goods, and her facilities for supplying the most correct styles in merchandise and work at reasonable prices are unsurpassed.

Bleaching and pressing is done to order at short notice, and orders for all work in her line have prompt attention and are filled in the most artistic and satisfactory manner.

Mrs. Bishop is the agent for the Staten Island Dycing establishment, and work left with her is done by this famous concern and promptly returned, at the usual rates charged by the proprietors, and in all her engagements she is thoroughly reliable and deserving of fullest confidence.

"New Haven Register."—Fully meeting the public demand in everything going to make up a first-class, reliable daily and weekly newspaper the New Haven *Register*, the leading journal of C nneeticut, has for three quarters of a century wielded a healthful influence in National, State and Municipal affairs, and its sphere of usefulness is constantly widening. It was founded in 1812, and has attained a circulation greater than that of any paper in the State, and twice as large as that of any contemporary in the city. As an advertising medium the *Register* is unequaled, and as a live, reliable family newspaper it meets every requirement of all classes.

For those having real estate to sell or rent, or for those wanting situations or help, it is notably the most desirable means of making known these wants, reaching as it does all clases of the community, and the low prices making it the popular aud recognized medium to which all refer. Wants, real estate advertisements, business opportunities, etc., are published at the low rate of one cent per word for one insertion, and for five cents a word for a full week or seven insertions, the paper being published on Sunday. The weekly edition is a very desirable one for families. particularly those resident in the country, and contains a full and complete compendium of the news for the week up to hour of issue, and also miscellaneous matter interesting and instructive.

The office of the Register Publishing Company is at 86 to 90 Crown street, in the building recently erected by them, and the management is in every respect all that is required to maintain the reputation and prestige of the paper as the best for news and advertising in the State.

Hon. Samuel A. York, the present Mayor of the city and ex-Judge of Probate, is the President of the Company; Mr. L. L. Morgan is the efficient Business Manager. Messrs. N. G. Osborn and Wm. Rodman are the Editor and City Editor of the paper respectively.

Machol & Son, Tailors, 92 Church Street .--There are many tailoring establishments in New Haven, but none, perhaps, which can claim a larger or more extensive patronage than that conducted by Messrs. Machol & Son, at No. 92 Church street. It was in 1865 that the business now carried on by the above firm was established by the Machol Bros., David and Herman. In 1872, David became the sole proprietor, and remained so until 1884, when he admitted his son, W. D. Machol, into partnership, and the present firm name was adopted. The firm's trade is entirely confined to custom-made garments. They occupy one whole floor at the above address, and give employment to a large number of hands the year round. They carry a fine assortment of imported and domestic woolens of the best quality. Both the Hessrs. Machol are gentlemen of extended experience in the profession and enjoy a large and influential trade, both in New Haven and in adjoining towns. They devote their entire time to the interests of their customers, and are regarded by them and the public generally as reliable and representative business men.

Lewis H. Merwin, Dealer in Fish and Oysters, 763 State Street.-Occupying a conspicuous position among the retail provision houses of New Haven the establishment of Lewis H. Merwin is worthy of more than a passing notice in this vol-ume. This business was established in the year 1832, and has ascended rapidly in public favor. The premises occupied by this house for business purposes are located at No. 763 State street and comprise a fine store, 60x40 feet in dimensions. The stock comprises all of the choicest and freshest fish and oysters and fine cuts of fresh meat, including beef, mutton, lamb, pork, etc., and also a small line of groceries is kept constantly on hand. The prices also will be found as reasonable as first-class goods can be sold. Orders will be promptly filled and delivered free to all parts of the city, and polite and attentive treat-ment will be accorded to all who visit this store. Mr. Merwin is a native of Milford, Conn., and during his residence bere he has built up a large trade and acquired the reputation of a careful conservative business man and a highly respected citizen.

Edmund Zernitz, 899 Grand Avenue, Dealer in Watches, Jewelry, etc.—As in nearly all branches of art and industry, very marked im provements have been effected in the jewelry line in the United States. One of the deservedly popular establishments is that of Edmund Zernitz, located at 899 Grand avenue.

Mr. Zernitz has been established since 1876, and is a practical watchmaker and jeweler, also dealer in clocks, watches and jewelry, optical goods, etc. Here can always be found an exceedingly fine stock, and purchasers and patrons may rely on receiving honorable treatment and polite attention.

Mr. Zernitz, who is a native of Germany, has resided in the United States many years, is a gentleman of ability and energy, understanding fully all the details of the business.

Being an expert watchmaker, he has built up a liberal and substantial patronage in custom work.

The store is fitted up with a well-equipped shop in the rear, and a very superior stock is carried. Particular attention is given to fine watch repairing, and also jewelry, all work being executed in the highest style of art.

James J. Carr, Newsdealer, Stationer and Confectioner, 433 State Street and 613 Grand Avenue .- Among the most enterprising, pushing and energetic of our New Haven business men, Mr. James J. Carr, who is engaged in business as a newsdealer, stationer and confectioner, at No. 433 State street and No. 613 Grand avenue, holds a prominent position. This gentleman be-gan business in 1880 and during the past six years has widened and extended his operations until to-day he is carrying on two stores, either one of which would seem to be enough to sufficiently tax the energies of an ordinary man. But Mr. Carr glories in hard work and that his executive ability is of the highest order is proved by the eminently successful manner in which all of his business enterprises have been conducted. He controls many important newspaper routes, representing all the New Haven daily papers, and the promptness and accuracy of his services in this respect has been the occasion of much admiring comment on the part of the many citizens who depend upon him for their favorite newspaper at their morning or evening meal.

Mr. Carr is a native of New Haven and is very well known throughout the city, having many friends both socially and in a business way.

James Olmstead, Pharmacist, Broadway Drug Store, York st., cor. Elm.—Among the very oldest and most reliable drug stores of New Haven that so long and ably conducted by Mr. James Olmstead at the corner of York and Elm streets, holds a position equalled by few and surpassed by none. This favorite pharmacy was established in 1843 by Coles & Olmstead, but in 1847 Mr. James Olmstead, the present owner, became the sole proprietor, and has carried it on the even tenor of its way until to-day it ranks as one of the "institutions" of New Haven, and enjoys the confidence and the patronage of our citizens to a degree which only such long-continued faithful service could attain.

A drug store occupies a somewhat peculiar position among business enterprises, being, as it were, a sort of connecting link between a store for the sale of goods, pure and simple, and the office of a professional man. If there is one place in which perfect order and regularity are to be desired it is surely in a store of this kind where the least error in the conduct of affairs may mean death to some poor sufferer already sorely tried by disease, and where healing balms and destroying poisons are kept sometimes al-most identical in appearance to an uoskilled observer. A visit to Mr. Olmstead's establishment is of itself enough to reassure all. Everything is reduced to a system; only well-skilled hands are entrusted with the compounding of prescriptions, and an air of quiet prevails which is admirably designed to enable those handling drugs to do so without danger of their attention being diverted. A force of gentlemanly and skillful assistants are at hand to serve customers.

Dr. G. O. Stearns, Dentist, 63 Orange Street.— As is well known the Dental profession is one requiring extended training, long practical experience, and no small degree of natural aptitude for its successful prosecution. All these essential qualifications are undoubtedly possessed to a marked degree by Dr. G. O. Stearns, who is located at No. 68 Orange street. Here Mr. Stearns has a commodious office and waiting room 30x15 feet in dimensions. In extracting or filling, with either gold or platinum, he has few equals in the city, while at the same time he is thoroughly familiar with the modus operandi to be followed in the most delicate and technical dental opera tions.

He is perfectly familiar in fact with every detail of his business. He attends personally to all of his numerous patrons. Personally Mr. Stearns is held in esteem and respect by the community generally for his upright methods of transacting business, as well as being a dentist of long experience, having started in business in 1844 in Boston, removing to New Haven in 1866.

Mr. Stearns is the inventor of a remarkable and very ingenious method of making two key-boards of a piano combine (one over the other), producing a very strong and delicate tone.

This gentleman is a native of Bedford, Mass., and was chairman of City Committee of Wor cester at one time, and is a prominent Free Mason.

New Haven Steam Carpet Beating and Feather Renovating Establishment, 56 High Street, near Chapel.—This business was established by Mr. Russell Rounds, the present pro prietor, in 1873, and has since been conducted with energy and increasing success, and the addition of every improvement that has been made in that time. The business premises occupy three floors, 60x80 feet in dimensions, which are supplied by patent machines, operated by gas power, for beating carpets. Several employes find employment and the services of several horses and wagons are brought into requisition in obtaining and delivering carpets. There are many advantages offered by this mode of having carpets cleaned that were not attainable under the old-fashioned way of beating in the open air by hand.

In the first place the carpets are thoroughly cleaned and uniformly beaten their entire length and breadth in a manner which will not injure the finest fabric, yet expel every particle of dust and dirt and all moths.

Another important advantage is that dirt and annoyance is avoided, as Mr. Rounds takes up and relays carpets on very reasonable terms, as are also his prices for beating, ranging from four to six cents per yard, according to the grade of carpet.

In connection with carpet cleaning he also attends to renovating feather bedding, etc., all work being guaranteed, and express charges paid one way on all work out of the city.

Mr. Rounds has also for sale a patent renovating mixture, to remove grease and oil from carpets, clothing, etc. Mr. Rounds is a native of Rhode Island.

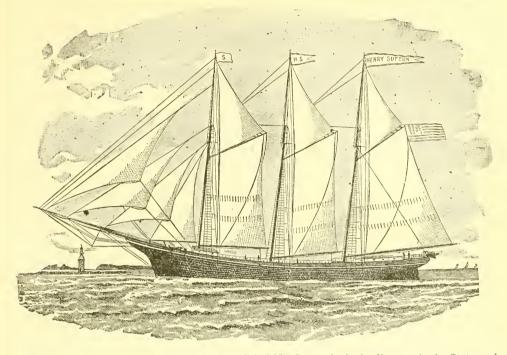
Valley Farm Creamery, L. G. Hemingway & Son, 1098 Chapel Street—Farm in Woodbridge. —The creamery business above almost all others increases in importance as the country grows older and more thickly settled, but the degree of perfection which it attains is due to the energy of individuals who have been for years connected with the business and who have developed a fitness and capacity for it gained from long experience. Such a one is that conducted by L. G.



Hemingway & Son, established as far back as-1871. Through the years that have elapsed since its inception it has been an active, enterprising concern, and an honorable competitor for legitimate business. Their creamery is located at 1098 Chapel street, New Haven, where all the products of a dairy farm are constantly to be found, such as fine creamery butter made every day, sweet cream buttermilk, and cottage cheese. The business is both wholesale and retail, and of such magnitude as to require three stories of the building, measuring 50x30 feet each, and necessitating the employment of twelve competent persons. Their large farm is in Woodbridge, Conn., where their herd of sixty cows are kept, and the transportation of the products to the creamery in the city requires the services of fivehorses and two mules.

Mr. L. G. Hemingway conducted this flourishing business for ten years in Woodbridge until 1881, when Mr. L. G. Hemingway, Jr., was admitted as partner, and the combined energy of these gentlemen have so increased their bu-inessas to require the establishment of their creamery in New Haven in 1886. Messrs. Hemingway & Son are gentlemen of experience and practical knowledge of the business, and are well-known and esteemed in the community. Mr. L. G. Hemingway is a native of East Haven, Ct., and Mr. L. G. Hemingway, Jr., of New Haven. Mr. L. G. Hemingway, Sr., is a prominent military man, being the originator of the Hartford City Guards. He also held the position of Major of First Connecticut Artillery in our late war.

#### LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF NEW HAVEN.



Henry Sutton, Ship Builder and Ship Chandler, Agent for the American Ship Windlass Co., of Providence, R. I., also Bagnall & Loud's celebrated Metaline and Improved Roller Curbed Tackle Blocks, No. 485 Chapel Street.—The ship chandlery business is one of the great factors in the astonishing development of the commerce of New Haven, and everything relating to it, therefore, is of the greatest interest. Among the most important houses engaged in this line of business, special mention should be made in a review of this nature, of that of Mr. Henry Sutton, who established himself as far back as 1869, and has succeeded in building up a large and influential patronage at home and abroad, through his persistent energy, varied knowledge and upright character.

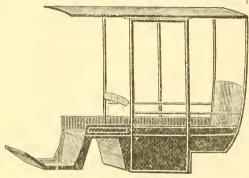
He was born in Oxford, Conn., in 1843, and served an apprenticeship in the carriage business which he followed till 1869, when he embarked in the grocery business, which gradually devel oped into the present extensive ship-chandlery business, which is carried on at 485 Chapel street. The store and office are most eligibly located. The building is four stories in height and is 80x30 feet in size. In 1872 a partnership was formed with Mr. Geo. H. Story, which was discontinued two years later, since which time Mr. Sutton has conducted the business alone.

In addition to this business Mr. Sutton is the proprietor of the West Haven ship-building yard, where he employs thirty men, and has already built and still manages a large number of firstclass vessels, which are engaged in trading with various ports, domestic and foreign, and are the largest vessels ever built in Connecticut, and much larger than any ships constructed in New England twenty-five years ago. The ship-yard

of Mr. Sutton is the leading one in the State, and is naturally of considerable importance to the commerce of the coast. He has succeeded in building up a large trade as well as a reputation alike creditable to himself as a business man and an upright private citizen.

Jas. B. Smith, Wholesale Grocers, 285-7 State Street.-During the past quarter of a century this house has been one of the leading sources of supply for the provision and grocery dealers of this section of New England, and its influence in making New Haven a desirable market for this class of merchandise has been recognized and appreciated. The extensive business so successfully conducted by Mr. Smith was founded in 1864, and from the beginning the tact and business ability of the proprietor has resulted in building up an extensive trade connection with retail dealers throughout this and adjoining States, the facilities possessed by this veteran dealer for promptly supplying goods of standard excellence at low prices, making the house a desirable one with which to place orders. Mr. Smith occupies for his purposes a large, threestory building, 40x90 feet in dimensions, and carries a large and varied stock of merchandise, and at shortest notice he is able to meet every requirement of his trade and to guarantee fullest satisfaction. He makes a specialty of fine flour and butter and certainly excels in this branch of his trade, and he has long been recognized leader among the wholesale dealers in country produce in this city. Mr. Smith is a New Haven man by birth, and in his long business career he has not only reaped most gratifying success, but has the esteem and confidence of all.

The Dann Brothers & Co., Manufacturers of Bent-Wood Work for Carriages, 80 to 86 Franklin Street.—Even the casual observer of New Haven manufacturing resources cannot fail to be impressed with their important character and the strong hold that certain lines of industry have taken at this point. In the matter of carriages and carriage hardware and supplies this is especially noticeable, as has been demonstrated by frequent establishment of new enterprises in this field of activity, which combine with the old concerns to swell the aggregate of operations.



One of the old established houses of New Haven in this field of manufactures is that founded by Messrs, Dann Bros., in 1858, which, since 1870, under the corporate name and style of "The Dann Bros. & Co.," has largely increased both the field and volume of its always extensive operations.

The company as now constituted was incorporated in 1870, and at present writing is officered as follows: President, John A. Dann; Secretary and Treasurer, William F. Dann; Directors, John A. Dann, William F. Dann, Clarence B. Dann.

The extensive works of the company are located at No. 80 to 86 Franklin street, and comprise a large, five-story building, equipped thoroughly throughout with the best improved, laborsaving machinery in use, with a 30 horse-power steam engine as motor, and a large force of workmen is employed in the several departments.

The company are, perhaps, with few exceptions, the largest manufacturers of bent-wood work for carriages in the United States, and the house is famous at home and abroad, for the superior quality and designs of their work. The output includes carriage bodies and seats, carriage parts, wood hub, Kenney banded hub, Sarven patent and Warner patent wheels, and the facilities of the company to make and supply a full complement of articles that enter into the manufacture of carriages, at small margins above cost of manufacture and of standard excellence, are unsurpassed by any competing establishment in the United States, if indeed, equaled by any quality always being considered.

The timber bending appliances are especially adapted to meet the requirements of the carriage trade; the wheels of the company are steadily growing in favor, and being made of dry timber, they are warranted fully up to the grade marked.

The trade of this progressive corporation is

wide-spread as the limits of the two continents, the demand coming from all parts of the United States for the specialties of the Dann Bros. & Co., and as well from England and all sections of the continent of Europe.

of the continent of Europe. Messrs John A. and W. F. Dann are natives of New Hartford, N. Y., and Mr. C. B. Dann was born in this city. They are all business men of decided executive and financial ability and the company is recognized in trade circles everywhere, as one of the great, responsible and successful manufacturing corporations of the country.

Smith & Kelsey, Dealers in Meats and Vegetables, Fair Haven.—For almost thirty years the very attractive market of Messrs. Smith & Kelsey, on Grand avenue, near the bridge, has been one of the popular sources of meat and produce supply for the people of Fair Haven and vicinity. The business was inaugurated by Mr. L. Smith, the father of the senior member of the present firm, in 1857. Messrs. Smith and Kelsey succeeded to the large local and out-of-town trade developed by the founder in 1883, and under their able management the establishment has more than retained its old time prestige and patronage.

The premises of this enterprising firm are 20x60 feet in dimensions and are very complete in their appointments, being provided with large refrigerators and cold storage rooms, for preserving perishable merchandise in warm weather. The supply of fresh and salt meats, vegetables, canned goods and produce is alwavs complete and desirable, and embraces the choicest goods obtainable.

Messrs. F. L. Smith and W. H. Kelsey are the proprietors of this model market. They are both natives of New Haven, are men of superior business qualifications and well deserving of the confidence and esteem of their patrons and fellow citizens generally.

Jared Warner, Dealer iu Groceries and General Merchandise, Westville, —Among the mercantile houses of Westville, there are none that have so long enjoyed the confidence and patronage of the people, as that of Mr. Jared Warner, Main street. This veteran dealer established himself in the general merchardise business in Centerville in 1856, and ten years later removed to this thriving suburb of New Haven. He occupies for business purposes two floors of his large building, each 60x40 feet in dimensions and the establishment throughout is a model of completeness and good management. He carries tull lines of groceries, provisions, produce and everything included under the term of "general merchandise," and at lowest city prices he supplies goods of standard excellence and guarantees satisfaction in every particular.

Orders are filled with dispatch and goods are promptly delivered free of charge, and in all his engagements Mr. Warner is thoroughly reliable, liberal and accommodating. Mr. Warner has customers, who have traded with him since he opened his store in Westville, 1866. He is a native of Hamden, Conn., and is a representative, successful and responsible merchant in all that is signified by the term.

Silas Galpin, D aler in Hot Air Furnaces, Brick Set and Portable Ranges, Copper, Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware, Hollow Ware, Enameled and Tin-Ware, No. 360 State Street.—In no department has the application of scientific facts and methods of manufacture produced greater improvements or more noticeable results within comparatively recent years than in the matter of stoves, cooking ranges and heating apparatus. An old-established and representative concern in this line here in New Haven and one of the leaders is that of Silas Galpin, the business of which was originally set on foot by Nathaniel Lyon as far back as 1788, succeeded in 1805 by A. Walker, again in 1850 by W. T. Cannon, and in 1883. Silas Golpin, the present proprietor, took charge. He has a lengthy and practical acquaintance with every branch of the business. Among the goods dealt in by this house may be mentioned hot-air furnaces, brick set and portable ranges, copper, tin and sheet-iron ware, hollow ware, enameled and tin-ware, etc. The premises occupied consist of the whole four stories of the building No. 360 State street, each floor measuring 105x30 feet in dimensions. A large force of skilled workmen are employed by the firm, and all orders are promptly and carefully filled A specialty of this house is a fine line of stoves. All of the goods are of a high order of merit, so high in fact and so widely admitted that it is almost needless to say anything in their favor.

Mr. Galpin is a netive of Middletown, Conn., and stands high in the community for his business as well as his social qualities.

Centennial Am. Tea Co., 363 State Street .-Probably no business has had a more rapid growth than the Tea and Coffee trade. This is largely due to the enterprise and efforts of those connected with the trade, and who have made its extension a study. Among the most popular in New Haven is the "Centennial American Tea Co.," located at No. 363 State street. This busine-s was established in 1877 by Wilson & Mills, of New York, who in 1881 were bought out by Andrew Moorehead, who is at present sole owner. The store is fitted with every convenience, and contains a line of choice teas and coffees, etc., which are of the finest and purest. The proprietor possesses unsurpassed facilities for reliable goods, and can offer very low prices. He is known as among the leaders in his line, and is very popular throughout the community. Mr. Moorchead carries on a wholesale as well as retail trade, and is widely known and highly esteemed as a citizen of energy and enterprise. In addition to low prices on the goods, this enter prising house has on hand a fine line of glass and crockery goods, which are given as gitts to purchasers, thus enabling them to obtain household goods, without extra cost.

J. C. Scovill, Bottler of Mineral Waters, Ales, Lager Beer, etc., 446 and 448 State St., Selden House Block.—A well known house in this city engaged in the bottling of mineral waters, ales, lager beer, etc., is that of J. C. Scovill, centrally located at Nos. 446 and 448 State street (Selden New Haven.

House Block). This establishment was founded in 1849 by Mr. Welton and after many changes came under the present management in 1885. The growth of this business illustrates what application and a thorough knowledge will do for those who try. The premises occupied by Mr. Scovill consist of one floor and basement, 100x40 feet in dimensions, which is finely fitted up with a large stock, and with every convenience for the promotion of the business. Twelve capable hands are given employment here and the business is entirely wholesale and very large throughout the city and vicinity. Mr. Scovill has also Mathew's steel fountains to rent, and all having dealings with him will find him liberal and straightforward in all his transactions. He is a native of Camden, New York State, and is a prominent Free Mason and a member of the Knights of Honor.

Reliable and trustworthy in all matters, Mr. Scovill has secured the confidence of the public.

C. H. Monson, Dealer in Choice Family Groceries, 721 Graud Avenue, cor. Franklin Street. —An old established and enterprising exponent of the grocery trade in this city is Mr. C. H. Monson, whose establishment is located at No. 721 Grand Avenue (corner Franklin street.) This house was founded in 1859 by H. H. Mun-son, and in 1869 his son, Mr. C. H. Munson, was admitted as partner. In 1883 the latter gentleman became sole proprietor. This house has from its start steadily increased in popularity. The store is large and commodious, occupying two floors 60x20 feet in area and basement, and well fitted up for handling a large stock of goods. This includes the choicest teas, coffees, sugars, the best brands of flour, and all the delicacies and staple commodities known to the grocery trade. Every person visiting this store is impressed with its system and completeness, and it may be asserted that for quality and freshness the stock carried has no superior in this section of the city. Mr. Monson's customers come from all parts of the city, and purchasers are assured invariable purity in their goods, and at prices that are very reasonable. Mr. Monson was born in New Haven and is thoroughly experienced in his business and popular in meeting all its demands.

M. & A. Midas, Manufacturers of Fine Cigars, Factory, No. 98 Congress Avenue; Store, 117 Congress Avenue.—One of the most popular and elegant cigar and tobacco establishments in New Haven is conducted by Messrs M. & A. Midas, at No. 117 Congress avenue. The business was was first started in 1874, by Mark Midas, succeeded in 1882 by his two sons, Moses and Abraham. The business has steadily increased. The salesrooms are well fitted up. The firm sell both at wholesale and retail cigars, tobacco, cigar ettes, and smokers' specialties generally. Theappreciation of the business of Messrs. Midas is attested by his large number of patrons. The business is operated under the most favorable auspices; the members of the firm are experienced and enterprising, and the low prices are well appreciated. Both members are natives of New Haven. A. L. Chamberlain & Co., Dealers in Groceries and Provisions, East End of Grand Avenue Bridge, Long Brick Store.—Through the financial crises of nearly sixty years, this house has stood and is to-day one of the old landmarks of trade in Fair Haven, and one of the notable instances of the "survival of the fittest." The house was founded by Messrs, H. R. and S. R. Hotchkiss in 1829, and in 1856 Mr. A. L. Chamberlain became sole proprietor. The latter in 1860 associated with himself Mr. J. L. Deming, and under the firm name and style of A. L. Chamberlain & Co., these representative merchants have successfully conducted the leading general merchandise business of Fair Haven.

The firm occupy for trade purposes the "Long Brick Store," at the eastern end of Grand Avenue bridge, utilizing three floors of the building, each 45x125 feet, for storage and display of their valuable stock of merchandise.

Messrs. Chamberlain & Co. are extensive dealers in groceries and provisions, paints, oils and nails, foreign and domestic liquors, bottled ale and porter, etc., and have unequaled facilities for supplying the people of this section with superior merchandise at lowest prices consistent with the quality of their goods. They employ a corps of competent elerks, and fill orders with dispatch, making prompt delivery of merchandise free of charge, and warranting every sale to give entire satisfaction.

Messrs. Chamberlain and Deming are natives of Durham and New Haven respectively.

John T. Hillhouse, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles, Stationery, etc.—The attractive pharmacy at No. 40 Grand avenue, now conducted by Mr. Jno. T. Hillhouse, was established in 1878 by Messrs. G. H. Corbin & Co., who were succeeded by the present proprietor nearly four years ago. Mr. John T. Hillhouse is a pharmacist and chemist of many years practical experience, and is held in general repute as a master of every detail of his business.

He occupies a very desirably located store room and laboratory, elegantly and tastefully fitted up and appointed, and his stock is atways full and complete, comprising fresh and reliable drugs and ehemicals, standard proprietary remedies and preparations, and a full line of novelties and standard articles pertaining to ladies' and gents' toilets, and novelties in fancy goods usually found in first class pharmacies.

Mr. Hillhouse is the sole proprietor and manufacturer of a number of valuable and popular specialties, among which are the famous American Cough Dispenser, which is a most efficacious remedy for coughs, colds, etc., and warranted to contain no opium. His Jelly of Roses is a reliable and harmless cosmetic and is very popular, and his Woodland Tonic Bitters is unrivaled. The reputation of these three leading specialties is widespread, and the demand for them is steadily increasing.

Mr. Hillhouse is a native of England, and has had twenty years practical experience as a pharmacist. He is a genial, courtcous gentleman, and is held in high esteem as a business man and citizen. Geo. W. H. Hughes, The Independent Low-Priced Coal Dealer, 34 Church Street.—Among the merchants of New Haven who have attained prominence in their special lines of trade, and who have developed a large business by their energy and push, Mr. Geo. W. H. Hughes has for the past ten years been accounted a leader. He established himself in business here in 1876, and has steadily developed an extensive trade in Coal, Flour, Butter, Teas, Coffees, and Provisions generally, and he numbers among his customers many of the leading housekeepers of the Elm City. He supplies at lowest market prices the best coal for domestic purposes, and has worthily won the name of the Independent Low-Priced Coal Dealer of New Haven. Choice produce, and the most popular brands of flour are always obtainable of Mr. Hughes, and his worth and business methods command the full confidence of his patrons.

Mr. Hughes occupies two floors of the fine building 24x80 feet in dimensions, and employs a force of courteous clerks and workmen, and the prompt filling and delivery of orders is one of the great secrets of his gratifying success. The trade of this house is both wholesale and retail, and is steadily growing under able management. Mr. Hughes is a native of Prospect, Conn., and is a reliable and progressive man of business, whose successful career is the logical sequence of his push, tact and worth.

M. E. Terrell, Dealer in Flour, Grain, Feed, Hay and General Merchandise, Main Street, Westville, Conn .- With its old-time prestige and patronage unimpaired, this house has for many years held a prominent place among the mercantile interests of Westville, and its trade and influence under the present proprietorship is steadily increasing. The business was established over sixty years ago, by Mr. George Kimberly, Mr. Terrell becoming the proprietor in 1879. The Terrell becoming the proprietor in 1879. premises comprise two floors, a large, double-front building, 60 x 70 feet in dimensions, centrally located on Main street, and the establishment presents a most attractive appearance in its appointments. The facilities for display and selection of merchandise are all that could be desired, and ample accommodations for customers are provided.

The stock in trade is uniformly large and complete, and Is made up of choice groceries, the best brands of flour, grain, feed and hay, fresh and cured meats, provisions and produce, a large line of the best boots and shoes in the market, and a full complement of everything usually looked for in a first-class and well-conducted general merchandise establishment. The lowest city prices uniformly prevail, and square dealing is the invariable rule of the house. Four competent clerks are employed in the conduct of the large wholesale and retail trade, and orders have prompt attention, merchandise being delivered free of charge to all parts of the town.

Mr. Terrell is a native of Simsbury, Ct., and is one of the prominent citizens of Westville, as well as one of its representative merchants. He is a member of the School Board of the town, and is active in all that tends to the public welfare and general good.

Salisbury Brothers, Druggists and Apothecaries, No. 6 Grand Avenue.-No department of business in New Haven, or in fact in any city or town, is of more direct importance to the community at large than that of the druggist. In this connection the attention of our readers in particular, and the public in general, is directed to the establishment of Salisbury Bros., located at 6 Grand avenue, where they have a most tastefully fitted up store completely equipped with every appliance and facility for properly carrying on the business.

The Messrs. Salisbury were born in Connecticut and are both thoroughly experienced pharmacists, and exercise a thorough personal supervision over their assistants who are kept constantly employed. The various drugs and medicines to be found here are of the purest character possible, a fact of much importance in the compounding of physicians' prescriptions particularly. This department is always marked by con-stant increase in the volume of business, competent chemists are employed, and this firm can be relied upon for accuracy in their prescriptions. The business was established forty years ago by Dr. C. S. Thompson, succeeded in 1883 by the present management. In addition to a fine display of drugs and patent medicines a full line of fancy and toilet articles is earried. The store and laboratory cover an area of 24x60 feet and are elegantly equipped throughout. The individual members of the firm are S. L. and D. T. Salisbury, who, being gentlemen of obliging manners and business tact, well deserve the success which attends them.

Smith & Co., Dealers in Choice Family Groceries, Provisions, Meat and Fish, No. 7 Broadway .- Messrs. Smith & Co., are conducting at this location a large retail trade in choice family groceries, provisions, meat and fish, and their establishment, located at No. 7 Broadway, is one of the popular stores in the city.

The business was established in 1869 by Herman E. Smith, who in 1875 admitted Mr. Francis K. Benham as partner, under the firm name of Smith & Co. Messrs. Smith & Co., deal in every description of goods in the grocery and provision line. The premises occupied are centrally located and comprise a large store, 90x25 feet in dimensions and well furnished. The stock is very large, including one of the finest stocks of groceries in this section, embracing both staple and fancy groceries, choice teas and coffees of the finest flavor, also a line of fresh and choice provisions is carried. Mr. Smith is a native of Milford, Conn., and Mr. Benham, of West Haven, Conn. Both are live, active, business men, and few firms have a higher standing in commercial circles.

G. Lehr, Merchant Tailor, 952 Grand Aye., (Atwater's Block).-Owing to the attention given to the tailor's trade, and the employment of skilled labor, the functions of the tailor have, within recent years, steadily developed to the plane of a fine art. The garment must be cut and fitted with accuracy, and in a manner becoming to the wearer, and finished in a style of art entirely unknown a few years ago. would, in this connection, refer to Mr. G. Lehr, customers and the general public.

merchant tailor, located at No. 952 Grand ave., in "Atwater's Block," as a leader in his line, his work being unsurpassed either in cut, fit or finish by any one in this section of New Haven.

This business was established in 1858, by Mr. Lehr, who has since successfully continued it, adding to his patrons year by year, the trade now being very large, affording employment to six experienced hands.

The premises occupied are neat and commodious and favorably situated; a heavy and very superior stock is constantly carried, embracing elegant fabrics, imported and domestic cassimeres, cloths, woolen and worsted goods, checks, plaids, suitings, etc.

Mr. Lehr is a native of Germany, and is a gentleman of long experience and unquestionable skill, being an expert and fashionable cutter, and merits his extensive patronage.

Mr. Lehr has taken many degrees among the Odd Fellows; he also a member of the "German Aid Society.

M. F. Keneley, Board, Feed, Livery and Coupé Stable, No. 381 and 383 Temple Street. Although established but one year ago, the boarding and livery stables of Mr. M. F. Keneley, No. 381 and 383 Temple street, has already become one of the most popular in New Haven. The establishment is very complete and convenient. and consists of a large two story building, 40x80 feet in size, with every facility for the boarding of horses and care of vehicles, and at reasonable prices horses have the best attention, and board by the day, week or month. Mr. Keneley keeps for livery purposes thirty head of horses and twenty stylish cabs, carriages, coupés, etc., which are let at reasonable rates, special terms being made for weddings, funerals, etc. Orders by telephone or otherwise are attended to with dispatch, and careful drivers are always fur-nished. The turnouts of Mr. Keneley are ele-gant and serviceable and entire reliance is safely placed in the man and his methods at all times. He is a New Haven man by birth and is held

in universal esteem.

J. V. Rattelsdorfer, Groceries and Provisions, 33 Greene Street.—Occupying the ground floor and basement of the building No. 33 Greene street, 30x50 feet in size, with two additional rooms for storage, Mr. J. V. Rattelsdorfer enjoys especial facilities for conducting a large city and out-town trade in Groceries and Prov sions. The business was founded in 1881 in Fair Haven, and was removed to the present location in 1883. His stock, which is at all times large and varied, comprises a very carefully selected assortment of fine Family Groceries, Teas, Sugars, Flour, Canned Goods, Produce and Provisions generally, and it has always been the aim of Mr. Rattelsdorfer to supply the best merchandise in the Two courteous market at lowest possible prices. clerks are employed in the business, and the house enjoys a position unusually favorable for affording its patrons substantial advantages

Mr. Rattelsdorfer is a native of New Haven and is prominent in business and social citcles, and his worth and probity have always commend-We | ed him to the good opinion and confidence of his Morris Isbell's Sons, Manufacturers of Light and Heavy Express Wagons; also, Manufacturers of Pure Cider and Cider Vinegar, 746 Whalley Avenue.—The wagon factory of Morris Isbell's Sons is one of the oldest and most important industries of Westville, the business having been inaugurated over half a century ago, by Mr. Morris Isbell, the father of the present proprietors, Messrs. Willis B. and Herbert H. Isbell succeeding to the business in 1878.

The factory of the firm is commodious and very complete, being equipped with improved machinery driven by a steam-engine, and a force of skilled workmen are employed in the manufacture of light and heavy express wagons, also wagon repair work and jobbing of every description. The work of the Messrs. Isbell is first-class in every particular, and orders for new wagons and repairs are executed in the most satisfactory manner, at short notice and at reasonable prices.

The firm are also successfully engaged in the manufacture of pure cider and cider vinegar, with their office and warerooms at No. 746 Whalley avenue, and they are recognized leaders in this line in the city.

The Messrs. Isbell are both natives of Westville, and are business men of sterling worth and indefatigable energy. Their promptitude and honorable methods have always commanded universal confidence, and their extensive business, both in Westville and New Haven, is the logical sequence of their business tact, experience and ability.

F. H. Woodin, Photographer, 831 Chapel St.-Of all the many arts with which we are brought in close contact almost every day of our lives, none, perhaps, has made greater strides towards perfection than that of the photographer. The subject of the present sketch, Mr. F. H. Woodin, is a gentleman whose fame as a photographic artist of the very foremost rank is not by any means confined to the city of New Haven and its immediate neighborhood alone, for although the majority of his patrons are residents here he is constantly receiving orders for specimens of his skill from all parts of the country. His studio is located at No. 831 Chapel street, next door south of Messrs. McIntyre & Maguire's, and here may be found many artistic and beautiful specimens of the high degree of skill which he has attained in what may be almost termed "the art-preserva-tive of all arts." Although Mr. Woodin has only been in business for himself since 1884, the period since then does not by any means embrace his whole experience of the profession. Previ ous to the year mentioned he studied under some of the most renowned photographers in the conntry. Pictures of all kinds are made here, from the smallest minette card up to life size, together with exterior and interior views, all in the most artistic manner, and the most careful attention to finish, a point too often neglected by some. Mr. Woodin is also an artist, as well as a photographer, being quite an expert in the matter of making copies of old pictures in either oil, water color, crayon or ink. Special rates are offered to clubs and societies, and he guarantees satisfaction in every instance.

H. Bristol, Dealer in General Merchandise, Main Street, Westville.—This is one of the oldest mercantile concerns of Westville, the house having been founded by Messrs. Cooper & Paine, removing here in 1853. In 1860 this firm was succeeded by Messrs. Bristol & McClune, and on the retirement of the junior member of this firm in 1883, Mr. Bristol became the sole proprietor.

The premises of this enterprising and reliable merchant comprise two floors of his large building, each 80x40 feet in dimensions, and the establishment is throughout admirably adapted to the display and selection of merchandise, the convenience of customers and the dispatch of business.

The stock is always extensive, and consists of fine fancy and staple Grocerics, Flour and Feed, Produce, Provisions, Boots and Shoes, Gents' wear, etc., and choice Wines and Liquors, foreign and domestic, for medicinal purposes.

Everything desirable in this wide range of merchandise is supplied at lowest city prices and goods are warranted satisfactory, and full confidence is universally inspired by the business methods and worth of this representative dealer. The extent of Mr. Bristol's trade necessitates the employment of four competent clerks, and orders are promptly filled and goods dispatched to all parts of the town free of charge.

C. E. Katsch, Jeweler, 125 Church St.—Very marked improvement has been effected in the jewelry trade as is amply attested by the display made in our establishments devoted to this branch of business. A gentleman who receives a large and desirable patronage, numbering among his customers many of the well-to do residents of the eity, is Mr. C. E. Katsch, of 125 Church street, a practical and expert workman, who has had a long experience, and is therefore thoroughly conversant with every feature of his trade. This house was founded by Mr. Katsch in 1881, and has from the first enjoyed a liberal measure of popular favor, the trade growing year by year, until now it is very substantial. He occupies a large, conveniently arranged store, where all kinds of jewelry, etc., may be found; repairing of all kinds is done in the most superior manner.

Mr. C. E. Katsch is a native of New Haven, and by his energy and ability has won many friends in the community.

New York Grocery, D. Dore, 573 to 579 Grand Ave.—We know of no more worthy example of the old established and representative houses of New Haven than the popular establishment of D. Dore, better known as the "New York Grocery," Nos. 573 and 579 Grand ave. This house possesses a valuable and extended experience in the grocery interest. Having begun business in the present location in 1876, and by his liberal treatment of customers has rapidly advanced in public favor.

Mr. Dore occupies a large store, consisting of four stories and occupying an area of  $50 \ge 85$ feet; these premises are well stocked, and very conveniently arranged, and the trade is very large, both in wholesale and retail. A force of ten assistants are in attendance, thus ensuring the patrons of the firm prompt attention. A large and well-selected stock of groceries is kept on hand, including the best brands of flour, choicest teas and coffees, and everything in the line of staple and fancy groceries; also, a fresh supply daily of all kinds of meats, including beef, mutton, hams, etc., and in connection with the above, Mr. Dore carries a large stock of crockery-ware, candies, etc.. No inferior goods are sold, and every effort is made to avoid adulterated articles. The low prices and fine assortment carried has given this establishment the large trade it enjoys.

Mr. Dore is an active business man, and enjoys the respect and esteem of the community. The store is large and well appointed, while the assortment and prices are not excelled by any other house in this section of New Haven.

M. Texido, Jr., Dealer in Fish, Oysters, Lob-sters, Clams and Sea Food generally, at Whole-sale and Retail, 674 Grand Avenue.—The wholesale and retail fish and oyster establishment of Mr. M. Texido, Jr., is one of the popular sources of sea food supply in New Haven, and since the business was established, four years ago, it has been a most popular market for the retail trade of this city. The firm was originally M. Texido & Co., the head of the house becoming sole proprietor in 1884 At No. 674 Grand avenue, Mr. Texido occupies two floors of the large building, each 25x75 feet in size, and his facilities for supplying fish, oysters, clams, lobsters and sea food generally of standard excellence at fair prices are unsurpassed by any competitor in the city. Orders by telephone or otherwise have prompt attention, and merchandise is delivered to all parts of the city. The most delicious goods are always obtainable here in season, warranted fresh. Mr. Texido is held in highest esteem for his probity and worth.

He was born in Flushing, L. I., and his success in catering to the people of New Haven is the logical sequence of his business ability and onergy.

Francis Brothers, Dealers in Groceries, Flour, Grain and Feed, Nos. 87 and 91 Grand Avenue.— One of the prominent, representative mercantile concerns of the suburb of New Haven, formerly known as Fair Haven, is that of Messrs. Francis Brothers, dealers in Groceries, Flour, Grain, Feed, etc., Nos. 87 to 91 Grand avenue. These successful merchants began business here in 1883, as successors to Francis & Chidsey, who were in turn the successors of Todd & Chidsey, who inaugurated the enterprise at the present location almost twenty years ago.

The Messrs. Francis occupy for their purposes a large double store and ware rooms, 40x60 feet in size, well arranged for the accommodation of their large trade and storage of their merchandise. They have at all times in stock, and handle large quantities of staple and fancy Groceries, Provisions and Produce, and for supplying at could be desired. Under able management past and present, the trade of this old, reputable house, has attained important proportions, and

the energy and business tact of the Messre. Francis are rapidly extending and increasing the volume of their city and out of town business.

The firm consists of Messrs. F. H. and O. O. Francis, both of whom are native born, and as merchants and citizens they enjoy in fullest measure the confidence of all with whom they are brought into personal or business relations.

Lowe Bros., Contractors and Builders, 253 Lloyd St.—In most of the important building operations in Fair Haven and vicinity, the above named firm have taken a prominent part, and their skill and worth is attested by their work in planning and erecting many of the principal buildings which have gone up in this growing suburb of New Haven during the past fourteen vears.

The office and workshop of the firm are located at No. 253 Lloyd street, and the large business requires the constant employment of from twelve to fitteen competent carpenters. Plaus and estimates are furnished at short notice, and contracts are made and faithfully executed by the Messrs. Lowe, whose worth and skill have met with recognition in a constant demand for their services.

All kinds of jobbing and repair work is done at short notice, and confidence in the ability of the firm to plan and execute everything in the building line in the best style of architectural art universally obtains.

Messrs. Richard C. and Henry E. Lowe are the individual members of this representative firm. They are master builders of long experience, and are recognized leaders in this field of industrial activity in New Haven.

George E. Somers, Dealer in Groceries, 104 Church Street .- Among the establishments in New Haven that deserve favorable mention is that of George E Somers. The business was started in 1865 by Neat & Somers, succeeded in 1866 by Somers & Stowe, until 1876, when Mr. George F. Somers assumed entire control, and being a gentleman of wide experience, his ability and enterprise has gained for him a constantly increasing patronage. The premises occupied comprise a commodious store consisting of two floors, 80x20 feet in diameter and appropriately fitted up with every facility. A fine and complete stock is carried, embracing everything es-sential to the grocery trade. Mr. Somers is prepared to offer his patrons the very best that the market affords at low prices, and as goods are facturers in large quantities, the proprietor can afford to offer inducements in prices and quality and variety of stock, that can be duplicated by but few and excelled by none. We commend Mr. Somers to those desiring the choicest goods at lowest prices. He is liberal and enterprising, and sustains a most excellent business and social standing. Several capable assistants are employed to wait on customers, which is done in a polite and prompt manner. Mr. Somers is a native of Orange, Conn., and numbers his patrons John Draine, Die Sinker, Letter Cutter and Seal Engraver, 68 Orange Street.—Those wishing the services of a die sinker, letter cutter or seal engraver, will find it to their advantage to call on Mr. John Draine, at No. 68 Orange street, for, while his work is of the very best quality, his charges are as low as can be made for such work, and all commissions are executed prompt ly and accurately.

Mr Draine has been in business since 1871 and has established a large and growing trade.

He will furnish to order any of the following articles: Seal stamps, burning brands, stencil plates of all kinds, notatorial, office and lodge seals, pattern plates, badges, door plates and numbers, cancelling s'amps, ribbons, stencil inks, brushes and rubber stamps of every description.

Mr. Draine occupies one floor 60x15 feet, and affords employment to four skilled workmen. He is a native of New York City. In the designing of seals of various kinds he has shown great talent, particularly in those intended for lodge seals. He furnishes burning brands of any desired pattern, so made as to always leave a clear and uneffaceable impression when properly used, and also does a large business in door plates, which are got up after the latest designs in any alphabet desired, and at prices to suit all purses. Rubber stamps, which are so rapidly coming into general use by reason of their many good qualities when properly made, are handled largely, and pocket stamps are also made. A special feature is made of die sinking and letter cutting.

**C. F. Tuttle**, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Liquors, Wines, and Choice Family Grocerics, No. 21 Broadway.—Special attention is directed in this historical review of New Haven to the reliable and old-established house of C. F. Tuttle, whose extensive store is located at No. 21 Broadway, New Haven, Conn., wholesale and retail dealer in liquors and wines, also choice family groceries, etc. There are probably few articles so hard to obtain unadulterated as wines and liquors, and only by the greatest care in purchasing, either by the consumer or retailer, can the quality be assured.

This enterprising house was established in 1848 by Wm. Tuttle, succeeded by A. A. Tuttle in 1851, and in 1856 the present proprietor, Mr. C. F. Tuttle, assumed entire control. In consequence of the unrivaled superiority of his goods his trade has rapidly increased, necessitating the use of three stories 20x65 feet in dimensions, and a large trade both wholesale and retail is done. The stock comprises a splendid selection of foreign and domestic wines and liquors of every description, including champagnes, clarets, sherries, ports, brandies, gins, and Scotch and Irish whiskies which are absolutely unexcelled by those of any other first-class house. A complete line of groceries are also kept constantly on hand, including teas, coffees, spices, etc.

The equitable manner in which this business is conducted, as well as the excellent quality of their goods, are guarantees sufficiently obvious why dealers, jobbers and consumers would do well to place their orders with this progressive and representative house.

Wing Ying Loong & Co., Importers of all kinds of Teas and China Goods, No. 26 Congress Avenue.-Wine, perhaps excepted, there is no beverage in the world that has had so much said and sung in its favor as has tea. That is tea as it should be, of a good quality in its pristine purity and with its beneficent powers unspoiled by adulteration or improper handling. This tea can be obtained at the establishment of gentlemen who, being born and brought up in the heart of the tea country, should be, and are eminently well fitted to pronounce upon its value and understand how it should be handled. Messrs. U. L. Frank and Charles Toon, now comprise the firm of Wing Ying Loong & Co., at No. 26 Congress avenue, where Mr. Toon established himself in 1873, and Mr. Frank entered the firm in 1883, since which time they have thoroughly gained the confidence of the community as gentlemen who not only understand perfectly the goods in which they deal, but who can be relied upon to truthfully represent the articles they sell. They are natives of Canton, China, and owing to the commercial relations enjoyed in their native country are enabled to procure reliable goods, where those of another nation could not. They deal not only in Teas, but in Coffees, Spices and Chinese goods in general. The trade, which is both wholesale and retail, extends over all the country within a radius of thirty miles of New Haven, and is increasing at a rate which shows how these goods, and square, honorable dealing are appreciated. There are some articles in stock which it is safe to say can be found nowhere else in New Haven, if indeed they can in Connecticut, and the exquisite skill and neatness everywhere manifest will surprise as much as it will delight the visitor, whose acquaintance with Chinamen has hitherto been confined to the uneducated class. The members of the firm are educated gentlemen, who not only dress as we do but speak perfect English,

**F. Wm. Schneider**, Merchant Tailor, No. 407 State Street.—The garments leaving a firstclass tailor's are now cut and fitted in a high style of art. Among those who have acquired a reputation in this line in New Haven is Mr. F. Wm. Schneider, merchant tailor, locat d at No. 407 State street. This gentleman enjoys a large and desirable patronage.

Mr. Schneider, who is a native of Germany and a resident of the United States some years, suc ceeded to this business in 1881, and has gained a first-class custom. The store is equipped with a large and carefully selected stock, comprising both imported and domestic fabrics, woolens, worsteds cassimeres, cloths, checks, plaids, etc., ten expert hands being employed.

With a thorough knowledge of the business, and having acquired the reputation of expert as cutter of fashionable male attire, Mr. Schneider has established what is now one of the most popular custom tailoring enterprises of the city. He has also acquired a well deserved reputation for strict attention to business and care in the fit and fashion of garments. The prices will be found very reasonable, and the large custom which Mr. Schneider enjoys is but a natural consequence.



The Hoyt Bros. Co., Planters. Shippers, and Wholesale Dealers in Native Oysters, River St., foot of Ferry, New Haven.—Among those houses which have made New Haven one of the great oyster markets of the country, and the principal source of supply of this merchandise for export, The Hoyt Bros. Co. have for thirteen years held a most prominent place. This company is one of the leading concerns in New England engaged in the planting and shipping of native oysters.

They operate two establishments, at Fair Haven and South Norwalk respectively, and their trade, which is largely export, has attained important proportions. The Hoyt Bros. Co. deal exclusively in shell oysters, and employ a large number of hands in catching and shipping this merch unlise. They own extensive grounds and raise their own product, and in the Old World and the New the house is famous for the superior quality of their goods, and the excellent conditiou in which they are delivered in foreign countries, owing to their facilities for packing for export.

Messrs. Chas. W. and W. H. Hoyt and Geo. H. Townsend compose this representative concern. They are all natives of New Haven, and are business men of push, energy and enterprise, and have been eminently successful in developing a large European trade in oysters, and may well be regarded as pioneers in the establishment of a branch of industry which is of more than national importance.

**Excelsior Lubricating Company**, Manufacturers and Dealers in Castor Machinery, Ruby Engine and Amber Cylinder Oils, Platers' Compounds, Wire Drawing and Anti-Friction Greases; Office, 278 Elm Strect, New Haven;

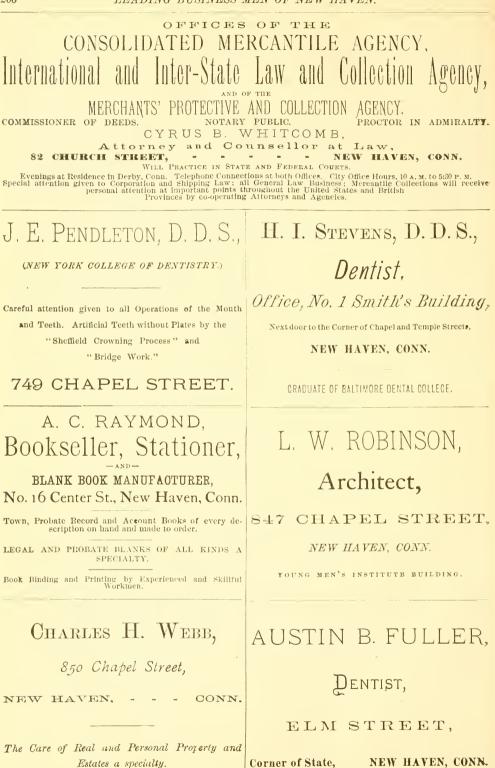
Works, Derby Avenue; W. H. Beecher & Co., Proprietors.—Connected as it is in so many different ways with all kinds of manufactures, no branch of industrial activity is of more widespread importance than that of the manufacture of refined tallow and lubricating oils, and the reputation of New Haven's leading houses in this line is of the highest possible character. Prominent, and in fact occupying the foremost position, is the well known firm of W. H. Beecher & Co., whose offices are located at No. 278 Elm street. The business was originally established as far back as 1837, when the firm name was E. Hull & Sons This co partnership lasted for just thirty years. In 1868 Mr. W. II. Beecher became the proprietor, and adopted the present firm name, the "Co.," however, being merely nominal. Mr. Beecher has had a lengthy experience in the business, and in all his transactions brings to bear a thorough practical knowledge of the refining of tallow and manufacture of hubricating and machinery oils, etc.

Since 1882 the oil business has been carried on under the name of "Excelsior Lubricating Co."

The works are on Derby avenue, and fitted up in the most complete manner with every possible labor-saving appliance, the motive power for which is supplied by a forty horse-power boiler. A strict personal supervision is exercised over the many different departments, and as a consequence the oils and lubricants have ever maintained the same high standard of excellence, and once introduced they are permanently retained in consumption thereafter. Mr. Beecher is an extensive dealer in hides, skins, fat and Neatsfoot oil. Ever since he commenced business he has been noted for his honorable methods and sterling integrity, and he has undoubtedly succeeded in making his establishment a representative one in every respect.

205

LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF NEW HAVEN.



# WATERBURY.

Waterbury is twenty miles northwest from New Haven, and lies between the Naugatuck and Mad rivers. On either side of the city the hills rise gradually to a considerable height. The Indian name of the town was Mattatuck, and was originally a part of Farmington, and the land comprised within the town limits was purchased from the Indians August 21, 1674. The breaking out of King Philip's war the following year retarded the settlement of the place. The ancient limits of the town, as conveyed by the Indians and patented by the State to the proprietors, extended from north to south, on both sides of the Naugatuck river, a distance of sixteen miles, and for ten miles from east to west, and included what are now Waterbury, Watertown and Plymouth, and parts of Middlebury, Wolcott, Oxford and Prospect.

The site for the town was at first fixed on a ridge on the west bank of the Naugatuck river, about a mile from the present location, which to this day is called "Town Plot;" but this project was abandoned on account of the exposed situation, before any buildings were erected, the fear of depredations from the Indians inspired by the disastrous King Philip's war, leading them to fix their habitations on the same side of the river with their friends at Farmington. In 1678 streets were laid out on the present site of the city. At this time the settlers were obliged to carry their corn to the mill, a distance of twenty miles, through a pathless wilderness, and in 1680 Stephen Hopkins, of Hartford, erected a mill on Mad (then Mill) river. In 1686 Mattatuck was incorporated under the name of Waterbury. The town was first represented in the legislature in May, 1689, by Ensign Thomas Judd, who was succeeded the following year by Lieutenant John Stanley. At this time the number of male residents between sixteen and seventy years of age was thirtyseven.

The first resident minister in Waterbury was Rev. Jeremiah Peck, Sr., of Greenwich, who continued in the pastorate until shortly prior to his death in 1699.

The first house of worship was erected in the latter part of the seventeenth century, and was a small and inconvenient structure, which was replaced in 1729 by a new building 40x50 feet in dimensions.

Depredations by the Indians in 1707 and 1710 retarded the growth of the settlement. In addition to the Indian troubles the alluvial lands on the Naugatuck were almost destroyed by flood in February, 1691, and again in 1709; and in 1713 an epidemic carried off nearly one-sixth of the population.

Samuel Hopkins, D.D., an eminent divine, was born in Waterbury, September 17, 1721. He graduated from Yale College in 1741. He was licensed to preach in May, 1742, and was ordained December 28, 1743, at Great Barrington, then Housatonnoc.

Dr. Lemuel Hopkins, a physician of great skill and reputation in his day, and a poet of more than local fame, was also a native of Waterbury. He was born in this place June 19th, 1750, and died in Hartford in 1801. He was one of the founders of the Medical Society of Connecticut, and he was eminent for his literary ability, and his labors and time were divided among such writers as Humphreys, Dwight, Barlow, Trumbull, and others.

The first fulling mill in Waterbury was doubtless erected prior to 1713, and at this time, it is said, there was but one elothier in the colony—Abraham Fulford, of Woodbury.

As early as 1686 the court ordered New Haven and Mattatuck to make a road between the two settlements, and this was the second road connecting Waterbury with other towns. It ran along the east side of Naugatuck river, and was used as a road to Judd's Meadow until 1721, when the highway on the west side of the river was constructed. It was the only thoroughfare to New Haven until the present turnpike road was laid out in 1802.

The Indian wars and floods of the early part of the eighteenth century, together with the "great sickness," which carried off a large percentage of the population in 1712, left the settlers in an impoverished condition, and about this time a great many of the proprietors left the settlement.

The earliest school record bears date 1698. In December of that year "ye town granted thirty shillings, with ye last yeir's rent of ye scooll land for ye incuragment of a scoll for four moneths or longer if it can be obtayned, and Deacon Thomas Judd, Ensign Standly and John hopkins was chosen a committy to endeaviour to procure one to keep scool to teach in righting as well as reading." There is reason to believe that Thomas Judd, Jr., taught a school in Waterbury in 1709. For more than forty years after the settlement of the place Waterbury had but one school and that at the center, and until 1710 there was but one school-house and that a small one, 14x16 feet in size. This school was taught by a "schoolmaster" for three or four months during the cold season of each year, and by a "school-dame," if need be, during part of the other seasons. In 1730 schools were established at Judd's Meadow and at Wooster Swamp.

In 1694 the taxable list was £1,554, in 1712 £2,415, and in 1725 £2,757.

Prior to 1700 all the people of the town lived at the "Centre." Buck's Hill was settled about 1703, and Break Neck Hill was first spoken of in 1688.

An act of legislature declared that no negro or mulatto child born in Connecticut after March, 1784, should be held in servitude any longer than their arrival at the age of twenty-five years. Slaves who were found out after dark were obliged to show passes, and were whipped if unable to produce them, and even free negroes were obliged to have passes.

A large majority of the people living in Waterbury at the breaking out of the Revolutionary War were firm champions of colonial rights. After the meeting of Congress in 1774 a resolution was adopted unanimously at a town meeting called for the purpose to adhere to the association entered into by Congress.

During the war Waterbury furnished more men for the Continental army than any other town in the State. The eighth company of the first regiment of Connecticut troops was raised in Watertown. Phineas Porter was captain of this company, Stephen Matthews, first lieutenant, Isaac Bronson, second lieutenant, and David Smith, ensign. These troops were enlisted for seven months and most of them re-enlisted. In 1776 Congress made a requisition on Connecticut for troops, and the State Legislature passed an act to raise seven regiments. Phineas Porter was major of the Fifth Regiment, and the sixth company was from Waterbury. The officers were: John Lewis, Jr., captain; Jas. Warner, first lieutenant; M. Bronson, second lieutenant; Jas. Beach, Jr., ensign.

In November of 1776 the legislature ordered that four battalions should be raised. The officers of one company in the second battalion, which was recruited in Waterbury, were: Benj. Richards, captain; J. Bronson, Jr., first lieutenant; Mr. Law, second lieutenant; Benj. Fenn, Jr., ensign.

On the other hand quite a number of the people of Waterbury left the place and joined the forces of the enemy. Among these was Moses Dunbar, who, having returned to the town, attempted to raise a company for the British service. He was taken, with a commission from King George on his person, and was convicted and hanged in Hartford, and the gallows, which was exposed, was left standing as a warning to others.

At the close of the Revolutionary war the town of Waterbury was very poor. Its principal part and richest section had been taken away to form parts of other towns. The population in 1790 was 2,937, and in 1800 3,256. On the 7th of November, 1791, sixty members of the old church of Wallingford, now Meriden, organized the Second Baptist Church in Wallingford, and in 1817 the members of this congregation who resided in Waterbury erected a house of worship there, which they occupied until the present building was erected in 1835. Elder Jesse Frost was the first pastor.

The present Methodist Episcopal society in Waterbury was organized in 1815, and originally consisted of five persons, but they struggled on, though despised and unpopular, for sixteen years, until, in 1831, a great revival of religion was experienced and the society soon afterwards was increased to 100 members. Their first house of worship was erected in 1833 and dedicated April 27 of that year. In 1852 the membership had increased to 260, with a well-conducted Sabbath school with 200 scholars. Rev. Davis Stocking was the first minister.

Waterbury was incorporated as a city in the year 1853. The population in 1850 was 5,137, and from the United States census it appears that the city, exclusive of the town, had in 1870 a population of 10,826, and in 1880 it had increased to 17,806. At this rate of increase the inhabitants of the city of Waterbury must at this writing number 28,000; some enthusiastic citizens claim a population of 30,000.

The site of the city is a very desirable one, and is surrounded on all sides except the west or river side by hills. It has many fine residences, a paid fire department, gas and electric lights, and a most excellent school system. Near the centre of the town is a handsome public park, tastefully laid out, and the soldiers' monument at the end, opposite the City Hall, is an imposing and beautiful monument to the deceased soldiers of the war of the rebellion.

On the west side of the river is Riverside cemetery, containing over forty acres, one of the most attractive features of this beautiful, picturesque section.

The City Hall is a very handsome edifice, with brown stone front, surmounted by a fine tower and clock. It contains the offices of the city and town authorities. The Bronson Free Library is contained in this building and is one of the most complete and extensive in New England. It was endowed by Silas Bronson, with \$200,000, and has more than 18,000 volumes, to which the citizens have free access. The church buildings are generally elegant models of architectural skill.

In 1847 the Catholics in Waterbury numbered 100, and Rev. M. O'Neill was permanently located here. In 1847 they bought the old Episcopal church property, and have now a beautiful church structure of gothic style of architecture.

Manufacturing was begun in Waterbury during the Revolutionary War by Lieutenant Andrew Welton, who manufactured guns at Buck's Hill for the Continental army. He subsequently removed his shop to Mad river. In 1790 Jas. Harrison began making wooden clocks by hand and also shoe heels, reels, etc. The first clock charged on his books was sold to Major Morris, January, 1791, for £3 12s. About 1800 he began working in a little shop on the south side of North Main street, and constructed on the little brook there the first water-wheel in Waterbury. He afterwards removed to New York and was succeeded by Mark Leavenworth. The property was subsequently purchased by the Beecher Mfg. Co., and was converted into a broadeloth mill, and that afterwards into a suspender factory.

In 1810 Mark Leavenworth, W. K. Lawson and Anson Sperry began the manufacture of wooden clocks on a large scale.

The first metal buttons were made by John Hopkins about 1754. They were of block tin or pewter. Henry, Samuel and Silas Grilley (brothers), were the first to manufacture moulded metal buttons. The manufacture of gilt buttons led to the establishment of brass and copper mills, and was begun in 1802 by the firm of Abel Porter & Co. They employed eight or nine hands. The buttons were concave, convex and oval, with gilt faces. Gold was liberally used, as much as \$3 worth of the precious metal being used for one gross of buttons. In 1808 the works were extended and began using water power.

Shortly after the war of 1812 the manufacture of brass and copper wire was introduced, and at this date this industry has reached important proportions.

As may be seen from the following pages, Waterbury contains some of the largest manufacturing concerns in the United States.

## LEADING BUSINESS MEN

### $\Theta \mathbf{F}$

### WATERBURY.

Wm. H. Smith, Contractor and Builder, Manufacturer of Mouldings, etc., 10 Benedict Street, Waterbury.—In the extensive and enterprising circle of mechanical industry, where energy and talent are combined, and which are essential to success, we find the proprietor of the above establishment.

Mr. Smith came to this city in 1882, and by skill and perseverance he is to day, only five years since his arrival, one of Waterbury's wellto-do and respected citizens. He is a self-made man and may justly be proud of the name he has acquired as a contractor and builder, and no small part of the dwelling houses in all four corners of the city have been built by this enterprising business concern. Although a very disastrous fire, not so very long ago, laid his factory in ashes, it was not very long before Mr. Smith had rebuilt, and since then his business has so steadily increased that it is running to its utmost capacity. Many people are to-day owners of nice little homesteads acquired by buying them on the instalment plan, and Mr. Smith has built a number of houses in advance in this city, and then sold them on very reasonable terms.

Mr. Smith also does an extensive business in general jobbing, is well known as a stair builder, and makes a specialty of church, store and office work. Orders are promptly attended to and neatly executed, and he constantly keeps on hand a complete stock pertaining to the several branches of his business. Door and window frames made to order.

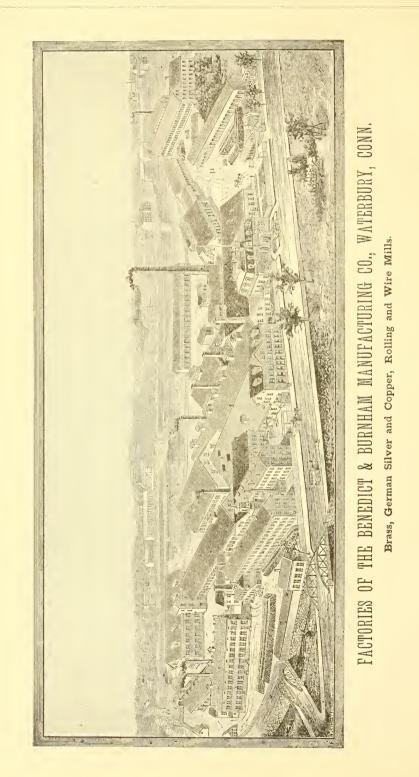
Mr. Smith was born in Oswego county, New York State, in 1848. He came to this city in 1882 without money or friends, and is to day universally esteemed as a most honorable business man, counting his friends by the score.

The success of this house is an evidence of what may be accomplished by enterprise and industry combined with a thorough understanding of the wants of the public. The large business conducted by this gentleman is constantly increasing.

American Pin Company, 73-93 E. Main Street, Waterbury .- Among the important manufacturing and commercial enterprises which contribute to the standing and progressive spirit. of the city of Waterbury is that of the "American Pin Co." This firm manufactures all sorts of wire goods, including brass and iron pins, wire pointed any length, hooks and eyes of every style, patent standard button fasteners, a specialty being made by this enterprising house of doublepointed pins. This company also manufactures artistic fancy goods in plush, satin, brass, etc., of which they make a specialty for the art trade. These comprise plush placque frames, brass placques, easels, fancy plush boxes, all in new and original designs. The variety is not only very large, but the company are constantly add-ing novelties in all the lines manufactured by them. These goods are now found in the leading art stores of the United States.

The factory, which comprises many buildings, is located at Nos. 73–93 E. Main street, and the principal depots for the sale of their goods are at 10–12 Thomas and 78–80 Worth streets, New York. The business was founded in 1846 and has steadily increased. The capital invested in the business is now \$100,000 and the facilities enjoyed by the house are unsurpassed by any of their contemporaries. They give employment to a large force of skilled workmen and the business extends throughout the country. In its business policy this company is liberal, enterprising and reliable and the goods which bear its stamp cannot be considered as inferior to any manufactured in this country.

The company was incorporated in 1846. Mr. J. S. Elton is the President and Mr. T. I. Driggs is Secretary and Treasurer. The trade at large are so familiar with the superiority of the output of the company as to require no further comment at our hands, and the high standing is such as entitles the American Pin Co. to the respect with which they are regarded.



Benedict & Burnham Mfg. Co., Waterbury. -The seed from which has sprung this colossal enterprise, the chief of Waterbury's many extensive industries, was sown in 1812 by Deacon Aaron Benedict, who inaugurated the manufac ture of bone and ivory buttons. In 1823 this enterprising pioneer associated with himself several other public spirited citizens and organized a stock company for the manufacture of gilt buttons, and it has been truthfully said that "the prosperity of Waterbury as a manufacturing town dates from the formation of this company. A new firm was formed in 1829, one of the partners being Mr. James Croft, an Englishman skilled in this branch of industry. In 1834 the name of the firm was changed to Benedict & Burnham, and in 1843 the Benedict & Burnham Manufacturing Company was organized as the successors of the firm last named.

This was the first corporation for manufactur ing purposes formed in Waterbury, and under this style and name the business has attained its present great proportions. In 1848 the capital of the company was increased from \$100,000 to \$200,000, and in 1856 it was again doubled to meet the requirements of the large trade developed.

The company are now engaged in the manufacture of the following goods on a most extensive scale: high brass, low brass, gilding metal, German silver, and copper in the roll, sheet. wire, tubings, castings, and all varieties of plain and figured designs, seamless drawn brass and copper tubing; brass and German silver beadings, and fancy wires, patent insulated copper wire, composition and rubber for every description of electrical purposes, brass eyelets for shoes, corsets, etc.; wrought brass butt hinges, patent drop handles or drawer pulls, in wood and gilt, new and elegant designs in gilt, antique pattern. Special patterns and designs are furnished on application, brass and copper rivets and burs, patent wick burners, coal oil lamp burners, and lamp trimmings of all kinds and descriptions.

The works cover an area of twelve acres and comprise numerous buildings, the main structure being nearly 500 feet square. The aggregate length of the four principal buildings is about 1,400 feet. The equipment of this extensive establishment is complete in general as well as detail, the valuable machinery of the most improved patterns being operated by steam and water. Two large and three small engines, of an aggregate of 1 000 horse power, besides water wheels, furnish the motive power, and an army of 800 operatives find constant employment in the works.

A fixed and steadfast purpose on the part of the management to maintain the reputation of their goods for superiority of workmanship and finish, and beauty of designs in their specialties, and to excel in all things, has resulted in success most gratifying, and the concern is a monument to the worth and enterprise of the officers "more enduring than brass."

Following Mr. Aaron Benedict in the management of the company, his son, Mr. Charles Benedict, was president and treasurer of the company until his death in 1881, with Mr. Dickinson as secretary.

Mr. Charles Dickinson is now the president, Mr. E. L. Bronson the treasurer, and Mr. E. L. Frisbie, Jr., the secretary of the company. Mr. Dickinson is one of the most influential citizens and most enterprising manufacturers of the State. He is responsibly connected with some of the leading industries of Waterbury and his executive ability in his present position and his financial worth as treasurer of the company for years have largely contributed to the achievement of grand results

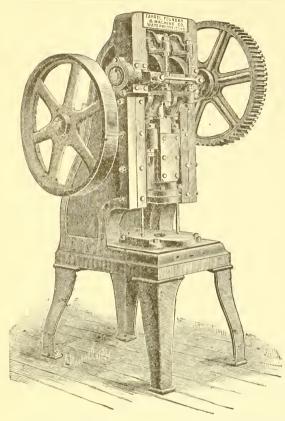
Messrs. Bronson and Frisbie are business men of tact and energy, and the important interests committed to their hands are in every way well and faithfully subserved.

The depots of the corporation are at No. 17 North Seventh street, Philadelphia, No. 24 Oliver street, Boston, and No. 13 Murray street, New York. The products of the factory are shipped to all parts of the United States and to many foreign markets. The immense factory of this company is illustrated on the opposite page.

Hotchkiss Paper Company, 13, 15 and 17 Cedar Street, Waterbury.—Among the many pushing and enterprising business firms for which Waterbury is so justly noted, the Hotchkiss Paper Company, doing business at Nos. 13, 15 and 17 Cedar street is distinguished. The Company began business some ten years ago and under the shrewd and far-seeing guidance of Mr. E. M. Hotchkiss, who has been its manager from the start, it has extended and increased its business annually, until to-day, in a city full of more than ordinarily enterprising and successful firms, it is fairly entitled to the leading position ascribed to it at the beginning of this article. Some idea of the business which is done may be gained from a mention of the fact that five floors, each 50x45 feet in dimensions, are occupied, in order to provide adequate accommodation for the enormous stock necessary to supply the demand for the company's goods. An exclusively wholesale business is done and employment is afforded to five assistants. The stock carried is not alone remarkable for size, but also for variety, for one gains but a very imperfect and inadequate idea of the scope of the company's transactions from the name under which the business is carried on-The Hotchkiss Paper Company.

Not only is paper, in the almost imnumerable forms into which it is manufactured, dealt in, but large sales are made of buckets for all purposes, brooms, butter utensils, carpet lining and tacks, coal sieves, flour buckets, scoops, etc., lamp burners and chimneys, money drawers, shoe, stove and scrubbing brushes; and in fact we might continue on through the entire alphabet before we exhausted the catalogue of goods handled. Lack of space forbids this extended mention, however, and we will only add that Mr. Hotchkiss will be found a most agreeable gentleman to do business with, and that the resources of the company enables him, its manager, to sell goods as low as the lowest.

The goods handled by this representative concern find their way to all parts of this and adjoining States, and their already large trade is rapidly increasing, and extending in volume and importance each year.



The Waterbury Farrel Foundry & Machine Co., 223 Bank Street, Waterbury.—The growth of Waterbury as a great manufacturing city, has of late years been almost phenomenal, and its facilities for all kinds of industrial activity have been thoroughly and practically demonstrated. Among the concerns most prominent in building up the prosperity and growth of the city, is the Waterbury Farrel Foundry & Ma-chine Company, No. 223 Bank Street. The works of the company cover several acres of ground, and some 200 are employed in the various departments of the business. Dull seasons are unknown to the company, and no man is ever discharged during the course of the entire year, most of the workmen having been with the firm The firm has made all rolling mills for years. in Waterbury, and most of those in the adjacent towns, and also for several large firms in the West, among which we will mention The Detroit Brass and Copper Rolling Mills, and the Chicago Brass Company, where the mills turned out by this factory will be found in successful operation

They have also on hand a large contract for iron work for Copper Rolling Mills; Rome Iron Works, Rome, N. Y.; large wire mill building for Bridgeport Brass Co.; large press for Winchester Repeating Arms Co.; large Hydraulic Draw Benches for Randolph & Clowes and for Benedict & Burnham Mfg. Co., both of this city. The Company manufactures the following articles: Dies and Punches: Die Sinking and Drilling Machine for tool making; Draw Benches: Tube Draw Benches, endless chain; Tube Draw Benches, hydraulic power; improved (patent) hydraulic valve; Wire Drawing Machinery. Drop Presses: Portable Drop Presses; Drop Pre-sses without Poppets; Drop Presses with 4 Poppets; Drop Presses with 6 Poppets. Foot Presses: Single or kick-lever Foot Presses; Compound weighted lever Foot Presses; Knuckle Joint Foot Presses. Furnaces: Annealing Furnaces; Casting Furnaces; Tempering Furnaces. Grinding Machines: Die Grieders; Grinding Machines for steel rolls, reamers, etc.; Grinding Machines for steel springs. Grinding Machines for steel springs. Headers: Single Stroke Open Die Headers; Single Stroke Solid Die Headers; Double Stroke Open Die Headers; Double Stroke Solid Die Headers; Special Stove Rod Headers; Special Double End Headers. Lathes: Buffing Lathes, Burnishing Lathes, Screw Cutting Lathes, Spinning Lathes, Tapping Lathes, Trimming Lathes, Tapping Lathes, Trimming Lathes. Metal Saw Benches; Metal Scraping Machines; Metal Straightening Machines. Power Presses: Open Back Blanking Presses; Open Back Drawing Presses; Arch or pillar blanking Presses; Arch or pillar drawing Presses; solid back punching Presses; combined punch and shear Presses; horizontal drawing Presses; rack and pinion Presses; adjustable inclined Presses; double acting crank Presses; double acting cam Presses; double acting single adjustment Presses; double plunger Presses; forming Presses; embossing presses; ratchet dial feed attachments; friction dial and friction roll feed attachments:

other styles of special feeds; adjustable beds and fixtures; knuckle joint Power Press s. The above Presses either plain or back geared. Rolling Mills: Rolling Mills for rolling brass or copper, silver or britannia, grading spoon blanks, etc., for jewelers' use. Rolls: Chilled iron rolls, cast steel rolls, water circulating rolls. Screw Presses. Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, etc. Shears: Hand shears for cutting sheet metal; power shears all sizes for mill use; squaring shears and shear presses; special shears for cut-ting circles. Slitting Machines and Gang Sitters. Threading Machines: Machines for rolling threads on screw or bolt blanks; Machines for threading sheet metal screws or covers. Wire: Wire straightening and cutting machines; wire forming machines; wire reducing or pointing machines. In addition to the above machines, we make special machines used in the manufacture of Spoons, Forks, Lamps, Burners, Bolts, Rivets, Nuts, Washers, Locks, Hinges, Buckles, Buttons, Clocks, Watch Cases, Ferrules, Thimbles, Jewelry, Steel Springs, Cartridges, etc. Mr. E. C. Lewis is the President and Mr. W.

Mr. E. C. Lewis is the President and Mr. W. E. Fulton the Secretary and Treasurer of the concern. Mr. Lewis is one of Waterbury's most substantial citizens, being interested in some of the largest manufacturing enterprises of the city. Mr. Fulton is a courteous and intelligent business man. They have both achieved grand results, and their trade is increasing rapidly. J. A. Jackson, Architect, 77 Bank Street, Waterbury.—One of the most enterprising architects in this city is Mr. J. A. Jackson, whose office is located at No. 77 Bank street. This gentleman, since he established himself in business here, has met with phenomenal success thus far in his career, and has worked with an energy and ability which cannot fail to secure a large patronage.

Plans, details and superintendence for public and private buildings, and estimates for the same will be furnished at rates which will be found very reasonable. Mr. Jackson thoroughly understands even the smallest details of his profession. He has had a good architectural training in the best architectural schools, and is thoroughly conversant with all the different styles and branches of the art.

Mr. Jackson also furnishes drawings and details for artistic interior work, furniture and decoration for private residences, etc. Special attention is given to the heating, lighting, plumbing and sanitary arrangements of buildings; also, the remodeling of existing structures. Mr. Jackson does not confine himself to work executed in the city of Waterbury alone, but does much work in other parts of the State, and outside of the State also. Correspondence is solicited in regard to matters relating to his particular line of business, and will promptly be attended to; he will be found courteous in his treatment of all. We take pleasure in recommending such a gentleman to our readers, who will find him an experienced architect, and one who can be depended on as fully competent to do superior work.

Mr. Jackson was born in this city in 1861, and is a highly esteemed young man of more than ordinary business ability, and one who makes a study of his profession, devoting his entire time to it in order to perfect himself in every detail known to his vocation. We foresee a prosperous future for Mr. Jackson, and earnestly trust our many readers, having anything in his line, will submit them to his judgment and professional skill.

J. T. Mather, successor to J. A. Youngs, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery and Tools, 22 Bank Street, Waterbury.-The hardware business above almost all others, increases in importance as the country grows older and more thickly settled, but the degree of perfection which it attains is due to the energy of individuals who have been for years connected with the business. Such a one is that conducted by Mr. J. T. Mather, which was established in 1883 by J. A. Youngs, at Hartford, and two years later was succeeded by the present proprietor, Mr. J. T. Mather, who commenced business in Waterbury, October, 1885, where, by his ability and practical business knowledge he has succeeded in building up a large wholesale and retail trade in Hardware, Cutlery and Tools of all kinds. This establishment is located at 22 Bank street, and comprises two floors, each 20x70 feet in dimensions. The fine stock comprises everything under the head of hardware and cutlery and includes a large list of hand tools, builders' hardware, etc. Mr. Mather makes a specialty of Kearney & Foot and Nicholson's files, etc. This ness man.

flourishing business requires the employment of four thoroughly competent clerks who understand the business in all its details.

Mr. J. T. Mather is a smart, enterprising business man, studying the wants of his trade, and by handling a reliable quality of goods at fair prices has built up his present prosperous business. In the Spring a Seed Department is also attached to the regular line of goods.

He is a native of Hartford, but has resided here many years, and his long residence among us and his honorable manner of conducting his business has gained the high esteem of the citizens of Waterbury. Still pursuing the same methods he may well expect a continuance of the success which has hitherto attended his efforts.



Geo. Robbins, Big Pitcher Crockery Store, No. 3 East Main St., Waterbury.-In examining the commercial interests of Waterbury, it is with pleasure we note the advances that have been made during the past few years, and the growth of enterprises that add to the wealth and prosperity of the city. These improvements will be particularly noticed by a visit to the wellknown establishment conducted by Mr. George Robbius, better known, perhaps, as the "Big Pitcher Crockery Store," located at No. 3 East Main street. This business was established some twelve years ago, by D. P. Bunce, who continued it for ten years; the past two years, however, it has been under the management of Mr. Geo. Robbins, who, from all appearances, has proved himself "the right man in the right place," as the facilities, as well as the operations of the house, have been very largely increased. The premises occupied by Mr. Robbins con-sist of a store 18x60 feet in area, which is

The premises occupied by Mr. Kobins consist of a store 18x60 feet in area, which is stocked with a fine assortment of crockeryware, both plain and ornamental, china and glassware of all kinds, and many other things found in the stores of its line. All who have dealings with this house may depend upon being supplied with promptitude and courtesy, and at prices sufficiently reasonable to claim a large and prominent share of public patronage.

Mr. Robbins is a native of this State, and is a well-known, active, efficient and successful business man.

**R. E. Hitchcock & Co.,** Manufacturers of Fine Paper Boxes, Waterbury.—The almost universal use into which paper boxes have come of late years must have excited the attention of even the most unobservant people. Made, as they are now, in enormous variety, they are adapted equally well to the requirements of those who deal in coarse and heavy articles of merchandise, and of those who only handle the most delicate and fragile wares

As it is well known to all who have given the subject even a thought, so brisk and keen is the competition now between rival manufacturers of, or dealers in certain articles (and these articles are many in number), and so well poised and even are the merits of the goods each offers, that even what, under different circumstances, would appear trivial and of but slight importance, suf fices to turn the scale in favor of one or the other, and so it is that, recognizing this fact with the readiness that distinguishes the born merchant, many, if not all, of the more enterprising manufacturers and dealers have, after casting about them for a plan to best increase the attractiveness of their goods, decided upon the expedient of putting them up in neat, and in many cases beautiful, paper boxes. The demand thus created has led to the establishment of many houses to engage in this line of trade, and of these, none bears a higher reputation among the consumers of fine paper boxes than does the firm of R. E. Hitchcock & Co., whose specialty is the manufacture of finest grade of paper boxes.

Established in 1875, their trade has rapidly extended, until now it spreads all over New England, and requires the occupancy of three floors, 200x35 feet, and the employment of 100 or more hands and many powerful and ingenious machines. The boxes are supplied either with or without labels; lithographic labels will be furnished if desired.

The firm is made up of Messrs. R. E. Hitchcock and A. C. Northrop, both these gentlemen being natives of Connecticut, and well-known and universally-respected citizens.

**Dennis Henry Tierney**, Real Estate. etc., Bank Street, Waterbury.—The importance of the commission agent in the business affairs of this city is thoroughly understood by every intelligent wide-awake man of the nineteenth century. No other medium is so capable of establishing the most intimate relations between the seller and buyer-no matter how utter strangers all parties may be or how widely separated by distance-and no other medium labors so assiduously to promote their respective interests by conferring upon either party alike special advantages and otherwise maintainable benefits. He is the mutual friend and adviser or go-between, that may be relied upon implicitly, and in no branch of business has his services been sought to a greater extent, and with more gratifying results, than in matters pertaining to real estate. One of the many engaged in this business in this city is Mr. Dennis Henry Tierney, an honored citizen of this city, whose office is at 129 Bank street, opposite the Waterbury National Bank Until within a few months Mr. Tierney's office was located at 4 East Main street. His experi-

ence and comprehensive knowledge of the real estate business in every detail, and extensive facilities for safely conducting it in all its various branches, together with his wide acquaintance with capitalists, land operators, manufacturers and others interested in land properties, gives him very decided advantages over many other real estate agents in this section of the county, and enables him to guarantee the most perfect satisfaction in the transaction of all business entrusted to his charge, being eminently qualified and thoroughly reliable.

Mr. Tierney transacts a general real estate business combined with patent agency, and negotiates loans, but only local ones.

As an intelligent and shrewd business man he is known and respected by the whole business community, counts hosts of friends, and is a gentleman with whom it is a pleasure and to everyone's advantage to transact business. When but two years of age Mr. Tierney arrived in this city, and counts the year of his inauguration in Waterbury as 1848. He was born on the Emerald Island in 1846. With such sterling qualities as those possessed by Mr. Tierney, he is bound to succeed in business, and has so far built up as prosperous a concern of its kind as is to be found in the entire county.

Partree & Parker, Hack, Livery and Express Stable, Waterbury.—One of the greatest conveniences in all large cities is a well-regulated livery and hack stable. Waterbury is well represented in this direction by the establishment of Messrs. Partree & Parker, which is one of the most popular in Waterbury. This firm have, in connection with their hack and livery, been engaged in the express business, which they established in 1874, and by their accommodating system in this branch of their business have succeeded in making it a public necessity.

Their two-story brick stable covers an area of 100x30 feet, is provided with every accommodation for horses and vehicles, with large and wellventilated stalls, and the finest arrangements for every department of the large business transacted.

The twenty-eight horses owned by Messrs. Partree & Parker are safe, good roadsters, and stylish, and the hacks, buggies, and numerous other vehicles furnished by this firm are handsome and first-class in every particular. A special feature of the business and in which the proprietors justly take pride, is their ability to furnish handsome turnouts with matched horses, for special occasions, parades, etc.

The constant demand on this establishment require the employment of six competent grooms, who thoroughly understand the care of horses and carriages of all descriptions; and all orders for livery purposes, weddings, funerals, and other occasions, are faithfully attended to, and only safe and reliable drivers are employed. Every description of teaming is done promptly, at most reasonable rates.

Mr. Geo. Partree is a native of Waterbury, and Mr. Oscar B. Parker, of Meriden, Conn.; both these gentlemen bear the highest reputation for integrity and fair dealings, while their social qualities have made them many friends.

J. G. Twining, Furniture and Carpets, Baby Carriages, etc., Nos. 123, 125 and 127 South Main Street, Waterbury .- About five years ago Mr. J. G. Twining established himself in the furniture and carpet business in Waterbury, and by the exercise of energy and tact he has developed a large city and out-town trade. He occupies for his extensive trade two floors of the building, Nos. 123, 125 and 127 South Main street, each 60x40 feet in size, and his facilities for business are all that could be desired. His stock uniformly comprises full lines of parlor, chamber and household furniture generally, and a very select and complete assortment of latest styles and designs in imported and American Carpets and Oil Cloths, besides Spring Beds, Mattresses, Mirrors, Clocks, Wringers, Pictures, Albums, Lamps and Silverware, and a thousand and one articles and specialties in house-furnishing goods. He supplies merchandise of superior quality at lowest prices for cash and on easy payments, and delivers goods free of expense to all towns in Naugatuck Valley; and guarantees satisfaction in every particular.

Mr. Twining fills all orders for enlarging and copying pictures in any desired size and style with dispatch and in the most satisfactory manner. His trade, which has attained large proportions, requires the employment of a number of salesmen. He offers active, energetic and reliable men profitable employment, and those desiring lucrative positions would do well to apply to this representative merchant.

Mr. Twining is a native of East Hartland, Conu., and is held in high esteem for his business and personal worth.

North End Pharmacy, 114 North Main St., Waterbury.—Among the absolute necessities to the well-being of a city or town, there is nothing of more importance than a well-regulated and largely-stocked drug store, where the physician and patient can send their prescriptions with the certainty of having them properly compounded. Among such houses, that of the "North End Pharmacy," being located at No. 114 N. Main street stands pre-eminent.

Established about four years ago by the present proprietor, Dr. F. M. Cannon, the business has been extended by the energy, enterprise and fair dealing of its management, until now it stands among the foremost in point of volume, and in the very front rank as regards character.

Dr. Cannon is a graduate of the University of N. Y., is a practical chemist, and understands every detail of the business. But, being also engaged in the active duties of his profession, as well as being the Medical Director of the Connecticut Indemnity Association, makes it necessary for him to call to his assistance thoroughly qualified and experienced aid in attending to his store, in which important part he has so far been happily successful, not only in competency in the prescription department and general details of the business, but also in being prompt and courteous to his customers.

The premises occupied consist of a fine store of 20x50 feet in size, and elegantly fitted up and well stocked with a full line of the many articles found in a first-class store of its kind, including fancy and toilet articles of all kinds.

New York and Waterbury Marble and Granite Works, Branch Office, 168 Bank St., Waterbury; Granite Quarries, Quincy, Mass.— The extensive branch house of W. H. Rubey's marble and granite works stand at the head of this business in Waterbury, and this extensive establishment is well worthy of special mention. This branch house, which is located at 168 Bank street, was established in 1883, and has since built up a trade which extends throughout the eity, and into the neighboring towns.

The premises are large, giving every convenience for the prosecution of the business, and employment is furnished to about twelve skilled workmen. The workshop covers an area of 30x60 feet.

Mr. W. H. Rubey, who is thoroughly acquainted with all the details of the business, and is well known for his great taste in the finer branches of the profession, is prepared to give estimates on building work; and the execution of all orders is done in the best manner, and at the lowest prices. His extensive quarries are located in Quincy, Mass.

He is a large wholesale and retail dealer in American and foreign marble and granite. Mr. Rubey is the paratee of Rubey's new and improved combination for the setting of tablets and headstones, etc. It is, in fact, the best in the market for the setting of all kinds of stone. Mr. W. H. Rubey is a native of New York,

Mr. W. H. Rubey is a native of New York, and is sole manager of the New York and Waterbury marble and granite works. His long connection with the enterprise of which he is the head, has given him a detailed knowledge of the business that is always employed to the advantage of his customers; and the liberal and enterprising policy on which he conducts his business has made his establishment a pleasant and profitable one at which to deal.

**D.** Blakeslee & Co., Dealers in Paper-Hangings, 117 Bank Street, Waterbury.—Among the expert artisans of Waterbury, Mr. D. Blakeslee has for many years been prominent, having been successfully engaged in business here as a painter for eighteen years. The firm, as at present constituted, was formed as his successor in March, 1886, and the range of business was extended to dealing in wall papers, and all kinds of interior decorating.

The store and workshops of Messrs. Elakeslee & Co. are located at 117 Bank street, where is to be found as fine an assortment of wall papers, ceiling and other house decorations, including all the latest styles and designs. Linerusta Waltons, etc., and at lowest prices. The firm supply everything in their line, and guarantee fullest satisfaction. The firm's extensive operations in housedecorating of every description, necessitating the employment of forty skilled workmen, in the busy season, and artistic work of every kind in their line is executed at short notice in the most satisfactory manner. Orders for paperhanging, graining, painting, kalsomining, glazing, etc., in the city or country, have prompt attention, and full confidence in the skill, business methods and worth of the firm is always justified.

Messrs. D. Blakeslee and Louis Haase are the individual members of this representative, successful firm.

Albert I. Stahmer, 70 Bank Street, Water bury.-The city of Waterbury is in many respects fortunate, possessing as it does more wealth, culture and refinement than many other cities of like size in the country. Not the least of its advantages lies in the fact that in the person of the gentleman whose name heads this sketch, there is within its borders one of the most skillful and enterprising photographic artists in the State, and one who has no superior in the world. The gallery in which Mr. Stahmer produces those gems of art which have made him famous was established in 1881 by Mr. J. Fulsom, who continued it until about one year ago, when Mr. Albert I. Stahmer purchased it, having had a long experience of thirty years before opening this gallery. The premises consist of one floor 30x75 feet in area, divided into five rooms, which are used as reception and show rooms, operating and printing rooms, etc. All the apparatus is of the very highest style and cost, Mr. Stahmer being of the opinion that good work can only be made with good tools. Skilled assistants are employed and courteous and polite attention will be given to all patrons.

Mr. Stahmer is a thorough artist and all kinds of portrait work, pastel, oil, etc., will be done in a thoroughly artistic and satisfactory manner. Mr. Stahmer is a native of Germany and is a gentleman of long experience in his business, and thoroughly acquainted with all the demands made upon him.

J. H. McKinnon & Co., Blank Book Manufacturers, Printers and Stationers, 85 Bank St., Waterbury.—The demand for artistic printing has of late years developed an industry of important proportions, and the improvement made in work of this description has kept even pace with the progressive ideas of the refined and cultivated. To such a height has art printing attained that the business may well be ranked as a profession, and it is those only who can design and execute the finest work of this description who attain success.

As manufacturers of blank books, and in this connection as art printers, and dealers in fine stationery, the firm of J. H. McKinnon & Co have, for three years past, maintained leadership in Waterbury. The facilities of this house for supplying work and merchandise of the highest order of merit, are exceptionally good. Their factory and printing establishment are models of completeness; a large force of hands are employed, and at short notice all kinds of work is executed in the best style of art.

Engraved wedding and visiting cards in every desirable and conventional style are engraved and printed; monograms, crests, etc., made and designed, and orders for lithographing are taken and filled at satisfactory prices. The stock in trade of this firm is always large and attractive, embracing art and commercial stationery, desk furniture and ornaments, blank books and novelties in fancy articles, and the establishment is the place *par excellence* for those desiring specialties in this wide range of work and merchandise.

Mr. McKinnon is a Massachusetts man by birth, and the success he has attained in business here attests unmistakably his qualifications for his special work.

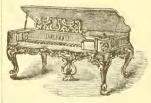
F. W. LaForge, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, 77 Bank Street.—With a thorough technical knowledge of his science, and long experience in practice, Mr. F. W. LaForge began his career as a civil engineer in Waterbury, about one year ago, and he already ranks among the leaders of his profession in this city and section. His office is at 77 Bank street, where he is prepared to execute all commissions in his line, at short notice, and in the most satisfactory manner.

Plans and estimates for mechanical and sanitary work, etc., are made by Mr. LaForge from descriptions, and designs for all kinds of patent specialties are accurately drawn, his work portraying the ideas of the inventor in the most distinct and concise manner. Surveys of lunds, and drafts and maps are also made, and the utmost confidence is safely reposed in his skill and worth.

Mr. LaForge is a gentleman of indefatigable energy, devoted to his professional work, and his success in the outstart of his career gives abundant promise of a future of usefulness in his chosen vocation.

He is a native of Waterbury, and is a genial, courteous gentleman and esteemed citizen.

J. M. Kellogg, Dealer in Pianos, Organs, Sheet Music, Music Books, and Musical Merchandise of all kinds; agent for the celebrated Vocalion Organs, full equal of the Pipe Organs; 162 South Main Street, Waterbury, Conn.—A most desirable place in Waterbury for the purchase of pianos, organs, and musical merchandise



generally, is that of Mr. J. M. Kellogg, No. 162 South Main St. This representative dealer established himself in business here in 1884, and has from the beginning met with de-

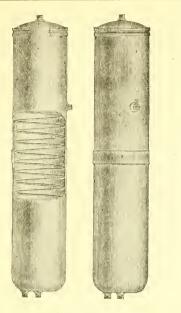
cided and deserved success. His large and handsomely appointed store room is filled to its utmost capaeity with an elegant assortment of Chickering, Mathushek, Dusinberri and Sterling Pianos, Wilcox & White, New England, E. P. Carpenter and Smith's American Organs, besides a full line of music books and publications, and musical merchandise of every description.

Mr. Kellogg supplies everything in his line at lowest prices for cash, or on instalment plan, and instruments are warranted and satisfaction always guaranteed.



Mr. Kellogg was for years engaged in this business in Cornwall, his native town, and has unsurpassed facilities for successfully conducting a large trade. He is reliable and responsible in business, and has won success in trade here because of

his sterling worth and ability.



Brown & Brothers' Patented Seamless Copper House Boiler.

The Brown & Brothers' Tubing and Boiler Works, Randolph & Clowes, Proprietors, Bank Street (near Depot), Waterbury.-The exhibit of the diverse manufacturing enterprises of this city cannot fail to demonstrate its claim to a prominent position among the leading manufacturing centers of New England. Among the most conspicuous industries which have given character to the city of Waterbury is the enterprise founded more than half a century ago, by the Brown & Brothers. Since Messrs, Randolph & Clowes became proprietors, increased buildings have been added to the plant, new machin-ery introduced, the scope of the trade and production extended, and the house is now placed upon a footing equal with any of its contempo raries here or elsewhere. The plant of this com-pany embraces a number of buildings and covers a large area. In the various departments are employed upwards of 200 men, most of whom are experts.

The products of the house include all kinds of brass. copper, German silver and Spelter tubing, seamless drawn brass and copper tubing, fire extinguisher shells, air chambers and shells, with or without heads to 16 inches diameter; also, brass kettles, hose pipes, brass door rail, and large brass rods, a specialty being made of patented seamless copper house boilers, which are guaranteed to stand a vacuum, and tested at 200 lbs. internal pressure to the square inch. The present proprietors are Messrs. Randolph & Clowes, both able gentlemen, and all matters pertaining to the business of the company are transacted with a system of the first order, and by sending out only such products as could be safely guaranteed for superiority they are building up an enormous trade extending to all sections of the United States.

John Draher (Successor to Thomas Kirk), Manufacturer of Button Machinery, Power Presses, etc., Rivet, Clock and Screw Machinery, Tools, Dies and Special Machinery of Every Description, 40 North Elm St., Waterbury.— The manufacture of special machinery for special purposes is one of the broadly distinguishing features of Waterbury's claim to preeminence as a manufacturing center, and few disinterested parties who have investigated the matter will deny that in this branch of manufacture, if no other, she docs lead the van. One of the most energetic, pushing and successful of the houses engaged in this manufacture is that carried on by Mr. John Draher, at No. 40 North Elm street.

Mr. Draher is a manufacturer of power presses, rivet, clock and screw machinery and tools, dies and special machinery of every description. This business was inaugurated by Mr. Thomas Kirk, some eighteen years ago, he being succeeded about three years ago by the present owner.

One floor is occupied, 30x75 feet in dimensions, and ten hands are employed. A number of machines of various types are used, requiring some twelve or fifteen horse-power. A specialty is made of button machinery and button eyes, and a very large amount of work in this line is turned out.

Mr. Draher is a native of Waterbury, and has, since his accession to the ownership of the business, manifested a high degree of judgment and energy in extending his trade.

Tremont House, David David, Proprietor, Near Jacques' New Opera House, Waterbury .-Many, when away from home, prefer to stop at the smaller and less pretentious hotels, as in this way greater privacy is attained and in many cases more home comforts enjoyed. But, as it is often difficult for a stranger in a city to learn where a small but first-class hotel may be found, we desire to call the attention of our readers to an establishment of this kind in Waterbury where all the comforts of home are combined with the facilities and conveniences of a firstclass hotel. We refer to the Tremont House, which is very centrally located, within one min-utes walk of Jacques' New Opera House and which is conducted in so intelligent and liberal a manner by Mr. David David, the courteous proprietor.

Mr. David became the proprietor of this house two years ago and quickly showed himself to be the right man in the right place by the way in which he ministered to his patrons' needs, building up in this way his present large and select business. The edifice is of brick, three stories in height, 40x100 feet in dimensions and contain twenty spacious rooms. Employment is given to twelve assistants and the rates charged are, considering the accommodations, very low being but \$2.00 per day. His table is all that could be desired.

A first-class livery stable is connected with the establishment which will be found of much convenience by guests. Mr. David is a native of France.

C. E. Gates, D. D. S., Dental Rooms, over Woodruff's Drug Store, 87 Bank Street.—Since his graduation from the Philadelphia College of Dental Surgery in 1879, Dr. C. E. Gates has been successfully engaged in the practice of his profession in Waterbury. His elegantly appointed suite of rooms are located over Woodruff's drug store, No. 87 Bank street, and are models of good taste and completeness. The operating rooms are equipped with every device and appliance known to the dental art, and both in the surgical and mechanical part of his profession Dr. Gates is an acknowledged expert.

The most difficult operations in dental surgery are performed with the least possible degree of inconvenience to patients, and the artificial teeth and mechanical work of this popular dentist are the nearest approach to perfection attained.

Prompt and reliable in all his engagements the skill and worth of Dr. Gates have always challenged the confidence of his patients, and his success has been commensurate with his professional ability. Dr. Gates is a native of Chicopee, Mass. His future career gives promise of continued and increased usefulness.

W. O. Guilford & Co., Blank Book Manufac-turers, Paper Rulers and Book Binders, 68 and 69 Bank Street, Waterbury.—A Waterbury firm that ranks with the leading houses of the kind in New England is W. O. Guilford & Co., blank book manufacturers, paper rulers and book bind-ers, at Nos. 68 and 69 Bank street. This house was established fifteen years ago by Mr. W. O. Guilford, Mr. A. H. Tyrell coming into the firm some five years ago. The factory, 69 Bank street (opposite the store), on the third floor, is of the dimensions of 30x90 feet, and is finely equipped throughout with improved machinery, which is run by a hydraulic engine. The store is  $24 \times 105$  feet in size, and contains a very large and varied stock of the firm's manufacture, be sides fancy and office stationery, stationers' hard ware, gold pens and pencils, fountain pens, etc. The business done is both wholesale and retail, as well as manufacturing, and employment is given to twenty assistants. The specialties of this house are blank books to order and printed stationery, and careful estimates will be cheerfully given on application. Books with intricate rulings and printed headings for manufacturers and banks are given special care and attention, and the firm refers with pride to over twentyfive of the largest manufacturers in the State for whom they are doing work. Magazines and subscription books are neatly bound at low prices, and special rates are made for repairing, binding and re-binding Sunday school, public and private libraries.

Both members of the firm are natives of Connecticut and rank with the most enterprising and successful business men of this wide-awake part of the Union. The goods manufactured are standard articles of their kind, and their blank books in particular are favorites with business men on account of their excellent quality and uniform clear and distinct ruling.

The firm was awarded first premium (cash and diploma) by the Danbury Agricultural Society in 1885—altogether five diplomas in that same year, and three at the State Fair, Meriden, 1886. **E. F. Dwight,** Dealer in Watches, Jewelry and Optical Goods, 68 Bank St., Waterbury.— Among the best known and most reliable establishments of this kind in Waterbury, is that of Mr. E. F. Dwight, centrally located, at No. 68 Bank street. Mr. Dwight has a well-earned reputation for the excellence of his wares, and the fidelity with which work entrusted to him is performed; hence his business, which he established about three years ago, is prosperous and steadily increasing.

With the advancement of any community in wealth, intelligence and culture, the fine arts of decoration and adornment prosper, and the skill and taste of the watch-maker and jeweler are brought more constantly and generally into requisition. Twenty years ago it would have been impossible to have found customers for that class of goods which are now really in the greatest demand. The stock, though small, is very select, comprising the finest grades of sulverware and jewelry, calculated to please the most fastidious.

Mr. Dwight is a native of Connecticut, and has an experience in repairing watches seldom met with. We bespeak for Mr. Dwight a continuance of the success he has already achieved, as he is a man of judgment and sound business principles, and of exquisite taste in the selection of his stock.

He also carries a full assortment of optical goods, and has studied in a hospital for over two years.

Smith & Root, Insurance, Bank St., Waterbury.—It of course relieves a business man of much anxiety to feel that his stock is fully covered by insurance; but care should be taken that this is placed in perfectly responsible and reliable companies, lest it should be discovered that the feeling of security was but ill-founded, after all.

As it is entirely out of the question for every man who desires insurance to personally investigate the solvency of the many companies now engaged in this business, the best plan undoubtedly is to entrust the placing of insurance to some old-established and well-known agency, which has served its customers well in the past, and has every inducement to continue to do so in the future. Such an agency is carried on by Messrs Smith & Root, Bank street. Established by S. W. Hall and I. W. Smith,

Established by S. W. Hall and I. W. Smith, in 1853, the business continued under the name of Hall & Smith, Mr. Hall retiring in 1863, Mr. Smith conducted the business alone up to 1878, when Mr. E. T. Root was admitted to partnership, and the establishment has since been known by its present name. Thirty of the leading fire insurance companies of this country are represented, including all the great Hartford companies; and risks are also assumed for seven English companies.

Mr. Smith was born in Massachusetts, while Mr. Root is a native of Waterbury, a member of the City Council, and also Fire Commissioner. No firm in Waterbury is more reliable or enterprising, and a large proportion of the insurance in the city is placed through them.

Heater & Thurber, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Butter, Eggs, Flour, Feed, Hay, Straw, etc., 199 Bank Street, Waterbury .- This reliable house was established over twenty years ago and the business was successfully conducted under the names and styles of Theo. Bradley, Deming & McNeil, Heater & Abro, Heater & Thurber, the present firm succeeding to the business in 1881. From its inception the house has been a leading one in this line of merchandise in Waterbury, and it has always been a favorite source of supply for the trade and general public.

The premises comprise a large two-story build-ing on Bank street, with warehouse near the de-pot of the Naugatuck railroad company, and the facilities of the firm are complete for receiving, handling, storage and shipment of merchandise. Me-srs. Heater & Thurber are extensive wholesale and retail dealers in butter, eggs, lard, cheese, flour, feed, hay, straw, salt, oatmeal, Graham flour and corn, besides corned beef, mackerel and codfish, and at bottom prices they supply merchandise of standard execution dealers at wholesale rates, and to consumers generally at lowest margins above these prices.

The firm also furnish at manufacturers' quotations L. L. Crocker's celebrated Honest Fertilizers and Ammoniated Bone Superphosphate, and all orders for merchandise are filled and goods delivered with dispatch, satisfaction being uniformly guaranteed in every regard. The known worth and reliability of these representative merchants and their facilities for trade make this a most desirable house with which to establish and maintain business relations, and the operations of the concern are steadily increasing, and at this writing the volume of trade has attained most important proportions.

Mr. Heater is at present one of the councilmen from the third ward, having been elected to the office over the nominee of the dominant party in the ward. He is a native of New Jersey and Mr. Thurber is a New York man by birth, and both are influential and esteemed citizens of Wa terbury.

C. H. Bronson, Insurance, No. 69 Bank Street, Waterbury .- Every man identified with the control of properties, whether as owner, trustee or a lministrator, will recognize the importance of fire in-urance. No man can lay any claim to business wisdom who disregards this duty, whether it be to himself or through himself to others. A representative establishment in the insurance business in the city of Waterbury, is Bank street. He started business here about three years ago, representing some of the most solid and substantial companies, as: *Milwaukee Mechanics Ins. Co.*, Milwaukee, Wis., one of the largest concerns of its kind in the States numbering 2 on a list of 128 companies. It is the oldest in the West, and was started in 1852. From its beginning all the officers, without a single excep tion, have been, and are to-day, Germans. The stock of the company is worth, according to quotation, \$455 82.

Also, Pacific Fire Ins Co. of New York, organized 1851, with a cash capital of \$200,000; surplus, \$562,920.

Eliot Ins. Co. of Boston: eash capital. \$200.-000; surplus, \$294,923. American Central of St. Louis, organized in

1853; surplus, \$622,541.

Washington Fire and Marine of Boston; paid up capital, \$1,000,000; surplus over, \$1,216,000.

As necessary as is the fire insurance for any business concern or to a household, as compulserv ought to be the life insurance.

Mr. Bronson not only does a very large Fire Insurance business, but attends also to the Life Insurance, representing some well-known reputable companies, Mass. Life Mutual Ins. Co., Springfield, Mass. This company was organized in 1851, and the assets amount to the large sum of \$8,500,000. Being one of the old conservative mutual companies doing business under the celebrated Non forfeiture Law of Massachusetts, it gives a definite paid-up and cash value to every policy.

Mr. Bronson was born in Winchester, Conn., in in 1845, but has resided in this city since 1872. He is a business man highly est-emed in this business community on account of his honorable methods and integrity, and numbers hosts of friends.

Earle's Hotel, Edward Tuttle, Proprietor, near Depot, Waterbury .- Possessing all the requisites of a desirable house for strangers, Earle's Hotel in Waterbury has for many years enjoyed the patronage of a large proportion of commercial men and travellers generally sojourning in this city, and during the past year, under the in-telligent direction of the proprietor, Mr. Edward Tut le, the patronage of the house has in no way diminished

Mr. Tuttle became the proprietor of this hotel during the past few months, succeeding Mr. Geo. B. Sedgwick, and to the management of affairs he has brought ripe experience and all the qualities going to make up a popular and successful landlord.

The hotel is a large, three-story frame building, with finished basement, fronting seventy feet on Bank street, and extending back a distance of ninety feet, and is supplied with every modern convenience and first-class accommodations for 100 guests. It is heated by steam and the rooms are spacious and elegantly furnished. The table is always provided with the choicest viands, and the services of an accomplished *chef* makes a meal at Earle's a pleasing remembrance, and gives satisfaction to all.

A fine bar and pool-room are features of the hotel, and the zeal of the hospitable host to secure the comfort and happiness of his guests is gratefully acknowledged.

Mr. Tuttle is a Connecticut man by birth, and is in all regards a model landlord, and more than ever in the esteem of the traveling public is the house deserving of the patronage of those who seek in a hotel the comforts of a home at reasonable prices.

The location of the house, immediately opposite the Naugatuck railroad depot, makes Earle's the most accessible hostelry in the city. Mr. Wm. E. Baker officiates as clerk.

This is one of the most popular houses in Waterbury for theatrical companies, who are received on very favorable terms.

Hall Brothers, Livery, Feed and Exchange Stables, rear of Scovill House, Waterbury.—All lovers of "horse flesh" will be interested in hearing of the establishment of Hall Bros., centrally located in the rear of the Scovill House. These gentlemen keep a well-appointed Livery, Feed and Exchange Stable, occupying two stories, with accommodations for one hundred horses. The stalls are large and neatly kept, and every facility is at hand for the care of horses and vehicles. Any one desiring to purchase or exchange a horse will find Messrs. Hall's stock the finest in the market. The livery accommodations are also of the best, and all wishing a team for pleasure, business, etc., can obtain one from these stables. The business was established twenty-one years ago, but has been under the present management since 1878, and has met with a large patronage, it being the leading stable in the city. Fifteen capable hostlers are employed and careful drivers will be provided when desired. All boarding their horses here will find them cared for as thoroughly as in a private stable. The members of the firm are Messrs. M. W. and John M. Hall, both natives of North Canaan, Conn., and they are gentlemen who have made many friends among their patrons. The building occupied is a fine one and the accommodations are unsurpassed throughout the city. Double and single livery teams to let at reasonable prices, and car riages may be engaged at short notice for weddings, funerals, etc.

**Dr. Munn**, Physician and Surgeon, 69 Bank St., Waterbury.—Among the many physicians of this city, we take pleasure in calling particular attention to Dr. Munn, who occupies a fine office at No. 69 Bank street.

This gentleman established himself in this city Jan. 1st, 1874, previous to which he had had a long practice elsewhere. He has been pronounced by the residents of Waterbury to be an eminently skillful and reliable physiciau and sur geon, and with such a reputation has established an extensive practice throughout Waterbury and surrounding towns. Dr. Muan was born in Southington, Ct., in 1827, and after a thorough education in medicine and surgery graduated from the United States Medical College, of New York. He holds important offices, being Hon. Mem. Mich. Ecl Society, Hon. Mem. Chicago Society, of Phys. and Surg., Hon. Mem. Pa. Ecl. Society, Hon. Degree from Ecl. Med. College, Atlanta, Ga., Pres. Ecl. Mutual Aid Association, ex-Pres. State and National Med. Association, and is Past Chancellor Speedville Lodge, K. of P.

The parlors occupied by Dr. Munn are elegantly furnished and fitted up for the comfort of of his patients. Dr. Munn has a large practice.

J. G. Cutler, Manufacturer of Harness, Exchange Place, Waterbury.—Perhaps the oldest industry of any kind, and certainly the oldest in its special line of manufacture and trade in Wa terbury, is the harness manufactory of Mr. J. G Cutler, Exchange Place.

This industry was inaugurated nearly 100 gage loans, manufactury years ago, and since 1861 has been conducted by Mr. Cutler, a veteran in years and experience in this branch of industry. He occupies for his purposes, three floors of a large building, each exchange at low rates.

24x80 feet in dimensions, and in the manufacturing department employs a force of eight skilled workmen. He makes to order and carries in stock all kinds of harness, and horse and turf goods generally, and is an extensive dealer in saddlery hardware, horse-clothing, harness leather, etc., and his facilities for supplying work or merchandise of standard excellence, at reasonable and fair prices, are all that could be desired. New or repair work is executed promptly, and there is not a more desirable house in New England for those desiring anything pertaining to horse furnishing goods.

Mr. Cutler's long practical experience enables him to guarantee the fullest satisfaction as to goods, work and prices, and his long and honorable career in business here marks him a successful leader in this field of enterprise.

Rockwood & Wheelock, Artists' Materials, Painters' Supplies, Varnishes, etc., No. 3 Market Place, Waterbury.—The firm above named, composed of Messrs. C. H. Rockwood and E. C. Wheelock, Massachusetts men of large experience in their line of trade and industry, established themselves in business in Waterbury in the winter of 1885, and they are already accounted successful leaders in their special field of activity in this eity.

Their store and workshop are centrally located at No 3 Market place, the premises being 40x30 feet in size. Here is found a very select and complete assortment of artists' materials, painters' supplies, varnishes, etc., and the standard quality and excellence of the firm's merchandise and low prices make this a tavorite source of supply for this line of goods in this section. A force of skilled sign writers and painters are

A force of skilled sign writers and painters are employed under the personal supervision and direction of these practical, expert artisans, and special attention is paid to trade work and wagon lettering. All orders are filled with dispatch and in the most ta-teful and attractive manner, and prices are always reasonable and satisfaction warranted. The proprietors of this successful concern are wide-awake, energetic men of business, and have won the confidence of all.

A. F. Abbott & Son, Real Estate and Insurance Agents. 108 Bank Street, Waterbury.— These gentlemen are successfully conducting a large and prosperous business, which was inaugurated by the senior member of the firm in 1857. In 1872 there was added the business of negotiating loans and investments. In January, 1886, this branch of the business was re-organized under the name of the Connecticut Investment Agency, the senior partner being the manager, and his son, Frederick C. Abbott, the secretary.

The Messrs. Abbott buy and sell real estate on commission, and have exceptional facilities for the investment and disposal of property, and those desiring either to purchase or sell would do well to consult these responsible and efficient agents.

The firm also deal extensively in Eastern mortgage loans, manufacturing and bank stocks and investment securities, and in Western real estate mortgages, school and municipal bonds, and business paper. Also steamship tickets and foreign exchange at low rates.

## MERIDEN.

In the early colonial days, a certain Andrew Belcher received from the New Haven Colony a grant of five hundred acres in the northern part of the present city of Meriden, with the privilege of "keeping tavern forever," provided he should erect thereupon "a stone house or fort with port-holes," containing arms and ammunition. Accordingly, soon after, probably about 1660, the stone house was erected by an agent of Belcher's, and became a famous half-way tavern for the travelers going between New Haven and Hartford. From this fact some writers derive the name of Meriden, according to the tradition that the old stone tavern came to be called the "Merry-den," on account of the frequent merry gatherings of the travelers here. It is undoubted that Mr. Belcher originated the name, but the best authenticated accounts declare that he named it after his old home, Meriden, Warwickshire, England.

The region round about went under the various names of Pilgrim's Harbor, Great Swamp, Dog's Misery, and "Falls Plains." It was under the immediate jurisdiction of Wallingford for over a hundred years.

Around the stone tavern as a nucleus and a sort of protection to the land other colonists began to settle and build, until at the beginning of the eighteenth century, a little company of twenty-nine persons had gathered in the "Great Swamp." In 1705, for mutual protection, a fort or palisade was built about the little settlement. The deadly fear of Indian attacks seems to have been a constant menace, without one, so far as can be found, ever being actually experienced by the settlers here.

The first attempt at organization was made in 1728, when a petition to the General Legislature, signed by the chief men of the place (Bartholomew Foster, Ezekiel Roys, John Merriam, Robert Collins, Nathaniel Merriam, Timothy Foster, Thomas Andrews, Josiah Robinson, Joseph Merriam, John Merriam, Jr., and William Merriam), was granted and the region established as a village under the official name of Meriden, though still in part connected with Wallingford.

The village of Meriden was convulsed by the anxious troubles which preceded the Revolution, and entered with great ardor into that struggle. Though so small and weak at that time she raised a company for the Continental army, which was commanded by Captain John Couch.

A growing desire for complete separation from Wallingford, which that town naturally enough strenuously resisted, resulted in 1806, in the incorporation of Meriden as a township by the State Legislature. From this time on Meriden began to prosper, and in 1810 her population had reached 1,249. A decade later it was 1,309, and in 1830, 1,708.

The construction of the railroad between New Haven and Hartford was a matter of vital importance to Meriden, and in its accomplishment she took an active and prominent part. The first petition to the Legislature for the railroad was made in 1833, and Major Elisha A. Cowles of Meriden was one of its principal supporters. It was chiefly due to his efforts that the route of the road was laid through Meriden, and to this fact can be traced much of the city's marvellous growth since the road first began to run trains in 1844. The original route proposed was to the east of Broad street. Owing however, to the opposition of the farmers, who objected to the noise and smoke of the trains, the road was built in its present location in West Meriden, which has resulted in that section becoming the center of the city.

Meriden may well be proud of her record in the Civil War. A company raised in Meriden was the first to be accepted by the Governor, and no place in the State was more ready or generous in furnishing gallant men to battle for the cause. Her sons served in all the great campaigns and fought in all the great battles of the war. Among the more prominent officers from Meriden were General Dexter R. Wright, Colonels Charles L. Upham and William McLain Pratt, Major Theodore Byxbee, Captains Roger M. Ford, Jared R. Cook, Julius Bassett, Jacob Eaton and William H. Johnson.

The Roll of Honor of Meriden's martyrs shows the names of one hundred and eight, who died for the country. Her contributions to the support of the cause amounted to \$4,300,981. In July, 1867, Meriden was incorporated as a city.

The first Mayor was Charles Parker, who served for two terms. The mayors who have held office since then are Russell S. Gladwin, 1869; Isaac C. Lewis, 1870-73; Colonel C. H. Upham, 1873-75; Horace C. Wilcox, 1875-77; H. Wales Lines, 1877-80; George R. Curtiss, 1881; E. J. Doolittle, 1881.

Among the names of the honored citizens of Meriden are those of Hon. Walter Booth, United States Representative; Hon. Noah Pomeroy, United States Representative; and Hon. Orville H. Platt, United States Senator.

The city, during the last two decades, has advanced with tremendous strides, which have hardly been proportionally equaled by any other city in the State. The population, which in 1870 was 10,495, at the present time is in the neighborhood of 25,000. The extension and completion of the Meriden and Cromwell Railroad during the past year will undoubtedly still further advance the interests of the city, and render yet more extensive the period of prosperity upon which she is now so gloriously entering.

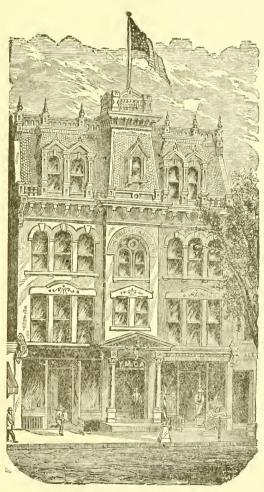
Meriden at present ranks, as a manufacturing and business center, among the first cities in the State. This has been the result chiefly of internal development. The first manufacturing in Meriden was done by Samuel Hall in 1791, who had **a** small shop for cutting nails. The manufacture of wire combs was one of the first ventures that proved very successful. The early settlers expected to find gold in this region and several mines were begun in the vicinity of Meriden. After some slight successes these were abandoned and have never been carried on since. The manufacture of silverware—in which line Meriden has assumed the position of one of the leading cities of the world—first obtained important proportions about the middle of the present century. It is an interesting fact, stated on good authority, that one of the large establishments of the kind in the city, the Meriden Britannia Company alone, manufactures more pieces of nickel, silver and table ware than all other similar establishments in the world combined, outside of Connecticut. In the manufacture of iron, hardware goods, lamps, castors, rifles, woolen goods, and steel cutlery, Meriden has built up an immense annual production. The amount of

### MERIDEN, PAST AND PRESENT.

capital alone invested in her manufacturing interests amounts to \$1,690,100. The value of the buildings occupied for business purposes in the city is \$1,857,734. The value of the 2,966 dwelling houses in Meriden is \$4,714,855; of the 10,723 acres of unoccupied land, \$768,003. The total taxable property in the city amounts to \$10,144,956.

On March 21st, 1887, after a thorough equipment consisting of new rolling stock, etc., the Meriden Horse Railroad Company began running its cars. These are well patronized and have been long needed. Their advent was a great event to the small boys of the city many of whom had never seen a horse car before.

### THE Y. M. C. A. OF MERIDEN.



THE Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, ERECTED 1876.

This association originated in the Winter of 1865-6, and was incorporated by the Legislature June 27, 1866. In the Autumn of the same year, with a subscription of nearly \$7,000, it purchased the lot of its present central site and occupied the small wood building then on it for ten years.

In 1876, with a subscription of a little over \$20,000, it commenced the erection of its present brick building; the corner stone was laid October 19. It was finished, furnished and dedicated July 1, 1877, at a cost of \$28,000. The last of the \$13,000 debt on it when dedicated was paid in February, 1886. The whole property is valued at \$40,000, and it is the first erected in New England exclusively for Y. M. C. A. purposes.

It maintains a *public free reading* room, well supplied with the leading newspapers, daily and weekly—secular and religious, literary and scientific; and also a good collection of the best monthly magazines, numbering altogether over 100. The Reading Room is open day and evening, free to all. Citizens and strangers always welcome. Its Library of 6,000 volumes and over 300

pamphlets and containing many valuable reference books, is also free for all to consult day and evening. Any person may become an annual member, to draw and take books home, for \$2 a year. Life membership is \$25. Any person of good moral character may become an associate member, and any male member of an evangelical church, in good standing, over 18 years of age, may become an active member. Members' meetings: The first Monday evening in January, April, July and October. Managers' meetings: The last Monday evening in each month. Annual meeting: The third Monday evening in September.

The present membership of the Association, including the Junior Swedish, German, and Ladies' Auxiliary Departments is fully 600. Of the 340 Life Members from the first, 33 have died,—present number 307.

The conveniences and privileges provided here by the reading room, library and social rooms, lectures, educational classes, gymnasium, receptions, social and religious meetings, attract hundreds of young men from vicious places, affording them mental, moral, physical, social and religious culture and enjoyment in this busy center and pleasant home. Its value to the young men of Meriden is inestimable.

Trustees: W. E. Benham, Chairman; Benj. Page, Clerk; S. J. Hall, Treasurer; Jas. R. Sutliff, Jas. H. Breckenridge, S. B. Little, E. A. Bell.

Officers for 1886-7: W. E. Benham, President; Jas. R. Sutliff, First Vice-President; Edward Miller, Second Vice-President; J. U. Pratt, Recording Secretary; W. A. Venter, Corresponding Secretary; W. H. Squire, Treasurer; A. L. Fisk, Librarian.

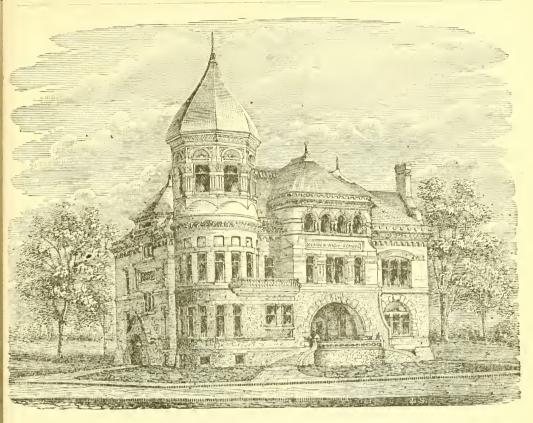
The topographical situation of Meriden presents a most beautiful and varied aspect. The Hanging Hills on the north and northwest of the city stand with all the sublime simplicity of monumental sentinels of her peace and glory. The nearest of these three hills is West Mountain, with three lofty peaks, the highest being 995 feet above the sea. The view from the top of West Mountain is one of the grandest in the State, and well worth beholding. The other two hills, South Mountain and Cat-Hole Mountain also present many objects of attraction. The magnificent new reservoir, in "The Notch," between West and South Mountains is a magnificent specimen of the most scientific engineering skill. In "Cold Spring Gorge," near "Cat-Hole Gap," which lies between South and Cat-Hole Mountains, there is a dark cavity deep down among the fallen rocks where ice is said to remain the year round, in a sort of natural ice-house.

Not far from Cold Spring is situated the State Reform School with its extensive buildings, one of the largest and noblest charities in the State. In the center of the city are many large and beautiful edifices. Among others is the Winthrop Hotel, which is said to be the most magnificent both in external and internal architecture of any hotel in New England, outside of Boston.

Those who are so fortunate as to be able to visit the show rooms of the Britannia Company on State street, will there see displayed one of the most varied and brilliant assortments of the highest type of art in the precious metals, to be seen in the world.

The Meriden City Hall, at the junction of Main and Liberty streets, is a large four-story building of brick with whitestone trimmings. Within are the offices of the Mayor, Clerk, and other departments of the city government, and a short distance to the west of the building stands the stately Soldier's Monument. The whole valley in which Meriden lies, and the beauties and attractions of the city itself, are of so entraneing a character that memories of the most pleasant and enduring nature will be cherished long after even a short or hurried stay in Meriden by a stranger so happy as to visit there.

### MERIDEN, PAST AND PRESENT.



MERIDEN HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING, LIBERTY STREET.

The Meriden High School, located on Liberty street, opposite the City Hall, is one of the most beautiful school buildings in the country. The edifice is three stories high, of rich dark sandstone, built in a novel and attractive style, and with a beautiful tower rising at the northwest corner. It is sufficient to say of Meriden's school system that it is on a par with the highest and best form of the New England common school system.

The Palace, Byxbee and Wilcox and Bank Buildings are representatives of the most modern and artistic styles in construction.

# LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF MERIDEN.

**Ives, Upham & Rand,** Dry Goods and Carpetings, Colony St., under Winthrop Hotel, Meriden. —In every community there is generally one or more business houses which, by reason of superior facilities or long experience of the proprietors, their special fitness for their particular trade, are pre-eminent among their competitors, and maintain successful leadership in all that the term implies. Notably the first, measured either by years or patronage, is the elegant and extensive dry goods and carpeting establishment of Messrs. Ives, Upham & Rand, acknowledged the popular shopping place for the people of Meriden and surrounding sections, and the business established forty years ago by the senior partner, Mr. John Ives, has increased with its years, and has now attained extensive proportions.

The firm occupy a commodious store in the Wintbrop Hotel Block on Colony street, 39x200 feet in dimensions, and in all that constitutes a first-class Metropolitan establishment in its appointments and arrangement, it is a model of taste and completeness

The firm justly pride themselves on their facilities for supplying every requirement of their patrons and have been eminently successful in placing upon the market here the latest designs and styles in dress and dry goods, cloaks, furs, wraps, etc., novelties in notions, gloves, hosiery, neckwear and furnishing goods, and all the new patterns in carpetings, shades, draperies, etc. Establishments are few in New England where a more complete or desirable assortment of merchandise of this description is displayed, and none where goods of equal quality are offered at more reasonable rates.

A large force of competent employes serve customers in a prompt and courteous manner.

Orders by mail or otherwise are filled in the most sytisfactory manner, and full faith is universally inspired by the methods and worth of these representative merchants.

Messrs. John Ives, Charles L. Upham and Philip C. Rand, comprise this reliable concern. Messrs. Ives & Rand are Connecticut men by birth and Mr. Upham is a native of Vermont. They are all business men of experience and exceptional ability, and their house is recognized as one of the responsible substantial concerns of the State.

Griswold, Richmond & Glock, Manufacturers of and Dealers in Stoves, Ranges and Furnaces, Crockery and Glassware, etc., No. 2 Main, 2 and 4 Hanover Street, Meriden.—Popular among Meriden's most enterprising commercial and manufacturing industries is the establishment of Griswold, Richmond & Glock, manufacturers of tin, sheet, iron, copper and cornice work, dealers in stoves, ranges and furnaces, crockery and glassware, hardware, house furnishing goods, etc. The premises occupied comprise three

floors each 24 by 225 feet in dimensions, located at No. 2 West Main street and 2 and 4 Hanover street. This house was established in 1863 by the senior proprietor, Mr. N. F. Griswold, and after a successful business career of thirteen years, Mr. John L. Richmond and Mr. Chas. E. Glock were admitted as partners to the firm. This house, which is the largest of its kind in the city, carries a most complete and elegant stock of



heating and cooking stoves, ranges, furnaces, crockery and glassware, house furnishing goods, etc., also a fine line of tin, zinc, copper, sheet iron, galvanized cornice and tin roofing. In connection with the other branches of the business, Messrs. Griswold, Richmond & Glock are largely engaged in importing all kinds of crockery, China and fancy goods. The large wholesale, retail and manufacturing business conducted by this house requires the employment of fifteen thoroughly experienced workmen who are conversant with every detail of the business.

The proprietors of this establishment are all practical men, giving their close personal attention to the business. The individual members of the firm are N. F. Griswold, John L. Richmond and Chas. C. Glock, all natives of Connecticut. Mr. John L. Richmond was formerly a member of the city council. In every respect this house is a prominent one and an important adjunct to the resources of Meriden.

Isaac O. Ives, Crockery, China, Glassware, Lamps, etc., No. 42 West Main Street, Andrews' Block, Meriden.-A most attractive feature of the principal business thoroughfare of Meriden is the elegant lamp, crockery and glassware es-tablishment of Mr. Isaac O. Ives, No. 42 West Main street. It is a comparatively late enterprise, the business having been inaugurated about one and one-half years ago, and from its inception Mr. Ives has met with most gratifying and deserved success. His store has a frontage on West Main street of twenty feet and is seventy-five feet in depth, and the beautiful and valuable merchandise shows to the best possible advantage, the appointments and arrangement of the establishment manifesting the characteristic tact and excellent business methods of the proprietor. The stock is large and varied to meet all the needs and tastes of the purchasing public, and comprises every grade, quality and style of crockery, china, glassware, and articles of utility and ornament, in all the most beautiful designs, a specialty being made of the Rochester lamp in all styles and variety, and in general excellence and low prices Mr. Ives successfully competes with any rival concern in the State. He is a progressive, wide-awake, representative business man, and his enterprise has met with deserved recognition in a large, permanent and increasing city and country trade.

Mr. Ives is a Meriden man by birth, and is held in universal esteem as a successful and reliable business man and estimable citizen.

Chester Cooley, Livery, Feed and Boarding Stable, 30 E. Main Street, Meriden .- One of the best appointed livery and boarding stables in Meriden is that conducted by Chester Cooley at No. 30 E. Main street. It occupies an eligible location and the building covers an area of 80x60 feet, and is conveniently arranged in all its departments and has accommodations for a large number of horses. The stable is well supplied with fine carriages and horses and particular attention and care is given to boarding horses. They will receive the best of feed and every attention for their comfortable condition and health. The proprietor is an experienced and competent horseman in every respect and thoroughly understands the proper care of stock. The prices are as reasonable as can be obtained in the city and our many readers will find thisestablishment to be as capable, efficient and cheap as any other. Mr. Cooley established this business in 1880 and has met with an extensive patronage. He employs only skilled and experienced hostlers and satisfaction is guaranteed to all having business dealings with him.

Parties visiting the city by private conveyance will find no better or more trustworthy hands in which to leave the care of their animals. Mr. Cooley has also a hospital for sick horses, has had an experience of nearly twenty years in caring for them and is exclusively patronized by many of the older inhabitants, who know his ability. All horses left with him are under his constant care, hence his success in restoring them to health. We are pleased to recommend him as painstaking, prompt and reliable. Mr. Cooley is a native of Connecticut and is highly esteemed in Meriden.

Meriden Bookstore, Stationery, School Supplies, Catholic Books, Toys and Confectionery, 82 E. Main Street, Meriden, S. McCabe, Proprietor -Upon the substantial basis of square dealing and integrity, Mr. S. McCabe established the Meriden Book Store a few months ago, and he has already developed a considerable trade, and his future gives promises of most gratifying success. His store room, centrally located at No. 82 E. Main street, is 25x60 feet in dimensions, and is filled with a very fine and new assortment of fancy and counting-house stationery, school supplies, novelties in fancy articles, toys and confectionery, and in Catholic books and goods generally, of which Mr. McCabe makes a specialty, he offers the only assortment in Meriden, which he sells at less than New York prices. All goods are disposed of and warranted as represented, no shop-worn merchandise or old styles being found in his establishment. Mr. McCabe is prompt in filling orders, and has two assistants in his business, and in all his dealings he is reliable and accommodating.

With a fixed purpose to deserve success, Mr. McCabe has begun business under the most auspicious circumstances, and his future gives abundant promise of usefulness and prosperity. He is energetic and gives all his attention to his business

Mr. McCabe also carries a full line of rubber, ribbon and steel stamps of every description, which are made to order and warranted to give satisfaction.

#### H. J. CHURCH, FURNISHING UNDERTAKER, 32 West Main Street, Meriden.

Daniel S. Griswold, Electrotyper, No. 9 Veteran Street, Meriden .- The business of electrotyping has enlarged greatly of late, as it has become known that any large edition of books, pamphlets, or supplies of commmercial printing, is much cheaper when made by that process than if printed from common type, and there is the added advantages of thus securing plates from which subsequent editions if needed can be printed. Being able to do all kinds of electrotyping at shortest notice, eligibly located, and with many superior modern facilities, Mr. Daniel S. Griswold has built up a growing business, extending throughout this section. The busiextending throughout this section. The busi-ness was established here in 1883 at No. 3 Opera House Block by Mr. Wm. Lockwood, Mr. Griswold succeeding him in 1885 and removing the location to No. 9 Veteran street (Republican building), where he may be found at present writing. Mr. Griswold makes a specialty of electrotypes for manufacturers' catalogues, numbering many of the largest manufacturers in the county among his patrons. With a practical experience of many years in the business, he is sure to succeed.

Mr. Griswold is a native of Connecticut and spent eight years in California in this line of business, after which he assumed the position of superintendent for Mr. Wm. Lockwood previous to becoming his successor. He is a progressive gentleman and well adapted to conduct so important an enterprise.

#### LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF MERIDEN.



The Wilcox & White Organ Co., Factory Meriden, Warerooms 25 Union Square, New York.—The recognized superiority of the Wilcox & White organs over most others in use has of late years created a demand for these instruments almost equal to the facilities for their production, great as they are, and the trade of the company necessitates the employment of a force of 150 skilled workmen. The works at Meriden are very extensive, the massive four-story brick buildings forming three sides of an oblong square 100 x 200 feet in area, and the plant is one of the most valuable and complete of its kind in the country.

The company was organized and incorporated in 1877, with abundant capital, which enables them to conduct their extensive business here on the most liberal basis, and their unequaled resources enables them to appreciate and supply all the wants of patrons. The four Messrs. White who are actively connected with the management are recognized experts in the tuning pro-

ence of Mr. H. K. White in the manufacture of reed organs, covering a period of forty years, during which time he has doubtless had more organs made under his personal supervision than any other man in the world, is the secret of the company's grand success, and is the reason for the faith in the Wilcox & White organs, that they are unsurpassed by any others in use.

Mr. Jas. H. White is the efficient secretary, and in his keeping the interests of the concern and their patrons are alike admirably subserved.

The Wilcox & White organs are famous and popular everywhere, on account of their ease of action and quickness of touch and durability.

**H. T. Smith,** City Expressman and General Teaming, Corner State and Camp Streets, Meriden.—Among the many lines of business conducted in Meriden, none are of more benefit to the people residing in the city limits, as well as to our readers who live abroad, than a reliable express or transportation company. We take

fession, and are especially qualified to produce the greatest e x c ellen c e of tone and touch, combined with unequaled durability which have brought the instruments of this company into such general favor in all parts of the country. The extensive country. works are replete with all the improved labor-saving machinery and appliances essential to securing best results-steam being the motor. Only the best materials procurable are used and the most efficient workmen employed. and in the aim of the concern to maintain unimpaired the high reputation of their instruments, the company has been eminently successful.

The policy of the management has always been to adopt every improvement of practical utility in the construction of their organs, and in every regard they are abreast of the times. Mr. H. C. Wilcox, the President of this corporation is one of the ablest manufacturers and executive officers in New England. He is the President of the Meriden Britannia Co., the largest concern of the kind in the world, and his connection with the enterprise under review makes assurance doubly sure as to the continued prosperity of the The expericompany. Mr. Η. ence of Κ.

pleasure in calling attention to the gentleman whose name heads this article as one whose enterprise has been a very great convenience to our citizens as well as to visitors to our city.

Mr. H. T. Smith established his business in 1876 which in the short space of ten years has reached a magnitude beyond the expectations of the most sanguine.

The premises utilized for the business comprise two large stables and an office which is located at the corner of State and Camp Streets, and being connected with the telephone all orders received are promptly attended to and baggage will be called for at hotels or residences and checked to any point desired. Mr. Smith gives employment to ten persons who are all reliable and competent men and all baggage entrusted to their care will be safely delivered. In connection with the express business Mr. Smith has a large trade in general teaming and for the transaction of which he has all kinds of trucks and wagons and a large number of horses Mr Smith is a native of Meriden, a smart and enterprising business man.

The Meriden Malleable Iron Co., Manufacturers of Kerosene Fixtures, Lamps, Lanterns and Cabinet Hardware. Salesrooms, 42 Park Place and 37 Barelay St., New York; 147 Franklin St., Boston: Factories, Meriden, Conn.—It is safe to say that no concern has done more to establish the reputation of Meriden as the great lamp manufacturing center of the United States, than the Meriden Malleable Iron Co., which for twenty years has conducted one of the notably successful industries on a scale of most important proportions.

The company was incorporated under its present style and name, in 1868, with a capital stock of \$75,000, which has since been increased to \$125,000. In 1870, the company made extensive improvements, and began the manufacture of full lines of kerosene fixtures, lamps, lanterns, inkstands, shelf-brackets, iron planes and cabinet hardware; and also, art specialties in brass and iron, jardiniers, and other ornamental work in many forms of use and beauty, many of the designs being original, unique and beautiful, beyond description. The plant of the corporation is one of the most valuable in the country devoted to this branch of industrial enterprise, and discloses a system and completeness in every department worthy of highest commendation.

The premises occupied comprise several enormous and substantial brick buildings, four stories in height, and covering several acres of ground, and a force of from 300 to 450 operatives are employed in the various departments of the works. Large quantities of fine work, in style, beauty and general excellence fully equal to the product of any home or foreign manufacturers are turned out of this establishment, and find ready sale in the markets of the United States and foreign countries, and the company kceps equal pace with the development of artistic taste in the improvements made in styles and designs of their work.

The officers of the company are: President, business course, the manager of this en Geo. W. Lyon; Secretary and Treasurer, E. I. Is naturally and justly accorded the greatest by the trade and the community at large.

exceptional executive and business ability, and whose worth and enterprise have given to the company a wide-spread influence, and a high place in the confidence and esteem of their trade at home and abroad.

**E. D. Hall**, Fire and Life Insurance Agency, *Republican* Office, Meriden.—An underwriter of many years experience, Mr. E. D. Hall established his general insurance agency in Meriden eighteen years ago (but from 1877 to 1886 officiated as postmaster), and has enjoyed a large share of patronage. As agent for some of the leading fire and life companies doing business in the United States, Mr. Hall has exceptional facilities for effecting reliable insurance on life and property to any desired amount at minimum rates of premium, and the reliability and promptitude of the agent, supplemented by the standing of his companies, makes this one of the most popular and reliable agencies in this section.

Mr. Hall is the sole agent here for the following companies: Continental, American and Westchester companies of New York; the Mechanics of Brooklyn; the Anglo-Nevada and the Fireman's Fund of California; the Security of New Haven; the Norwalk and New London County of Connecticut, and the Western Fire Ins. Co. of Toronto, and also for the Massachusetts Mutual Life Ins. Co., names, each of which carries with it a sure guarantee of prompt payment of losses, and liberality and reliability in every particular.

Mr. Hall is a native of Connecticut, and in a wide circle of business and personal acquaintances he is held in general esteem and high re gard.

N. C. Hall, Dealer in Groceries, 38 West Main Street, Meriden.-In looking over the retail trade of Meriden, we find that in the grocery business a signal success has been achieved, and that the annual increase has grown to proportions which should be fully recognized. Of the many houses that have distinguished themselves in Meriden, in this particular line, we wish to call the atten-tion of our readers to the one conducted by Mr. N. C. Hall, who established his business in 1859 and has succeeded in building up a flourishing retail trade among some of our most prominent and substantial citizens. The premises comprise of a fine large store 20 x 80 feet in size, located at 38 West Main street. The stock carried includes everything in the staple and fancy grocery line, among which will be found the best brands of flour, teas, coffees, spices, sugar, etc., also a fine variety of relishes, sauces, condiments, etc. Mr. Hall employs four competent clerks who are prompt in their attention to the business and courteous and polite to every customer, and all conders are promptly attended to and goods are delivered to all parts of the city. Mr. N. C. Hall is a native of Connecticut, a thoroughly capable and enterprising man. Possessing in every respect first class facilities and pursuing a business course, the manager of this enterprise is naturally and justly accorded the greatest esteem LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF MERIDEN.

ASSYRIAN

TRADE MARK.

## ROGERS BROS., A1.

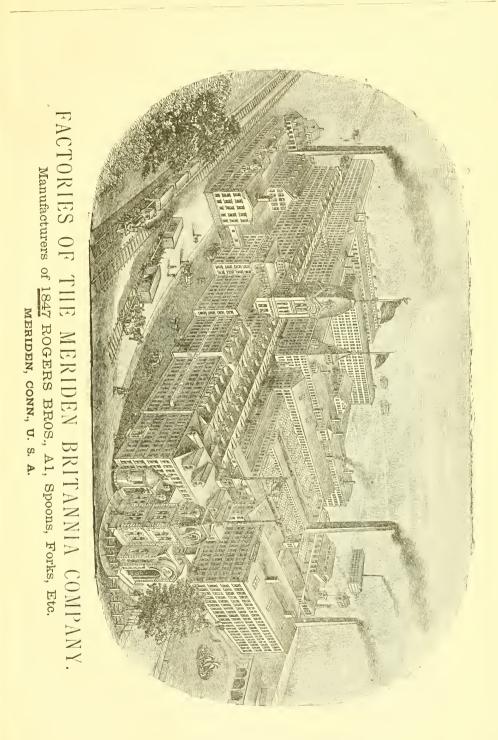
The Meriden Britannia Co., Manufacturers of | cisco, at Wood street, London, Eng., and at the Silver-Plated Ware, Meriden.-Among the largest, if not the largest, manufacturing establish-ments in the State of Connecticut is that of the Meriden Britannia Co., of Meriden. Situated near the railway, in plain view of the traveler from New Haven to Hartford, it covers a floor space of over ten acres and furnishes employment within its brick walls to over twelve hundred souls. The main building is 500 feet in length and of an average width of 60 feet. It is five stories high, as are most of the buildings surrounding it. Elegantly appointed countingrooms, show rooms, packing rooms, etc., are at-tached to the main building, while other large structures across the street are connected therewith by covered bridges and passage ways. Such an extensive factory is a little village of itself and exercises a great influence over the productive and developmental interests of the city for, aside from the new houses constantly being built by provident operatives, a large share of the positive profits are being continually re-invested in buildings and improvements which enhance the beauty, prosperity and importance of the place.

Such extensive works and wide-spread effects, however, are not the creation of a day or of mush oom birth. As with the most vigorous and permanent of our trees, the strongest growth originating first at the roots, so it was with the Meriden Britannia Co. Beginning in a small way in 1852; founding itself firmly upon integrity and strict attention to business; watching carefully the reputation of its products and commercial credit and letting the growth take care of itself, fortunate in the possession of men at the helm having the strength and ability to direct its course in the channels of safety and prudence; parsimonious in the adoption of chances. but prodigal in the expenditure of labor, brains and human endeavor-growth become a natural sequence and we have to day in the magnificent structures, ever increasing business and worldwide reputation, but another example of what white reputation, but another example of what are included by the continuous growth in cacity is able to accomplish. From this parent their works and in their rapidly trunk his sprung many branches. The extensive salesroom at 46 East Fourteenth street, Union Square, New York city, at 147 State street, Chicago, at 134 Sutter street, San Fran-

branch factory in Hamilton, Ontario, each depending upon and directed from the main counting room at Meriden, and augmenting the number of beneficiaries of this great industry to something over twenty-three hundred souls. Through these and other channels the products of this company are distributed over the entire world embracing a *clientele* of widely differing habits, conditions and tastes.

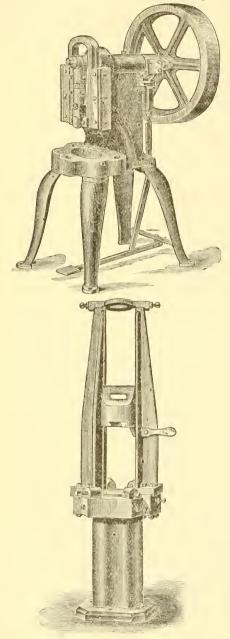
Soon after its organization the company purchased all the right and title to the trade-mark of 1847-Rogers Bros., taking into their employ the founders of this brand. Since then and by their efforts this trade-mark has become synonymous with all that is best and most durable in electroplate and achieved so high a reputation that it has excited the cupidity of other manufacturers and stimulated the production of wares having similar names until in protection of themselves and of the consumer the company has been com-pelled to emphasize the prefix "1847." For-tunately the importance of this prefix is generally well understood in the trade and find while the consumers may sometimes themselves deceived in the wares purchased by them, the dealer is, or should be, fully aware that the distinctive prefix of "1847" appears only on the spoons and forks so long made by this company and so long proven to be the best and most durable by years of satisfactory service.

Electro-silver plated ware, if properly manufactured, answers every requirement of solid silver, at a vast reduction in cost, but it must be honestly made, and of the best materials. In its decorative aspect it must partake of the heart and brain of the highest artistic talent. The manufacturer must maintain a constant endeavor toward higher planes of excellence, inventing and employing every device that shall increase durability and beauty of his productions. W the When this is done public appreciation surely follows. That this has been and is being done by the Meriden Britannia Co., is clearly demonstrated by the continuous growth in the capacity of their works and in their rapidly increasing sales. The officers of the company are: Horace Wilcox, president; George R. Curtis, secretary and treasurer; George M. Curtis, assistant treasurer, and



233

A. H. Merriman, Manufacturer of Punching. Stamping, Cutting and Drawing Presses, Spinning Lathes for Britannia and Other Work, and Other Tools, 153 State Street, Meriden.-Occupying a large two story factory at 153 State street, Mr. A. H. Merriman is successfully engaged in business as a manufacturer of punch



ing, stamping, entting, and drawing and drop presses, etc., and among manufacturers using

the Middle States, he is recognized as a reliable and responsible leader in his special line of industry.

The establishment is a model of completeness in its equipment, being fully supplied with the most improved and valuable machinery adapted to intended purposes, operated by steam, and a competent force of skilled workmen are employed in the business.

Mr Merriman manufactures solid-back, openback, inclined, arch and double action punching, stamping, cutting and drawing presses, which for efficiency, durability and general excellence are unsurpassed, and also knuckle joint stamping presses, spinning lathes for Britannia work and other tools, and orders for special machinery of this description are executed in the most sati-factory manner and at reasonable prices. Prompt, reliable and accurate in his work, Mr. Merriman has always been held in highest esteem, and his wide experience and skill are called into play constantly by the needs of manfacturers in this section, his ability to meet every requirement of his patrons being unsurpassed, if equaled, by any master artisan of the State. Owing to the rapid increase in his business, Mr. Merriman has lately added some new and improved machinery.

Mr Merriman is a native of Connecticut and is one of Meriden's influential citizens.

Drs. Magnus & Powers, Dentists, office 34 West Main Street, Meriden -The various establishments of Meriden would not be complete without at least a brief allusion to Drs. Magnus & Powers, Dentists, whose elegantly appointed parlors are located at No. 34 West Main street. These gentlemen have an experience of several years and are thoroughly reliable in all their methods. Their suite of rooms are complete in every detail and are divided into operating laboratory and reception rooms. Their custom is wery large, many coming a long distance to ob-tain their skillful treatment. The individual members of the firm are E. R. Magnus and P. A. Powers, both graduates of Dental Colleges, and gentlemen of energy, ability and judgment. All branches of dentistry are attended to in a firstclass and highly satisfactory manner, extracting, filling, cleaning, etc.; also the making of artificial teeth, which in every instance will be found very natural in appearance

Their patrons number many of the first families of Meriden and vicinity, and every cetail is under the personal supervision of these gentle-We prophesy for them a rich future, if men. they continue in the same able manner they have commenced. All in need of work in their line should give them a call, as they will guarantee satisfaction as regards workmanship and prices.

H. L. Schleiter, City Boot and Shoe Store, No. 1 East Main Street, Roger's Block, Meriden. -One of the best known houses in this city engaged in the sale of Boots. Shoes and Rubbers, is that of Mr. H. L. Schleiter, located at No. 1 East Main street, Roger's block, west of the rail-road crossing. This business was established twenty-two years ago by C. H. Fales, succeeded in 1868 by the present proprietor, who has since this class of merchandise in New England and carried it on in a highly satisfactory manner, to

The store is 18 both himself and his customers. x50 feet in dimensions, and is finely stocked with a full assortment of ladies' and gentlemen's Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, and his prices will be found as reasonable as any in the city. A specialty is made of custom work and repairing, all work being executed in a first-class manner and guaranteed to give sati-faction in every re-spect. Polite and attentive salesmen will be found in attendance, and everything possible will be done to give entire satisfaction to all their patrons. Mr. Schleiter is a gentleman of experience, and deserves great credit for the manner in which his business is conducted, and we would earnestly recommend this as an enterprise worthy of patronage.

**B. B. Clark,** Livery, Hack and Coupe Stable, 524 Broad Street, Meriden.—What is perhaps the oldest established public stable in Meriden is that conducted by Mr. B. B. Clark at No. 524 Broad street. Many years ago, in the long-past



and now well-nigh forgotten days of stage-coaching, it was used in connection with the line from Hartford to New Haven, its proprietor then being Mr. W. Parker The present owner has been in possession about a year, and has already es tablished a reputation for furnishing the best and most desirable teams at very moderate prices. The establishment is now run as a first-class livery and boarding stable, and the large and constantly increasing patronage which it enjoys shows conclusively that the pains taken to suit each customer's individual needs are appreciated as they deserve to be. Mr. Clark runs a hack in connection with the railroad to and from all trains, and passengers de-iring such a conveyance would do well to look for hackmen with badge "Up-town Hack, 29," as by securing his services they will assure themselves courteous and honorable treatment. Orders for weddings, funerals, etc., are promptly and satisfactorily attended to, stylish teams and experienced drivers being furnished at short notice. Mr. Clark has just added two new and stylish one-horse coupes, which he lets at very reasonable rates for calling, shopping, depot, etc. A specialty is made of boarding horses, and all animals entrusted to Mr. Clark's care are ensured kind treatment and proper feeding. The stable is roomy and com-modious, having a capacity for 25 horses. Mr. Clark is a native of Meriden and is widely known. home.

Winthrop Hotel, Colony Street, Meriden (one block from depot), G. H. Bowker & Co., Proprietors.—This house, although opened but four years ago, enjoys the reputation of being the "finest and most popular hotel between Boston and New York." The building is an imposing brick structure five stories in height, and is fitted up in a style equalled only by hotels of the larger cities in the United States. In fact every part of the house is Metropolitan in style, and a guest at the Winthrop enjoys every luxury and convenience.

The office, which is some 100x120 feet in size, is finished in cherry, has marble floor, clegantly upholstered chairs, and contains coat-room, and telegraph office. Leading from the office is a large and finely appointed billiard-room and well stocked bar. On the floor in the front is one of the most elegantly furnished parlors to be found in New England, adjoining which are the gentlemen's reading-room, card room and a number of smaller apartments for directors' meetings and private dining rooms.

On the other floors will be found 100 elegantly furnished rooms, single or *en suite*. A passenger and baggage elevator runs from the street floor rendering even the upper rooms equally accessible. Two bath rooms are on each floor.

Every precaution is taken to prevent fire. The elevator well is built of brick and with the exception of the car no wood is used in its construction. On each floor a long coil of hose is attached to the stand pipe, by which means every portion of the house could be immediately flooded. The two stair-cases, each ten feet wide, and two fire-escapes afford ample facilities for descending from the upper floors.

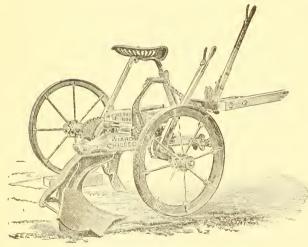
The *cuisine* of the Winthrop is not excelled in variety or excellence by any other hotel in New England. The table is bountifully provided with every delicacy the markets afford, prepared by a corps of experienced cooks presided over by a competent chef. The dining room is large, elegant and well lighted, and is finished in hard wood. The service is conducted on the same high standard of excellence which characterizes the other departments. A number of attentive waiters serve guests promptly and courteously. In fact everything that constitutes a first-class house will be found in the Winthrop. The prices prevailing at this hotel are not, as might be imagined in view of the many attractions, exorbitant, the rates being \$3 and \$3.50 per day with special terms for commercial men. As an instance of the popularity of the Winthrop with the latter class, we would say that many make it their headquarters while visiting towns within a radius of twenty miles, preferring for obvicus reasons to return here at the conclusion of each day's business.

The proprietors are Messrs. Geo. H. and Jas. H Bowker, hotel men of long experience in business. These gentlemen also conduct that popular Massachusetts hotel, the Windsor of Holyoke. Mr. E. T. Bowers and J. Conway, gentlemen whose popularity with traveling men is too well known to require further comment at our hands officiate as clerks at the Winthrop.

We commend the house to travelers desiring the comforts and luxuries of a well ordered home.



New E Buckeye Mower.



Wiard's New Sulky Plow, Patent Chilled.

Birdsey & Foster, Jobbers and Dealers in handled. Agricultural Implements Hardware, Crockery, Nails, Glass, Paints, Oils, etc., cor. Main and Center Sts., Meriden.—It is a common saying that "a mechanic is known by his tools," and if this be the case, why is not the remark equally applicable to the farmer in these days when agriculture has become almost as much a matter of tools and appliances as manufacturing itself? Farmers, like capitalists, are born conservatives, but they are quick to see the value of any really meritorious invention designed to lighten their labors; and so it is that the manufacture and displayed for inspection as to quality and bene-

sale of agricultural implements has become the great industry which it is at present.

A prominent Meriden firm, dealing in these articles, is that of Birdsey & Foster, doing business at the corner of Main and Center This establishment was streets. founded twenty-six years ago, by Mr. H. W. Curtiss, who was succeeded by the present proprietor, in 1877.

The firm consists of Messrs. E. C. Birdsey and F. S. Foster, both these gentlemen being natives of Meriden. The firm are jobbers of and dealers in not only agricultural implements, but also, hardware, crockery, nails, glass, paints, oils, etc. The business done is principally retail, although some wholesale trade is also carried on. The store occupied is 30x80 feet in dimensions, and contains a heavy and varied assortment of the good's

The firm enjoys a high reputation for the excellence of its goods, and their low prices; and all wanting anything in their line would do well to give them a call.

William Hagerman, Druggist, 40 West Main Street, Meriden.-Too much consideration can-not be given to that class of a city's business which caters to the daily wants and health of its inhabitants. With our advancing civilization and cultivation of taste, the people exact that a store be attractive and the stock conveniently ficial effects, and these demands are promptly met by all enterprising druggists. Among such in Meriden, none has attained greater success within a comparatively short period than Mr. Wm. Hagerman.

This establishment was founded by Mr. J. Winter and was surceeded by the present proprietor in October, 1885, and has since built up a flourishing retail trade, extending throughout the city. The premises are located at 40 West Main street, and cover an area of 20x60 feet in size, where will be found an elegant assortment of goods usually carried by a first-class druggist, comprising drugs, medicines, perfumery, toilet articles and novelties.

Mr. Hagerman has had an experience of ten years in some of the largest New York drug stores, and is prepared to give personal attention to the compounding of physicians' prescriptions, and the public are assured that nothing but the purest of drugs and medicines are used in the preparation of the same. The extent of the business necessitates the employment of two thoroughly competent clerks, who are conversant with the business in all its details.

Mr. Wm. Hagerman is a native of New York city, and is a very genial and successful young man, well and favorably known throughout Meriden. His ice cream soda, which was in great demand last season, will be found ready at his attractive pharmacy early in the summer.

Dr. C. I. Jones, Dentist, Meriden.— In the rapid improvements of the last quarter of a century every branch of business has seemed to move forward; but none more so than the dental art which would seem to he at its height. especially as we view the appliances and improvements of our best dental rooms. Dr. C. I. Jones is among the leading men in this city engaged in this profession, and no pains or money is spared to provide every modern invention, and all branches of dentistry is conducted in an eulightened manner.

Dr. Jones occupies an elegant suite of rooms. very handsomely furnished and arranged for the comfort of his many patrons. These parlors are located in Wilcox Block. For five years previous to establishing himself at this location he was practising at South Norwalk, Conn. and Holyoke, Mass. He has been in Meriden but about six months, but has in that short time established a reputation for first-class work and reasonable prices throughout the city. He makes a specialty of pre-erving the natural teeth and will guarantee perfect satisfaction.

will guarantee perfect satisfaction. C. I. Jones is a native of Stamford, Conn , is a young progressive dentist, full of energy and enterprise, ever ready to adopt any new invention in his art which will promote his profession. He uses vitalized air for painless extraction. This is used in all large cities in preference to all other known anæsthetics, as it has no unpleasant effects, or causes headaches afterwards, always safe to old or young, and is acknowledged by the profession as far superior to nitrous oxide. He guarantees to extract tecth painlessly or no charge. We commend him to the favorable notice of all readers of this volume.

Prof. George Poe, Compound Oxygen, Wilcox Block, Colony Street, Meriden.-Every year shows progress in the treatment of the different diseases flesh is heir to, and in this connection we would call the special attention of our readers to the Compound Oxygen treatment as used by Prof. Poe, whose office is located in the Wilcox Block (2d floor) Room 8, Colony street. This is a new and most wonderful discovery, particularly effective in the treatment of chronic diseases, nervous disorders, throat and lung troubles, etc. It is a compound of oxygen and nitrogen, well-known as the two gases that make the atmospheric air. The oxygen treatment is not new, having been practiced by various eminent physicians as early as 1773, and many of the leading medical journals in this country and Europe are at the present time recommending oxygen in its compounds for the treatment of many diseases. Prof. Geo. Poe is well-known as a pracical chemist, second to none in the manipulation of gases, he having put up the works and manu-factured the "Liquid Nitrons Oxide Gas" for the period of six years in the renowned dental manufacturing house of S. S. White, Philadelphia Pa., during which time ample opportunity was found for experiments with oxygen and its compounds. And as many requests were made by the citizens of Meriden and vicinity for a branch office in their city, Prof. Poe opened one there a short time since, another office being at Springfield, Mass. In order to introduce this wonderful discovery to the public, Prof. Poe gives a trial treatment to patients free, and his office hours a e from 10 a. m., to 6 p. m. (Sundays excepted). Space forbids further mention of this remarkable enterprise, but we can advise all sufferers to at least give it a trial and we feel assured they will continue it. Prof. Poe is now endorsed by the leading chemists of the country and as to his personal, profe-sional and business standing can furnish references from many wellknown gentlemen, and Prof. Poe is a gentleman in every way deserving of confidence. He has just perfected a preparation of tar in a volatile form for inhalation which is of great benefit for all troubles of the tube passages in the throat.

Collins & Miller, Déalers in Choice Family Groceries, No. 8 Main Street, Meriden.—Prominent among this line of trade is the house of of Collins & Miller which is located at No. 8 Main street, dealers in choice family groceries. The premises occupied cover an area of  $24 \ge 80$ feet and comprise a fine large store with a well selected stock of goods. The neat and systematic arrangement of this establishment is very marked.

Here may be found the best of flour, teas, coffees, spices, etc. The extent to which this large retail business has reached requires the employment of four competent clerks. This house was established in 1881 by its present proprietors, Messrs, Collins & Miller, both of whom are active business men, devoting their personal supervision to the business in all its branches. Mr. C. H. Collins is a native of Meriden and Mr. H. H. Miller of Middlefield, both energetic and reliable men.



J. A. Thomas, Dealer in Guns, Pistols, Fish-ing Tackle, &c., No. 44 East Main Street, Meriden .- The sportsmen of Meriden and vicinity hardly need to be reminded of the establishment of Mr. John A. Thomas at No. 44 Main street, for his store has been a favorite with them for 20 years, as no class of men better appreciate and remember good, fair, square and honorable Mr. Thomas founded his business enterprise in 1867, and his thorough knowledge of the business and honorable methods soon gained him the esteem and patronage of many lovers of the rod and gun. He carries the largest and most complete stock of Guns, Revolvers, Ammu nition and Sportsmen's Supplies generally to be found in the city, and makes a specialty of hunt-ing suits of all descriptions. He is agent for Glover's Dog Medicines, which are so favorably known to all lovers of that faithful animal; and also for Spratt's Dog Biscuits and Dog Soap, and Alpine Air-Guns. Many bargains are offered in lawn-tennis, base-ball supplies, foot-ball, etc., and in fact all of Mr. Thomas' goods are offered at very low prices. The store is 18x40 feet in dimensions, and there is a shop in the rear in which key-fitting and general repairing is promptly and skillfully attended to at reasonable rates, and where umbrellas and parasols will be re-covered and repaired in the best possible manner. Mr. Thomas is a native of this State.

John McWeeney, Insurance Agent, 32 Cross Street, Meriden.—Representing in this city some of the time-tried and fire-tested insurance companies of the country, Mr. John McWeeney has since July, 1886, conducted one of the leading fire insurance agencies in Meriden, with his office with that of MeWeeney & Sabine, Cross street, opposite Foster, Merriam & Co.'s.

Among the companies for which Mr. McWee ney is the accredited agent here, are the Equitable Fire & Marine, of Providence; the American Central Fire Insurance of St. Louis, Mo.; The United Firemen's Insurance Co., and the State of Pennsylvania Ins. Co, both of Philadelphia; and at the minimum rates of premium, this live, responsible agent is at all times prepared to effect insurance to any reasonable amount on personal and real property, and to issue policies which are beyond all question incontestable.

Mr. McWeeney is well known in trade circles as the head of the representative coal firm of McWeeney & Sabine, and in his long and active business in Meriden, covering a period of fourteen years, he has ever been held in that es teem which integrity and worth uniformly inspire. McWeeney & Sabine, Dealers in Coal and Wood. Office and Yard, 32 Cross Street, opposite Foster, Merriam & Co.'s, Meriden.—The firm above named was organized and began business as dealers in Coal and Wood in Meriden, in 1873, and for fourteen years they have successfully conducted a large and steadily increasing trade. Messrs. McWeeney & Sabine occupy commodious yards and office on Cross street opposite Foster Warriam & Co.'s

street, opposite Foster, Merriam & Co.'s, on the line of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, with every facility for receipt, storage under cover and handling of merchandise. They carry at all times a large stock of Wood and Coal for domestic and manufacturing purposes, and possess the best possible facilities for supplying the most desirable merchandise at lowest market prices. Satisfaction as to quality, weight and prices of merchandise is always guaranteed, and the fullest confidence is universally inspired by the worth, business integrity and methods of the firm.

Messrs. John McWeeney and Henry Sabine comprise this reliable, representative firm. Mr. McWeeney is one of the leading underwriters of the city and represents some of the largest and most substantial fire insurance companies in the United States.

Church & Morse, Jobbers and Retailers, Hardware and Manufacturers' Supplies, 17 E. Main St., Meriden.—Many circumstances combine to make Meriden a most desirable distributing point for merchandise, and especially for those articles entering into the manufacture of most of the products of this great industrial section, and among those houses which have profited by this circumstance that of Messrs. Church & Morse specially is prominent.

The business now so successfully conducted by this firm was inaugurated in 1875, by Messrs. Church & Sprague, whom the present firm succeeded in 1881.

The location, at No. 17 E. Main street, is a most desirable one, comprising the ground floor of a section of the well known Morse & Cooke's block. The stock in trade of the firm is large and varied, and includes a general line of hardware, and other merchandise, included under the term of manufacturers' supplies. Among this list of specialties we find tools and implements, as the famous "Peter Stubbs" files, tools, and steel, "Grobet" files, 'Vautier's "liners, gravers, etc., "Prontal" rifles, English, German. French and Swiss tools, chamois skins, fine builders' hardware, jewelers', machinists' and manufacturers' supplies of every de-cription, Fairbanks' and Howe's scales, Yale locks, Morse twist drills, glue, twine, rope, be lting, cutlery, agricultural implements, etc. Every requisite facility for supplying the trade at manufacturers' quotations with merchandise of standard excellence is possessed by the firm, and to all purchasers assurance of satisfaction is uniformly guaranteed. Messrs. Geo. A. Church and Chas. P. Morse

Messrs. Geo. A. Church and Chas. P. Morse are the members of this representative, successful and reliable firm. They are both Connecticut men by birth, and have won by worth their decided success. S. J. Hall, Dealer in Flour, Grain, Feed, Hay, Straw, Coal and Salt, No. 2 East Main Street, Meriden.—Among the oldest established houses in the city dealing in Flour, Feed, Grain, Hay, etc., stands the establishment of Mr. S. J. Hall which is located at No. 2 East Main street. It was founded in 1861, or over a quarter of a century ago, and enjoys a very high reputation throughout the city by reason of the strict honor and integrity which have characterized its management from its inception. A very large and complete stock is carried of Flour, Grain, Feed. Hay, Straw, Coal and Salt which is offered at the lowest market rates for thoroughly reliable goods. A very large amount of business is done, some of the customers having traded exclusively with this house for years, for great pains are taken to ensure that all the goods sold will be found as represented in every respect and all orders are promptly and carefully attended to. Mr. Hall was born in Middletown (now Middlefield) Conn., and is one of the most prominent and respected citizens of Meriden. His long business experience enables him to buy his goods to the best advantage, which of course redounds to his customers' benefit.

C. F. Monroe, Opal Glass Decorating Works, 49 State Street, Meriden.-The tendency of our age toward the cultivation of æsthetic taste has of late years been so marked as to combine the ornamental with the useful in every practicable manner, and art has attained a high degree of perfection in beautifying a large proportion of the articles entering into the furnishing of homes and places of business. In the decoration of glass-ware, mantels, lamp shades, etc., a wide field of usefulness has been opened up to designers and painters, and the business has attained such proportions as to place it among the most important of our industries. A wonderfully successful house in this line is that of Mr. C. F. Monroe, No. 49 State street, Meriden, which, in a general sense and especially as supplementing the principal manufacturing interests of the city, has attained a prestige and prominence excluvively its own. Mr. Monroe was for fourteen vears engaged as a designer in some of the leading glass works and lamp manufactories in Boston and Connecticut, and is an artist of exceptional ability. During the past six years his genius and skill has been brought into requisition by the extensive lamp manufacturers and kindred industries of Meriden, and for five years he has conducted the most complete opal glass decorating works in New England. His establishment is desirably located for his purposes, the premises comprising three floors of the large building No. 49 State street, and the extensive business he has developed necessitates the employment of sixteen painters and designers, some of whom are recognized masters of their art, and are from the leading glass factories of Bohe mia. The work executed in this establishment comprises the designing and decorating of work to match rooms, on glass shades, lamps, vases, placques, tiles for mantels and paneling, por-traits, figures and landscape painting on glass china, etc., and many other fancy art novelties, and orders for the highest type of art work of every description are executed in the most satis- the best interests of the city.

factory manner at short notice. Special shapes and designs in decorated glass for silver ware and brass goods manufactured to be used in combination with their goods.

A very elegant assortment of lamp shades and table salt spills, etc., in the most beautiful designs, is to be found here.

Mr. Monroe is a native of Providence, R. I., and has been eminently successful in the profession to which he has devoted the best energies of his life.

Albert Babb, Dispensing Druggist, 14 West Main St., Meriden.—Among the druggists in Meriden who deserve special mention at our hands, is Mr. Albert Babb, whose store is located at No 14 W. Main St. This gentleman has but recently established his present business; but previous to this has had a thorough experience in all its details.

This is an age of specialties, a remark which applies to the medicinal or drug business more particularly than to any other; and in this connection we wish to call attention to many remedies, of which Mr. Babb is the sole manaufacturer, as well as proprietor. Among these we would mention Compound Extract Sursaparilla with Iron, Babb's Beef, Iron and Wine, Babb's Pectoral Balsom, for coughs and colds, and several others which he manufactures, all remedies verified in thousands of cases as entirely adequate in every malady for which they are prescribed; he also keeps in stock a full line of drugs, medicines, and the many other articles to be found in any first-class store engaged in this line. The store is 20x75 feet in dimensions, and three capable assistants are employed. The trade is large throughout the city and vicinity.

Mr. Babb is a native of England and thoroughly understands the business in which he is engaged.

Bela Carter, House and Sign Painter and Real Estate Agent, 49 State Street, Meriden.-The oldest established and probably the most extensively patronized, house and sign painting establishment in the sity of Meriden is that carried on by Mr. B-la Carter at No. 49 State street. This well known house was founded over thirty-six years ago and its operations have steadily increased.

The store is 30x60 feet dimensions and a complete stock is carried of painters' supplies, wall paper, etc. Orders for paper hanging are executed promptly in the best style known to the trade and at most reasonable prices. The number of men employed varies from 15 to 30, according to the season, etc., and as only skillful and experienced hands are engaged the best of work is assured. Mr. Carter handles considerable real estate and is agent for the renting and sale of some very desirable houses. He is a native of Mass., but is certainly a Connecticut man by adoption, as he has lived here for over thirty years, having been a notary public for over a quarter of a century. He was formerly connected with the city council and the business ability which has so characterized his management of his own affairs proved of great aid in advancing F. L. Yale & Bro., Dealers in Choice Family Groceries, No. 312 East Main Street, Meriden.— With characteristic energy and consequent success, Messrs. F. L. Yale & Bro. have for ten years past carried on a large and growing grocery business in Meriden, and the house at this writing is one of the leading concerns in this field of trade in the city.

The Messrs, Yale occupy for business purposes a fine store-room at 312 East Main street and carry in stock a very large and select assortment of merchandise. The finest and freshest family and faucy groceries, provisions and produce, the best brands of flour and a full line of fruits and vegetables in season are always to be had of this firm at lowest prices current, and the purity and square dealing of the Messrs. Yale justifies unqualified faith in the standard quality of the merchandise.

The firm have the best possible facilities for meeting all the requirements of their customers, and orders are filled with dispatch and goods promptly delivered to all parts of the city free of charge.

Messrs. F. L. and Frank C. Yale comprise this representative and successful firm. They are Connecticut men by birth and are justly esteened for their liberal dealing and integrity.

Madame George S. Jeffrey, Dealer in Hair Goods, Ornaments, Toilet Articles, etc., Rogers' House, Main Street, Meriden.—Madame Jeffrey has been established since 1876 and the premises occupied comprise two rooms 24x60 feet in size, where everything usually made or kept in a first-class hair store will be found. In the hair goods department will be found one of the largest and finest stocks of real hair switches ever offered in Meriden, comprising all the desi rable shades, and at most reasonable prices. Also all the leading styles in natural curly hair, Saratoga waves, Paris fluff, reversible Langtrys, wigs, seams, frizzettes, etc., and theatrical wigs for rent. In the toilet department attractions in beautifying cosmetics and toilet powders, among which is the celebrated Jeffrey's Cream of Roses, Magnolia Balm, Oriental Cream, Tetton's Gossamer and Swansdown. Jeffrey's Pearls of Paris for heautifying the hands, etc.

for beautifying the hands, etc. Among the exquisite and lasting perfumes dealt in by this house will be found Jeffrey's Bouquet de Winthrop, Silver City and Farina Cologue.

In connection with the above-named goods a fine st ck of jewery is carried, including the litest styles in amber and Rhine stone pins, ornamental combs, and novelties for the hair. All styles of hair jewelry made to order. The large retail trade of the house requires the assistance of two thoroughly experienced bair dressers, and ladies' and children's hair dressing, hair cutting and shampooing, are executed by them in the highest style of the art. Madame Geo. S Jeffrey is a courteous and thoroughly enterprising business woman, and in connection with the twentyfive years and widespread fame of Jeffrey's Hair Invigorator, for the cure of dandruff and the preservation of the human hair, has made her emporium most popular throughout this section of the country.

J. E. Durand, Notary, Real Estate and Brokerage, 10 Colony Street, Meriden - An industry of this nature, and especially when conducted with such enterprise, energy and ability as is displayed by J. E. Durand, is worthy of special mention in a work of this character. Mr J. E. Durand, who established this business in 1872 at his present location No. 10 Colony street, is courteous and affable to all with whom he transacts business. He does a general, financial, loan, collection, rental and real estate business. He looks after non resident's property, paying taxes, examining titles and doing a general business in this line, and as such we recommend him to the readers of our volume. The premises occupied consist of an office 25x20 feet in dimensions, in every way adapted to the business. Mr. J. E. Durand is a native of Cheshire, Ct., and was for eighteen years a resident of Waterbury, Ct. He also served in our late war for two years. In connection with his real estate business he is also a Notary Public.

We are pleased to mention in these pages all those who have by close attention to business won a liberal support, and have been able to carry their patrons' business from year to year in a satisfactory manner, and predict for them a prosperous future.

Miss C. C. Hurley, Dealer in Fashionable Millinery, 28 W. Main Street, Meriden.—Among the leading stores on W. Main street, one of the most complete is the one conducted by Miss C. C. Hurley, who is located at No. 28 the abovementioned street. From its found tion two years ago, it took a leading position among similar establishments, and now ranks among the largest in the city.

The store is 1\$x50 feet in dimensions and is elegantly fitted up for the tasteful display of her large stock, which embraces a complete line of millinery, feathers, flowers, laces, veilings, ornaments, trimmed hats, etc., and, in lact, everything usually called for in a first class millinery store. An experienced corps of assistants is employed, and all orders are filled promptly. She has a large order trade, and it is with pleasure we recommend her goods and establishment to the favorable attention of all our readers who have not patronized her, here they can obtain fresh goods of the latest designs and newest fashions, at fair and reasonable prices.

Miss Hurley is a native of Maine, and is thoronghly experienced in all the details of her business, and well deserving the success she has achieved.

**K. Walsh**, Manufacturer and Dealer in Walsh's Mineral Waters, Ales, Porter, Lager Beer, etc., No. 184 Pratt Street, Meriden.—One of the most encouraging signs to all sensible advocates of temperance is the general introduction and gradual substitution of the lighter beverages, such as ale, porter, lager-beer and mineral waters, for the strong spirituous liquors. Owing to the unany improvements which have lately been made in bottling machinery, and the larger denand for the goods, great reductions have been made in the prices of bottled goods of the kind mentioned until now they are ea-ily within the reach of all. Competition between rival dealers has of course much to do with this, but one Meriden business man who has thus far managed to keep "top of the heap" in spite of all opposition is Mr. K. Walsh of No. 184 Pratt street. He is a manufacturer of and dealer in Walsh's Mineral Waters, ales, porter, lager beer, etc, and has conducted his present business for six years with great success. A wholesale and family trade is done and eight hands are employed in the establishment which is 20 x 70 feet in dimensions. Mr. Walsh's productions bear a deservedly high reputation and his trade, already large, is rapidly increasing. He is a native of Meriden and a most pushing and energetic man of business.

John Nagel, Dealer in Meat, Pork, and Vegetables, No. 8 Main Street, Meriden .- In spite of the old saying, "nothing can be judged by appearances," there are many things judged in that way, nevertheless, every day, and rightly too, in many cases, notably those of stores for the sale of goods, for if a place of that kind is found to be slovenly and ill-kept there is a strong presumption that the articles on sale are in keeping with the place in which they are kept-dirty and undesirable. Especially is this true as regards the establishments which deal in the various food products, for many people want their food clean who are not sticklers for cleanliness in other things, and so it is that the extent and character of the trade of a house of this kind may be quickly told by its general appearance. Following this rule we would expect to learn that Mr. John Nagel, who carries on a Cash Meat Market at No. 8 Main street, enjoys a large and desirable trade, and so indeed he does. He has some twenty-five years experience in this business and has conducted his present establishment for three years. All kinds of Meat and Vegetables are sold as well as Fruit and Canned Goods. The store is 20x50 feet in dimensions, and three assistants are employed. Mr. Nagel is a native of Germany, and possesses a full share of the enterprise, industry and thrift which so strongly characterizes that nation as a whole.

Brown & Hugins, Dealers in Groceries and Provisions, 4 East Main Street, Meriden,—This firm have for six years past conducted a flourishing grocery and provision trade in Meriden, and their store at No. 4 East Main street is one of the most popular sources of family supply in the city.

The store is commodious and attractive, having a frontage of 30 feet and a depth of 60 feet, and it is a model of completeness and convenience in its appointments and arrangement. The stock is uniformly first class and complete, comprising a full assortment of choice fresh groceries, staple and family, the best brands of flour, canned goods and provisions, confectionery, and country produce and dairy products of the finest quality.

The firm make a specialty of flour and butter, and supply all merchandise of superior quality at low prices, guaranteeing satisfaction in every particular. All orders are promptly filled and goods delivered with dispatch and without charge to all parts of the city, and the worth and methods of these reliable merchants inspire the fullest faith and confidence.

Messrs. L. C. Brown and D. C. Hugins comprise this representative firm. The former is a Connecticut man by birth, and the latter is a native of the Old Bay State, and both are widely known and universally esteemed.

A. S. Russell & Co., Flour, Grain, Feed, Hay, Straw, Salt and Fertilizers, 41 and 43 South Colony Street, Meriden,—Prominently numbered among the merchants of this city is A. S. Russell & Co., who have established a high reputation by the active part they have taken in promoting the mercantile interests and general prosperity of the city, as well as by the laudable methods which characterize their individual business affairs. Messrs. A. S. Russell & Co. deal largely in all kinds of flour, grain, feed, hay and straw, salt and fertilizers.

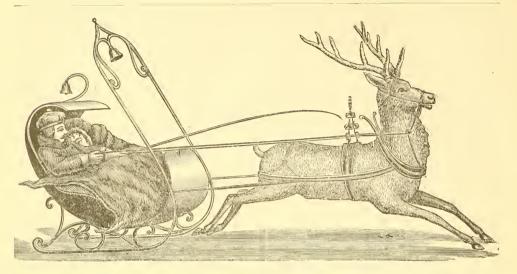
The premises occupied for the business are located at 41 and 43 South Colony street, and cover an area of 40x80 feet, where a fine wholesale and retail trade is conducted. This business, which is the largest of its kind in Meriden, requires the assistance of six thoroughly skilled hands, and a 40 horse-power steam engine to run their mill, as they grind all their feed. It was established by Messrs A. S. & G. E. Russell, in 1880, and is conducted under the firm name of A. S. Russell & Co. The operations of this house are conducted on

The operations of this house are conducted on sound business principles, governed by a spirit of true progression, and the natural result is to be seen in the rapid advancement it is making in both the local and shipping trade.

Both Mr. A. S. and G. E. Russell are natives of Haddam, Ct., and have gained a position as representative merchants and citizens.

W. H. Thompson, Fine Confectionery, No. 75 West Main Street, Meriden.—There are few dwellers in Meriden who are not more or less familiar with the fine confectionery establishment of W. H. Thompson which for some years has been prominently before the public as headquarters for confectionery, foreign and domestic fruit, ice-cream, etc. This establishment was founded in 1879 by the present proprietor. The premises are large and handsomely fitted up, covering an area of 24 x 70 feet and located at No. 75 West Main street. A fine stock of every delicacy to be obtained in the confectionery line may be found, comprising all the new and favorite candies, among which are Caramels, Walnut Cream, Honey Candy, Pop-Corn Candy, Peppermints, Ice-Cream, Water Ices and Frozen Fruits, etc., in fancy shapes, which are manufactured by this house. Special rates are given for church fairs and festivals. In the rear of the finely appointed store are handsome ice cream parlors where the patrons are courteously served by the prompt and efficient attendants; the magnitude of this business necessitates the constant employment of six reliable assistants who are thoroughly conversant with the business. Mr. Thompson gives his personal supervision to all branches of the business, and the public are assured that nothing but pure materials are used in the manufacture of his candy and ices. He is a native of New Haven.

LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF MERIDEN.



The Chapman Mfg. Co., Saddlery Hardware and Chime Sleigh Bells, Meriden.—Among the contributors of the hardware entering into the manu'acture of harness, the Chapman Mfg. Co. have for years held a prominent place in the esteem of those handling and using this class of merchandise in New England, and even in more remote sections of the country the concern is famous for the superior quality and beauty of its product.

The company, under its present name and style, was incorporated in 1881, and at present writing the officers are as follows: President, L. J. Curtis; Secretary, S. A. Hull; Treasurer, E. A. Chapman.

The premises are extensive, comprising two large three-story buildings, with additional extensions for engine rooms, etc., and in its equipment and appointments the establishment is a model of completeness and convenience. Α. st am engine of sixty horse-power operates the valuable machinery, and a force of from sixty to seventy-five skilled workmen are employed in the different departments. The output comprises large quantities and numerous beautiful designs and styles of harness trimmings and hardware, horse-hair plumes of all styles, chime sleigh bells, etc., and the concern has firmly established itself in the confidence and es teem of the trade in all parts of the United States for the excellence of its goods and the honorable methods of the management.

The facilities of the company for supplying every demand in their line and for filling orders for special work are all that could be desired, and the known reputation of the officers is a sure guarantee that the quality of merchandise will be maintained unimpaired

The officers of the company are natives of Connecticut, and are residents of Meriden, where they are recognized as citizens of public spirit and influence, and business men of sterling worth and unquestionable probity. They are men of rare executive ability and under their direction the aff dirs of the company give promise of a future of continued prosperity.

W. H. Squire & Co., Insurance and Steamship Agency, Meriden.—In the management of this, the oldest and leading insurance and steamship agency of Meriden, Messrs. W. H. Squire & Co. have for ten years been successfully engaged in business in this city, and the energy and ability of the members of the firm is steadily increasing the volume and extending the field of their operations.

Representing many of the solid "time-tried and fire-tested" fire, accident, life and plate glass companies doing business in the United States, the facilities of Messis. Squire & Co. for effecting insurance on persons and property at lowest rates of premium and to any amount are unsurpassed, and their punctuality and reliability uniformly inspire universal confidence.

The comparies represented are as follows: American Insurance Company of North America, and Pennsylvania companies of Philadelphia; The Citizens, German-American, Glens Falls, and Home companies of New York; the City of London, Imperial, London and Lancashire, Phœnix, Suu of London, the North British and Mercanti'e, and Norwich Union, the Queen and the Royal of Great Britain; and the Washington Insurance Company of Boston, as also the Travelers' Life and Accident Company of Hartford, and the Metropolitan Plate-Glass Insurance Company of New York, a list which contains all the elements of security, liberal dealing, and honorable methods, which go to make up the representative, successful and responsible companies of the world.

The individual members of the firm are Messrs. W. H. Squire and N. H. Camp, both of whom are Gonnecticut men by birth, and expert, reliable underwriters of long experience, and business men of unimpeachable integrity and unquestioned worth.

The firm are the agents for the principal steamship lines between the United States and foreign countries. These gentlemen have every facility at command for conducting a large business in each branch, and their popularity is a natural consequence.

Meriden House Livery and Sales Stables. Rear of Meriden House, Meriden, A. E. Austin, Proprietor,-One of the greatest of modern conveniences in all cities is a well regulated livery, hack and sale stable. Meriden is well rep resented in this direction by the establishment of Mr. A. E. Austin. These stables were e-tablished over twenty-five years ago by Mr. Carpenter, but have been managed by the present proprietor for the past twenty years, whose two large stables are situated in the rear of the Meriden House, and are provided with every convenience, and all orders for hacks or single teams meet with prompt attention at all hours. They are well supplied with buggies, carriages, hack horses and fine stylish turnouts of every description.

The best of care and attention is given to the horses, of which they have sixty head. Horses placed here for sale receive the best feed and every attention to their comfort, condition and health, for which the services of six thoroughly competent men are employed. Mr. Austin is an experienced and competent horseman in every respect, and thoroughly understands the proper care of stock. Our readers will find his establishment one of the finest in the city. Mr. Austin is a native of Connecticut, and a business man in the fullest sense of the term.

Adolph L. Eliel, Dealer in Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Gents' Tollet Articles, etc., No. 9 State Street, Meriden.—Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods comprise a good many articles now-a-days, and many prominent and extensive business establishments deal in no other goods. A house engaged in this line of trade which is largely patronized, although of but comparatively recent origin, is that so ably conducted by Mr. Adolph L. Eliel, at No. 9 State street. This gentleman began business in November, 1886, and the discrimination and taste displayed in the selection of his stock in trade, together with the very satisfactory prices at which it is offered to the public, have combined to make the venture a pronounced and immediate success. The store occupied is 30x40 feet in dimensions, and a strictly retail business is done, employment being given to three assistants. A large, fresh and fashionable stock is on hand of Gents' Furnishing Goods in general, inluding Hats and Caps, Toilet articles, odd and elegant designs in Scarf-Pins, Gloves, both for street and full-dress wear, ete. Mr. Eliel is a well known citizen, having formerly been foreman of the Woolen Mills. He has many friends who are much gratified at the eminent success which has attended his new enterprise.

W. F. Mathews, Steam Dye Works, 17 Veteran Street, Meriden.—These steam dye works were established some twenty odd years ago in Meriden, Conn., by the present proprietor, and so eucouraging was his success that he determined to open a branch in New Haven at No. 22 Centre street, between Orange and Church streets, and although but recently thrown open to the public, has met with universal approbation, and bids fair to become as important as the main office. At Meriden the premises occupy two floors, some

150x60 feet in dimensions, and the branch office consists of a fine store occupying an area of 40x20 feet. The works are equipped with the latest improved machinery and every requisite for their operation. Only skilled hands are employed and all work is guaranteed satisfactory. A specialty of this house is the cleaning and dyeing of clothing, which is warranted not to shrink or crock, and all work will be done in the best manner and at short notice, while the prices will be found as low as any similar concern. Mr. Mathews' excellent management and business qualifications have won for him a leading position among the business men of the State. He is a prominent Odd Fellow and is highly esteemed throughout the community.

George Lamping, Druggist, 76 Main Street, Meriden, and 151 Main Street, New Britain, Conn.-A gentleman who has elicited much favorable comment by the way in which he has conducted his establishment, is Mr. George Lamping, whose places of business are at No. 76 Main street, Meriden, and 151 Main street, New Although the Meriden establishment Britain. has been under this gentleman's control but a comparatively short time, the care and ability shown in the conducting of it has already borne fruit in the shape of a large and rapid trade of the finest class. Prescriptions, however complicated or potent may be entrusted to him with the full and confident assurance that they will be filled with accuracy and dispatch at the lowest possible rates-so well is this already understood among the public that in this department a very large amount of business is done. The store occupied is 24 x 60 feet in dimensions, and is well stocked not only with drugs and chemicals but also with many elegant articles in the line of fancy goods, toilet articles, etc. Employment is given to two courteous assistants, and prompt and polite attention is given to all. Mr. Lamping is a native of Holland and resident of New Britain.

French's Photographic Studio, 40 E. Main St., Meriden .- One of the leading photographers in Meriden is Mr. D. French, whose spacious and attractive studio is located at No. 40 E. Main street. It is necessary to possess more than an acquaintance with chemicals to secure permanent success in this business and this gentleman exercises patience with his work and does not allow any one to leave his studio till fully satisfied. He has the ambition to produce not merely a photograph, but a likeness and every one well knows there is a marked distinction between the two. This business was established in 1864 by E. B. Everett, who continued it until 1867 when the present proprietor assumed entire control. His studio is 60x25 feet in dimensions and is very attractively fitted up for the comfort of his numerous patrons. All the modern improvements known to the business are used by Mr. French making exclusive use of the instantaneous process, which is too well known and appreciated to need any comment on our part. A beautiful display is made at his studio of photographs, views, etc. Mr. David French is a native of New York State and is well and favorably known.

C. G. Johnson, Fire Insurance and Real Estate, 20½ West Main Street, Meriden.—To the underwriter and real estate agent, as a rule, are confided interests of most vital importance, and fortunes are frequently involved in their business ability and probity. By common consent, the subject of this notice meets every requirement essential to success, and for two years he has demonstrated his claims to general confidence. He established his insurance and real estate agency in Meriden, in 1884, and under the firm name of C. G. Johnson & Co., the business was inaugurated under the most favorable auspices.

This business, by reason of Mr. Johnson's energy and push, has been greatly increased. He represents the following companies: American, of Newark, N. J.; The Merchants, of Newark, N. J.; Orient, of Hartford; Rochester German, New York; First National, Worcester, Mass.; Holyoke, Salem, Mass.; Fidelity and Casualty (Plate Glass and Accident), New York; Washington Life Ins. Co., New York; Lyon and the Scottish Union, of Great Britain; thus giving him every facility for effecting reliable insurance on life and real and personal property, to any reasonable amount, and at minimum rates of premium.

Mr. Johnson buys and sells real estate on commission, and is thoroughly posted as to values and real estate law, and his promptitude has inspired universal faith in all.

Meriden Steam Laundry, 47 State Street .--If public laundries continue to increase in number and in patronage as rapidly as they have of late years the familiar horrors of a domestic "wash day" will soon become a mere tradition and one fruitful source of discomfort and strife will be banished from our households. As in the case of all improvements they had to encounter strong prejudices and opposition at first, but the superiority of the work they turned out was so plainly manifest and the prices charged were so low that they soon overcame all objection and secured a firm and lasting hold on popular favor. One of the most successful establishments of this kind in Meriden is the Meriden Steam Laundry, located at No. 47 State street. This laundry was opened in October, 1886, and has already established a very high reputation for the unusually fine character of the work it turns out. Goods are called for and delivered free and laundried in the shortest time and the best manner. Five hands are employed and a large and constantly increasing business is done.

A. T. Gangloff, Successor to Gangloff & Nugent, Engraver on Wood, First National Bank Building, Meriden.—A thorough master of his art in every signification of the term, Mr. A. T. Gangloff is successfully engaged in business as a wood engraver in Meriden, and his establishment is the leading one in this section of New England. The business was started by the firm of Gangloff & Nugent, in April, 1884, the senior member of the firm becoming sole proprietor in April, 1886. He is a young man of long practical experience as an engraver, and his skill has been attested in the most emphatic manner by his work.

He is located in the First National Bank Building, and has every facility and the ability to execute all kinds of wood engraving and designing in the most artistic and accurate manner. He makes a specialty of catalogue work, and at reasonable prices guarantees most satisfactory results.

He employs several assistants, and fills orders with despatch, and has already developed a business of important proportions, which he is steadily increasing.

He is a native of Meriden, and is a young man of exceptional energy, and has well merited the large measure of success he has attained. Among his many permanent customers, Mr. Gangloff takes pleasure in referring to the Wilcox & White Organ Co, Meriden Mallable Iron Co., Wilcox Silver Plate and the Bradley & Hubbard Mfg. Co.

B.F. Barnes, Dealer in all kinds of Meats, Vegetables, Poultry, etc., Camp Street Cash Market .- Well known among the dealers in meats, etc., is the "Camp Street Cash Market" conducted by B. F. Barnes, who enjoys the es-teem and appreciation of all patrons and has established an extensive trade among the very best class of consumers. He keeps constantly on hand fresh meats of all kinds and of the very best quality, also Fresh Vegetables, Poultry, etc. Selling as he does for cash enables him to offer such prices as will defy competition. His market which is 20 x 60 feet in dimensions is finely equipped with marble slab counters, and all the most modern improvements, great neatness being displayed in all its appointments, and several capable assistants are employed who wait upon customers in a prompt and attentive mauner. This business was established six years ago by Otto Zeller, succeeded by the present proprietor about one year ago. Mr. Barnes has a thorough knowledge of the business in all its details which enables him to treat his customers in the most liberal manner, and the readers of this volume will find no more satisfactory house in this city from which to procure their supplies in this line.

James Whittaker; Dealer in Fancy Goods; Five and Ten Cent Goods a Specialty, 64 West Main Street, Meriden.—One of Meriden's most flourishing business enterprises is the establishment of James Whittaker's, located at 64 West Main street. This house was established in 1883 by its present proprietor and the trade has steadily increased both in importance and reputation.

Mr. Whittaker handles a fine stock of what are generally denominated as 5 and 10 cent goods, also fancy goods and novelties.

A few years ago we were obliged to pay from fifteen to twenty-five cents for the same useful and ornamental articles which are now sold for five or ten cents each. These goods embrace Hardware, Tinware, House-furnishing Goods, Fancy Goods and Toys.

The premises occupied are 20x60 feet in dimensions. Mr. Whittaker is an enterprising dealer, who fully understands the business to which he gives his personal supervision. Mr. Whittaker is a native of Massachusetts. John F. Butler, Painter, and Dealer in Painters' Supplies, 34 Colony Street, near Post Office, Meriden.—With regard to a house so long established, so well-known and so popular as this one, little can be said that is not already known in the way of its importance as a commercial industry; but as the variety and magnitude of its stock is so great, our readers may find something of profit in learning what may be obtained at this hou-e.

This establishment was founded in 1876 by its present proprietor, Mr. John F. Bu ler, painter and dealer in painters' supplies, at wholesale and retail. The premises are large and elegant, covering an area of 20x80 feet, and contain the finest stock in this city of paint-, oils, and every thing included in painters' supplies.

Graining, frescoing and sign-painting are specialties. In connection with the above named goods, he carries the largest and best-selected stock of paper-hangings of any house in the city, including the productions of the leading manufacturers, and all displaying the latest and most artistic designs, that cannot fail to meet the ap proval of the most fastidious. The magnitude of the business transacted by this house is such as to require the employment of from eighteen to twenty-five assistants, all thoroughly skilled in the business, and some of them true artists, whose fine taste and ability are displayed in the many productions of this house. Mr. John F. Butler, by his enterprise and successful business course, has become well and favorably known.

J. H. Bailey, Dealer in Milk, Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Fruits, Vegetables, etc., 7 State Street, Meriden .- There are no food articles in common use that depend more upon their freshness for their wholesomeness and value than do milk. butter and eggs. It is often difficult to obtain such goods in a perfectly fresh condition and when families happen upon a dealer who can be confidently relied upon to furnish a uniformly fresh and desirable article they have abundant reason to congratulate themselves. In this enviable position are the customers of Mr. J. H. Bailey, whose establishment is at No. 7 State street. This gentleman does an exclusively retail business in milk, butter, cheese, eggs, etc., a specialty being made of cream. He started in May, 1885, and by strict attention to the wants of the public he has succeeded in already building up a most desirable trade. He handles the products of some of the best dairies and fully guarantees the purity and freshness of his goods. Milk is made a specialty of and is bottled for family use. Mr. Bailey was born in Wallingford, Conn.

**H. E. Bushnell**, Dealer in Groceries, Teas, Coffees, etc., 79 West Main St., Meriden.— Prominent among the many flourishing business houses in Meriden devoted to the grocery business, is the establishment of Mr. H. E. Bushnell, located at 79 West Main street.

This house was established by its present proprietor, in 1885, and at once sprang into the prominence it has ever since maintained. The premises occupied comprise a fine large store, 20x70 feet in dimensions, and well arranged and fitted up for the transaction of its business. The

stock of goods carried here is regularly large, comprehensive and well selected, and embraces everything in the way of staple and fancy groceries, teas, coffees, spices, flour, fruit, etc.; also, the celebrated Wood's Old Dutch Java Coffee, which he considers the best.

The connections of this house, both with producers and consumers, are wide spread, its trade extending throughout the city and vicinity. The extent of this trade requires the employment of four prompt and thoroughly reliable clerks, who are courteous and polite to all patrons. Orders are promptly attended to, and goods are delivered to all parts of the city.

The long practical experience of the proprietor in the business gives him advantages in scening his stock, and makes it desirable for consumers to inspect his supplies and prices before concluding purchases elsewhere.

Mr. Bushnell is a native of Connecticut, and sustains a high reputation in this community.

Maurice Luby, Steam Marble and Granite Works, Hanover Street, Meriden.—Some very wonderful and beautiful work is now done in stone and at prices which, considering the intractable nature of the material wrought in, seem almost absurdly low. There is some difference, in fact considerable, between the character of the work done at different establishments, and it is by no means the case in this business, any more than in any other, that those who charge the highest prices invariably do the best work. The well-known house that combines the very finest workmanship with moderate charges is that so ably managed by Mr. Maurice Luby, located on Hanover street. The steam marble and granite works referred to, were established eight years ago by their present owner and quickly gained an extended and high reputation for the excellence of the work they turned out. Cemetery work is made a specialty, all descriptions of it being done with neatness and dispatch and particular attention is paid to lettering and cleaning. The premi-es occupied are 24x50 feet, and employment is given to four workmen.

E. T. Sills, Newsdealer and Stationer, 18 West Main Street, Meriden .- This popular news-dealer and stationer, although established but three years ago, has attained a positiou to be envied by many engaged in the same line. He occupies a store 60x20 feet in dimensions, located at No. 18 West Main street, which contains a fine assortment of all kinds of goods in this line of trade, including fancy goods, confectionery, stationery, and general news stand, where may be found all the daily papers, also periodicals, magazines, etc. The trade extends throughout Meriden and vicinity, and is rapidly increasing in volume. Mr. Sills exhibits taste in the arrangement of his stock and his store is neat and attractive in all its appointments. Every customer is treated in a polite and attentive manner, and Mr. Sills studies to meet the wants of the public in every respect. He is a native of Not-tingham, England, and is a gentleman of rare business talent. He is eminently fair in all his dealings and is well qualified to push his busiJ. E. Brown, Manufacturer and Dealer in Harness, Horse Clothing, Carriage Robes, Whips, etc., No. 5 Crown Street, Meriden.—As a source of supplies of every kind of manufactured goods, the city of Meriden possesses ad vantages equal, if not superior to many larger cities, and in no branch of business is this more evident than that of harness manufacture.

Among those successfully engaged in this industry, Mr. J. Emerson Brown, No. 5 Crown street, although established but three years, has already become well and favorably known for the superior quality and reasonable prices of his product and merchandise. The store and workshop of Mr. Brown are conveniently located for his trade, the premises being 20 x 60 feet in dimensions, with the factory in the rear. The attractive stock of merchandise includes everything desirable, new and serviceable in Harness and Saddlery, Horse Furnishings, Blankets, Robes and Turf Goods generally and a fine line of Trunks and Valises. Work and repairs are done to order at short notice and in the most satisfactory manner, and fair prices and square dealing are the invariable rules of the establishment.

Mr. Brown is a Massachusetts man by birth, and has a thorough knowledge of every detail of his business and always abreast of the times in matters of improvement and novelties in his line. He is in the prime of lite, and possesses in a marked measure the qualities essential to success in business.

Geo. M. Barnes, Center Meat Market, Dealer in Meats, Vegetables, Oysters, Clams, etc., 310 East Main Street, Near Broad, Meriden.—In every particular the central market, No. 310 East Main street, is one of the most popular sources of food supply in Meriden. The proprietor, Mr. Geo. M. Barnes has for eight years successfully conducted a large trade in meats, etc., in this city, and his facilities for meeting the requirements of the trade are all that could be desired.

He has occupied his present desirable location since May, 1886, and in its arrangement and equipment, the market is a model of convenience and good management. The stock is always of standard excellence and includes the choicest beef, pork, mutton, veal, hams, vegetables, canned goods, oysters, clams and game in season, and everything desirable in this line of merchandise is supplied at reasonable rates and warranted fresh and reliable.

Refrigerators and cold rooms are provided for storage of perishable merchandise during the warm season, and every requisite for preserving goods in the best condition is at hand.

Mr. Barnes is a native of Meriden and is a gentleman of exceptional business ability, tact and energy, and his success in business is a just tribute to his worth.

C. M. Whitmore, Successor to W. B Gaylord, Dealer in Fancy Goods, Books, Toys, etc., Picture Framing to Order a Specialty, 20 West Main Street, Meriden.—Prominent among the retail houses in Meriden devoted to the sale of fancy goods, etc., is that of C. M. Whitmore at No, 20 W. Main street. The business was conducted by Mr. W. B. Gaylord in 1873 until Mr.

Whitmore, the present proprietor assumed control in 1886. The premises occupied comprise a fine store, 80x20 feet in area and basement, well arranged and admirably located for the extensive patronage it enjoys. The stock carried embraces the many articles known to the fancy goods trade, also jewelry, clocks, lamps, books, toys and a full line of hand bags and wagons in great profusion and at exceedingly low prices. A department is also carried where picture framing to order is made a specialty of. Mr. Whitmore only employs skilled men for this work and satisfaction is guaranteed in each and every instance, both as regards prices and superior workmanship. All the details of the business are under the direct supervision of the able and experienced proprietor, who is a native of Sunderland, Mass. We take pleasure in commending an establishment of this sort to our many readers, feeling assured it fully deserves the great success it has achieved

C. C. Kinne, Livery, Boarding, Feed and Sale Stable, rear of 36 Pratt Street, Meriden.—One of the most popular and best managed livery and boarding stables in this city is that of which Mr. C. C. Kinne is the proprietor, situated in the rear of No. 36 Pratt street. It was established twelve years ago by Messrs, Clark & Hull, the present owner having been in possession since December, 1886. Two buildings are occupied, one, the stable proper, being two stories in height and having a capacity for thirty head of stock, while the other, one story high, is used as a carriage-house. A very large and desirable business is done and ten assistants are employed. Mr. Kinne offers some of the very finest public teams in the city to his patrons, and the most skillful and courteous drivers will be furnished if desired.

Very reasonable prices are charged and all customers are treated liberally and well. Special attention is paid to the boarding of horses, and valuable animals may be housed here with the full assurance that they will receive the best of care in every respect.

Mr. Kinne is a native of this State and thoroughly understands his business, as is evidenced by his keen appreciation of the public needs.

A Great Discovery For Bronchial Difficulties.—Prof. Geo. Poe, of Wilcox Block, Colony St., Meriden, has recently perfected a preparation of TAR in a volatile form for inhalation, which is destined to prove a great boon for all sufferers from affections of the throat.

The virtues of tar for many complaints are well known, but it was left to the well-known chemist, Mr. Geo. Poe, to invent a preparation in a volatile form, which could be easily inhaled, and thus reach the seat of the difficulty.

This remedy is unequaled for hoarseness, or sore throat, and its use is likely to supercede other preparations which have been before the public for many years.

A company has been recently formed for the manufacture of this preparation, and its many virtues will, before loug, be known from Maine to California. All affected with any throat troubles would do well to call at the office of the company and give this preparation a trial. Augur & Gardner, Dealers in Meats. Vegetables, etc., 41 East Mann Street, Meriden.—The markets of Messrs. Augur & Gardner, 41 East Main street, have become one of the chief sources of food supply for the people of Meriden.

-

The premises are centrally located and are very attractively and conveniently arranged, with ample cold storage capacity and every facility for the accommodation of customers and dispatch of business.

The store rooms have a double front on Main street of forty feet with a depth of sixty feet, and the neat and cleanly appearance of the establishment at all times is worthy of commendation.

The stock of merchandise is at all times complete and select and consists of the choicest fresh and cured meats, vegetables, canned goods, provisions, condiments and table delicacies, with game in season and first class country produce. The low prices which prevail and the uniform courtesy and prompt attention shown customers has made this a popular market.

For the benefit of those patrons who prefer to pay cash and carry home their own goods, Messrs. Augur & Gardner opened the "U. S. Cash Market," which adjoins their other store. The same high quality of meats are sold in both stores, but in the "Cash Meat Market" patrons save the expenses of charges and delivery.

Messrs. Julius Augur and Austin W. Gardner are the proprietors of these model markets. They are natives of Connecticut and Maine respectively, and are held in universal esteem.



'Edson Sanford, Engraver, Room 12 Palace Block, Meriden -One of the most reliable and longest established engravers in this city is Mr. Edson Sanford, who occupies room 12 in the Palace Block. Mr. Sanford is a worthy representative of the engraver's art, and fully understands the business. He established himself in bu-iness twenty years ago, and has by his rare skill and experience built up an extensive patronage. He employs some six skilled hands in the several departments, and under his personal supervision all orders are promptly executed and in a thorough and highly satisfactory manner, as well as upon reasonable terms. Mr. Sanford is engaged more particularly in commercial work. This applies to engravings of machinery, from the simplest to the most intricate original designs for title pages, buildings of all kinds, letterheads, etc. A specialty is made of cuts for manufacturers' catalogues, and his patrons, who are very numerous, include many of the largest manufacturers in the State. We commend Mr. Sanford to our readers both on account of low prices and first class work.

He has illustrated between sixty and eighty catalogues, among the most important of which

are those of Mallory, Wheeler & Company; Meriden Britannia Company (2); Charles Parker; Russell & Erwin (Fancy Bronze Ware); The Parker & Whipple Co.; Meriden Malleable Iron Company; Wm. Wilcox & Co.; W. & B. Douglas; Simpson, Hall, Miller & Company; Peck, Stow & Wilcox; Edward Miller & Company; Wilcox Silver Plate Company; Wilcox & Crittenden; Bradley & Hubbard (2); C. Rogers Bros.

W. J. Kirtland, Dealer in Crockery, Stoves, Tinware, Lamps, etc., 73 West Main Street, Meriden.—This house was established in 1854, and for the past thirty-two years the proprietor, Mr. W. J. Kirtland, has enjoyed an enviable reputation in Meriden as being one of her smartest and most reliable business men. One of the specialties in which this house deals is the elegant and complete range called "The Good News," for which they are agents.

The premises are 20x70 feet in dimensions, being well fitted up for the various branches of its business and the large and elegant stock of goods handled.

In the crockery and lamp department will be found a fine assortment of dining and tea sets, of all the latest styles and designs, in stone and French china, also a fine selection of lamps in the most approved patterns, including all the new patent burners.

The tinware department contains everything in this line of trade.

In connection with the above-mentioned goods Mr. Kirtland does an extensive business in all kinds of plumbing and fitting work.

The magnitude which the business of this establishment has attained requires the employment of four thoroughly skilled workmen who understand its minutest details. Mr. W. J. Kirtland is a native of Connecticut, an enterprising business man who has won the high esteem and confidence of the residents of Meriden.

E. L. Marvin, Druggist, Bookseller, No. 298 East Main Street, Meriden .- Among the favorite and best known business establishments of Meriden, that of Mr. E. L. Marvin, Druggist and Bookseller at No. 298 East Main street, oceupies a prominent position. This business was established by the present proprietor nearly 20 years ago, and its growth has been large but steady until now it has attained imposing dimensions. A very large and complete stock of drugs, chemicals, etc., is on hand and great care is taken as regards the freshness and purity of these goods, especially when they are used in the filling of prescriptions, an important branch of the business in which the greatest pains are taken to ensure accuracy and safety. The store occupied is 24x80 feet in dimensions, very finely fitted up with all the modern improvements and facilities for carrying on a business of this kind, and employment is given to five courteous and able assistants. Fancy goods, toilet requisites and stationery are carried in great variety as well as the popular books of the day, and those by standard authors. A very large news business is also done, the principal dailies and weeklies being early at hand. Mr. Marvin was born in New York, and is one of the best known citizens.

### ANSONIA.

The site of Ansonia was originally known as Little Neck, a strip of land lying between the Naugatuck River and Beaver Brook, and the low lands along the river bank was called Plumb Meadow.

The first settler, doubtless, was Thomas Wooster, at least he was the first to own lands here, a grant of one-half of Plumb Meadow having been made to him as early as 1680. In 1681 John Hull built a grist mill in Beaver Brook, which was subsidized by the town of Derby. On the east and west the hills gradually rise from the Naugatuck River. Forty years ago the principal part of the town was a sandy plain, with a few scattered farm houses on the elevated ground.

Many of the dwellings in Ansonia to-day are palatial, with beautiful lawns and shrubbery, the principal ones occupying eminences commanding fine views of the valley.

The extensive factories which have given to the place distinction as a great manufacturing center are located on the east side of Naugatuck River, and are substantial and imposing brick and stone structures.

In 1852 a fire destroyed several manufactories, at a loss of \$75,000 and two years afterwards the extensive works of the Ansonia Clock Company were burned, the concern sustaining a loss of \$120,000.

From the time of the erection of the first building on Main street to the present Ansonia has had steady and rapid growth, and in population and enterprise she successfully compares with any manufacturing village in New England.

The town was projected by Anson G. Phelps, and from his Christian name the town was called.

The embankment for the reservoir was begun in 1845 and completed in 1846.

The copper mills of Ansonia were the first mills built here, the foundations having been laid in 1844, by Almon Farrel. Donald Judson was the first president of the company and Sheldon Bassett was the secretary and treasurer. The Ansonia Brass and Copper Co. are the most extensive manufacturers in the town, and have several branches in the place, the upper mills being devoted to the manufacture of copper and the lower mills to the production of wire, besides the principal establishment on Main street. The company have also a large factory in Brooklyn. They manufacture large quanties of copper, brass and iron wire, kerosene sun burners, nickle and silver-plated sheets, brass kettles, copper tubing, etc. The operations of this great concern have largely added to the wealth of the town, the output exceeding in value the sum of \$2,000,000 annually.

The Birmingham Water Power is now owned by Ansonia parties. It originally was the property of Smith & Phelps, and subsequently belonged to Anson G. Phelps and was sold by his heirs to the present stockholders in 1859. Thos. Wallace and his sons, John, Thomas and William, established themselves in business in Ansonia in 1848. Extensive additions have been made to the works, and at this writing the plant covers an area of nearly five acres of ground. The chimney of this factory is the largest in the State and in its erection half a million bricks were used.

At the height of eighty feet, one of the famous "Seth Thomas" town clocks is placed. The main buildings are of brick and stone. Brass and copper goods, pins, burners and many other goods are manufactured here, and the market for them is the world. The business is immense, and a force of 500 hands are employed in the works.

The Farrel Foundry and Machine Co.'s works comprise vast buildings, and the concern is one of the great industrial enterprises of New England. The company was organized by Almon Farrel, the Colburn Bros. and others in the early history of the town. Their first factory was erected about 1846. They manufacture chilled rolls and many other kinds of merchandise. The products of the company are shipped to all parts of the United States, France, Germany, Switzerland, England, Sandwich Islands and Cuba. One of the sugar mills shipped to the latter place within the past few years weighed 320 tons, the heaviest, perhaps, ever built. The stock of this company has increased from \$100,000 to a market value of half a million dollars.

The Osborn & Cheeseman Co. built their brass works on the ruins of the clock works in 1861. This concern manufactures sheet brass and brass ware, gilding metal, German silver, copper, German silver ware, seamless ferrules and other metallic goods. They have a branch establishment in Birmingham.

The woolen mill of Ansonia was established by David W. Plumb in 1847. In 1865 Mr. Plumb was succeeded by the Slade Woolen Company. They manufacture cassimeres, doeskins, beavers and various other fine woolen fabrics.

The W. & L. Hotchkiss Co. carries on a large lumber, door and sash business in the town.

The Ansonia Opera House, on Main street, built in 1875, is one of the finest brick structures in the city. It is four stories in height and has as fine a hall as any town in the State.

The Ansonia Hotel was built by Lindley & Johnson in 1846.

The Congregational church was organized in 1848, and in 1850 a church was built and the society as reorganized was composed of thirty-one members. The church was dedicated July 1, 1852. It was destroyed by fire in 1865, and the present fine edifice was erected and was dedicated in May following.

The first meeting for forming an Episcopal Parish, was held November 25, 1849 and was organized under the name of Trinity Church of Ansonia. In 1875 the church was rebuilt with elegant memorial windows, etc.

The Catholic Parish of Ansonia was created in 1866, and the present Church of Assumption was built in 1867.

The Baptist organization was effected June 22, 1874, with thirty-nine members. Their fine church building was completed in April, 1877.

The Methodist Episcopal church was organized in 1851, and the church was built in 1865.

The Savings Bank of Ansonia was incorporated in 1862.

In 1861 the Ansonia Bank (now a National Bank) was established. Early in 1861 some of the leading residents of Ansonia bought the stock of the Bank of North America, then located at Seymour, and removed the bank to this place, changing the name and increasing the stock from \$100,000 to \$200,000. It was reorganized under the National Banking laws in 1865.

Ansonia was incorporated as a borough in May, 1864, and the charter was amended in 1871. The town is well supplied with water from a height sufficient to extinguish fires, the supply being furnished at considerable expense by the Ansonia Water Co.

The Eagle Hose Co. was organized 1871, and in 1879 the borough authorities enlarged the building, removing the site to Main street. A hook and ladder department has since been added and the name changed to the Eagle Hose and Ladder Company.

### SOCIETIES, ETC.

George Washington Lodge, No. 82, F. and A. M., was organized November 25, 1886, the charter bearing date, May 18, 1857.

Mt. Vernon Chapter, No. 35, R. A. M., was organized January, 1872; the K. of P., No. 24, was founded December 9, 1870, and subsequently the Temple of Honor, Veteran Soldiers and Sailors' Association, Ancient Order of Hibernians, Father Matthew T. A. B., and St. Vincent De Paul Societies were established.

West Ansonia is separated from Ansonia by the Naugatuck River, and has a desirable and beautiful location.

It has some fine residences, and in 1880 had a population of 1,000. It is supplied with excellent water, is well lighted, paved, etc., and has an engine and hose house. Evergreen Cemetery is located here, and contains the soldiers' monument.

### LEADING BUSINESS MEN

### OF

ANSONIA.

Farrel Foundry and Machine Co., Ansonia. | chines in the United States and in England. The -The business conducted by the Farrel Foundry and Machine Company at Ansonia, on a scale of vast proportions, was inaugurated by Mr. Almon Farrel in 1848. He was succeeded by his son, Franklin Farrel, in this important field of industrial enterprise as President. Mr. E. C. Lewis is Treasurer, F. E. Hoadley Secretary and C. F. Bliss Agent. The operations have been steadily increased and extended, until at present writing the concern is one of the largest engaged in the manufacture of heavy mill machinery in the country. The large buildings of the company cover an area of four acres of ground, and are substantially built and thoroughly equipped with valuable machinery of most improved designs, operated by powerful stam engines, and the business of the company annually consumes 12,000 tons of iron, the work necessitating the employment of four hundred skilled workmen and laborers.

About one-half of the business is devoted to the manufacture of Chilled Rolls, of all sizes and for all purposes. These rolls are in almost every paper mill in the United States and Canada, and many are making paper on the Continent. A very large business is done in the manufacture of rolls for rolling metal, and this concern has made the largest chilled rolls ever made in this country, namely, 30 inches in diameter by 13 feet long. Perhaps they are the best known through the celebrated "Ansonia" roll, which has attained such prominence in the past ten years in the manufacture of patent flour. As is well known most of the flour now made is manufactured by rolls instead of stone as heretofore. Probably four-fifths of all the flour now made from rolls in the United States is made by rolls from this concern. These rolls are now everywhere known as the "Ansonia" rolls, and are in use by all the leading mill furnishers of the United States.

Their output includes all kinds of heavy rolling machinery, general mill machines, and among

All kinds of machinery and work for rolling iron, steel, brass, copper, lead and other metals; pay er calenders with chilled iron rolls; cranes for railroad and shop use, of any desired capacity, of wood or iron; stone breakers and ore crushers of the famous "Blake" pattern, with many valuable improvements, for which patents have been issued to the company. These crushers are manufactured under the superintendence of Mr. S. L. Marsden, who has been for twenty years connected with the manufacture of these ma- home and abroad.

cranes used by most railroads in New England and other parts of the country, are built by this concern, and a large proportion of the brass and copper rolling mill machinery in use in this country. They are now building a new copper mill, which will be the largest in the United States, perhaps in the world.

The Company are also famed as the principal. manufacturers of rubber machinery, calenders, grinders, crackers, washers, hydraulic steam presses, pumps, etc. The presses being made of all sizes, from 18 inches square to 30 feet in. length and 7 feet in width, and their machinery is used by all the principal manufacturers of rubber goods in this country and by many on the Continent

A large item in the great aggregate of this company's business, is the manufacture of sugar mills, vacuum pans, etc., and many sugar pro-ducers and refiners of Cuba, San Domingo, the Sandwich Islands and United States, use the machinery of the Farrel Foundry and Machine Company. They have built, among other mills, two of the largest that are used in Cuba, each mill weighing 320 tons, the rolls being 44 inches in diameter and seven feet long on the face. The facilities of this Company for special work and heavy machinery of all kinds are unsurpassed by any competitors.

The Farrel Foundry and Machine Company also manufacture rotary veneer machines, for cutting veneer from logs, with adjustable feed for cutting different thickness of veneers, for furniture, ctc., and these machines are also adapted for cutting stock used for fruit baskets. Upright machines are also made for this purpose.

Among other specialties are heavy lathes, planers, and boring mills. The lathes being from 36 inches to 54 inches swing, planers from 6 feet to 8 feet wide, and boring mills from 4 feet to 18 feet swing.

Among the products of this concern we may also mention pulleys, balance wheels, and gearing of all sizes, and shafting of every description, felt-hardening machines, and mill shears for cutting bars, ingots or sheets, and wide as is the range of the company's products they excel in every detail of their work and possess every facility and advantage for filling orders with dispatch, and in the most satisfactory manner.

The officers of the company are all men of large experience in bu-iness, and their worth and ability commends them to the confidence and esteem of their customers and correspondents at The Electrical Supply Co., Manufacturers of Electrical Goods, No. 17 Dey Street, New York, and 171 Randolph Street, Chicago; Factories, Ansonia, Conn.—Of the houses engaged in the manufacture of electrical goods, having a national reputation for the superior quality of their product, there are none in this country more favorably known than the Electrical Supply Co., whose extensive works are located at Ansonia, Conn., with their offices and warerooms at No. 17 Dey street, N. Y., and 171 Randolph street, Chicago, Ill.

This widely known company was incorporated in 1880, and has kept pace with the wonderful development made in the science as applied to business and domestic purposes. The plant of the corporation is one of the most valuable and complete in the United States, and their manufactures include everything in the wide range of telegraph, telephone, electric light, electro-plating, and electro-magnetic supplies, annunciators, call bells, burglar alarms, thermostats, watchman's registers, clocks, etc., the output including the latest and most useful inventions and im provements in everything pertaining to this class of merchandise. The company occupy a large building four stories in height and 40x125 feet in dimensions, with an annex 30x90 feet in size for manufacturing purposes, the costly machinery with which the works are fully equipped being operated by a steam engine of 100 horse power.

A force of from seventy-five to eighty competent electricians and skilled workmen are employed in the different departments, and the facilities of the company for supplying every requisite for electrical purposes, of superior excel lence, at minimum rates, are complete and satisfactory in every particular. A handsomely illustrated catalogue and price

A handsomely illustrated catalogue and price list is furnished on application, and the reputation of the company's manufactures and the business methods and worth of the management have always commanded the confidence of correspondents abroad and customers at home.

The officers of the company are: President, Thos. Wallace; Secretary, Thos. Wallace, Jr.; Treasurer, Thos. W. Bryant.

The president and secretary are natives of Connecticut and are residents of Ansonia. The intelligence and executive ability which characterizes the conduct of affairs, gives promise of increased usefulness and continued prosperity of this reliable, representative concern.

**R. N. Johnquest & Co.,** Jewelers and Opticians, 24 Main Street, Ansonia.—It is only a few years since the greater portion of jewelry was imported; but now, however, even better articles can be manufactured here.

A prominent Ansonia concern engaged in thiline of trade, is the enterprising establishment of R. M. Johnquest & Co., Jewelers and Opticians, No. 24 Main street. This business was established in Oct. 1882. Their store is large and is most eligibly located. Here is a very fine stock of Jewelry of the best workmanship and artistic design, embracing ladies' sets and pins of every description, precious stones, watches, clocks and silverware. Mr. Johnquest is a practical Optician. Watch repairing is satisfactorily done at the lowest prices.

Since its establishment in 1883 this house has achieved the success due to the business tact Mr. Johnquest has always manifested. He is a native of Massachusetts.

Wallace & Sons, Brass and Copper Rolling Mills, Ansonia.-The wonderful results following in the wake of the establishment of extensive manufacturing enterprises in any section, are manifest in the surprising and rapid growth of Ansonia, which in a few years, by reason of the inauguration of large industries, has grown from village proportions to those of a flourishing city. Among the vast interests which have produced this change, there are few as important as that of the Brass and Copper Rolling Mills of Messrs. Wallace & Sons, whose offices and warerooms are located at 89 Chambers and 71 Reade St., N. Y., and whose extensive works are at Ansonia. The and whose extensive works are at Ansonia. large, massive buildings of the Messrs. Wallace cover an area of six acres, and are doubtless the largest and most complete of the kind in the United States. The business inaugurated in 1847, by Mr. Thomas Wallace, at Birmingham, has attained most colossal proportions. The firm manufacture copper rivets and burs, rolled brass, sheet brass, tubing, door rails, brass and copper wire, jack chains and brass ferrules, Blake's belt studs, stair rods, percussion caps, escutcheon pins, copper tacks and nails, Baxter's wrenches, sheet and soldering copper, brass nuts, brass strainer cloths, stair plates and every variety of lamp burner; and in every part of the world the firm are famous for the superior qual-ity of their products. The Messrs. Wallace & Sons are agents for the United States Cartridge Co. of Lowell, Mass., and make a specialty of castridge and shotgun shells, in which they surpass all competition in the United States.

Illustrated catalogues are furnished on application by mail or otherwise, and the house is one with which it is desirable to form business relations.

A force of between 600 and 700 men are employed in the works, and for nearly a quarter of a century the firm has been one of the leading manufacturing houses in their special line in the country.

**F. J. Reynolds,** Practical Plumber, 23 Main Street, Ansonia.—The Plumbing business is exten-ively carried on in Ansonia by Mr. F. J. Reynolds, who is located at 23 Main street, and is a practical and thorough workman in all kinds of sanitary and house plumbing. He carries also a complete assortment of plumbers' supplies.

Mr. Reynolds, who has enjoyed twelve years' experience, established hinself at his present location in 1880, and is regarded as a leading representative in this neighborhood. His successful and increasing business necessitates the employment of three skilled workmen, and every order is promptly and efficiently attended to. The favorable prices and the skill displayed in all work combine to make this establishment one in which the utmost confidence can be placed.

Mr Reynolds is a native of New Haven, is genial and affable in his dealings with the public and highly esteemed as an enterprising, energetic young man. Edward Carter & Son, Brass Founders and Finishers of Brass, Bronze and other Finishings, Ansonia.—With a full knowledge of every detail of his important work, Mr. Edward Carter (stablished himself in business in Ansonia in 1858, and with the remarkable growth of the town as a manufacturing center, he has kept even pace. In 1880 he associated with himself in the business his son, Mr. E. L. Carter, a young man of energy and push, and a skilled and experienced brass founder, and on a large scale the firm are now conducting a flourishing business. The Messrs, Carters' foundry is a substantial twostory building 35x70 feet in dimensions, and it is equipped with every facility and appliance for their important work

A force of experienced workmen are employed in the establishment, and the work turned out possesses the highest degree of excellence.

Brass castings of every description are made, and brass and bronze finishings are executed in the most satisfactory manner, and in all their engagements the Messrs. Carter are prompt, oblig ing and responsible. The father was born in New Britain and his son in Ansonia, and are energetic, industrious artisans, giving to every detail of their work their constant personal supervision, and their worth inspires fullest confidence and has firmly established them in the high regard of all with whom they have been brought into business relations.

John B. Gardner and Son, Manufacturers of Clock Dials, and all kinds of Clock Trimmings, Ansonia —In supplying the dials used in most of the clock factories in this section famous for the number and excellence of this class of productions, the house above named has for many years largely contributed to the substantial growth and prosperity of Ansonia. The business was inaugurated in 1857 by Mr. John B. Gardner, who, in 1880, associated with himself in business his son, Mr. Sturg's G Gardner, and on a most extensive scale the business has been successfully conducted from its inception.

The extensive works of the firm comprise two floors of the large Gardner Block, 49½ Main street, and the establishment is most thoroughly equipped throughout with improved and valuable machinery driven by steam and wa er. A force of from 80 to 100 skilled operatives are employed in the works, and the fame of the house for the su erior styles and quality of its productions is coëxtensive with the limits of clock manufacture in this country.

The Messrs' Gardner manufacture all kinds of clock dials and trimmings, including scale dials and sash, brass and nickel mattings and trimnings for cabinet pictures, frames, etc., and the beauty of design and perfection of workmanship of this firm has long commanded the commendation of clock manufacturers in all parts of the Unit d States. In every regard Messrs, Gardner successfully compete with any manufacturers in their line at h-me and abroad, and their trade, which extends to all parts of America and many foreign countries, under most sagacious management has attained great proportions

The Messrs. Gardner are Connecticut men by birth and are recognized as successful manufac turers and influential citizens. Thos. Thompson, Dealer in Stoves, Ranges, House-Furnishing Goods, Repairing, etc., 112 Main St., Ansonia.—There is no other country in the world in which such enterprise and mechanical ingenuity are devoted to the manufacture and invention of house furnishing goods as is the case in the United States; and the result of this condition of affairs is evident to all in the enormous variety and high order of merit of such goods on the market.

Mr. Thos. Thompson, of No. 112 Main street, is one of the most enterprising and best known dealers in house furnishing goods in Ansonia. and his stock of wringers and other household appliances is most complete and satisfactory. He also deals largely in stoves and ranges, handing the most popular and economical styles, and fully warranting any article in this line which leaves his establishment, if it is only given proper care and used according to directions. Mr Thompson started in business twelve years ago, but came to Ansonia in 1879, and during the past twelve years has met with most gratifying but deserved success. He has shown great enterprise and ability in attending to and anticipating the wants of his customers.

We much not forget to mention that lock and gun smithing form a prominent feature of his business. In lamp and crockery goods and cutlery also a heavy trade is done; and, in short, about every article needed in the house-furnishing line may be had of him, at prices which will bear comparison with those of any other house.

F. B. Pope & Sons, Manufacturers and Dealers in Light Carriages, corner Tremont and Factory Streets, Ansonia.—The manufacture of light carriages of superior quality was commenced in Ansonia by Mr. F. B. Pope in 1876, and the firm as at present constituted succeeded to the business in 1886.

The factory and repository of the Messrs. Pope are located at the corner of Tremont and Factory streets, and comprise a large three-story building 70x80 feet in dimensions, and a twostory carriage repository for finished work.

The former is supplied with the best improved machinery for intended purposes, and twenty experienced carriage builders, painters, etc., are employed in the manufacture of the most stylish and serviceable light carriages of every description, and the reputation of the firm for first-class work and reliable vehicles of the most desirable styles extends far beyond State limits, the trade of the house reaching to all parts of Connecticut and adjoining States.

The Messrs. Pope's establishment is the most complete in this part of the c unity. They have at all times a large stock of finished vehicles for sale, and at prices which cannot fail to give satistaction. They supply the best and most reliable carriages that money can purchase or men desire.

Messrs. Fred. J., H. N. and E. L. Pope are the individual members of this live and successful firm. They are gentlemen of sterling business worth, all practical carriage builders of years experience, and possess every facility to compete with any manufacturers in their line in New England.

Jno. L. Lindley, Insurance Agent, No. 52 Main Street, Ansonia.—In our day it is manifestly the part of prudence to "divide risks," when effecting a large amount of insurance, as the surest safeguard against loss is to obtain polcies in a number of the best companies. But the facilities possessed by those desiring insurance, for ascertaining the status of companies doing business in their locality, are not always the best, and they largely rely on the underwrit-ers having agencies in their midst. In Mr. Jno. L. Lindley, No. 52 Main street, property owners find a reliable and competent underwriter. He is the authorized agent for the Ætna and Pheenix of Hartford; the Hartford Fire, and Hartford Co. Mutual Fire; the Springfield Fire and Marine; the Commercial Union; Imperial, of Lowley, Nethers Action 1997 of London; Northern Assurance; British American; the Home and the Citizens of New York; the German American, and the Insurance Co. of North America; and also represents the Travel ers "Life and Accident" Company. This is truly a list of undoubted excellence, guaranteeing cer-tain indemnity in the event of loss, and in these reliable corporations Mr. Lindley effects insurance on property or life at minimum rates of premium and to any reasonable amount. The public can always depend upon liberal treatment at this agency, both in the matter of low rates and prompt payment of all losses.

Mr. Lindley is a native of Derby, Conn., and has been the Postmaster of Ansonia since April 23, 1885.

Mr. Lindley is in the prime of life and possesses in a marked measure the business qualities which inspire confidence and insure success.

Henry C. Cook, Gardner's Block, Ansonia, Manufacturer of Presses, Small Lathes, Dies, Punches, Models, etc.—As supplementary to the extensive manufacturing interests of southwestern Connecticut, Mr. Henry C. Cook has for five years past occupied a prominent position in busi ness circles in Ansonia, and his machine works in Gardner's Block. Main street, are one of the leading sources of supply for those requiring presses, dies, small lathes, models, punches, and mechanical work in this section. His shop is 30x50 feet in dimensions, and is equipped in the most complete manner with improved machinery, operated by steam, and a force of eight skilled workmen are employed in the establishment.

[Mr. Cook is an expert mechanical engineer, and has every facility and the requisite skill to supply all kinds of presses, lathes and small machinery of the best workmanship and materials at reasonable prices. He gives prompt attention to machine jobbing, and orders are executed with dispatch and in the most accurate and satisfactory manner.

Experimental machinery is built and special work is executed satisfactorily, and confidence universally obtains in the judgment and skill of this master artisan.

Mr. Cook is a native of Connecticut, and his many years' practical experience has enabled him to fill an important place in the industrial interests of Ansonia, and his services are in constant requisition among the manufacturers.

Jno. Lindley & Son, Dealers in Furniture, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings; also, Furnishing Undertakers, 92 and 94 Main Street, Ansonia.— The oldest established and one of the most largely patronized concerns in Ansonia dealing in Furniture, Carpets, etc., is that conducted by Messrs Jno. Lindley & Son. This well-known Ansonia business enterprise was founded in 1858, by Mr. Jno. Lindley, and when twenty years later, his son, Mr. Geo. E. Lindley, was admitted to the firm, its style was changed to that which it is at present—Jno. Lindley & Son. This house bears a deservedly high reputation in Ansonia and vicinity for the uniform excellence of its goods and the low prices at which they are sold.

In addition to its furniture department, the house carries on a very large business as Furnishing Undertakers, all the latest and most improved facilities being employed in carrying on this branch of its operations, among which may be mentioned two of the finest hearses in Ansonia. Mr. L., senior, was born in Oxford, Conn., but has resided here since 1845; Mr. L. junior, was born in Ansonia; they number many old friends among their customers. A very fine assortment of the latest designs in furniture and carpets may be seen at their warerooms, which are some 60x 120 feet in dimensions, as well as many new and desirable articles in the way of Oil Cloths, Mattings, Window Shades, Lambrequins, etc. All goods will be found to be strictly as represented.

T. P. Terry & Son, Dealers in Stoves, Furnaces and Ranges, Crockery, China, Glassware, etc., 40 Main Street, Ansonia.-Among Ansonia's representative houses dealing in Stoves, Furnaces, Ranges, etc., none perhaps occupy a more advanced position than that to which this has reference. The business of this concern was originally established in 1858, by Theo. P. Terry, the present senior partner, who admitted his son as partner in 1882; and during the twenty-nine years of its existence, by reason of the enterprise and thorough methods of those controlling its affairs, its trade connections have steadily increased, the firm selling fully as many goods as other similar concerns in town. The premises occupied consist of a fine store 45x70 feet in di-mensions, located at No. 40 Main street, used as a salesroom and a store room, these are commodious and spacious, and well adapted for the proper c orrying on of the large business transacted. At this establishment will be found a complete and carefully selected assortment of Stoves, Furnaces and Ranges, also a full line of Crockery, China and Glassware, Tinware and House Furnishings, also Gas and Kerosene Fixtures of the newest designs. Orders are also taken for tinning, plumbing, steam and gas fitting in all its branches, and attended to in a prompt and satisfactory manner. Everything dealt in by T. P Terry & Son is of the very best make, material and finish, his connections with the leading manufacturers being of such a nature that they are enabled to offer their patrons facilities which are not possessed by every similar concern. The trade transacted is retail and custom and is very large. The members of the firm are Messrs. Theo. P and his son, F. T. Terry, both natives of Connecticut, and are gentlemen of energy and ability.

The Osborne & Cheesman Co., Manufacturers of Sheet Brass and Brass Goods, Ansonia.—An influential and notably successful enterprise, is that of The Osborne & Cheesman Co., manufacturers of Sheet Brass and Brass Ware, Ansonia, and for more than twenty years it has been a large contributor to the great aggregate of industry which has given to the town her preëminence as a manufacturing center.

The Osborne & Cheesman Co, was organized and incorporated in 1866, and on a scale of most important proportions the business has been conducted with marked success from the beginning. The extensive works of the concern occupy the destroyed by fire in 1854. The original building was erected in 1861, and is a substantial brick structure, three stories high, 50x200 feet in dimensions, and an extensive three-story addition has since been erected, covering an area of 40x 280 feet. The extensive operations of the company necessitate the employment of 600 operatives, and the out-put is very large annually in value. The company manufacture immense quantities of sheet brass and brass goods, gilding metal and German silver, seamless ferrules, brass and copper wire, brass chains, suspender, garter and belt buckles, skirt materials, suspender and garter webbings, plumbers' and smokers' articles, wrought brass bolts, shoe and corset laces and eyelets, brass tubing, rods and drawn brass strips, etc., and a brisk demand for the productious of the Osborne & Cheesman Co. exists in all parts of the United States and comes from many for-The great facilities of the company eign parts for supplying merchandise of every description in the wide range of their manufactures at low prices, and for executing special work with dispatch, make this a desirable source of supply for jobbers and manufacturers everywhere, and the standing of the company on 'change at home and abroad, has established the house in every section.

The officers of the Company are—President, W. F. Osborne; Treasurer, G. W. Cheesman; Secretary, C. D. Cheesman. They are all business men of exceptional energy and ability, and possess in a remarkable degree those qualities which distinguish the representative, successful leaders of important industry in the United States.

The Hill Knitting Co., Manufacturers of Underwear, Ansonia.—In every signification of the term this is one of the successful, representative industries of Ansonia, a town whose growth as a manufacturing center has been remarkable, during the past quarter of a century.

The Company was incorporated and began business here in 1883, and from its inception its affairs have been conducted with that energy and tact which always deserves and almost invariably secures success.

The works of the Hill Knitting Company are very complete and extensive, and comprise a large four-story building 50x160 feet in dimensions, equipped most thoroughly with the best and latest improved machinery, operated by steam and water. The Company employs fifty operatives in the manufacture of fine woolen shirts and drawers for men, of superior quality. and the steady demand for the entire out-put of the concern is unmistakable evidence of the superior excellence of the manufactures.

The Company make only the finest grades of full-fashioned underwear, and most zealously maintain the reputation of their merchandise, and the trade of the Company has attained proportions of great magnitude and is steadily extending.

Mr. Chas. L. Hill is the President and Treasurer and Mr. Frederick Bolton is the Secretary of this reliable Company. They are both natives of Connecticut, and are eminently qualified for successfully conducting the important operations of the corporation.

The Dayton House, Main Street, E. Freeman, Proprietor.—The thriving town of Ansonia can certainly boast of a thoroughly first-class hotel in the Dayton House, which for many years has been the leading hostelry in this section.

The building is a large four-story structure 60 feet in front by 100 feet in depth, with a twostory ell 60x100 feet in size. The house is replete with every convenience and requisite for the comfort of guests, steam heating apparatus and every modern improvement having been lately introduced. The house throughout is elegantly furnished, and fifty large rooms are provided for the accommodation of patrons. The *carte de menu* includes every seasonable delicacy and all the luxuries and substantials obtainable in the markets, and the manner of service is all that could be desired by the most fastidious.

Mr Freeman has been proprietor of the Dayton for only a few months, but brings to the management of the establishment a ripe experience. He has for years been the proprietor of both the Beach House and the Sea View Hotel at Savin Rock, West Haven, and is widely known as a popular and successful landlord and competent host. He is ever zealous for the welfare and happiness of his guests, and all who have enjoyed his hospitality have a grateful remembrance of his worth.

**G. B. Boutwell**, Dentist, Office over Johnson & Hotchkiss' hardware store, Ansonia.—With offices in Ansonia and Seymour, Dr. G. B. Boutwell has for many years successfully conducted a large practice as a surgeon dent.st, and he has for many years been a recognized leader in his profession in southwestern Connecticut.

Dr. Boutwell's useful career covers a period of thirty years, and at this writing he is doubtless the oldest and one of the most successful practitioners in New Haven County.

His office in Ansonia is centrally located on Main street, over Johnson & Hotchkiss' hardware store, and like that in Beecher's Block in Seymour, is a model of taste and completeness.

Dr. Boutwell's long experience has made him an expert in both surgical dentistry and mechanical work, and his skill and worth have long since established him in a large practice and in the confidence of his patients and the general public.

shirts and drawers for men, of superior quality, high entry influential and estimable citizens of Ansonia.

A. Martinez, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Cigars, Tobacco and Smokers' Articles, No. 80 Main St., Ansonia.—In every department of in dustry and trade, there are those who, by reason of especial adaptation or a long experience in business, surpass all competition and command the bulk of patronage of a city or section. From both these causes the subject of this notice has for years enjoyed pre-emicence among the extensive dealers in tobacco and cigars in Ansonia, and has for years been the leader in this channel of trade in this part of the State.

Mr. Martinez is a thoroughly expert judge of tobacco, and a practical cigar maker of many years' experience, and established himself in business here in 1876 as a wholesale and retail dealer in tobacco and cigars, with his factory and store-room centrally located at No. 80 Main street.

The premises have a front on Main street of 30 feet, and are 40 feet in depth, with workrooms in the rear, where a force of skilled workmen are employed in the manufacture of cigars of fine and medium grades. The brands of Mr. Martinez are popular with the trade and smokers generally, and the demand for them is constant and increasing.

This reliable dealer carries in stock a large and select assortment of imported and domestic cigars, and a full line of pipes, tobacco and smokers' articles generally, and the facilities of Mr. Martinez for supplying dealers and the general public with reliable goods of standard excellence, at low prices, are unsurpassed by any competitors in this section of the State. He is a live, progressive business man, and has deservedly won his gratifying success.

In the main shop, on Beaver street, twenty-one are employed, and this is the largest shop in this internal revenue district.

Fred. Letsche, Merchant Tailor, Water Street, Ansonia.—One of the leading Merchant Tailoring firms here is that of Mr. Fred. Letsche, whose large and elegant store is located on Water street.

Mr. Letsche established his business in 1882, which has annually increased, having become the finest in Ansonia. He occupies large and com modious quarters 24x70 feet in dimensions, which are finely fitted up for the reception of patrons.

The trade of the merchant tailor is one which requires skill in all its branches. This Mr. Letsche possesses, owing to his long experience and the class of customers who have always patronized him. He has always in stock a large assortment of goods of latest pattern in domestic woolens, also fine imported cloths, embracing diagonals, cassimeres, suitings, cheviots, beavers, broadcloths, etc, which are made up at moderate prices.

Six skilled workmen are employed under the personal supervision of Mr. Letsche. Satisfaction is guaranteed in cut and fit. All garments are trimmed and made in a most desirable manner, and orders are attended to at short notice. His patrons include the best class of customers, and his twenty years' experience makes this house one of the most celebrated of its kind.

Mr. Let-che is a native of Germany, a genial and reliable business man, with whom it is a pleasure to deal.

F. K. Cook, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions, 45 and 47 Main Street, Ansonia.-One of the most liberally patronized of our Ansonia grocery and provision stores is the one so successfully carried on by Mr. F. K. Cook, at Nos. 45 and 47 Main street. This business was established by K. Cook & Co. seven years ago. At the end F. of six months, however, Mr. F. K. Cook became sole proprietor  $\mathbf{A}$  fine double store is occupied covering an area of 40x60 feet, and employment is given to several capable assistants. The business is exclusively retail, but under the management of its present proprietor it has reached vast proportions, as may be judged from the figures given above. Mr F K. Cook is a dealer in choice family groceries, beef, pork, lard, hams, mutton, poultry and a full line of salt mea's, vegetables and produce. Mr. Cook's stock of meats is always a carefully selected one, and is offered at the lowest prices which can be afforded, the quality of the goods being considered. Mr. Cook is a native of Connecticut, and is a live, pushing, business man, neatness being one of the most prominent features of his store. He has a very large circle of triends a-ide from those made in a business way, and deservedly ranks high among our citizens.

### DERBY.

This township, including within its limits the towns of Derby, Ansonia and Birmingham, comprises a peninsula formed between the Naugatuck and Ousatonic rivers, the centre being about nine miles from New Haven and thirteen miles from Bridgeport, with communication by the New Haven and Derby railroad with the former place, and by the Naugatuck railroad with Bridgeport.

The surface of the country on the Ousatonic is elevated, with hills, descending gradually toward the Naugatuck, to the site of Birmingham.

The land north of Birmingham has from earliest times been called "The Neck," and to the north of this the land is hilly, "Great Hill" being the most elevated and commanding a fine view of the Sound and adjacent country.

The Naugatuck River runs south through the town and on the western boundary the Ousatonic flows southeast, and after its junction with the Naugatuck below Derby, forms a beautiful stream, navigable for steamers and other craft drawing less than twelve feet of water.

The town was incorporated in 1720, and originally extended from Two-Mile Brook, northward a distance of twelve miles, with a width on the northern boundary of seven-and-a-half miles, and near the southern line about two-and-a-half miles in width, a total area of about 14,000 acres. This territory has been since reduced about one-half.

In 1642, four years after the settlement of New Haven, four workmen were employed in building a trading house in the territory now known as Derby, and then called Paugasuck by the Indians and Paugassett by the English. In 1675 the court granted the people the privileges and rights of a plantation, and the name Derby was given to the settlement. Twelve families at that time resided on the plantation. Rev. John Burns, who had preached here for several years, was settled here at this date.

Derby was the first inland settlement made in Naugatuck Valley and its growth was gradual. The people suffered severely from King Philip's war, the progress of the settlement being greatly retarded.

At a town meeting held August 29, 1681, it was agreed to give £20 and twenty acres of land for the establishment of a grist-mill, and the settlers further agreed to construct a dam. The mill was located on Beaver Brook, about a half-mile east of the Congregational church at Ansonia. It remained here for forty years when a new one was built on Old River. On the 22d of November, 1681, it was decided by a vote of the people to build a meeting-house at Squabble Hole, and the building was completed about one year later. It was twenty-eight feet long and twenty feet wide and resembled a low barn. The townsmen of Derby were authorized on the 29th of September, 1701, to procure a schoolmaster for the town, and fixed his pay the same as that received by the town constable. A Mr. James was engaged to teach reading and writing from December 14, 1703, to the end of April, 1704, for forty shillings for the term.

The second meeting-house in Derby was erected in 1721 and 1722, and about this time "Sabbaday" houses were authorized, to which people attending church repaired at noon to eat their dinners and warm themselves in winter, there being no provision for fires in the meeting-houses at this day.

The first "Church of England" was established in 1737, and the entire expense of the building was borne by eight men.

The charter for the Naugatuck railroad was granted in 1845 and was amended in 1847 and again in 1848. The contract for building the road from Bridgeport to Winsted was awarded February, 1848, and in April following the work was begun. The first fifteen miles were completed the 15th of May, 1849, and for the first time Derby was connected by rail with the outside world.

The Naugatuck Valley is famed for its varied and beautiful scenery. At High Rock, a little distance above Beacon Falls, the scenery is notably wild and picturesque. Castle Rock, just below Seymour, on the west side of the river, is 200 feet in height and barren of trees or shrubbery, and Rock Rimmon, above Seymour, rises to the height of 400 feet. High Rock Grove is a favorite place for picnic and pleasure parties. At Sherman's Grove a beautiful mountain stream falls down the hillside, forming beautiful cascades.

The floods and ice gorges in the Housatonic and Naugatuck rivers were formerly terribly destructive of life and property. In 1853 the water rose in the Naugatuck to a height of seventeen feet and seven inches, and in 1841 it was higher by one foot. In 1841 it carried away the new bridge at Ansonia. Houses, barns, railroad bridges and factories were swept away, and some loss of life was also occasioned. February 9th, 1857, the damages by flood to Derby was \$125,000.

### BIRMINGHAM.

The establishment of Birmingham as a village dates back to 1834, and two years later Second street was laid out. In July, 1836, it contained twenty dwellings, three stores, and a factory for the manufacture of sheet copper and copper wire, besides an auger factory, carriage spring and axle works, nail and tack and flannel mills were contemplated, and about this time a steamboat began running to and from New York.

Sheldon Smith, the founder of the town of Birmingham, was the first successful manufacturer in Derby.

The Birmingham reservoir was begun September 1, 1883, and is now the motive power for some of the leading industries of the place. Shelton, named after the self-sacrificing and energetic pioneer, Edward N. Shelton, soon afterwards received an impetus and large factories were erected.

The Star Pin Company, one of the greatest and most successful industries of Shelton, was organized in 1860 and Radeliffe Bros. began the manufacture of cotton hosiery here in 1874. The Beardsley Building Co., was established in 1879, and the Derby Cotton Mills were erected the same or the following year.

In 1840 Birmingham boasted of twenty-one dwellings, two or three factories and several stores, but as yet no churches or school-houses had been built.

Charles Atwood was one of the few who ventured to inaugurate manufacturing business in Birmingham. He invented a machine for wool carding, but received no benefits from his invention. He discovered a method of making steel pins, and started a factory in the town, and after having discovered the process for making German silver, he added the manufacture of spoons to his business. He also invented a machine for making hooks and eyes, which soon took the lead in the market. George Kellogg, the father of the great prima donna, was a stepson of Mr. Atwood. He also invented a pin machine, which is now in general use.

Abraham Hawkins, a native of Derby, started blacksmithing in 1836, and a year later, in partnership with his brother William, began the manufacture of carriage axles and springs.

This was the beginning of the manufacture of iron and steel products in Birmingham, an industry which has since attained most important proportions. Hawkins Bros. and Henry Atwater of New Haven built the Birmingham Iron and Steel Works in 1845-7, and subsequently formed a joint-stock company.

The First Methodist Episcopal church in Birmingham was erected in 1836, and has since been greatly enlarged and improved.

In 1836 Messrs. S. and S. M. Colburn, twin brothers, from Westville, Conn., located in Birmingham, and formed a co-partnership with their brother, Dr. Josiah N. Clark, Mr. Sheldon Bassett being subsequently added to the firm. In 1850 they formed a joint-stock company, and were organized and incorporated under the name and style of the Birmingham Iron Foundry.

The Derby Savings Bank was chartered 1846, and the Manufacturers' Bank was incorporated two years later.

The Congregational church was organized July 30th, 1845, and their building was dedicated January 4, 1846. It was enlarged in 1859, at which time the parsonage was built.

King Hiram Lodge, F. and A. M., was chartered by the Grand Lodge of Mass., January 3, A. L. 5783, A. D. 1783.

Valley Lodge, K. of P., No. 14, was organized March 4, 1870.

In October, 1841, Ousatonic Lodge, No. 6, I. O. of O. F., was chartered, and Excelsior Encampment, No. 18, was established here shortly afterwards.

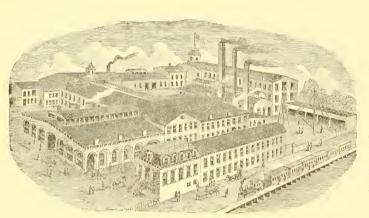
St. Mary's (Catholic) church was erected 1845. In 1851 Birmingham was incorporated as a borough. In 1859 the charter was granted for water works, and a plentiful supply of pure water is now furnished with a fall of 200 feet. The town has now three well-organized fire companies.

The Ousatonic Water Company was organized December, 1866, and built the large dam across the Ousatonic River, which was completed in October, 1870. It is a substantial structure constructed of large blocks of granite laid in cement.

### LEADING BUSINESS MEN

### OF

### BIRMINGHAM.



Birmingham Iron Foundry, Birmingham.— The wide range of the manufactures and the quality and volume of its output has long ranked the concern as one of the principal sources of manufacturers' supplies. The extensive works are the outgrowth of the plant established here by the Messrs, Colburn and Sheldon Bassett over fifty years ago. The company was organized and incorporated under the present name and style in 1850.

The numerous buildings of the company cover an area of about six acres, and the establishment throughout is a model of completeness in its equipment and appointments. The valuable machinery is driven by steam power and a force of about 200 workmen are employed in the various departments.

The facilities of the company for special work and the great variety and standard quality of their stock on hand for immediate wants, makes this a popular and desirable concern with which to place orders, and the trade of the company has in consequence developed immense propor- ning, Secretary.

ing blooming, rail, merchant, steel, rod, wire, and paper mills, wire drawing benches, shears, punches, presses, squeezers, rolling machines for gun barrels, hoes, picks, etc. Cornish crushers, special machinery for brass mills, calenders, washers and grinders, upper and soling machines, and embossing calenders; belt, bell and mould presses; stationary and rotary heaters; vulcanizers, tubing, cloth cleaning and varnishing machines, cloth dryers, pumps, accumulators, engraved rolls, wire nail machines, hand and power wire cranes, hydraulic presses, McCoy patent mill pinions, shafting, hangers, pulleys gearing, castings, etc., in iron and brass of every description.

In 1865, at which date Mr. Sheldon Bassett dicd, Mr. Royal M. Bassett was elected president of the corporation, a position which he has since filled with distinguished ability.

The New York office is located at No. 95 Liberty street.

The officers are: Royal M. Basett, President; Theodore S. Bassett, Treasurer; Henry F. Wanning, Secretary.

tions, and extends to all parts of the United States and many foreign markets.

The management combines all the executive and business qualities essential to success, and in the methods of the officers and their worth the fullest confidence exists among customers and correspondents at home and abroad.

The output comprises all kinds of chilled and sand rolls, and rolling mill and rubber machinery of every description, including blooming, rail, merchant, steel, rod, wire,



The Sterling Company, R. W. Blake, General Manager. New York Office and Ware-rooms, Nos. 7 and 9 West Fourteenth Street. Factories, Derby, Conn.-The wonderful success of the Sterling Organ Company, in estab lishing their instruments as the equals of any and superior to most in use, is scarcely to be wondered at when it is remembered that for many years the best talent has been employed and great expense has been incurred in perfecting their organs, and the highest degree of excel lence having been attained, the company's pres ent facilities are taxed to the utmost to supply the demand for their product. To meet this steadily increasing demand, still further improve-ment in the works and an increase in the number of employees is contemplated in the near The building of these organs was com future. menced by Messrs. Page & Porter in 1868, and for two years this firm, under the name and style of the Birmingham Organ Company, conducted a flourishing business. In 1870 a stock company was organized for the manufacture of these popular instruments, under the corporate name of the C. A Seerling Organ Co., which was changed to the Sterling Company about one year ago, without changing the personel of the concern, or the styles or quality of their instruments

The Sterling Company's extensive factories at Birmingham are the most extensive and complete of their kind in the State. The premises occupied consist of a large four-story building, 40x500 feet in dimensions, giving a floor surface of nearly one acre, and the establishment is equipped in the most thorough manner with the best labor-saving machinery in use, driven by a steam engine of 120 horse-power.

A force of 250 skillful and experienced workmen are employed in the different departments, each of which is in charge of an expert in some special part of the work.

The Company about one year ago added to their extensive operations the manufacture of Pianos, and at present writing these instruments promise soon to rival their Organs in popular favor. The pianos built in this establishment are handsome in design, solid in construction,



brilliant in tone, magnificent in touch and beautiful in finish. The Organs and Pianos are finished in rosewood, mahogany and fancy walnut, and the marked preference for these instruments shown by experts and the music loving public generally throughout the United States, emphasizes the verdict of the committee of the American Institute of New York, who awarded the medal of superiority to the Sterling Organ Company in 1882.

The Pianos and Organs of the Company are warranted for five years, from the date of manufacture and if, with ordinary and proper use an instrument proves delective, either in material or workmanship during that period, the company agree to put it in good repair or to replace it with a new one.

The many styles of Organs made by this successful concern, include "The Pearl," "The Albion," "New Imperial," "Rossmore," "Alexandra," "Imperial Chapel," "Rossmore Six Octave," "Imperial Pipe Top," with the latest improved reeds and stops. The chime of bells in the Sterling Organs need only to be heard to be appreciated. The cathedral chime of thirty bells, is pre-eminently the coming triumph of improvements in reed instruments. Although introduced but a short time since, the Sterling Planos have already attained a front rank on their merits, and in fact, as in name, all the instruments made by this company are "sterling" in the broadest sense of the word. The officers of this successful concern are as follows:

President and Treasurer, Chas. A. Sterling; Secretary and Manager, R. W. Blake. The latter is an acknowledged master of his art, and has had many years' experience in the practical details of organ building. The management of affairs is admirable, and the future of the company gives promise of grand achievement and increased prosperity.

The New York City agency of the Sterling Company, is at Nos. 7 and 9 West Fourteenth street; and the Chicago agency is at 179 and 181 Wabash avenue; and the trade, which has assumed great proportions, extends to all parts of the United States and to many points in foreign countries. The Shelton Brass Hardware Company, Birmingham, Conn.—A successful, substantial and representative industry which has attained important proportions is that conducted at Birmingham by the Shelton Brass Hardware Company, manufacturers of ship chandlery hardware, heavy and light brass and bronze castings, etc.

This company was incorporated in 1884, and their works are among the leading industries of their kind in the country, and in the originality of design and general  $e_{\lambda}$  cellence of their product they are unsurpassed either at home or abroad.

The wide range of manufactures of the Shelton Brass Hardware Company includes everything desirable in the several lines of yacht fixtures, canoe trimmings, awning hardware, ice house trimmings, flag pole tips and points, brass eagles and fancy arrangements for flag-poles, besides DeForest's patented show stands for displaying goods, store fixtures and other specialties, many of which cannot be duplicated elsewhere.

An immense stock of the company's specialties and merchandise can always be found at their offices and warerooms, No. 96 Chambers street, New York, No. 267 Federal street, Boston, and the demand for the goods made by this concern is widespread and has reached great proportions.

Possessing facilities for supplying everything required in their line and for filling orders for special work in rough and finished brass and bronze castings, light and heavy, not enjoyed by many brass founders in the country, the resources of the company are drawn upon from all parts of the United States, and for the beauty of designs and perfect working qualities of the manufactures, it rivals any of its competitors in the country. Brass finishing, lacquering and plating is done to order at short notice and in the most satislactory manner, and in all their undertakings the management is prompt and accommodating.

Special price lists and illustrated catalogues are furnished on application, and the methods and worth of the master minds who control and direct the important affairs of the concern, inspire confidence and commendation.

The latest improvements in machinery for their work have been introduced into these works, and the machinery is operated by water power.

Eighty skilled workmen are employed in the establishment, and the aggregate of the output reaches large proportions. Mr. Thos. B. De-Forest is the president and Mr. H. S. DeForest is the secretary at d treasurer of the company. Both are business men of large experience and eminent executive ability, and the success of the enterprise is abundantly assured.

Howard & Barber, Dry Goods, Millinery, Carpets and Wall Papers, 126 and 128 Main Street, Birmingham.—For several years past the dry goods and millinery establishment of Messrs. Howard & Barber has been the great shopping place for the people of Birmingham, and the store, from its inception, has been the leading concern of its kind in the valley. The present firm assumed control three years ago consisting of

E. R. Howard and G. E. Barber, and the great tact and eminent business ability of these gen-tlemen have developed a trade of large proportions, and they are steadily extending and increasing the field and volume of their operations. Their store is furnished and appointed in a most tasteful manner, the two floors of the large building thirty-five feet in front by 100 feet in depth, being utilized for the firm's purposes, and the establishment is one of the most attractive features of the great trade thoroughfare of the town. The premises are separated into a dozen different departments, each devoted to one line of merchandise, and the best cash railway system in use facilitates the dispatch of business. The display of merchandise and the appointments of this store rank it in completeness and appear-ance the equal of many of the metropolitan  $dr\mathbf{y}$ goods establishments, and the facilities of the firm for supplying the most desirable merchandise in the market at low prices are unsurpassed by any retail dealers in New England. The stock is immense, carefully selected with

The stock is immense, carefully selected with special reference to the wants of customers, and sufficiently varied to accommodate all wants and requirements. The latest patterns in foreign and domestic silks, satins and dress goods, the most correct styles in millinery goods, fashionable cloaks and wraps in all desirable modes, novelties in notions and small wares. A special feature is made of their carpet and wall paper department, in which they enjoy the largest trade in the Naugatuck Valley. Satisfaction is uniformly guaranteed to purchasers.

Abbott & Co., Dealers in Hardware, House Furnishing goods, Paints, Window Glass, etc., Birmingham.—In every community the most casual observer will note the business concerns which by reason of many years experience or special adaptation of the proprietors to their special lines of trade or industry, have attained preeminence among the houses generally engaged in business; and it is these prosperous leading establishments which largely promote the growth of their city, town or section.

The senior partner has for sixteen years been actively and successfully engaged in business in Birmingham, and their large hardware establishment on Main street has long been one of the notable business concerns of any kind in this town.

The house was founded over thirty years ago by Messrs. G. and D. Curtis, and the present firm have not only maintained the prestige and trade of the old house, but have largely increased and extended the volume of business and field of operations.

Messrs. Abbott & Co., succeeded to Curtis & Abbott in February, 1887, and occupy a large double storeroom 60 feet square, admirably arranged for their purposes, and carry as complete an assortment of hardware, agricultural implements, crockery, tin ware, paints, oils, etc., as can be found in this section.

Messrs S. A. and F. D. Abbott are the individual members of this firm. They are both Connecticut men by birth, and are responsiblesuccessful merchants and influential citizens. Star Pin Company, Manufacturers of Pins and Hairpins of Every Description. Miliary, Swan-bill, Spring and Sceurity Hooks and Eyes; Birmingham.—The immense consumption of pins everywhere, makes their manufacture one of the world's greatest and most important industries, and vast amounts of capital and energy are invested in this branch of industrial activity in this section of the country, which now competes with the oldest establishments in England and on the Continent, both in quality and prices.

Among the American manufacturers who have largely contributed to this state of affairs, the Star Pin Company, of Birmingham, have for years held a leading place.

This organization was formed and incorporated as a stock company in 1866, and in the two decades of its existence, it has enjoyed uninterrupted prosperity. The works of this company consist of a substantial two story brick building 50 feet in front by 150 feet in depth, with a threestory L, also of brick, and 30x75 feet in dimensions.

The company employ a force of over 100 skilled operatives in their establishment, and the products of the concern are of standard excellence and are in demand in every part of this country. The plant is a valuable one, the works being equipped with the best improved machinery, operated by the valuable water-power of the company with steam as auxiliary. The out-put consists of pins and hairpins of every description, besides military, swan-bill, spring and security hooks and eyes, many of the latter being in new and original s yles and are in great demand everywhere. This company are the sole manufacturers of the celebrated "White Paper Pin."

The officers of this well known company are as follows: President, D. W. Plumb; Secretary, G. II. Peck. Both are natives of Connecticut, and are recognized leaders in their special line of industrial activity.

C. A. Pratt, Merchant Tailor and Dealer in Clothing and Furnishing goods, No. 91 Main Street, Birmingham.—It may not be uninteresting to our masculine readers to receive some information pertaining to dress. The house of Mr. C. A. Pratt, established over

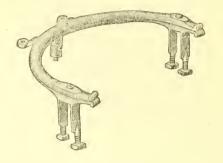
The house of Mr. C. A. Pratt, established over twenty years ago by H. Somers, succeeded in 1882 by the present proprieter, is conducted with a liberality and enterprise that has made for it an established reputation and may be regarded as one of the most popular merchant tailoring establishments in Ansonia, is located at 91 Main street, with premises covering an area of 20x80 feet. The business of the house is di rected to the manufacture of custom made work, although Mr. Pratt deals also in ready-made clothing and gentlemen's furnishing goods to a great extent. A number of employes, expert in their various departments, are employed. Mr. Pratt is a native of New York and has had

Mr. Pratt is a native of New York and has had a long experience, occupying a high p-sition in the trade. The stock embraces a fine line of piece goods, both domestic and foreign, making it an easy and pleasant task to select materials, and those who deal with Mr. Pratt may depend

upon securing choice and tasteful fabries, clegant styles, perfect fit, and superior finish in make, while the prices are invariably reasonable.

Mr. Pratt is well known and highly esteemed, and his large trade is but a natural result.

Wilcox & Howe, Manufacturers of Carriage-Makers' Irons, Birmingham.-The large busi-



in Birmingham by now conducted ness Messrs. Wilcox & Howe, manufacturers of carriage makers' hardware was established on a modest scale by Messrs. Terrill & Wilcox in 1866, who began the manufacture of fifth wheels on a modest scale in Ansonia at that time. Mr. Wilcox removed to Birmingham in 1869, and in 1885 Mr. Howe bought a one half interest in the business, and they now in addition to being by far the most extensive manufacturers of fifth wheels, also make a large line of carriage irons. and have become from the smallest one of the three largest in their line of business and bid fair to be the first.

This successful representative finm occupy several large and imposing brick buildings, 36x175 feet and 45x200 feet in dimensions respectively, the former being three stories in height and the latter one story high and used as a forging shop. The works are equipped in the most thorough manner with improved laborsaving machinery, with an immense water power as the motor, aid a force of skillful and experienced workmen are employed in the various departments of the business. The range of specialties manufactured by Messrs. Wilcox & flowe, comprises many novel and desirable goods in carriage builders' materials, many of these heing of original design and all of superior quali-ty and workmanship. Possessing every facility for placing upon the market the most desirable goods in their line at small margins above cost of production, and with every convenience for first-class work, and a reputation for probity and square dealing, this house enjoys the confidence of its patrons in all parts of the world. Their trade has reached large proportions and is steadily increasing and extending.

Messrs. Wilcox & Howe are both natives of New York, and are practical business men of sterling worth and untiring energy. They are ever zealous to preserve the standard quality of their work and maintain unimpaired their reputation for all those qualities which insure success and inspire confidence.



Geo. C. Allis, Dealer in Jewelry, Books, Stationery, etc., \$1 and \$3 Main St., Birmingham.-One of the most notably attractive business establishments in Birmingham's principal business thoroughfare is the jewelry, book and stationery establishment of Mr. Geo. C. Allis, the oldest as well as the largest establishment of its kind in this section. The business was started by the present proprietor, in 1852, and from a modest beginning has had a wonderful development. The elegant, double store-room, with a frontage of 36 feet on Main street, running back a distance of 72 feet in depth, is a model of tasteful arrangement and completeness in its appointments. The watch and jewelry department occuries the front part of the premises, and is brilliant in its display of fine watches of foreign and American manufacture, clocks in bronze of a hundred beautiful forms, and an elegant assortment of jewelry and precious stones in exquisite designs and elegant settings, etc. The remaining portion of the main storeroom is devoted to the book, stationery and fancy goods trade, and is filled to overflowing with a very large and select assortment of mis-cellaneous books and standard publications, plain and fancy stationery, art goods, and novelties in fancy articles in many forms of use and beauty, while a side room is utilized as a circulating library, which is made a leading feature of the concern, and which, with 3,500 of valuable volumes placed at the disposal of the town and vicinity, is one of the great attractions of the store and a most important source of knowledge and pleasure to the citizens of this section.

Mr. Allis is a native of Bridgeport, and is a gentleman of exceptional business tact and intelligence.

Thomas L. T. Bulluss, Real Estate and Insurauce Agent and Notary Public, 109 Main Street, Birmingham.—For four years past Mr. Thos. L. T. Bulluss has been widely known in business circles in the Naugatuck Valley, as a leading real estate and insurance agent, and his establishment is a favorite resort for owners of property in this section, seeking sure protection against loss by fire and accident. Mr. Bulluss represents the National Fire Ins. Co., of Hartford; the Providence Washington, of Providence; the Meriden; the Agricultural, of Watertown, N. Y., the State Mutual, of Hartford; the Fidelity and Casualty, of New York; and Lloyd's Plate Glass. He is also agent for the Berkshire Life Ins. Company, and has every facility for placing reliable insurance on life, personal or real estate, and plate glass, at minimum rates of premium, and his promptitude and accurate business methods inspire universal confidence. Mr Bulluss buys and sells real estate, in town or county, on commission, and his knowledge of values and locations makes him a desirable agent with whom to entrust commissions for di-posal of or investment in real estate. He is a native of Connecticut, and is held in

He is a native of Connecticut, and is held in general confidence for his business worth and intelligence.

The Beardsley Building Company, Contractors and Builders, Birmingham.—This wellknown company was organized and began business in Birmingham, in 1879, and in most of the many late important building operations in this rapidly-growing industrial center, the house has taken a prominent part.

The company is composed of Messrs. Chas. T., Henry N., and Geo. W. Beardsley, all of whom are practical master builders of many years' experience. Their office is located in Shelton, where they have their large shops, and every facility for their business. They make contracts for all kinds of building work, and execute all undertakings in the most satisfactory manner. Plans and estimates are made, and in all their engagements the company are reliable, prompt and accommodating.

The extensive business of the house necessitates the employment of a force of 25 skilled workmen, and many of the largest factories, business blocks and residences attest the facilities and skill of the members of this concern.

The Messrs. Beardsley are natives of Connecticut and are prominent in business circles in this section, and they all enjoy, in the fullest measure, the confidence and esteem of all with whom they are brought into business relations.

J. E. Alling, Livery and Boarding, 4th and Olivia St, rear of Bassett House.—The livery establishment of Mr. J. E. Alling, corner 4th and Olivia streets, is one of the most complete and popular stables in this section, as it is the oldest in Birmingham.

Mr. Alling established himself in the business here over a quarter of a century ago, and has from the beginning maintained his reputation for square dealing and probity.

The stable is 35x70 feet in dimensions and has first-class accommodations for 21 head of horses, and stock is boarded and cared for in the most satisfactory manner at reasonable prices.

Mr. Alling keeps for livery purposes fine teams, and supplies weddings and funerals with hacks, etc., at special prices, and his rates for livery are uniformly reasonable and satifaction guaranteed.

He is a native of Connecticut and has in his long business career in this town, firmly estabished himself in general confidence.

### WALLINGFORD.

The town of Wallingford is one of the city of New Haven's numerous progeny. The land belonging to the town was included in the general purchase of this region from the Quinnipiac Indians, made by the New Haven settlers, in 1638. In the following year, the first settlement was established. The early settlers were Mr. Moss, Mr. Brockett, Eliasaph Preston, John Hall, Thomas Yale, Nehemiah Royce, Nathan Andrews, Benjamin Lewis, Lieutenant Nathanael Merriam, Sergeant Doolittle and John Beach.

Wallingford was called a part of New Haven village, and her affairs continued to be managed by a committee from that place, until the time of her separation from the latter, when she became an independent town, in 1672.

In the same year, the Rev. Samuel Street, first minister in the town, commenced his labors here, and the First Church was organized soon after.

During the latter part of the seventeenth century, much "apprehension of the savages" prevailed, and several houses, in different parts of the town, were fortified as citadels.

In 1690, the population of Wallingford was about 400, and this number was more than doubled during the next thirty years. At this time, Wallingford included Meriden, and was the second town in importance in this region. During the Revolutionary War, Wallingford raised two companies of one hundred men each, and sent them to Boston, under the command of Captains Isaac Cook and John Couch.

In the War of the Rebellion, Wallingford was active both in sending men and money. Nineteen volunteers from the town fell at the front, among whom were Colonel Arthur Dutton and Nehemiah Hough. The town contributed \$1,796,416 toward the support of the government during the war.

The most remarkable tornado ever experienced in New England visited Wallingford, August 9, 1878. It overturned and destroyed many houses and large buildings, including a church and school house. A number of persons were killed.

The value of dwelling-houses is \$867,995; value 22,176 acres of unoccupied land, \$945,060; value of stores, \$33,450; value of manufactories, \$194,850; value of bank stock, \$120,655; value of insurance, \$10,770; value of manufacturing, \$7,800; amount employed in trade, \$33,555; investments in manufactories, \$253,400; total taxable property, \$2,511,835.

The actual debt of the town amounts to only \$29,593. At the present time, there are about five thousand people in Wallingford, and the town gives evidence of considerable increase in the near future.

The beautiful situation and unsurpassed healthfulness of Wallingford render it one of the most charming spots for residence in New England. The wealth of natural resources and advantages, in which the town is so abundant, and upon which so much of her future prosperity depends, are now, for the first time, beginning to receive the appreciative attention they deserve.

### LEADING BUSINESS MEN

OF

WALLINGFORD.

**R.** Wallace & Sons' Manufacturing Co., Wallingford.—Of New England's many notably successful and important industries, that of R. Wallace & Sons' Manufacturing Company, of Wallingford, is one of the most prominent; and for forty years the concern has wielded a beneficent influence on the home and foreign trade of this section. The seed from which this extensive plant was germinated was planted, in 1846, by Mr. Robert Wallace, and in 1865, the Wallace & Simpson Co. was organized and incorporated as his successor, and by act of the State Legisla ture the name of the corporation was, on the 17th of June, 1871, changed to the R. Wallace & Sons' Manufacturing Co., and under this corporate name and style, the bu-iness has been extended from time to time, until at present it has attained most important proportions.

The valuable plant of the company is one of the most complete and extensive of its kind in the United States, the buildings being substantially built of brick, two and three stories in height, and covering an area of several acres of ground.

The machinery, which comprises the best in use for the special purposes of the concern, is driven by both steam and water, of an aggregate of 250 horse-power, and a force of 330 operatives and skilled workmen are employed in the establishment.

The product of these works comprises sterling silver ware and the finest cast steel table ware and cutlery, plated with fine silver and nickel, spoons and forks tinned, plated and solid, cm bracing many specialties for which the company is famous. The line of button-hooks, nut-picks and cracks is especially notable, and are new in design, moderate in cost, and unsurpassed in quality of workmanship and finish.

In this line of merchandise, the productions of the R. Wallace & Sons' Company are sufficiently varied and comprehensive as to meet all require ments of the trade, the list comprising tea and table spoons, plain and ornamented in the most beautiful manner. Bar spoons in elegant and original designs, pickle and oyster forks, fruit knives and sugar-shells and tongs of many and beautiful patterns, butter-knives and julep strainers, glove and button hooks in handsome cases, Corinthian nut picks and cracks in satin lined cases, child's sets, soup and oyster ladles, cheese scoops, etc.; and such is the repute of the company's goods for durability, style and general excellence, that the demand for their merchandise is constant, wide-spread and increasing, the trade extending to all parts of the United States and to many foreign countries

The goods bearing the stamp of Wallace Bros. are recognized as standard everywhere, and are guaranteed not to peel and not to be of brass, and are warranted to be more durable for prices a-ked, than any like merchandise offered to the public.

The officers of the company are as follows: President, Robert Wallace; Secretary, F A. Wallace; Treasurer, Col. W. J. Leavenworth, all of whom are well and widely known in trade circles at home, as ably representing one of the oldest and most successful industries of the country.

Wallingford Hotel, B. T. Buell, Proprietor, Center St., Wallingford. — Under the able and energetic management of Mr. B. T. Buell, the Wallingford Hotel steadily maintains its position as the leading hotel of the town, and its reputation as one of the popular and ably conducted houses in the State.

The house was opened many years ago, and has always been a favorite stopping place for strangers. It is located on an eminence, with every advantage of perfect drainage, and the surroundings are delightful and the accommodations all that could be desired. Every convenience and comfort is provided for guests, and the popular host spares no pains to make the stay of his guests a pleasant experience.

The rooms are well ventilated, convenient and elegantly furnished, the  $m^{n}n^{i}$  is unexceptionable, and prices for the accommodations furnished are always reasonable.

A fine bar and pool room are notable features of the house. An elegant dance hall is provided for parties, which can be secured at very reasonthe rates. Meals are served to order, and by pleasure-seekers and the traveling public, Mr. Baell is held in general esteem as a model landlord in every particular.

He is a Connecticut man by birth, and his success has been most gratifying and is certainly deserved.

### LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF WALLINGFORD.



Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co., Manufacturers of Electro-Plated Table Ware; also, The Wm. Rogers Spoons, Forks, etc., Wallingford. — With most gratifying success and on a scale of large proportions, the firm above named have for twenty-one years conducted the manufacture of electro-plated table-ware, and the house is recognized among the jobbers and the trade generally of the United States as successful leaders in their field of industrial activity.

The company was organized and incorporated in 1866, under the present style and title, and from its inception the business has been carried on with decided tact and energy. The works, consisting of a number of large, four-story buildings, covering an area of about two and onehalf acres, are thoroughly equipped with the latest improvements in labor-saving machinery, operated by a steam engine of 150 horse-power, and three hundred skilled operatives, etc., are employed in the several departments of the business.

The out-put comprises immense quantities of the finest electro-plated table-ware manufactured, besides the famous Wm. Rogers' spoons, forks, etc., and in quality, elegance of de-ign and workmanship the house successfully competes with any manufacturers of this class of merchandise at home or abroad.

By steadily maintaining the reputation of their manufactures and by reason of their facilities for meeting every demand of their trade, the company have steadily extended both the field and volume of their operations, both at home and abroad.

The officers of the company are as follows: President, Samuel Simpson; Treasurer, C. H. Brown; Secretary, Andrew Andrews, and Messrs. G. W. Hull and C. D. Yale, with the president and secretary constitute the board of directors. These gentlemen are widely known in business circles in New England, and are prominent in municipal affairs as well. Messrs. Simpson and Yale have both served with ability as wardens of the borough; and Messrs. Brown and Andrews have each filled the office of clerk of the same.

Messrs. Simpson and Andrews are also the president and secretary respectively of the Simpson Nickel Silver Company, of Wallingford.

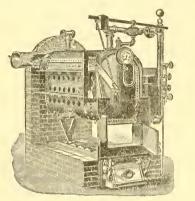
L. M. Phelps, Dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces, etc., all Kinds of Plumbing, Gas-Fitting and Tin Work, Wallingford.—This house, whose goods have attained a wide reputation, was established in 1874 by the present proprietor, Mr. L. M Phelps, and immediately became popular in this line of trade. The premises occupied comprise a store 30x50 feet, with basement, and contain a fine assortment of cooking and heating stoves, ranges, furnaces, etc.

In connection with the above mentioned goods Mr. Phelps deals largely in plumbers' materials, including bath tubs, boilers, closets, basins, cocks, lead and iron pipes. All kinds of gas fitting, plumbing and the work is performed in the best manner and at most reasonable prices. Mr. Phelps employs four skilled workmen, thoroughly reliable, and is himself a practical man, who earefully supervises all the operations of the business in person. Those who entrust their orders to his care may depend on their being promptly attended to and finished in the best manner. Estimates are furnished promptly, and all work executed by this establishment is guaranteed, both as to quality and price.

Mr. L. M. Phelps is a native of Northampton, Mass., and is an enterprising business man. No one in this line of trade has built up a higher reputation for reliability than has Mr. Phelps, and the success of this house is well merited. J. H. McCormack, Plumber, and Inventor of Patent Boiler, Wallingtord.—As a sanitary measure for the promotion of health, the plumbing trade occup es a position in the front rank of improvement, and has become a great necessity. The house of Mr. J. H. McCormack was established at Meriden, in 1874, by Messrs. McCormack and Cashen, and was removed to Wallingford, in 1881, and continued until Dec. 16th, 1886, when Mr. J. H. McCormack assumed full control of the business.

The premises comprise a large room, 30x90 feet, with basement, which is well adapted for the business, and possesses every facility for conducting the same.

A full line of plumbing materials are kept on hand, including bath-tubs, boilers, closets, basins, cocks, fixtures, lead and iron pipe, etc. Estimates are promptly furnished, and all work is guaranteed.



Fre F Patented Aug. 24, 1886.

Mr. McCormack has recently patented a low pressure steam-boiler for heating public buildings, stores, offices, dwellings, etc. It combines the following advantages: It is more cconomical in tuel, having a larger surface exposed to the fire, and (as can be seen by cut) it can be readily cleaned out from the side. This boiler can also be set in a cellar only six feet deep, requiring no *pit*, as is the case with other boilers for house heating.

A number of these boilers have been recently placed in Wallingford, and are giving the utmost satisfaction. We predict for Mr. McCormack and his new boiler a grand success, as it only needs to be seen to be appreciated, both by scientific men and the general public.

Thos. Pagnam, Dealer in Choice Family Groceries, cor. Center and Colony Streets, Wallingford.—One of Wallingford's enterprising business houses devoted to the provision trade is the establishment of Thomas Pagnam, located at the corner of Center and Colony streets.

This house was established, in 1874, by the present proprietor, who is a thoroughly practical business man, and by his energetic and skillful management it has become one of the most popular of its kind in town.

The premises occupied cover an area of 20x60 are natives of Wal feet. The stock comprises everything in the in business circles.

line of groceries and provisions. In the grocery department are always found choice family groceries including the best brands of flour, teas, coffecs, spices, sugar, canned goods, etc. A fine assortment of provisions are always kept, and as Mr. Pagnam gives his p rsonal attention to the selection of his stock, his customers are assured of receiving nothing but the purest of meats and first class groceries. Two clerks are employed, who are prompt and courteous in their attention to all patrons.

Mr. Pagnam is of foreign birth, but his long residence among us, and his honorable, upright dealing has won him many friends among the citizens of Wallingford.

George A. Smith, Apothecary, corner Center and Colony Streets, Wallingford.—There is no more useful or important business in the whole list of commercial enterprises than that of the Apothecary. Prominent in this line of trade in Wallingford is Mr. George A. Smith, located at the corner of Center and Colony streets. One of the secrets of the success of this house is the fact that its proprietor thoroughly understands the chemical nature and method of preparation of all drugs and medicines required in the business, and all patrons of this house can always feel confident that the drugs supplied them are pure and free from adulteration.

' Mr. Smith established his business in 1882, and during the comparatively short business career has established a steadily increasing retail trade. Mr. Smith and his efficient assistant devote their entire time to the business, and all patrons are impressed with the neat and systematic order which prevails throughout the estabtishment.

A specialty of this house is the compounding of physicians' prescriptions, and the utmost caution is taken to prevent mistakes.

Mr. Smith is a native of Connecticut, and an enterprising young man who has won the high esteem of our citizens.

Talcott Bros., Dealers in Flour, Grain, Feed, etc., Cor, Center and Mcadow Streets, Wallingford.—Messrs. Talcott Brothers opened their large store in November 1886, at the corner of Center and Mcadow streets. The progress and prosperity of the r business has amply viadicated their wisdom in locating here. The firm consists of Messrs. W. H. and A. H. Talcott, both gentlemen being gitted with peculiar business enterprise, and they have built up a large and extended custom. The store located at the above address is a well built structure 65x25 feet in area, the cellar also being used for storage purposes; these premises are well fitted for all the present needs of the business. These gentlemen carry on a large trade in flour, grain, feed, etc., of which they keep on hand superior qualities and at reasonable prices. Their large trade necessitates the constant services of several competent and experienced men. Their trade is both wholesale and retail and is the result of carciul attention to the wants of the people and of prudent management. Both members of the firm are natives of Wallinglord and are well known in business circles. N. F. Ingraham, Livery, Hack and Feed Stables, Center Street, Opposite the Post Office, Wallingford.—One of the most popular livery, boarding, baiting and feed stables is that of Mr. N. F. Ingraham. He established his business in 1877, and by his energy and enterprise has gained a large patronage. His stable is finely located and commodious, and is well provided with every accommodation for horses and vehicles.

It is furnished throughout with large, well ventilated stalls and all the arrangements for every department of the large business.

Mr. Ingraham owns ten horses, which are good roadsters, safe and reliable.

Ile also carries a tull line, of serviceable vehicles, such as buggies, beach wagons, etc. He makes a specialty of furnishing hacks for funerals, weddings and parties, and patrons may be sure of having their orders promptly and satis factorily filled if given to Mr. Ingraham.

One feature of his business is the boarding and feeding of horses, to which particular attention is paid, and all horses entrusted to his care are well cared for. Among the many facilities for carrying on his extensive business is a telephone connected with his stable, by which orders can be promptly attended to at short notice.

Mr. Ingraham is a native of North Adams, Mass., and since his connection with this business, he has, by his courteous and obliging man ner, honorable and upright dealings, won the highest respect and esteem of the community, and we can safely say that all who patronize this establishment will find it both profitable and pleasant.

Lewis A. Young, Dealer in Veal, Mutton, Hams, Tripe, Beef, Pork, etc., Wallingford.— Among the many stores devoted to the provis ion trade, that of Mr. Lewis A. Young, deserves special mention as among the most popular in that line of trade.

The business was established in 1877 by Mr. Young, who is well known as an extensive deal er in all kinds of meat and vegetables. He carries a complete and choice stock of everything in that line.

All goods are purchased from first hands, and at such advantageous terms as enables the proprietor to furnish his customers with supplies at bottom prices.

Mr. Young gives his entire time and attention to furthering the interests of his patrons in every enterprising and legitimate way and has the assistance of three competent clerks and salesmen, who accord to all customers prompt and courteous attention and honorable business like treatment. The establishment is finely located for trade purposes and is large and commodious, covering an area of 20x50 feet.

Mr. Young was born in Wallingford, and is an enterprising business man who enjoys one of the largest retail trades of its kind in Wallingford.

His long experience and rare judgment enables him when procuring his stock to select nothing but the choicest meats, and all customers are assured of having all orders promptly filled. Mr. Young fully under-tands the provision business and is well and favorably known in social as well as business circles.

Thomas Pickford, Apothecary, Main Street, Wallingford.—The most important requisites for the successful operation of this profession is a perfect knowledge of all the intricacies of the trade, and a complete stock in each department. Such are in the possession of Thomas Pickford, apothecary, located on Main street. The premises, which cover an area of 30x40 feet, are handsomely fitted up, and the stock comprises everything in the line of drugs and medicines, toilet and fancy articles, such as soaps, brushes, combs, sponges, perfumery, and all the latest novelties, stationery, seeds, etc.

This pharmacy was established in July, 1863, and is the o'dest in Wallingford.

Mr. Pickford, who is a thorough chemist, gives his personal supervision to the compounding of all physicians' prescriptions. None in this line of trade in Wallingford enjoy a higher reputation for reliability, and the success of this house is as well-merited as it is prominent.

**D. P. Griswold**, Furniture Dealer and Undertaker, Wallingford — This house was established in 1879, and from its inception has enjoyed a steadily increasing trade. The premises occupied are 40x60 feet in dimensions, and well-arranged for the conduct of the business in all its branches.

A large and well assorted stock of furniture is always to be found here, comprising parlor, dining room, chamber, and hall furniture, etc. These include new and original designs, and are elegantly finished and upholstered, in costly and medium priced fabrics, comprising all the elements of attractive appearance, durability and usefulness. The large retail trade of this house requires the employment of four courteous and gentlemanly clerks.

Mr. D. P. Griswold is also engaged in the business of undertaking, which he thoroughly understands, and orders are promptly attended to.

Mr. Griswold is a native of Connecticut; he is a practical business man, and gives it his close personal attention, a fact which insures all customers the most perfect satisfaction. This house occupies an important and well-recognized position in the trade, and as such we recommend it to our readers.

W. G. St. George, Bakery and Confectionery, Main Street, near Center Street.—The confectioners' and bakers' trade is represented by Wm, G. St. George, who is located in Wallace block, Main street, Wallingford. Mr. St. George is a native of Bavaria and

Mr. St. George is a native of Bavaria and served his apprenticeship as a cake baker in Munich (1862). As a journeyman he worked in some of the capital cities in Germany, and since his arrival in this country (1869) has had an experience in every branch of the business, and is now proved to be very skillful, especially in fine sugar work, ornamenting, etc.

For a number of years he was established in Hartford, and at the time of writing carries on a like business in Windsor Locks, started in March 1887. All can depend on the quality of his goods. A. B. Pixley, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, etc., Wallingford.—No department of business is of more importance to the community at large than that of the druggist.

In this connection the attention of our readers is directed to the establishment of Mr. A. B Pixley, Center street, near post office, in this town, where he has a most ta-tefully fitted up store. Mr. Pixley has been established in the business in Wallingford fifteen years, and still continues the active management, exercising a thorough personal supervision.

The various drugs and medicines to be found here are of the purest character possible, which is of much importance in the compounding of prescriptions particularly. This department is marked by the constant increase in its volume of business; competent chemists are employed, and never has the slightest mistake in any way occurred in the compounding of a prescription by himself or his assistants. He also deals largely in patent medicines of every description. His store is very finely located, covering an area of 20x40 feet, and is one of the most attractive stores in Wallingford.

A full line of fancy articles can always be found here, such as perfumes, fancy soaps, combs, brushes, sponges, etc.

Dr. Pixley has by his upright and honorable dealings won the highest esteem of the citizens of Wallingford. His long experience entitles him to the confidence of the entire community. He was formerly of the firm of Morgan & Pixley, Great Barrington, Mass.

**Cony House**, Corner of Hall Ave. and Cherry St., near Depot, Wallingford.—Most desirably located, within a few rods of the depot, the Cony House has, for many years, been a resort for travelers in Wallingford, and the prestige and patronage of the house, with Mr. Samuel Stillman Lawton as the proprietor, is now more than maintained.

The Cony House is a large, two story frame building, with sample and billiard rooms, and other attractions for the entertainment of guests. The rooms are large and comfortably furnished, and at popular p ices travelers are entertained in the most satisfactory manner with every home comfort, including a bountifally-supplied table. Mr. Lawton is a competent, genial host, and

makes the welfare and comfort of his guests his constant care, and for those who prefer comfort at low rates, the Cony House will doubtlesscontinue to be, as it long has been, a popular hotel.

**S. D. Johnson**, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, etc., Wallingford.—We would invite the attention of the residents of Wallingford to the well known jewelry establishment of S. D. Johnson. This house was first established at East Haddam in 1872 and was moved to Wallingford in 1879. The store is well known for the beauty and variety of its goods. The premises occupied are 24x25 feet in dimensions, and contain a, fine stock of jewelry, which is varied and extensive. A fine assortment of watches, clocks and optical goods is carried in addition to jewelry.

Mr. Johnson makes a specialty of repairing, and all are assured of having watches, clocks, and jewelry of all descriptions repaired in the best style at short notice and at very reasonable prices. Mr Johnson is a practical jeweler and understands the art of manufacture and repairing.

Mr. Johnson is a native of Essex and well and favorably known in social and business circles of that town as well as in Wallingford.

P. Gallagher, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions, No. 16 Center Street, Wallingford .- One of the most flourishing houses devoted to this line of trade is that of Mr. P. Gallagher located at No. 16 Center street. The premises occupied are 45x70 feet in dimensions. A fine stock of groceries and provisions is carried, and every facility and accommodation for conducting the several branches of the husiness is possessed. In the grocery department will be found the best of teas, coffees, spices, sugars and flour. In the provision department is a choice selected stock of hams and salt meats, also all kinds of vegetables in their season. Mr. Gallagher is an ener-getic enterprising business man and one who thoroughly understands his business. Mr. Galhigher gives his personal supervision to the se-lecting and purchasing of his stock. In connection with the grocery and provision business Mr. Gal agher deals in real estate and manifests the same enterprising business spirit in this branch of trade as has made him successful in the grocery business, and his courteous attention to all patrons has won a large circle of friends.

Elsi

# TRADE MARK

FOR GENUINE "ROGERS"

### 1847.-ROGERS BROS.-AI. SPOONS, FORKS, KNIVES, ETC. AND FOR SECTIONAL PLATING,

# 1847.-ROGERS BROS.-XII.

MANUFACTURED BY

## THE MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO. WAREROOMS:

46 East 14TH ST., UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK;

143 SUTTER ST., SAN FRANCISCO; 147 STATE ST., CHICAGO;

7 CRIPPLEGATE BUILDINGS, WOOD S1., E. C., LONDON, ENGLAND;

IND AT THE

FACTORIES, MERIDEN, CONN., U. S. A. CANADA FACTORY: HAMILTON, ONTARIO.

### THE PIONEER COMPANY OF AMERICA.

ORGANIZED 1866,



### THOROUCH INSPECTIONS.

Insurance against loss or damage to property, and loss of life and injury to persons caused by

### STEAM BOILER EXPLOSIONS.

J. M. ALLEN, President.

W. B. FRANKLIN, Vice-President.

J. B. PIERCE, Secretary.









------

\*

e he e